

ECON, DSGE#1

OSM Lab instructor, Kerk Phillips

OSM Lab student, CHEN Anhua

Due Wednesday, July 21 at 8:00am

1. (Exercise 1)

Through substituting K_{t+1} and K_{t+2} by $Ae^{z_t}K_t^\alpha$ and $Ae^{z_{t+1}}K_{t+1}^\alpha$, we can find that $A = \alpha\beta$

2. (Exercise 2)

$$\text{Budget constraint: } c_t = (1 - \tau)[w_t l_t + (r_t - \delta)k_t] + k_t + T_t - k_{t+1} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Intertemporal Euler: } \frac{1}{c_t} = \beta E_t \left\{ \frac{1}{c_{t+1}} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right\} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Consumption-leisure Euler: } \frac{\alpha}{1 - l_t} = \frac{1}{c_t} w_t (1 - \tau) \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Capital FOC: } r_t = \alpha e^{z_t} k_t^{\alpha-1} l_t^{1-\alpha} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{Labor FOC: } w_t = (1 - \alpha) e^{z_t} k_t^\alpha l_t^{-\alpha} \quad (5)$$

$$\text{Government budget: } \tau[w_t l_t + (r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \quad (6)$$

$$\text{Law of motions: } z_t = (1 - \rho_z)\bar{z} + \rho_z z_{t-1} + \epsilon_t^z \quad (7)$$

3. (Exercise 3)

4. (Exercise 4)

5. (Exercise 5)

$$\text{Budget constraint: } c_t = (1 - \tau)[w_t l_t + (r_t - \delta)k_t] + k_t + T_t - k_{t+1} \quad (8)$$

$$\text{Intertemporal Euler: } c_t^{-\gamma} = \beta E_t \left\{ c_{t+1}^{-\gamma} [(r_{t+1} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1] \right\} \quad (9)$$

$$\text{Capital FOC: } r_t = \alpha k_t^{\alpha-1} (l_t e^{z_t})^{1-\alpha} \quad (10)$$

$$\text{Labor FOC: } w_t = (1 - \alpha) k_t^\alpha l_t^{-\alpha} e^{z_t(1-\alpha)} \quad (11)$$

$$\text{Government budget: } \tau[w_t l_t + (r_t - \delta)k_t] = T_t \quad (12)$$

$$\text{Law of motions: } z_t = (1 - \rho_z)\bar{z} + \rho_z z_{t-1} + \epsilon_t^z \quad (13)$$

If $l_t = 1$, then the steady state version of these equations will be:

$$\text{Budget constraint: } \bar{c} = (1 - \tau)[\bar{w} + (\bar{r} - \delta)\bar{k}] + \bar{T} \quad (14)$$

$$\text{Intertemporal Euler: } \bar{c}^{-\gamma} = \beta E\{\bar{c}^{-\gamma}[(\bar{r} - \delta)(1 - \tau) + 1]\} \quad (15)$$

$$\text{Capital FOC: } \bar{r} = \alpha \bar{k}^{\alpha-1} e^{\bar{z}(1-\alpha)} \quad (16)$$

$$\text{Labor FOC: } \bar{w} = (1 - \alpha) \bar{k}^{\alpha} e^{\bar{z}(1-\alpha)} \quad (17)$$

$$\text{Government budget: } \tau[\bar{w} + (\bar{r} - \delta)\bar{k}] = \bar{T} \quad (18)$$

When being solved algebraically, $\bar{k} = \alpha^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} (\frac{1}{1-\tau} (\frac{1}{\beta} - 1) + \delta)^{\frac{1}{\alpha-1}} e^{\bar{z}}$. Taking the value given in the question, we get $\bar{k} = 0.00919466769781$