SID: 480110301

Question 1

a. Let X_i be the amount of investment in fund A and B, $i \in A$, B.

Constraints:

```
X_A + X_B = 80000 (total investment) X_A \ge 30000 (fund A) X_B \ge 20000 (fund B) X_A, X_B \ge 0 (non – negative)
```

Objective: **maximize** $0.14X_A + 0.11X_B$

```
In [1]: import gurobi as grb
In [2]: fund = ["A","B"]
         return_rate = {"A":0.14,"B":0.11}
         risk = {"A":0.6,"B":0.4}
In [3]: A1 = grb.Model('Q1a')
          Using license file /Users/chelseayeung/gurobi.lic
          Academic license - for non-commercial use only
In [4]: X = A1.addVars(fund,obj = return rate,name = "X")
In [5]: A1.addConstr(X["A"]+X["B"]==80000)
          A1.addConstr(X["A"]>=30000)
         A1.addConstr(X["B"]>=20000)
Out[5]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
In [6]: A1.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MAXIMIZE
In [7]: Al.optimize()
         Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
         Optimize a model with 3 rows, 2 columns and 4 nonzeros
         Model fingerprint: 0x6937dfc8
         Coefficient statistics:
                            [1e+00, 1e+00]
           Matrix range
           Objective range [1e-01, 1e-01]
           Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]
RHS range [2e+04, 8e+04]
           RHS range
         Presolve removed 3 rows and 2 columns
         Presolve time: 0.00s
         Presolve: All rows and columns removed
                                                        Dual Inf.
         Iteration Objective
                                        Primal Inf.
                      1.0600000e+04 0.000000e+00
         Solved in 0 iterations and 0.01 seconds
         Optimal objective 1.060000000e+04
In [8]: A1.write("Qla.lp")
In [9]: return_a = A1.ObjVal/80000
         risk_a = (sum(X[i].x*risk[i] for i in X))/80000
In [10]: print("The maximum return is {}.".format(return_a))
         print("The risk is {}.".format(risk_a))
print("The investment in fund A is ${}.".format(X["A"].x))
print("The investment in fund B is ${}.".format(X["B"].x))
         The maximum return is 0.1325.
         The risk is 0.55.
         The investment in fund A is $60000.0.
         The investment in fund B is $20000.0.
```

The objective value represents that the maximum return rate is 13.25%. $X_A = 60000$, $X_B = 20000$ therefore the investment in fund A is \$60000 while the investment in fund B is \$20000. In this case the risk is 0.55.

b. Let X_i be the amount of investment in fund A and B, $i \in A, B$. Constraints:

$$X_A + X_B = 80000$$
 (total investment)
$$X_A \ge 30000$$
 (fund A)
$$X_B \ge 20000$$
 (fund B)
$$X_A, X_B \ge 0$$
 (non - negative)

Objective: **minimize** $0.6X_A + 0.4X_B$

```
In [11]: A2 = grb.Model('Q1b')
In [12]: X2 = A2.addVars(fund,obj = risk,name = "X")
In [13]: A2.addConstr(X2["A"]+X2["B"]==80000)
         A2.addConstr(X2["A"]>=30000)
         A2.addConstr(X2["B"]>=20000)
Out[13]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
In [14]: A2.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MINIMIZE
In [15]: A2.write("Qlb.lp")
In [16]: A2.optimize()
         Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
         Optimize a model with 3 rows, 2 columns and 4 nonzeros
         Model fingerprint: 0xe99ce532
         Coefficient statistics:
                              [1e+00, 1e+00]
            Matrix range
            Objective range [4e-01, 6e-01]
           Bounds range
                              [0e+00, 0e+00]
           RHS range
                              [2e+04, 8e+04]
         Presolve removed 3 rows and 2 columns
         Presolve time: 0.01s
         Presolve: All rows and columns removed
         Iteration
                      Objective
                                        Primal Inf.
                                                        Dual Inf.
                                                                        Time
                      3.8000000e+04
                                                       0.000000e+00
                 0
                                      0.000000e+00
                                                                          0s
         Solved in 0 iterations and 0.01 seconds
         Optimal objective 3.800000000e+04
In [17]: risk_b = A2.ObjVal/80000
          return_b = (sum(X2[i].x*return_rate[i] for i in X2))/80000
In [18]: print("The minimum risk is {}.".format(risk_b))
          print("The return is {}.".format(return_b))
          print("The investment in fund A is ${}.".format(X2["A"].x))
print("The investment in fund B is ${}.".format(X2["B"].x))
          The minimum risk is 0.475.
          The return is 0.12125.
          The investment in fund A is $30000.0.
          The investment in fund B is $50000.0.
```

