Did they give her a refund?

8A Sell and tell

A. Look at the home page of a new website. What do you think you can sell or buy there?

Welcome!

Never Liked It AnywayTM is a place where once loved gifts from once loved lovers get a second chance...

We've all been there. We've all got stories to tell and things to sell. This is a place full of marvelous deals.

Let the fun begin!



Sweet & Simple Engagement Ring sold by brjen

"Well when I first met him he was charming and sweet and funny – most of you know how that goes right? After a couple of years, things started happening... I found things that indicated he was cheating..."

Real World Price: \$2,500.00
Break-up Price: \$900.00

BARGAIN OF THE WEEK



B. $(4)^{32}$ Listen to part of a radio program about this new website and answer the questions.

1. Why did Annabel Acton set it up?	
2. What kinds of things do people sell on it?	NEVER LIKED IT
3. What else do they do apart from selling things?	TANYWAY (ANYWAY)

C. (4 32)) Listen again and complete their conversation with the words given below.

bargain, bear, behind, breakup, creative, genius, idea, jewelry, luxury, named, paintings, positive, prices, remind, seller, suggests, thought, unlike

Host: We're talking about great new shopping websites and I think we have time for one more. Janice, can you tell us
about it?
Janice: Well, it's called "neverlikeitanyway.com." It's a very (1) name for a website, as you'll hear. This
site was the idea of an American woman (2) Annabel Acton. She was living in New York City with her
boyfriend, who was English. He had invited her to travel to London with him at Christmas to meet his family. But five
days before Christmas, they broke up. Now, (3) some of us, Annabel didn't want to sit around crying
and eating ice cream. She wanted to do something (4)
Host: So, what gave her the idea for the website?
Janice: Well, after the (5) Annabel was left with a plane ticket to London that she didn't need. She
also had (6) that she didn't want anymore, and she had tickets to a concert that she didn't want to go
to without her boyfriend. She also had (7) that they had bought together, that she didn't want on her
wall anymore. She didn't want any of these things herself, but she (8) someone somewhere would
probably to buy them, and that's what gave her the (9) to set up the website.
Host: What exactly is it?
Janice: Well, it's a website where people who have just broken up with a partner can sell presents and others things
that they don't want anymore, maybe because they (10) them of their ex, or maybe, as the name (11)
because they never liked these things anyway! And the idea, which I think is (12),
is that they also tell the personal story (13)the things they're selling. Annabel calls it "sell and tell!"
Host: What kind of things do people sell on the website?
Janice: Oh, everything - from something as small as a teddy (14) to really expensive things like an
engagement ring or a vacation. To give you an idea, today on the site one (15) is offering a three-day
honeymoon package at a (16) hotel in New York City, and a woman is selling her ex-boyfriend's car.
And they're selling all these things at very good (17) So, on "neverlikeitanyway" you can get a (18)
, and also help someone who's going through a breakup.
Host: Thanks Janice, and that's all we have time for today.

8A COMMUNICATIVE Dating and Relationships

Would you sell the presents that your expartner gave you? Would you keep them?



If you cheated on your partner, would you tell him or her? Why (not)?



How old were you when you went on your first date? Who was it with? Where did you go and what did you do?



What qualities are most important to you in a partner? For example, intelligence, sense of humor, money.



Would you move to a place far from your family and friends to be with the person you loved?

Why (not)?



What would you do if your ex keeps contacting you after you broke up?



Would you like to have a boyfriend or girlfriend who was a lot more attractive than you? What about a husband or wife?



Is it common for couples to live together before marriage in your country? Would you want to live with someone before marriage? Why (not)?



(TO A GIRL) Would you ask a man out? Why (not)? (TO A GUY) Would you like it if a woman asked you out? Why (not)?



8A GRAMMAR reported speech: sentences and questions

Go to p. 146 Grammar Bank 8A from the student's book. Learn more about reported sentences and questions, and practice them. For extra support, watch these online explanations.





e, has	Suggest persuade 3 GRAMMAR RULES
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	ractice Say or Tell? Complete the sentences with the right form of say or tell. "I have a problem, " Annie <u>said</u> . Annie us that she had a problem. Lisa that she was leaving her husband. He the teacher the he had left his homework at home. His teacher that he didn't believe him. Can you Mark that I can't meet him tonight? What did you to her? When I was a child, my mother used to us not to hello to people we didn't know.
"l'r 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	complete the following sentences using reported speech. In in love with another woman." → My boyfriend told me he was in love with another woman. I'I'm selling all my books." My brother said
"Why 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	complete the questions using reported speech. If did you dump your girlfriend?" My friend asked me why I had dumped my girlfriend. When are you leaving?" My parents asked me

reported speech: sentences and questions

We use reported speech to report (i.e., to tell another person) what someone said.

