



Java Server Page

# JSP程序设计(上)

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# 概述

- 什么是**JSP**

JSP(Java Server Pages)是由Sun Microsystems公司开发的一种实现普通静态HTML和动态HTML混合编码的技术。

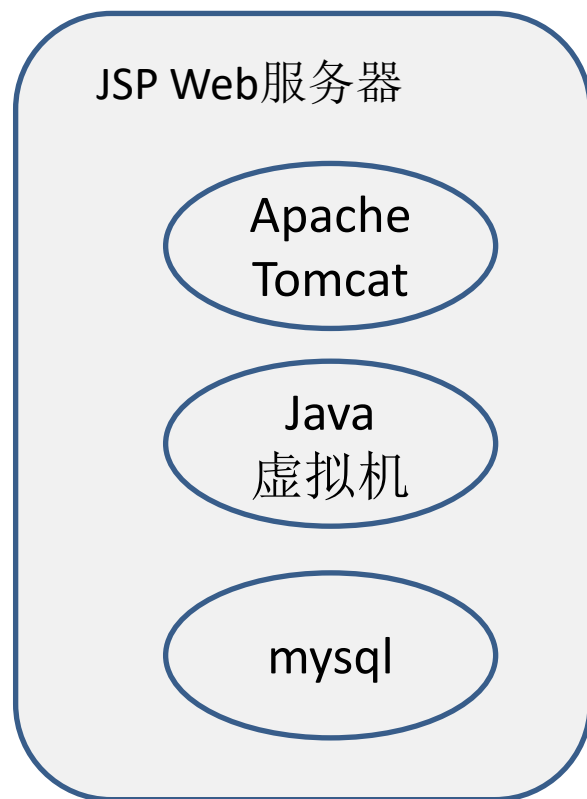
- Servlet和JSP

Servlet是最早开始使用Java Web编程方式。Servlet编程通过扩展预定义的HttpServlet类响应HTTP的Get和Post请求。JSP建立在Servlet类的基础上。它分离了表现逻辑和业务逻辑。

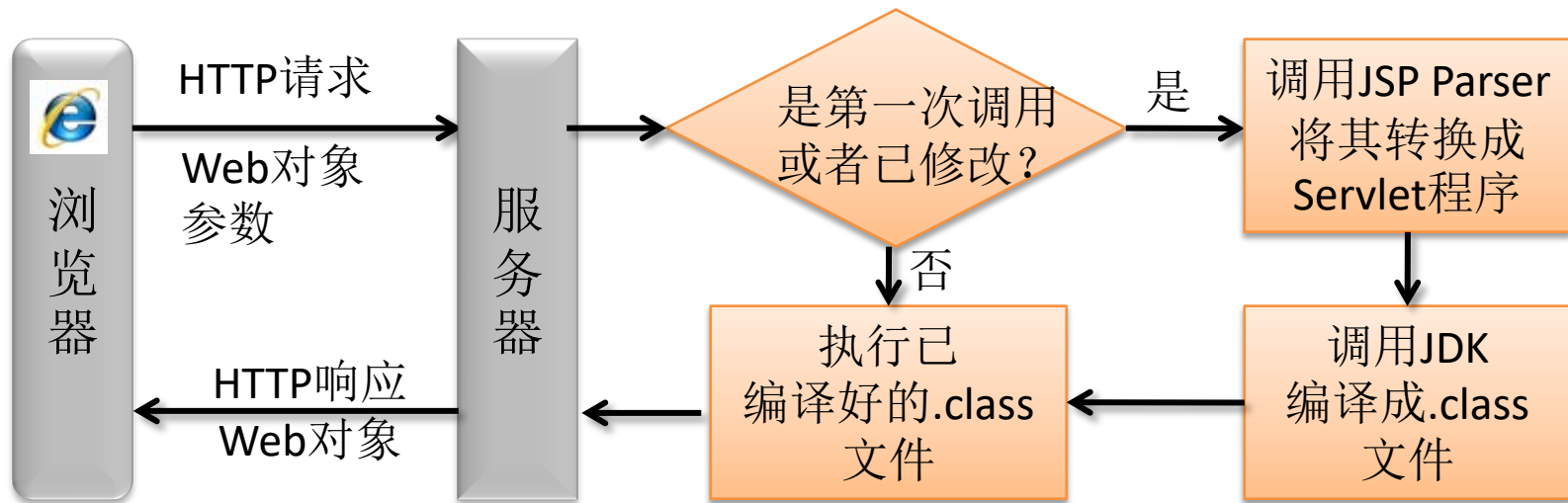
[JSP教程](#)

# JSP Web服务器

Web服务器是接收HTTP请求并返回HTTP响应的软件。下面是一种JSP web服务器结构，Apache Tomcat为Web服务器，它是基于Java虚拟机的。这个结构采用了MySQL数据库。如果编程使用Eclipse，注意其内部Tomcat与外部的Tomcat可能会冲突（只能启动一个）。



