

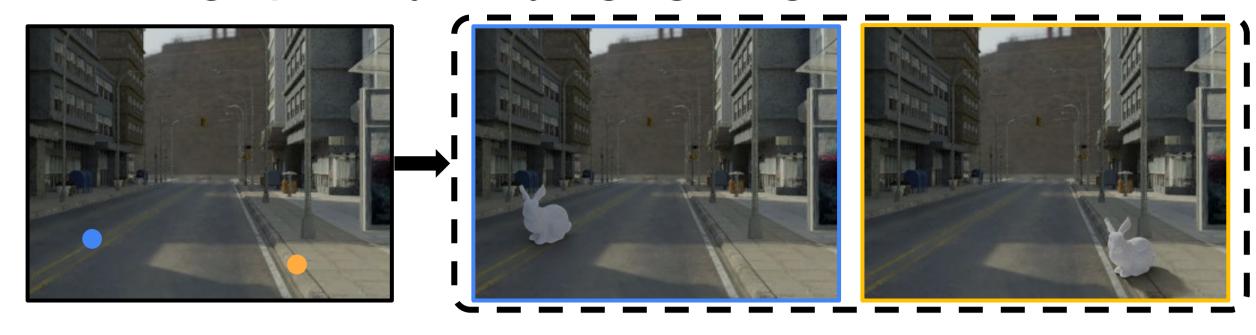
Estimating Spatially-Varying Lighting in Urban Scenes with Disentangled Representation



Jiajun Tang¹, Yongjie Zhu², Haoyu Wang¹, Jun Hoong Chan¹, Si Li², Boxin Shi^{1, 3}

PROBLEM&CONTRIBUTION

Goal: Estimating spatially-varying lighting in urban scenes.



Contributions: A flexible and editable local lighting estimation by

- using disentangled global and local lighting representation
- designing SOLD-Net network architecture for spatially-varying outdoor lighting estimation with disentangled representation
- enhancing synthetic data and capturing unclipped HDR real data

FORMULATION

Global lighting disentanglement:

Local property disentanglement:

 $z_{local} \in \mathbb{R}^{64}$: local content information

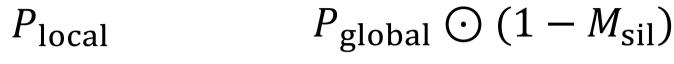
 $=\Psi(z_{\text{local}})$



 $z_{\text{vis}} \in \mathbb{R}$: sun visibility, M_{sun} : determined by $z_{\text{pos}} \in \mathbb{R}^2$

Spatially-varying lighting disentanglement:



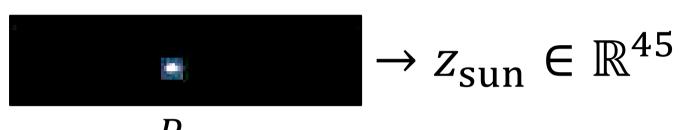




 $P_{\rm app} \odot M_{\rm sil}$

Compact encoding:





Relighting

MAE↓

3.384/4.206 0.186/0.310 0.337/0.601

0.140/0.274 2.814/6.496 0.081/0.299 0.159/0.552

0.190/0.244 **1.943/2.367** 0.081/0.269 **0.139**/0.469

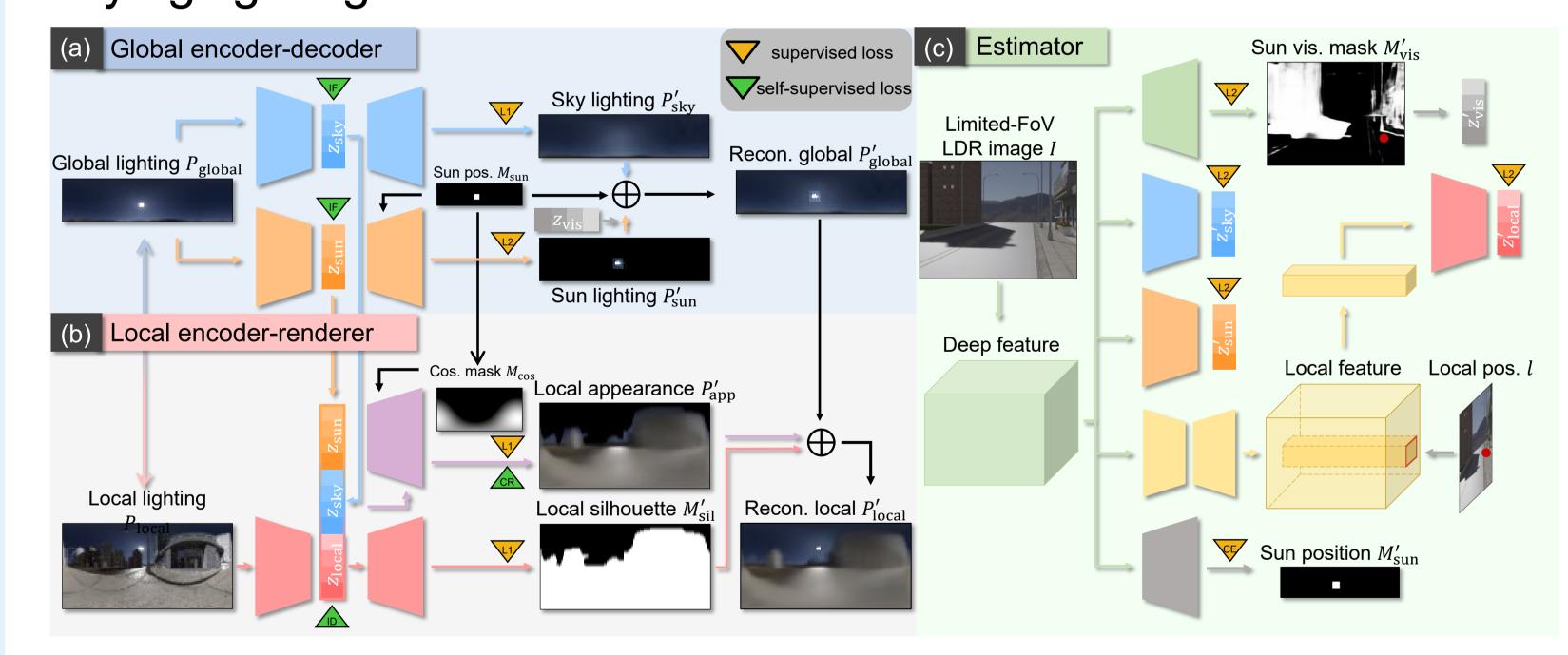
0.170/**0.179** 2.785/2.748 0.093/0.318 0.179/0.560

0.128/0.240 2.394/4.872 **0.075/0.259** 0.145/**0.437**

 $All \rightarrow z_{
m sun} \in \mathbb{R}^{45}$

METHOD

Network Architecture: SOLD-Net consists of a global lighting encoder-decoder, a local content encoder-renderer, and a spatiallyvarying lighting estimator.



Self-supervised Losses: Info loss (IF) [2], local identity loss (ID), and cross rendering loss (CR) are used to ensure the disentanglement of different lighting components.

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{IF}} = \max \mathbb{E}_{z_{\mathrm{sky}}} \left[\log E_{z_{\mathrm{sky}}}^{i} \left(z_{\mathrm{sky}}^{\prime} \middle| P_{\mathrm{sky}}^{\prime} \right) \right] + \max \mathbb{E}_{z_{\mathrm{sun}}, z_{\mathrm{pos}}} \left[\log E_{z_{\mathrm{sun}}}^{i} \left(z_{\mathrm{sun}}^{\prime} \middle| P_{\mathrm{sun}}^{\prime} \right) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{ID}} = \parallel z_{\mathrm{local}}^{\prime 1} - z_{\mathrm{local}}^{\prime 2} \parallel_{1}$$

 $\mathcal{L}_{CR} = \|P_{local}^{1} \odot M_{sil} - P_{local}^{'1}(z_{local}^{'2}) \odot M_{sil}\|_{1} + \|P_{local}^{2} \odot M_{sil} - P_{local}^{'2}(z_{local}^{'1}) \odot M_{sil}\|_{1}$