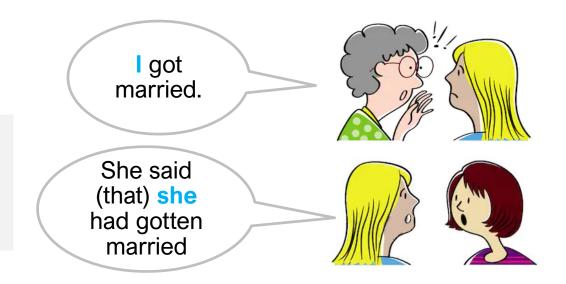
reported sentences

direct statements reported statements "I like traveling." She said (that) **she liked** traveling. "I'm leaving tomorrow." He told her (that) he was leaving the next day. "I'll always love you." He said (that) he would always love me. "I passed the exam!" She told me (that) **she had passed** the exam. "I've forgotten my keys." He said (that) **he had** forgotten **his** keys. "I can't come." She said (that) **she couldn't** come. "I may be late." He said (that) **he might** be late. "I must go." She said (that) **she had to** go.

- When the reporting verb (said, told, etc.) is in the past tense, the tenses in the sentence that is being reported usually change like this: present > past will > would simple past/ present perfect > past perfect
- Some modal verbs change, e.g. can > could, may > might, must > had to.
 Other modal verbs stay the same, e.g., could, might, should, etc.
- Using that after said and told is optional.

 You usually have to change the pronouns.

"I like jazz."
Jane said that she liked jazz.
"I am sorry"
Mark said that he was sorry.



When tenses don't change

When you report what someone said very soon after they said it, the tenses often stay the same as in the original sentence.

- □ Adam "I can't come tonight."
 - I've just spoken to Adam and he said that he can't come tonight.
- Jack "I really enjoyed my trip."

 Jack told me that he really enjoyed his trip.
- If you report what someone said on a different day or in a different place, some other time and place words can change,
 - e.g., tomorrow > the next day, here > there, this > that, etc.
 - "I'll meet you here tomorrow." He said he'd meet me there the next day.

say and tell

Be careful – after *said* <u>don't</u> use a person or an object pronoun:

He said he was tired. NOT He said me...

After *told* you <u>must</u> use a person or pronoun:

Sarah told Cally that she would call her.

NOT Sarah told that she...

He told me he was tired.

NOT He told he was...

reported questions

direct statements reported statements

"Are you married?" She asked him *if* he was married.

"Did she call?" He asked me whether she had called.

"What's your name?" I asked him what his name was.

"Where do you live?" They asked me where I lived.

- When you report a question the tenses change as in reported statements.
- When a question doesn't begin with a question word, add *if* (or *whether*).

"Do you want a drink?" He asked me if / whether I wanted a drink.

 You also have to change the word order to subject + verb, and not use do / did.

8A GRAMMAR reported speech: sentences and questions

a Read the interview. Then complete the journalist's report below with the **bold** verbs from the interview in the correct tense.

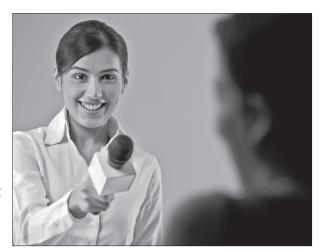
Journalist Mike, thank you very much for

agreeing to this interview. I know you're a busy man. You have the leading role in the latest Kathryn Bigelow film. What is it like working

with her?

Mike You 'can't begin to imagine what a

fantastic experience it ²is. In fact, it ³has been an honor to work with her. However, I have to say that it ⁴wasn't easy at first, because filming ⁵started at 7:00 a.m. every day for the first three weeks. I'm not a person who likes to get up early!



Journalist Yes, I had heard that! What 6did you enjoy most about working with her?

Mike I7loved the way that she scould get all the actors, including me, to do exactly what she

wanted us to do.