# JSP工作原理



- (1) 当Web服务器收到对JSP文件(JSP页面)的HTTP请求，如果所请求的JSP文件是修改后的第一次访问，则调用JSP Parser将其转换成Servlet程序（.java），然后调用JSDK编译成Servlet字节码（.class）。
- (2) Java虚拟机执行Servlet字节码发回HTTP响应。
- (3) 如果有多个HTTP请求发给同一个JSP文件，则Tomcat服务器会为每一个请求启动一个线程执行该文件对应的Servlet字节码。

# 第一个Servlet程序

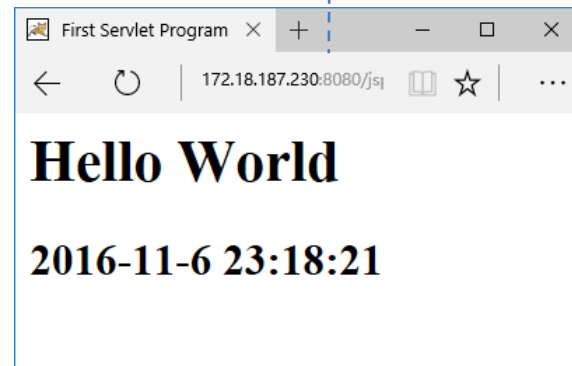
下面的Servlet程序(Hello.java)继承了系统的HttpServlet类。

<http://172.18.187.230:8080/jsp/servlet/Hello>

```
package com.group.servlet;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;

public class Hello extends HttpServlet {
    @SuppressWarnings("deprecation")
    @Override
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        resp.setContentType("text/html");
        PrintWriter out = resp.getWriter();
        out.println("<html><head><title>First Servlet Program</title></head>");
        out.println("<body>");
        out.println("<h1>Hello World<h1>");
        out.println("<h2>" + new Date().toLocaleString() + "</h2>");
        out.println("</body>");
        out.println("</html>");
        out.flush();
    }
}

doPost
```



C:\java>javac -classpath .\servlet-api.jar Hello.java  
\* servlet-api.jar在tomcat的lib目录中

http://172.18.187.230:8080/jsp/servlet/Hello

Program Files

Apache Software Foundation

Tomcat 8.5

bin

conf

lib

logs

temp

webapps

docs

examples

host-manager

jsp

META-INF

WEB-INF

classes

com

group

servlet

lib

manager

ROOT

work

放置全局配置文件

公用库(\*.jar)

\*jsp不需要配置classpath

存放.jsp文件，可以建子目录

私用库

server.xml  
web.xml  
config.xml

webapps下的子目录都是虚拟目录。要定义其它虚拟目录，需要修改配置文件server.xml。

context.xml文件内容：

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>  
<Context reloadable="true"/>
```

\*修改后自动重载，不需要重启Tomcat服务器

context.xml

web.xml

Hello.class

commons-fileupload-1.2.1.jar

commons-io-1.4.jar

jstl-1.2.jar

mysql-connector-java-5.1.36-bin.jar

standard-1.1.2.jar

也可以放在公用库中

<http://172.18.187.230:8080/jsp/servlet/Hello>

web.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<web-app>
  <description>Servlet and JSP Examples. </description>
  <display-name>Servlet and JSP Examples</display-name>
  <servlet> (3)
    <servlet-name>HelloWorld</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>com.group.servlet.Hello</servlet-class>
  </servlet> (4)
  <servlet-mapping> (2)
    <servlet-name>HelloWorld</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/servlet/Hello</url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>
  <servlet> (1) URL
    <servlet-name>Requ</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>serv.RequestInfo</servlet-class>
  </servlet>
  <servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>Requ</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/servlet/request</url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>
</web-app>
```

一个servlet

另一个servlet

# 第一个JSP程序

hello.jsp

指令元素

HTML模版

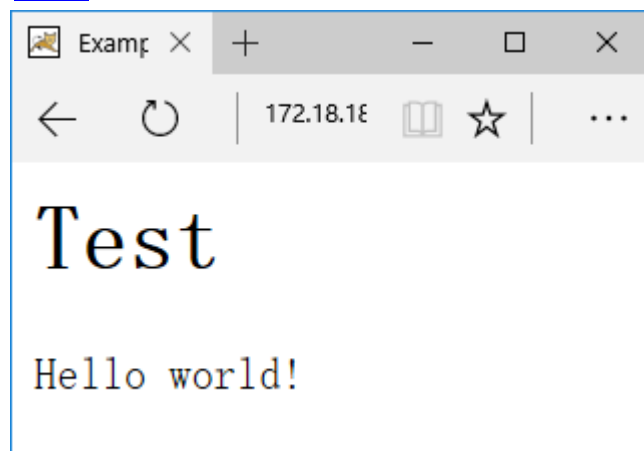
脚本片段  
(scriptlet)

HTML模版

生成http响应的指示, 例如, 要使用的包, http响应的头部content-type.