The objective value represents that the minimum risk is 0.475. $X_A = 30000$, $X_B = 50000$ therefore the investment in fund in fund A is 30000 while the investment in fund B is 50000. In this case the overall return rate is 12.125%.

c. Let X_i be the amount of investment in fund A and B, $i \in A, B$. Minimum risk: 0.475; Maximum return rate: 0.1325 Constraints:

$$\begin{split} X_A + X_B &= 80000 \text{ (total investment)} \\ X_A &\geq 30000 \text{ (fund A)} \\ X_B &\geq 20000 \text{ (fund B)} \\ X_A, X_B &\geq 0 \text{ (non-negative)} \\ \\ \frac{0.1325 - \frac{0.14X_A + 0.11X_B}{80000}}{0.1325} &\leq Q \text{ (return)} \\ \\ \frac{\frac{0.6X_A + 0.4X_B}{80000} - 0.475}{0.475} &\leq Q \text{ (risk)} \\ \\ Q &\geq 0 \end{split}$$

Objective: minimize Q

```
In [19]: A3 = grb.Model('Qlc')
In [20]: X3 = A3.addVars(fund,name ="X")
   Q = A3.addVar(obj=1,name="Q")

In [21]: min_risk = A2.ObjVal
   max_return = A1.ObjVal

In [22]: A3.addConstr(X3["A"]+X3["B"]==80000)
   A3.addConstr(X3["A"]>=30000)
   A3.addConstr(X3["B"]>=20000)
   A3.addConstr((0.1325-(0.14*X3["B"])/80000)/0.1325<=Q)
   A3.addConstr(((0.6*X3["A"]+0.4*X3["B"])/80000-0.475)/0.475<=Q)

Out[22]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>

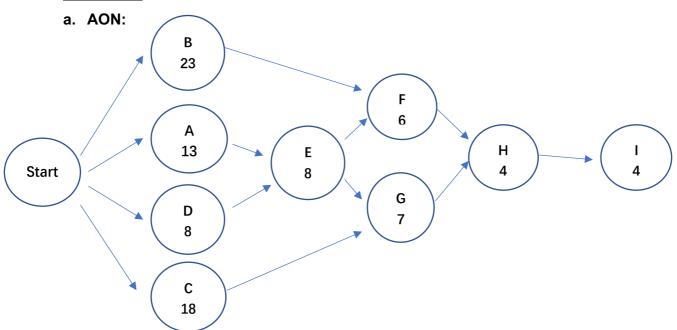
In [23]: A3.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MINIMIZE

In [24]: A3.write("Qlc.lp")
```

```
In [25]: A3.optimize()
            Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
            Optimize a model with 5 rows, 3 columns and 10 nonzeros
            Model fingerprint: 0x174147e4
            Coefficient statistics:
              Matrix range
                                   [1e-05, 1e+00]
              Objective range [1e+00, 1e+00]
                                [0e+00, 0e+00]
[1e+00, 8e+04]
              Bounds range
              RHS range
            Presolve removed 3 rows and 1 columns
            Presolve time: 0.01s
            Presolved: 2 rows, 2 columns, 4 nonzeros
            Iteration
                           Objective
                                                Primal Inf.
                                                                   Dual Inf.
                                                                                       Time
                    0
                           0.0000000e+00
                                               1.578947e-01
                                                                  0.000000e+00
                                                                                         0s
                     2
                           5.5214724e-02 0.000000e+00
                                                                  0.000000e+00
            Solved in 2 iterations and 0.01 seconds
            Optimal objective 5.521472393e-02
In [26]: Q = A3.ObjVal
           risk_c = (sum(X3[i].x*risk[i] for i in X3))/80000
return_c = (sum(X3[i].x*return_rate[i] for i in X3))/80000
In [27]: print("The minimum Q is {}.".format(Q))
    print("The return is {}.".format(return_c))
    print("The risk is {}.".format(risk_c))
    print("The investment in fund A is ${}.".format(X3["A"].x))
    print("The investment in fund B is ${}.".format(X3["B"].x))
            The minimum Q is 0.055214723926380715.
            The return is 0.1251840490797546.
            The risk is 0.5012269938650308.
            The investment in fund A is $40490.797546012305.
            The investment in fund B is $39509.202453987695.
```