Journalist Are you **going to be** in anymore of her movies in the near future?

Mike It 10 depends on Kathryn, but I hope I 11 will be. I'm really sorry, but we 12 must stop the

interview now as I have a photo shoot with Vogue magazine.

Mike told me that I 1 <u>couldn't</u> begin to imagine wha	t a fantastic experience working with Kathryn
Bigelow ² He also said that working w	ith her ³ an honor. However,
Bigelow ² He also said that working w it ⁴ easy at first because filming ⁵	every day at 7:00 a.m. for the first
three weeks. When I asked him what he 6	most about working with Kathryn Bigelow,
he told me that he ⁷ the way that she ⁸ _	get the actors to do what
she wanted. Finally, I asked Mike if he ⁹	in anymore of her movies in the future. He
said that it 10 on Kathryn, but he hoped	l he ¹¹ We then finished the
interview because Mike said that he ¹²	go to a photo shoot with <i>Vogue</i> magazine.

b Write the other questions journalists asked Mike in reported speech.

What's the most interesting role that you've played?
Is there too much violence in movies?
Who's the most difficult actor that you've ever worked with?
What should a young person who wants to go into acting do?
When are you going to retire?

- 1 The radio host asked Mike <u>what the most interesting role</u> <u>he had played was</u>
- 2 The TV interviewer asked him _____
- 3 The magazine writer asked him _____
- ____
- 4 The blogger asked him _____
- 5 The newspaper reporter asked him _____

activation

c Cover **b** and the journalist's report in **a**. Look at the interview in **a** and try to remember the journalist's report.

REPORTED SPEECH

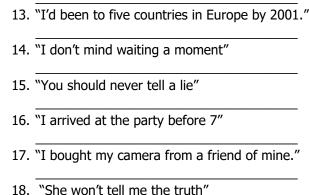
OPTIONAL PRACTICE

Tense	Direct Speech	Reported Speech
present simple	I like ice cream	She said (that) she liked ice cream.
present continuous	I am living in London She said (that) she was livi	
		She said (that) she had bought a car OR She said (that) she bought a car.
past continuous	I was walking along the street	She said (that) she had been walking along the street.
present perfect	I haven't seen Julie	She said (that) she hadn't seen Julie.
past perfect*	I had taken English lessons before	She said (that) she had taken English lessons before.
will	I'll see you later	She said (that) she would see me later.
would*	I would help, but	She said (that) she would help but
can	I can speak perfect English	She said (that) she could speak perfect English.
could*	I could swim when I was four	She said (that) she could swim when she was four.
shall	I shall come later	She said (that) she would come later.
should*	I should call my mother	She said (that) she should call her mother
might*	I might be late	She said (that) she might be late
must	I must study at the weekend	She said (that) she must study at the weekend OR She said she had to study at the weekend

Reporting Sentences

Write the sentences in reported speech. Start with a pronoun', and use the past simple of 'say' or 'tell'.

- 1. "I didn't realize it was midnight."
- 2. "I was waiting for the bus."
- 3. "She got married last year."
- 4. "I'm sorry."
- 5. "I couldn't sleep last night."
- 6. "I went to Costa Rica in 1978."
- 7. "My father would not approve."
- 8. "I'll give you a ring tomorrow"
- 9. "You must not leave any rubbish.



10. "I didn't have any lunch today.

12. "I don't like mushrooms"

11. "I haven't seen her since January 1995."

19. "I might sell her house."

20. I leave work early on Fridays.

21. "She hasn't eaten sushi before"

22. "I'll come and help you on Saturday"

23. "You can't take photos inside the museum."

Reporting Questions

Write the questions in reported speech. Start with a pronoun', and use the past simple of 'ask'.

24. "Is it raining?"

25. "Why are you so late?"

26. "Have you been to Bristol before?"

27. "Do you work in London?"

28. "When will you know the result of the exam?"

29. "How old is your mother?"

30. "Which museums did you visit?"

31. "What time are you leaving?"

32. "When can we have dinner?

33. "Do you speak English?"

34. "Did you come by train?

35. "Did you bring your passport?"