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Example</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1> Test </h1>
<p>
<%
    out.print("Hello world!");
%>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

网址



Java程序放在<% %>之间。out为一个JSP的系统对象。

如果只输出一个表达式而不是语句, 可以采用<%=exp%>输出, 例如: <%= "Hello World!" %>。



hello.jsp会被自动转换为servlet程序hello\_jsp.java，放在work子目录下，然后再编译成字节码文件hello\_jsp.class，并在Java虚拟机上运行，最后把运行的输出结果用http响应传送到客户端。

```
public final class hello_jsp extends
    org.apache.jasper.runtime.HttpJspBase{
    ...可以在这里声明<%! %>内定义全局变量、函数和类
    public void _jspService(... request,... response)
        定义了jsp内置对象: out、session、application、config
        ...
        out.write("<html>\r\n");
        out.write("<head>\r\n");
        out.write("<title>Hello world</title>\r\n");
        out.write("</head>\r\n");
        out.write("<body>\r\n");
        out.write("<h1>Test</h1>\r\n");
        out.write("<p>\r\n");
        out.print("Hello world!");
        out.write("</p>\r\n");
        out.write("</body>\r\n");
        out.write("</html>\r\n");
        out.write("\r\n");
        ...
    }
}
```

- \* out.print()只能输出字符，而out.write还可以输出字节流
- \* hello\_jsp.java的详细内容见附录

为什么for语句里面可以加入html的语句？ 如何解释？

hellofor.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Example</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Test</h1>
<%for(int i=0;i<10;i++){%>
    <p>Hello!<%=i%></p>
<%}%>
</body>
</html>
```



```

...
out.write("\r\n");
out.write("<html>\r\n");
out.write("<head>\r\n");
out.write("<title>Example</title>\r\n");
out.write("</head>\r\n");
out.write("<body>\r\n");
out.write("<h1>Test</h1>\r\n");
for(int i=0;i<10;i++){
    out.write("\r\n");
    out.write("<p>Hello!");
    out.print(i);
    out.write("</p>\r\n");
}
out.write("\r\n");
out.write("</body>\r\n");
out.write("</html>\r\n");
out.write("\r\n");
out.write("\r\n");
out.write("\r\n");
...

```

也可以这样编程，先计算出变量值，再把结果代入Web页面，实现Java代码与HTML代码分离：

hellofor2.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<% String s="";
    for(int i=0;i<10;i++){
        s=s+"<p>Hello!" + i + "</p>";
    }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>Example</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Test</h1>
<%=s%>
</body>
</html>
```

[网址](#)

[测试](#)

# 声明

JSP程序的函数和类只能在**声明**`<%! ... %>`中定义，它们会被分别转换为**servlet**类的方法和内部类。声明中定义的变量会被所有用户线程所共享。

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<%! int cnt=0;
    int getSum(int n){
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>getSumFunc</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>getSumFunc</h1>
    <%=getSum(100)%>
</body>
</html>
```



在声明中不能使用jsp内置对象，例如：**out**、**session**、**request**、**response**等。这些对象可以作为参数传入到声明中。这些对象的具体类型见附录的**servlet**程序。

## getSumClass.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<%! class Sum{
    int getSum(int n){
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}>
<html>
<head>
<title>getSumClass</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>getSumClass</h1>
    <% Sum sum=new Sum();
        out.print(sum.getSum(100));
    %>
</body>
</html>
```



//Sum.java

```
package com.group.jsp;
public class Sum {
    public int getSum(int n){
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

//getSumClass1.jsp