The objective value indicates that the minimum value of percentage deviation Q is 5.52%. $X_A = 40490.8$, $X_B = 39509.2$, therefore the optimal solution of investments is \$40490.8 for fund A and \$39509.2 for fund B. In this case, the overall return rate is 12.5% and the risk is 0.5.

Question 2



b.

Activity	Duration	EST	EFT	LST	LFT	Slack
Α	13	0	13	1	14	1
В	23	0	23	0	23	0
С	18	0	18	4	22	4
D	8	0	8	6	14	6
E	8	13	21	14	22	1
F	6	23	29	23	29	0
G	7	21	28	22	29	1
Н	4	29	33	29	33	0
I	4	33	37	33	37	0

Activity B, F, H and I are critical activities.

c. The duration of the project 37 days. The critical path is B-F-H-I.

d.

Activity	Norm	nal	Crash				
	Time(days)	Cost	Time	Cost	Cost	Allowable	
		(dollars)	(days)	(dollars)	per day	crash	
Α	13	11,000	10	15,000	1333.33	3	
В	23	5,000	21	6,000	500	2	
С	18	3,000	15	3,500	166.67	3	
D	8	1,500	6	2,000	250	2	
Е	8	750	5	1,200	150	3	
F	6	600	4	1,200	300	2	
G	7	1,000	5	1,500	250	2	
Н	4	250	3	450	200	1	
	4	200	2	300	50	2	

There are 6 paths: BFHI, AEFHI, AEGHI, DEFHI, DEGHI, CGHI

Path	Normal	I(50)	I(50)	H(200)	F(300)	F(300)	E(150)
BFHI	37	36	35	34	33	32	32
AEFHI	35	34	33	32	31	30	29
AEGHI	36	35	34	33	33	33	32
DEFHI	30	29	28	27	26	25	24
DEGHI	31	30	29	28	28	28	27
CGHI	33	32	31	30	30	30	30
Crashing cost		50	50	200	300	300	150

The earliest completion time is 32 days. It is impossible for the owner to complete the project within 20 days but it can at least meet the requirement of 32 days. The cost is \$24350, which is calculated by $Total\ cost = Normal\ cost + Crashing\ cost = (11000 + 5000 + 3000 + 1500 + 750 + 600 + 1000 + 250 + 200) + (50 + 50 + 200 + 300 + 300 + 150) = 24350.$

Question 3

a. Let X_i be the number of trucks i, where $i \in L, M, S$ representing large, medium and small.

Constraints:

$$X_L + X_M + X_S = 70 \text{ (total trucks)}$$

 $X_L \ge 70 \times 0.2 \text{ (20\% large trucks)}$
 $8X_L + 5X_M + 3X_S \ge 350 \text{ (capacity)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \ge 0 \text{ (non - negative)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \text{ are integers}$