8A COMMUNICATIVE Ask and tell

Student A

a Ask your partner the questions and write down his / her answers in note form.

		notes
1	Can you play a musical instrument?	
2	How many times have you been abroad?	
3	Did you go to bed early last night?	
4	What do you usually have for breakfast?	
5	Are you going to go out on Saturday night?	
6	Have you ever won a prize or trophy?	
7	What are you going to do after class?	
8	What's your favorite time of year?	
9	When did you last get a letter written by hand?	
10	What do you do on Sunday mornings?	

6	Change partners. Te	ll vour new	partner about what	vour first r	oartner told vou
	Change partificis. 10	n your new	partifici about what	your mot p	our tiller told you

I asked Anna if she could play a musical instrument and she said she could play the piano.

Student B

a Ask your partner the questions and write down his / her answers in note form.

		notes
1	Could you swim when you were five?	
2	Are you afraid of any animals or insects?	
3	Have you ever visited an English-speaking country?	
4	Do you have a favorite sports team?	
5	Where did you go to on vacation last year?	
6	What websites do you like looking at?	
7	Where are you going for your next vacation?	
8	Where will you be at four o'clock tomorrow afternoon?	
9	Have you played any sports or exercised today?	
10	Can you count to one hundred in three languages?	

b Change partners. Tell your new partner about what your first partner told you.

I asked Paul if he could swim when he was five, and he said he could swim when he was four.

2 VOCABULARY & SPEAKING shopping

- TOURDULANT & OF LANTING	si loppii ig
A. In pairs, say if you think these are the same or o	different. Then check with your teacher.
 buy something online and buy something on the Internet. a drug store and a pharmacy an outlet store and a department store a shopping center and a shopping mall a library and a book store 	 6. put on a shirt and try on a shirt 7. It fits you. and It suits you. 8. for sale and on sale
 B. Complete the sentences. 1. We always book our flights online 2. We spent all day checking out the different store. 3. Are you sure that jacket f you? 4. My sister buys all her clothes at an ou 5. There was a line at the b st 6. That's a beautiful shirt. Why don't you t 7. They went to the ph to buy some as a standard store is having a s All winter complete graphs. 9. I wouldn't buy that dress, if I were you. It does 10. The sports section is on the top floor of the d 	st because it's cheaper because all the novels were half price it o? spirin. soats are 20% off. sn't s you.
C. With your partner, explain the meaning of the water a bargain — a discount — a price tage receipt — a refund — take something. D. Complete the following sentences using the wood. How much is it? I can't find the	rds in C. ngs at prices. goods until the end of the week. got your and asked for a
Shopping — in 1 1. What's your favorite store or website to buy? A. clothes B. shoes C. books and music D. presents E. food	3. What do you? A. enjoy buying B. hate buying 4. Do you prefer shopping for clothes? A. by yourself or with somebody B. at the beginning of the season or when stores have sales
2. Do you ever shop? What do you buy?A. in street marketsB. in supermarketsC. in shopping centers or mallsD. online	5. What do you think are the advantages and disadvantages of buying clothes online?

VOCABULARY making nouns from verbs

A. Make nouns from the verbs in the list and write them in the correct column.



E. Complete the text with the noun form

of the verbs in parentheses.

achieve /ə'tʃiv/ agree /ə'gri/ argue /'argyu/
attach /ə'tætʃ/ choose /tʃuz/ compensate /'kampənseɪt/
complain /kəm'pleɪn/ deliver /dɪ'lɪvər/
demonstrate /'dɛmənstreɪt/ explain /ɪk'spleɪn/ lose /luz/
pay /peɪ/ respond /rɪ'spand/ sell /sɛl/ succeed /sək'sid/

	Colon	pay /pei/	re <u>spo</u>	na /rrspana/	Sett /SE1/	suc <u>ceed</u> /səkˈsid/
	1 + ation	2 + ment		3 new word		
				choice		
-	3. 4 38) Listen and ch C. Complete the question 1. Have you ever op 2. Do you often have 3. Do you prefer rea	ons with a noun froened an <u>attachm</u> e eding grammar	rom a in <i>ent</i> on a _ with y	the singular or pan email that convour family? Wha	olural. Itained a viru It about?	
	6. Have you ever be	ade an e's too much en in a ? What were you				?, e.g., for a new phone?
I	D. ⁴³⁹⁾⁾ Listen and ch	eck.	A Ca	S. IDASSE.		HEDIT