```
<%@ page import="com.group.jsp.Sum"
contentType="text/html;charset=gb2312"%>
<html>
<head>
<title>getSumClass</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>getSumClass</h1>
    <%
        Sum sum=new Sum();
        out.print(sum.getSum(100));
    %>
</body>
</html>
```

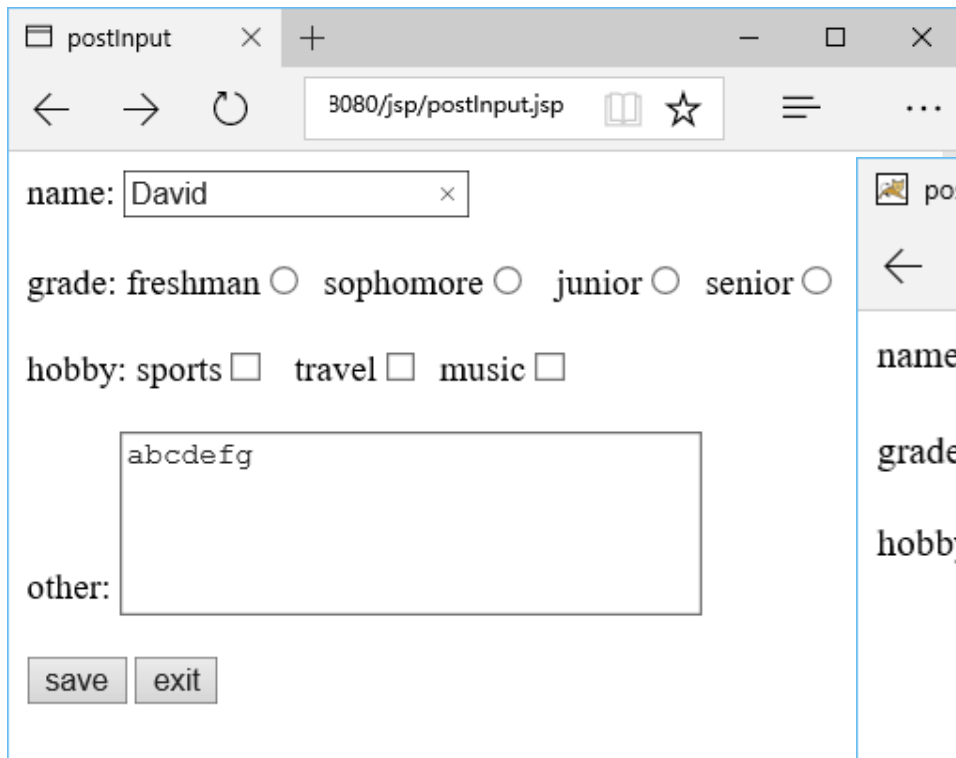
Sum.class文件放在  
tomcat\webapps\jsp\WEB-INF\classes\  
com\group\jsp目录下

- JSP的类一定要指定包名，不能用默认包
- 一个网页可以出现多个import:  
    <%@ page import="a.b.\*" %>  
    <%@ page import="x.y.\*" %>
- 可以合并，用逗号隔开:  
    <%@ page import="a.b.\*,x.y.\*" %>

# 如何取得提交的数据

- 提交给另一个网页（必须是动态网页）

初始页面



postInput

3080/jsp/postInput.jsp

name: David

grade: freshman ☐ sophomore ☐ junior ☐ senior ☐

hobby: sports ☐ travel ☐ music ☐

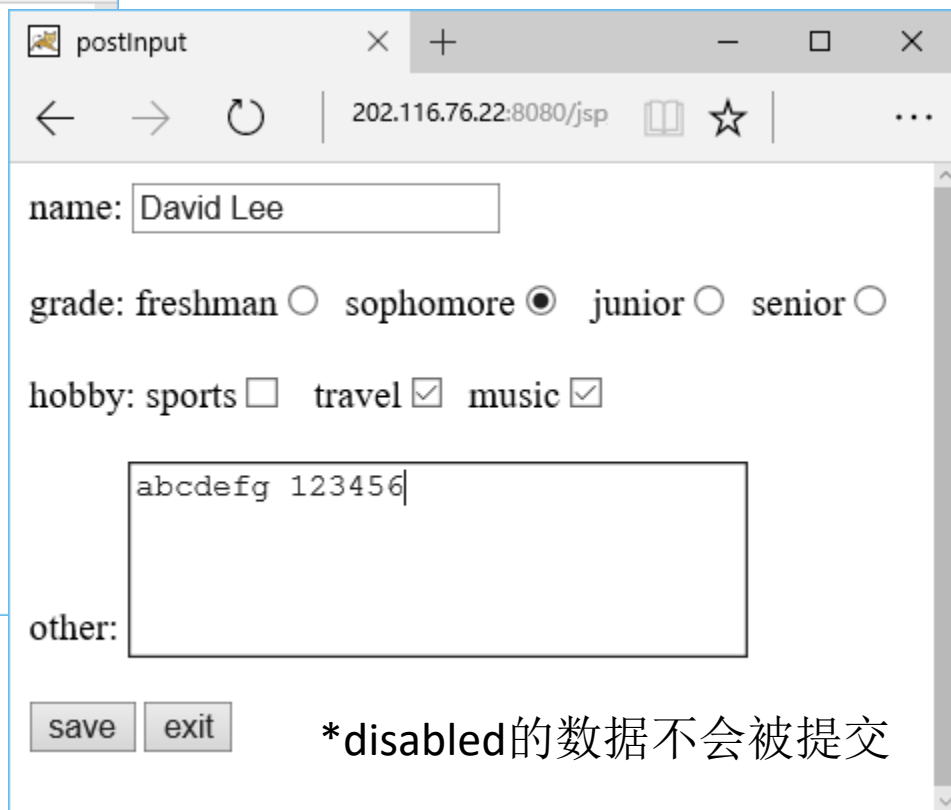
other:

save exit

postInput.jsp

[网址](#)

输入后页面



postInput

202.116.76.22:8080/jsp

name: David Lee

grade: freshman ☐ sophomore ☒ junior ☐ senior ☐

hobby: sports ☐ travel ☒ music ☒

other:

save exit

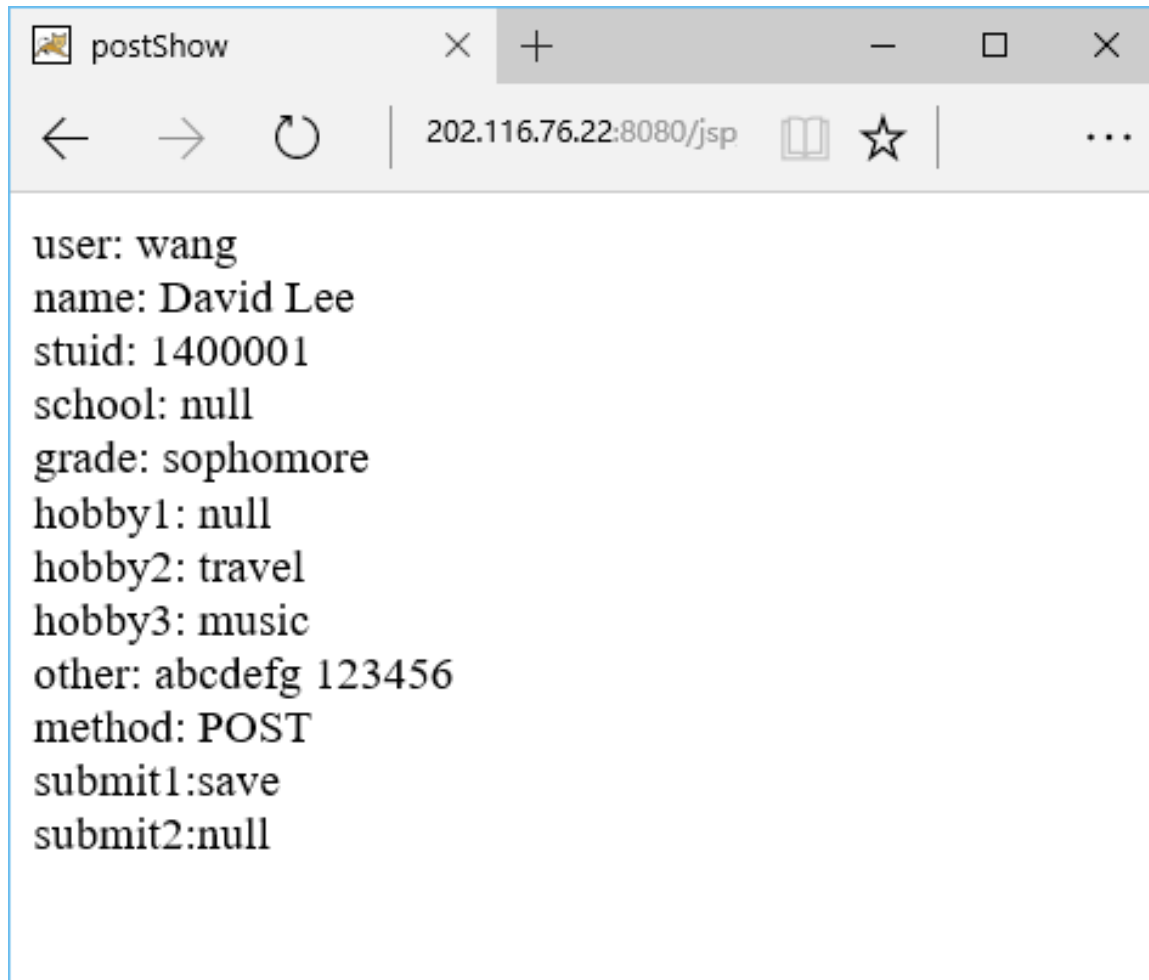
点击 →

\*disabled的数据不会被提交



点击后进入的页面：

postShow.jsp



postInput.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
    contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
    <head><title>postInput</title></head>
    <body>
        <form action="postShow.jsp?user=wang" method="post">
            <input type="hidden" name="stuid" value="1400001" />
            name: <input type="text" name="name" value="David"/>
            grade: freshman<input type="radio" name="grade" value="freshman"/>
                sophomore<input type="radio" name="grade" value="sophomore"/>
                junior<input type="radio" name="grade" value="junior"/>
                senior<input type="radio" name="grade" value="senior"/>
            hobby: sports<input type="checkbox" name="hobby1" value="sports"/>
                travel<input type="checkbox" name="hobby2" value="travel"/>
                music<input type="checkbox" name="hobby3" value="music"/>
            other: <textarea rows="5" cols="30" name="other">abcdefg</textarea>
            <input type="submit" name="submit1" value="save" />
            <input type="submit" name="submit2" value="exit" />
        </form>
    </body>
</html>
```

