JS免费课考试

选择题:

1.下面的结果不是undefined的是\_\_\_\_

A.console.log(alert(1)) B.let a; console.log(a)

C.console.log(parseInt(undefined)) D.let obj={};console.log(obj.a)

1. var obj={a:”a”,b:1};var a=1;obj[a]的值为\_\_\_\_\_  
   A.”a” B.1 C.报错 D.undefined
2. ”.1”+Number(null) 结果为\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   A.”.10” B.NaN C.”0.1” D”0.10”
3. var a=1;(a++)+(++a)+(isNaN(a))+typeOf a 的值为\_\_\_\_  
   A.3 B.4 C.NaN D.”4number”
4. function fn(n){} ;var f=fn(1); f是多少?\_\_\_\_  
   A. 1 B.undefined C.function fn(n){} D .报错
5. var ary=[1,2,3,4];var a=ary[1]+ary[4];a的值为\_\_\_\_  
   A.[1,2,3,4] B,5 C,undefined DNaN
6. 下面结果是字符串的是\_\_\_\_  
   A.var a;a.toString() B.!””||”” C.typeof {} D.(””+[])\*null
7. if(parseInt(“”)==parseInt(“”)){console.log(parseInt(“”))}else{isNaN(“”)},输出的结果为\_\_  
   A.true B.false C.0 D.NaN
8. var str=parseInt(“”)+null+”0” str.length的值为\_\_\_\_  
   A.1 B.5 C.4 D.2 E.8
9. 给一个元素box增加 自定义属性正确的是\_\_\_

A.box={a:1} B.box.id=”box” C.box.index=1 D.box.className=”box1”

1.数据类型分为哪两种?分别有哪些\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_区别?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2.函数的实参集合:arguments,返回值怎么表示 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
3.typeOf typeOf [1,2,3] 结果:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. var obj={},obj.a+isNaN(obj.a)的值是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   5.我们学过转数字的方法有哪些?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6.function fun (n){ return n.toString()} var res=fun(0) ;console.log(res)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
7.“”+[]+isNaN(null) 结果:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

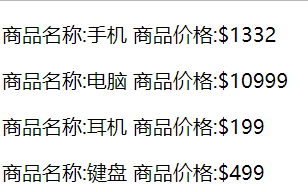
8.<div class=”box1” id=”box” style=”backgroundColor:red”><p> hello word</p></div>;

有哪些方式可以获取元素 var box=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_;

1. 获取上面元素box的类名\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   获取行内样式backgroundColor的值\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 获取哥哥元素的方法\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 动态创建一个元素的写法\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   12.[]==false 的结果\_\_\_\_ ![]==false 的结果\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   13.数组排序的方法\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   14.截取数组ary从索引n到索引m(包括)的方法\_\_\_\_\_)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   15.字符串中的方法(至少5个)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   16.将数组转为字符串的方法\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   17.检测数据类型的方法\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. var ary=[“A”,”B”];var ary1=ary;var a=ary[1]; ary1[2]=a; ary是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. var ary=[1,2,3,4];ary.length是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ary[ary.length]=”哈哈”；ary是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. let 声明变量要注意的问题\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
     
     
     
     
     
   代码题  
   1.写一个方法实现任意数求和

2.获取随机四位不同的验证码  
var str="abcdefghigklmnopqrstuvwxyz"+"0123456789"+"abcdefghigklmnopqrstuvwxyz".toLocaleUpperCase();

3.var dataAry=[{goods:"手机",price:1332},{goods:"电脑",price:10999},{goods:"耳机",price:199},{goods:"键盘",price:499}];



4.数组去重  
var ary=[1,2,1,2,3,13,4,,122,,42,13,4,5,1,2,5,7]