6 LISTENING & SPEAKING

The **King** of Complainers

A. 440)) Lis	ten to part of a radio consumer program where people are talking about bad service. What did
the people	complain about?
1) in the	
	e hotel e restaurant
,	in and answer the questions.
•	o did each person complain to?
SPEAK	at did the people they complained to do as a result? ER 1:
SPEAK	ER 2: ER 3:
C. 440)) Lis	ten and complete their conversation with the words given below.
	tised, annoyed, apologized, booked, charge, cheese, clue, couldn't, customer, dessert, h, everybody, fare, for free, frozen, hotel, knew, later, lobby, manager, month, pasta, recently, reception, reply, ridiculous, said, sauce, trip
I was at Sydne	y Airport, in Australia, and I got a taxi to take me to the (1) A few minutes after
he'd left the air	port, the taxi driver (2) that his meter was broken, but that he would (3)
	_ me \$50, which was what he said the ⁽⁴⁾ usually cost. It was my first time in
Sydney and of	course I didn't have a ⁽⁵⁾ what the usual fare was, so I just said OK. But when I was checking in to the hotel, I asked the receptionist what the usual taxi
(7)	was from the airport, and she said about \$35. I was really (8) and I sent an
email to the tax	ii company, but I never got a ⁽⁹⁾
I was traveling	in the UK. It was a work trip, and I (10) that I was going to have a lot of emails
during that time	e, so I (11) a hotel in Liverpool where they (12) Wi-Fi in all the
	arrived, it turned out the hotel charged £16 for 24 hours Wi-Fi, which is about the same as I pay
	of Internet at home! I complained to the man at (14), but all he said was
	the Wi-Fi in the ⁽¹⁵⁾ , which was free. I wasn't very happy about it. Hotels used to noney from ⁽¹⁶⁾ by charging a ridiculous amount for phone calls. Now that ⁽¹⁷⁾
make a lot of it	uses their cell to make phone calls, some hotels now charge a (18) amount for
Wi-Fi.	unount for the make phone calle, come note to new ondinge a
I was in an Italia	an restaurant in New York City (19), and I ordered manicotti, which is a kind of (20)
	an restaurant in New York City (19), and I ordered manicotti, which is a kind of (20), a little like cannelloni, and it's filled with (21) and served with tomato sauce.
Well, when it ar	rived, the tomato (22) was really hot, but the pasta and the filling were cold - it
	ere still (23) Anyway, I called the waitress and she said that it (24)aid "Sorry, it is cold. Do you want to try it?" So, she took it back to the kitchen, and later the
manager came	out and (25), and when I finally got the (26), it was good, hot all
the way throug	h. But I'd had to wait a long time for it. But later the (27) came out again and
offered me a fr	ee ⁽²⁸⁾ So, I had a delicious tiramisu ⁽²⁹⁾
D. Talk to a p	artner. Give as much information as possible.
	1 Who's best at complaining in your family? Give examples.
	2 Can you remember a time when you (or someone in your family)
	complained?
	 to a taxi driver to a hotel receptionist
	 to a waiter to someone else
	Why did you complain? What did you say? What happened?

COMMUNICATIVE I WANT TO SPEAK TO THE MANAGER

Look at the situations below and role-play one the conversations with a partner. Spend a few minutes preparing what you are going to say.

Student A

You're a customer. You bought something in a clothing store on sale yesterday (decide what) and there's a problem (decide what). Go back to the store. **B** is the salesperson. You'd like to exchange it for another identical one. If you can't, you'd like a refund.

Student B

1 You're a salesperson in a clothing store. A is going to come to you with a problem with something he / she bought on sale yesterday. You can't exchange it for an identical one because there are no more in his / her size.

Try to persuade **A** to exchange it for something else because you don't usually give refunds during a sale.

Student A

You're the manager of a restaurant. Your regular chef is off this week, and you have a temporary chef who is not very good. One of the waiters has had a problem with a customer, who would like to speak to you. When customers complain, you usually offer them a free drink or a coffee. If it's absolutely necessary, you might give a 10% discount on their bill, but you would prefer not to. B is the customer.

Student B

2 You're a customer in a restaurant. You have just finished your meal and you didn't enjoy it at all (decide what was wrong with it). You complained to the waiter, but the waiter didn't solve the problem. You have asked the waiter to call the manager. Try to get at least a 50% discount on your meal. A is the manager.