form没有action时，会提交给本网页，如果method为get（默认），则会自动把输入键值对作为url的参数（IE会对汉字进行编码而Chrome则不会）。

postShow.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
      contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<%request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");%>
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
  <head> <title>postShow</title></head>
  <body>user:    <%= request.getParameter("user")    %>
            name:    <%= request.getParameter("name")    %>
            stuid:    <%= request.getParameter("stuid")    %>
            school:   <%= request.getParameter("school")   %>
            grade:    <%= request.getParameter("grade")    %>
            hobby1:   <%= request.getParameter("hobby1")   %>
            hobby2:   <%= request.getParameter("hobby2")   %>
            hobby3:   <%= request.getParameter("hobby3")   %>
            other:    <%= request.getParameter("other")    %>
            method:   <%= request.getMethod()              %>
            submit1:  <%= request.getParameter("submit1")  %>
            submit2:  <%= request.getParameter("submit2")  %>

  </body>
</html>
```

页面编码确定次序: pageEncoding, charset。默认采用ISO-8859-1。  
ISO-8859-1为单字节编码（欧洲字符集） [参考](#)

\* 没有输入值的取值null

String s = request.getParameter("name"); <b>byte</b> [] bs = s.getBytes("iso-8859-1 "); String s2 = <b>new</b> String(bs,"utf-8");	等价 ↔	request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8"); String s = request.getParameter("name");
--	---------	--

- 提交给自己

postInput.jsp

提交