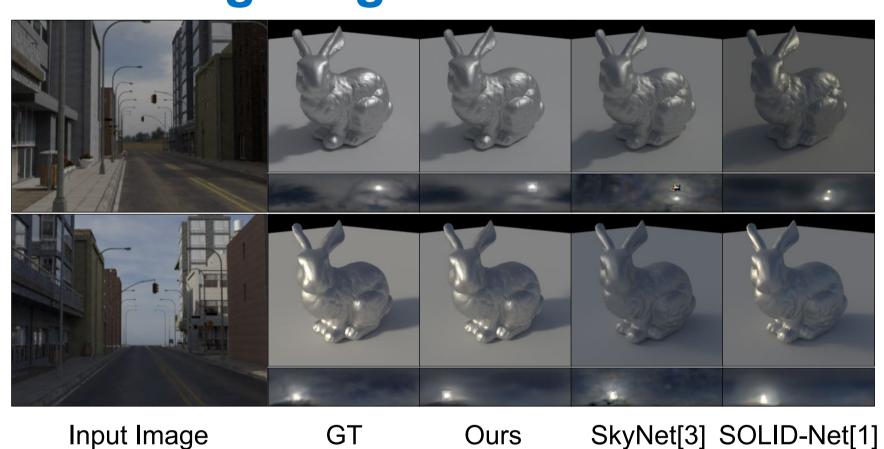
 $E_{z_{skv}}^i$ and $E_{z_{sun}}^i$ are encoders, $\{P_{local}^1, P_{local}^2\}$ are paired local lighting (same local content, different global lighting), $P'_{local}(z'^i_{local})$ is rendered appearance.

EXPERIMENT RESULTS

Φ: lighting (rendering) process

 P_{global}

Global lighting estimation:



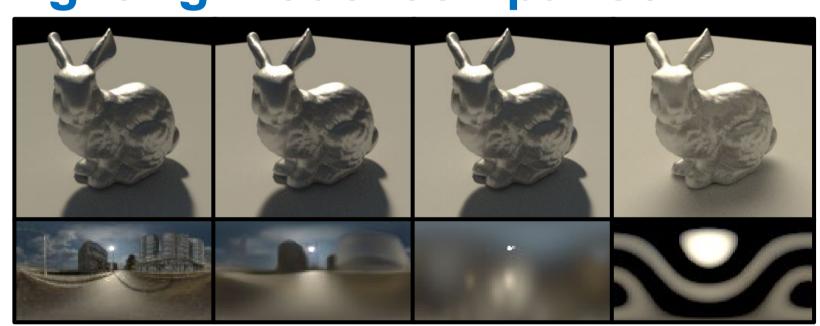
| Methods | Panorama | | Relighting | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | MAE↓ | RMSE↓ | MAE↓ | RMSE↓ | | | |
| SkyNet[3] | 0.431 | 8.357 | 0.226 | 0.253 | | | |
| SOLID-Net[1] | 0.384 | 6.360 | 0.153 | 0.174 | | | |
| Ours | 0.439 | 7.607 | 0.098 | 0.119 | | | |
| Quantitative evaluation on synthetic dataset | | | | | | | |
| Methods | $oldsymbol{\xi}_{ang}\downarrow$ | $\xi_{\mathrm{az}}\downarrow$ | | $\xi_{ m el} \downarrow$ | | | |
| SkyNet[3] | 27.38°/32.83° | 30.11% | 32.81° | 6.93°/14.20° | | | |
| SOLID-Not[1] | 23 000/30 820 | 26 369/ | 33 020 | 5 000/11 050 | | | |

Sun position estimation on synthetic/real dataset ξ_{ang} : angular error ξ_{az} : azimuth error ξ_{el} : elevation error

Methods

20.31°/20.76°

Lighting model comparison:



24 spherical (24576 parameters)(128 parameters) (144 parameters) (108 parameters)

Spatially-varying lighting estimation:



Virtual object insertion on real data

Relighting results on in-the-wild data

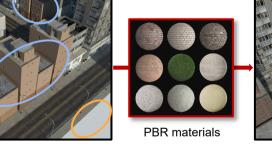
Quantitative evaluation on synthetic/real dataset **Ablation study:**

| Methods | Reconstruction | | Cross Rendering | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|-------|--|
| | MAE↓ | RMSE↓ | MAE↓ | RMSE↓ | |
| Ours w/o M_{\cos} | 0.034 | 0.083 | 0.036 | 0.085 | |
| Ours w/o \mathcal{L}_{CR} | 0.029 | 0.083 | 0.048 | 0.101 | |
| Ours w/o $\mathcal{L}_{	ext{ID}}$ | 0.032 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.089 | |
| Ours | 0.028 | 0.075 | 0.031 | 0.079 | |

3.61°/8.44°

Local appearance evaluation on synthetic dataset







Real-world local lighting capture



Local lighting editing

- [1] Zhu et al., Spatially-varying outdoor lighting estimation from intrinsics, CVPR 2021.
- [2] Yu et al., Hierarchical disentangled representation learning for outdoor illumination estimation and editing, ICCV 2021.
- [3] Hold-Geoffroy et al., Deep sky modeling for single image outdoor lighting estimation, CVPR 2019.