Objective: $minimize\ 650X_L + 500X_M + 250X_S$

```
In [2]: A1 = grb.Model('Q3a')
         Using license file /Users/chelseayeung/gurobi.lic
         Academic license - for non-commercial use only
In [3]: cost = {"L":650,"M":500,"S":250}
        pollute = {"L":8,"M":5,"S
         safety = {"L":9,"M":8,"S":6}
        capacity = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":3}
        X1 = A1.addVars(cost, obj=cost,name = "X",vtype=grb.GRB.INTEGER)
In [4]: Al.addConstr(sum(X1[i] for i in X1)==70,name="Total_trucks")
        A1.addConstr(X1["L"]>=70*0.2,name="Minimum_large_trucks")
        A1.addConstr(sum(X1[i]*capacity[i] for i in X1)>=350, name="Total capacity"
Out[4]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
In [5]: A1.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MINIMIZE
In [6]: A1.write('Q3a.lp')
In [8]: print("The minimum cost is ${}".format(Al.ObjVal))
        for i in X1:
           print("X[{}]={}".format(i,int(X1[i].x)))
        The minimum cost is $28700.0
        X[L]=28
        X[M]=0
        X[S]=42
In [9]: mean pollute = sum(X1[i].x*pollute[i] for i in X1)/70
        mean_safety = sum(X1[i].x*safety[i] for i in X1)/70
        print("The mean pollute rating is {}.".format(mean_pollute))
print("The mean safety rating is {}.".format(mean_safety))
        The mean pollute rating is 7.4.
        The mean safety rating is 7.2.
```

 $X_L = 28, X_M = 0, X_S = 42$, therefore 28 large trucks and 42 small trucks are used. The minimum cost is \$28700. The mean pollution rating is 7.4 and the mean safety rating is 7.2 for this fleet.

b. Let X_i be the number of trucks i, where $i \in L, M, S$ representing large, medium and small.

Constraints:

$$X_L + X_M + X_S = 70 \text{ (total trucks)}$$

 $X_L \ge 70 \times 0.2 \text{ (# large trucks)}$
 $8X_L + 5X_M + 3X_S \ge 350 \text{ (capacity)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \ge 0 \text{ (non - negative)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \text{ are integers}$

Objective: $minimize\ 8X_L + 5X_M + 7X_S$

```
In [10]: A2 = grb.Model('Q3b')
In [11]: cost = {"L":650,"M":500,"S":250}
         mean_pollute = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":7}
safety = {"L":9,"M":8,"S":6}
         capacity = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":3}
         X2 = A2.addVars(mean_pollute,obj=mean_pollute, name="X",vtype=grb.GRB.INTEG
In [12]: A2.addConstr(sum(X2[i] for i in X2)==70,name="Total_trucks")
         A2.addConstr(X2["L"]>=70*0.2,name="Minimum large trucks")
         A2.addConstr(sum(X2[i]*capacity[i] for i in X2)>=350,name="Total_capacity
Out[12]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
In [13]: A2.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MINIMIZE
In [14]: A2.optimize()
          Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
          Optimize a model with 3 rows, 3 columns and 7 nonzeros
          Model fingerprint: 0x5b4098dd
          Variable types: 0 continuous, 3 integer (0 binary)
          Coefficient statistics:
                              [1e+00, 8e+00]
            Matrix range
            Objective range [5e+00, 8e+00]
            Bounds range
                             [0e+00, 0e+00]
            RHS range
                              [1e+01, 4e+02]
          Presolve removed 3 rows and 3 columns
          Presolve time: 0.00s
          Presolve: All rows and columns removed
          Explored 0 nodes (0 simplex iterations) in 0.02 seconds
          Thread count was 1 (of 8 available processors)
          Solution count 1: 392
          Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
          Best objective 3.920000000000e+02, best bound 3.92000000000e+02, gap 0.0
```

```
In [15]: A2.write('Q3b.lp')

In [16]: mean_safety_b = sum(X2[i].x*safety[i] for i in X2)/70
    cost_b = sum(X2[i].x*cost[i] for i in X2)
    for i in X2:
        print("X[{}]={}".format(i,int(X2[i].x)))

    print("The minimum mean pollute rating is {}.".format(A2.ObjVal/70))
    print("The mean safety rating is {}.".format(mean_safety_b))
    print("The cost is {}.".format(cost_b))

X[L]=14
    X[M]=56
    X[S]=0
    The minimum mean pollute rating is 5.6.
    The mean safety rating is 8.2.
    The cost is 37100.0.
```

 $X_L = 14, X_M = 56, X_S = 0$, therefore 14 large trucks and 56 medium trucks are used. The minimum mean pollute rating is 5.6. In this case, the mean safety rating is 8.2 and the cost is \$37100.

c. Let X_i be the number of trucks i, where $i \in L, M, S$ representing large, medium and small.