```
<form action="postShow.jsp?user=wang" method="post">
```

postToSelf.jsp

提交

```
<form action="postToSelf.jsp?user=wang" method="post">
```

name:

grade: freshman ☐ sophomore ☐ junior ☐ senior ☐

hobby: sports ☐ travel ☐ music ☐

other:

save exit

输入后

提交后

name: David Lee

grade: freshman ☐ sophomore ☒ junior ☐ senior ☐

hobby: sports ☐ travel ☒ music ☒

other:

save exit

点击

参考

- 保持输入

## postToSelf.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
        contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<%request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");%>
<%
    String submit1 = request.getParameter("submit1");
    String submit2 = request.getParameter("submit2");
    String method = request.getMethod();
    boolean post = method.equalsIgnoreCase("post"); // method:GET 或 POST

    String user = request.getParameter("user");
    if(user==null) user="";
    String name = request.getParameter("name");
    if(name==null) name="";
    String stuid = request.getParameter("stuid");
    if(stuid==null) stuid="";

    String grade = request.getParameter("grade");
    if(grade==null) grade="";
    String grades[] = {"", "", "", ""};
```

```
if(grade.equals("freshman"))
    grades[0] = "checked";
else if(grade.equals("sophomore"))
    grades[1] = "checked";
else if(grade.equals("junior"))
    grades[2] = "checked";
else if(grade.equals("senior"))
    grades[3] = "checked";
```

```
String hobby1 = request.getParameter("ah1");
if(hobby1==null) hobby1="";
if(hobby1.equals("sports")){
    hobby1 = "checked";
}
String hobby2 = request.getParameter("ah2");
if(hobby2==null) hobby2="";
if(hobby2.equals("travel")){
    hobby2 = "checked";
}
String hobby3 = request.getParameter("ah3");
if(hobby3==null) hobby3="";
if(hobby3.equals("music")){
    hobby3 = "checked";
}
String other = request.getParameter("other");
if(other==null) other="";
```

```

<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
  <title>postAndKeep</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="postToSelf.jsp?user=<%=user%>" method="post">
  <input type="hidden" name="stuid" value="<%=stuid%>" />
  name: <input type="text" name="name" value="<%=name%>" />
  grade:
    freshman<input type="radio" name="grade" value="freshman" <%=grades[0]%>/>
    sophomore<input type="radio" name="grade" value="sophomore" <%=grades[1]%>/>
    junior<input type="radio" name="grade" value="junior" <%=grades[2]%>/>
    senior<input type="radio" name="grade" value="senior" <%=grades[3]%>/>
  hobby:
    sports<input type="checkbox" name="ah1" value="sports" <%=hobby1%>/>
    travel<input type="checkbox" name="ah2" value="travel" <%=hobby2%>/>
    music<input type="checkbox" name="ah3" value="music" <%=hobby3%>/>
    other: <textarea rows="5" cols="30" name="other"><%=other%></textarea>
    <input type="submit" name="submit1" value="save" />
    <input type="submit" name="submit2" value="exit" />
  </form>
</body>
</html>

```

select?

- 取到所有提交的名值对      `getParameterNames.jsp`

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
      contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<% request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");%>
<% String saveButton=request.getParameter("submit1"); //判断是否按了保存按钮
    if(saveButton!=null){
        Enumeration<String> enums=request.getParameterNames();
        while(enums.hasMoreElements()){
            String name=(String)enums.nextElement();
            out.print(name+": "+request.getParameter(name)+"<br />");
        }
    }
%>
```

- 取得同名控件提交的值      `getParameterValues.jsp`

如果把前面的checkbox的name都改为hobby，就会出现多个同名的控件。

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
      contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<% request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");%>
<% String[] values=null;
    if(request.getMethod().equalsIgnoreCase("post")){
        values=request.getParameterValues("hobby");
    }
%>
```



## ●获得http请求的头部内容

getHeaderNames.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*"
        contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<%request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");%>
<% Enumeration<String> enums=request.getHeaderNames();
    while(enums.hasMoreElements()){
        String name=(String)enums.nextElement();
        out.println("<B>"+name+"</B>: "+request.getHeader(name)+"<br>");
    }
%>
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>getHeaderNames</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <form action="getHeaderNames.jsp" method="post">
            <input type="hidden" name="stuid" value="123456" />
            name: <input type="text" name="name" value=""/>
            <input type="submit" name="submit1" value="提交" />
        </form>
    </body>
</html>
```

# 如何操作数据库

- 浏览学生记录(简单)

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*,java.sql.*"
    contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"
%><% request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");
    String msg="";
    String table="";
    String connectionString = "jdbc:mysql://172.18.187.230:3306/teaching"
        + "?autoReconnect=true&useUnicode=true"
        + "&characterEncoding=UTF-8";

    try {
        Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
        Connection con=DriverManager.getConnection(connectionString,
            "user", "123");
        Statement stmt=con.createStatement();
        ResultSet rs=stmt.executeQuery("select * from stu");
        if(rs.next()) {
            table=rs.getString("name");
        }
        rs.close(); stmt.close(); con.close();
    }
    catch (Exception e){
        msg = e.getMessage();
    }
%>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
<title>浏览学生名单</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>浏览学生名单</h1>
  <%=table%><br><br>
</body>
</html>
```