Constraints:

$$X_L + X_M + X_S = 70 \text{ (total trucks)}$$

 $X_L \ge 70 \times 0.2 \text{ (# large trucks)}$
 $8X_L + 5X_M + 3X_S \ge 350 \text{ (capacity)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \ge 0 \text{ (non - negative)}$
 $X_L, X_M, X_S \text{ are integers}$

Objective: $minimize\ 9X_L + 8X_M + 6X_S$

```
In [17]: A3 = grb.Model('Q3c')
In [18]: cost = {"L":650,"M":500,"S":250}
    pollute = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":7}
    mean_safety = {"L":9,"M":8,"S":6}
    capacity = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":3}

    X3 = A3.addVars(mean_safety,obj=mean_safety,name="X",vtype=grb.GRB.INTEGER)

In [19]: A3.addConstr(sum(X3[i] for i in X3)==70,name="Total_trucks")
    A3.addConstr(X3["L"]>=70*0.2,name="Minimum_large_trucks")
    A3.addConstr(sum(X3[i]*capacity[i] for i in X3)>=350,name="Total_capacity")

Out[19]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
In [20]: A3.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MAXIMIZE
```

```
In [21]: A3.optimize()
         Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
         Optimize a model with 3 rows, 3 columns and 7 nonzeros
         Model fingerprint: 0x34a1bab1
         Variable types: 0 continuous, 3 integer (0 binary)
         Coefficient statistics:
           Matrix range
                            [1e+00, 8e+00]
           Objective range
                            [6e+00, 9e+00]
           Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]
                             [1e+01, 4e+02]
           RHS range
         Presolve removed 3 rows and 3 columns
         Presolve time: 0.00s
         Presolve: All rows and columns removed
         Explored 0 nodes (0 simplex iterations) in 0.01 seconds
         Thread count was 1 (of 8 available processors)
         Solution count 1: 630
         Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
         Best objective 6.300000000000e+02, best bound 6.30000000000e+02, gap 0.0
In [22]: mean_pollute_c = sum(X3[i].x*pollute[i] for i in X3)/70
         cost_c = sum(X3[i].x*cost[i] for i in X3)
         for i in X3:
             print("X[{}]={}".format(i,int(X3[i].x)))
         print("The maximum mean safety rating is {}.".format(A3.ObjVal/70))
         print("The mean pollute rating is {}.".format(mean_pollute_c))
print("The cost is {}.".format(cost_c))
         X[L]=70
         X[M]=0
         X[S]=0
         The maximum mean safety rating is 9.0.
         The mean pollute rating is 8.0.
         The cost is 45500.0.
```

 $X_L = 70, X_M = 0, X_S = 0$, therefore 70 large trucks are used. The maximum mean safety rating is 9. In this case, the mean pollute rating is 8 and the cost is \$45500.

d. Let X_i be the number of trucks i, where $i \in L, M, S$ representing large, medium and small.

Minimum mean pollute rating: 5.6

Maximum safety rating: 9

Minimum cost: 28700

Constraints:

$$X_L + X_M + X_S = 70 \text{ (total trucks)}$$

 $X_L \ge 70 \times 0.2 \text{ (# large trucks)}$
 $8X_L + 5X_M + 3X_S \ge 350 \text{ (capacity)}$

$$2 \times \frac{9 - \frac{9X_L + 8X_M + 6X_S}{70}}{9} \le Q \text{ (safety rating)}$$