- 翻页浏览学生记录

```
String sql=String.format("select * from stu limit %d,%d", pgno*pgcnt,pgcnt);
ResultSet rs=stmt.executeQuery(sql);
```

页号

每页行数

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*,java.sql.*"
    contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"
```

```
%><% request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");
```

```
String msg ="";
```

```
Integer pgno = 0;
```

//当前页号

```
Integer pgcnt = 4;
```

//每页行数

```
String param = request.getParameter("pgno");
```

```
if(param != null && !param.isEmpty()){
```

```
    pgno = Integer.parseInt(param);
```

```
}
```

```
param = request.getParameter("pgcnt");
```

```
if(param != null && !param.isEmpty()){
```

```
    pgcnt = Integer.parseInt(param);
```

```
}
```

```
int pgprev = (pgno>0)?pgno-1:0;
```

```
int pgnext = pgno+1;
```

```
String connectString = "jdbc:mysql://172.18.187.230:3306/teaching"
```

```
    + "?autoReconnect=true&useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8";
```

```

String user="user";
String pwd="123";
StringBuilder table = new StringBuilder();
try{
    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
    Connection con=DriverManager.getConnection(connectString, user, pwd);
    Statement stmt=con.createStatement();
    String sql=String.format("select * from stu limit %d,%d", pgno*pgcnt,pgcnt);
    ResultSet rs=stmt.executeQuery(sql);
    table.append("<table><tr><th>id</th><th>学号</th><th>姓名</th>"+
        "<th>-</th></tr>");
    while(rs.next()) {
        table.append(String.format(
            "<tr><td>%s</td><td>%s</td><td>%s</td><td>%s %s</td></tr>",
            rs.getString("id"),rs.getString("num"),rs.getString("name"),
            "<a href='updateStu.jsp?pid="+rs.getString("id")+"'>修改</a>",
            "<a href='deleteStu.jsp?pid="+rs.getString("id")+"'>删除</a>"
        ));
    }
    table.append("</table>");
    rs.close(); stmt.close(); con.close();
}
catch (Exception e){
    msg = e.getMessage();
}

```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
<title>浏览学生名单</title>
<style>
... 见下页
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <h1>浏览学生名单</h1>
    <%=table%>
    <div style="float:left">
      <a href="addStu.jsp">新增</a>
    </div>
    <div style="float:right">
      <a href="browseStu.jsp?pgno=<%=pgprev%>&pgcnt=<%=pgcnt%>">上一页</a>
      <a href="browseStu.jsp?pgno=<%=pgnext%>&pgcnt=<%=pgcnt%>">下一页</a>
    </div>
    <br><br>
    <%=msg%><br><br>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<style>
  table{
    border-collapse: collapse;
    border: none;
    width: 500px;
  }
  td,th{
    border: solid grey 1px;
    margin: 0 0 0 0;
    padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px
  }
  a:link,a:visited {
    color:blue
  }

  .container{
    margin:0 auto;
    width:500px;
    text-align:center;
  }
</style>
```

- 新增操作

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*,java.sql.*"
    contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>
<% request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");
String msg = "";
String connectString = "jdbc:mysql://172.18.187.11:3306/teaching"
    + "?autoReconnect=true&useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8";
String user="user"; String pwd="123";
String num = request.getParameter("num");
String name = request.getParameter("name");
if(request.getMethod().equalsIgnoreCase("post")){
    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
    Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(connectString,user, pwd);
    Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
    try{
        String fmt="insert into stu(num,name) values('%s', '%s')";
        String sql = String.format(fmt,num,name);
        int cnt = stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
        if(cnt>0)msg = "保存成功!";
        stmt.close();
        con.close();
    }catch (Exception e){
        msg = e.getMessage();
    }
}
```



```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
  <title>新增学生记录</title>
  <style>
    a:link,a:visited {color:blue;}
    .container{
      margin:0 auto;
      width:500px;
      text-align:center;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <h1>新增学生记录</h1>
    <form action="addStu.jsp" method="post" name="f">
      学号:<input id="num" name="num" type="text" >
      姓名:<input id="name" type="text" name="name" >
      <input type="submit" name="sub" value="保存">
    </form>
    <%=msg%>
    <a href='browseStu.jsp'>返回</a>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

# 附录

# 附录1、hello\_jsp.java程序

```
package org.apache.jsp;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.jsp.*;
public final class hello_jsp extends org.apache.jasper.runtime.HttpJspBase
    implements org.apache.jasper.runtime.JspSourceDependent {
    private static final javax.servlet.jsp.JspFactory __jspxFactory =
        javax.servlet.jsp.JspFactory.getDefaultFactory();
    ... //定义了对象: __jspx_dependants; __el_expressionfactory; __jsp_instancemanager;
    ...//定义了方法: getDependants() {...}, __jspInit(){...}, __jspDestroy() {...}
    ...
    public void __jspService(
        final javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest request,
        final javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse response)
        throws java.io.IOException, javax.servlet.ServletException {
    final javax.servlet.jsp.PageContext pageContext;
    javax.servlet.http.HttpSession session = null;
    final javax.servlet.ServletContext application;
    final javax.servlet.ServletConfig config;
    javax.servlet.jsp.JspWriter out = null;
    final java.lang.Object page = this;
    javax.servlet.jsp.JspWriter __jspx_out = null;
    javax.servlet.jsp.PageContext __jspx_page_context = null;
```