$$\frac{8X_L + 5X_M + 7X_S}{70} - 5.6$$

$$\frac{70}{5.6} \le Q \text{ (pollute rating)}$$

$$\frac{(650X_L + 500X_M + 250X_S) - 28700}{28700} \le Q \text{ (cost)}$$

$$Q \ge 0$$

$$X_L, X_M, X_S \ge 0 \text{ (non - negative)}$$

$$X_L, X_M, X_S \text{ are integers}$$

Objective: minimize Q

```
In [23]: A4 = grb.Model('Q3d')
 In [24]: cost = {"L":650,"M":500,"S":250}
           pollute = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":7}
safety = {"L":9,"M":8,"S":6}
           capacity = {"L":8,"M":5,"S":3}
           X4 = A4.addVars(cost, obj=0, name ="X", vtype=grb.GRB.INTEGER)
           Q = A4.addVar(obj=1,name ="Q")
 In [25]: A4.addConstr(sum(X4[i] for i in X4)==70,name="Total_trucks")
           A4.addConstr(X4["L"]>=70*0.2,name="Minimum_large_trucks")
           A4.addConstr(sum(X4[i]*capacity[i] for i in X4)>=350,name="Total_capacity")
           A4.addConstr(2*((9-(sum(X4[i]*safety[i] for i in X4)/70))/9)<=Q, name = "setangle for i in X4)/70))/9)<=Q, name = "setangle for i in X4)/70))/9)
           A4.addConstr((sum(X4[i]*salety[i] for i in X4)/70-5.6<=Q,name = "sol
A4.addConstr((sum(X4[i]*cost[i] for i in X4)-28700)/28700<=Q,name="cost")
 Out[25]: <gurobi.Constr *Awaiting Model Update*>
 In [26]: A4.write('Q3d.lp')
 In [27]: A4.ModelSense = grb.GRB.MINIMIZE
In [28]: A4.optimize()
           Gurobi Optimizer version 9.0.3 build v9.0.3rc0 (mac64)
           Optimize a model with 6 rows, 4 columns and 19 nonzeros
          Model fingerprint: 0xcdccce48
          Variable types: 1 continuous, 3 integer (0 binary)
          Coefficient statistics:
            Matrix range [9e-03, 8e+00]
             Objective range [le+00, le+00]
             Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]
                                [1e+00, 4e+02]
            RHS range
          Presolve removed 1 rows and 0 columns
          Presolve time: 0.00s
          Presolved: 5 rows, 4 columns, 14 nonzeros
Variable types: 1 continuous, 3 integer (0 binary)
          Found heuristic solution: objective 0.3111111
           Root relaxation: objective 2.262211e-01, 3 iterations, 0.00 seconds
               Nodes
                               Current Node
                                                        Objective Bounds
                                                                                        Work
           Expl Unexpl | Obj Depth IntInf | Incumbent BestBd Gap | It/Node T
```

```
0
                    0
                        0.22622 0 2 0.31111
                                                     0.22622 27.3%
                                         0.2285714 0.22622 1.03%
          Н
                       0.22646 0 2
                                          0.22857 0.22646 0.92%
                   0
                                         0.2282230 0.22646 0.77%
                    0
                                         0.22822 0.22646 0.77%
                   0 0.22646 0 2
         Explored 1 nodes (5 simplex iterations) in 0.02 seconds
         Thread count was 8 (of 8 available processors)
         Solution count 3: 0.228223 0.228571 0.311111
         Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
         Best objective 2.282229965157e-01, best bound 2.282229965157e-01, gap 0.0
         000%
In [29]: safety_d = sum(X4[i].x*safety[i] for i in X4)/70
         pollute_d = sum(X4[i].x*pollute[i] for i in X4)/70
         cost_d = sum(X4[i].x*cost[i] for i in X4)
In [30]: for i in X4:
             print("X[{}]={}".format(i,int(X4[i].x)))
         print("The minimum value of Q is {}.".format(A4.ObjVal))
         print("The mean safety rating is {}.".format(safety_d))
print("The mean pollute rating is {}.".format(pollute_d))
         print("The cost is {}.".format(cost_d))
         X[L]=15
         X[M] = 47
         X[S]=8
         The minimum value of Q is 0.22822299651567865.
         The mean safety rating is 7.985714285714286.
         The mean pollute rating is 5.871428571428571.
         The cost is 35250.0.
```

 $X_L = 15$, $X_M = 47$, $X_S = 8$, therefore 15 large trucks, 47 medium trucks and 8 large trucks are used. The minimum value of percentage deviation Q is 22.82%. In this case the mean safety rating is 7.99 the mean pollute rating is 5.87 and the cost is \$35250.