黑色的粗体字为JSP的基本内置对象

```
try {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=gb2312");
    pageContext = _jspxFactory.getPageContext(this, request, response,
                                              null, true, 8192, true);
    _jspx_page_context = pageContext;
    application = pageContext.getServletContext();
    config = pageContext.getServletConfig();
    session = pageContext.getSession();
    out = pageContext.getOut();
    _jspx_out = out;
    out.write("<html>\r\n");
    out.write("<head>\r\n");
    out.write("<title>Hello world</title>\r\n");
    out.write("</head>\r\n");
    out.write("<body>\r\n");
    out.print("Hello world!");
    out.write("</body>\r\n");
    out.write("</html>\r\n");
    out.write("\r\n");
}
```

```

    out.write("\r\n");
    out.write("\r\n");
} catch (java.lang.Throwable t) {
    if (!(t instanceof javax.servlet.jsp.SkipPageException)){
        out = _jspx_out;
        if (out != null && out.getBufferSize() != 0)
            try { out.clearBuffer(); } catch (java.io.IOException e) {}
        if (_jspx_page_context != null)
            _jspx_page_context.handlePageException(t);
    }
} finally {
    _jspxFactory.releasePageContext(_jspx_page_context);
}
} // _jspService
} // class

```

# 附录2、JSP声明的源码转换

getSumFuncClass.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=gb2312"%>
<%! int cnt = 0;
    int getSum(int n){
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
    class Sum{
        int getSum(int n){
            int sum=0;
            for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
                sum=sum+i;
            }
            return sum;
        }
    }
%>
<html>
<head>
<title>getSumFunc</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>getSumFunc</h1>
    <p>sum1: <%=getSum(100)%></p>
    <p>sum2: <% Sum sum=new Sum();%><%=sum.getSum(100)%></p>
    count: <%=++cnt%>
</body>
</html>
```

## getSumFuncClass\_jsp.jsp

```
package org.apache.jsp;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import javax.servlet.jsp.*;
public final class getSumFuncClass_jsp extends org.apache.jasper.runtime.HttpJspBase
    implements org.apache.jasper.runtime.JspSourceDependent,
               org.apache.jasper.runtime.JspSourceImports {
    int cnt = 0;
    int getSum(int n){
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
    class Sum{
        int getSum(int n){
            int sum=0;
            for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
                sum=sum+i;
            }
            return sum;
        }
    }

    private static final javax.servlet.jsp.JspFactory _jspxFactory =
        javax.servlet.jsp.JspFactory.getDefaultFactory();
    private static java.util.Map<java.lang.String,java.lang.Long> __jspx_dependants;
    private static final java.util.Set<java.lang.String> __jspx_imports_packages;
    private static final java.util.Set<java.lang.String> __jspx_imports_classes;
    static {
        __jspx_imports_packages = new java.util.HashSet<>();
        __jspx_imports_packages.add("javax.servlet");
        __jspx_imports_packages.add("javax.servlet.http");
        __jspx_imports_packages.add("javax.servlet.jsp");
        __jspx_imports_classes = null;
    }
}
```

```

private volatile javax.el.ExpressionFactory _el_expressionfactory;
private volatile org.apache.tomcat.InstanceManager _jsp_instancemanager;
public java.util.Map<java.lang.String,java.lang.Long> getDependants() {
    return _jspx_dependants;
}
public java.util.Set<java.lang.String> getPackageImports() {
    return _jspx_imports_packages;
}
public java.util.Set<java.lang.String> getClassImports() {
    return _jspx_imports_classes;
}
public javax.el.ExpressionFactory _jsp_getExpressionFactory() {
    if (_el_expressionfactory == null) {
        synchronized (this) {
            if (_el_expressionfactory == null) {
                _el_expressionfactory =
                    _jspxFactory.getJspApplicationContext(getServletConfig().getServletContext()).getExpressionFactory();
            }
        }
    }
    return _el_expressionfactory;
}
public org.apache.tomcat.InstanceManager _jsp_getInstanceManager() {
    if (_jsp_instancemanager == null) {
        synchronized (this) {
            if (_jsp_instancemanager == null) {
                _jsp_instancemanager = org.apache.jasper.runtime.InstanceManagerFactory.getInstanceManager(getServletConfig());
            }
        }
    }
    return _jsp_instancemanager;
}
public void _jspInit() {
}
public void _jspDestroy() {
}
public void _jspService(final javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest request,
                        final javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse response)
    throws java.io.IOException, javax.servlet.ServletException {
    final java.lang.String _jspx_method = request.getMethod();
    if (!"GET".equals(_jspx_method) && !"POST".equals(_jspx_method) && !"HEAD".equals(_jspx_method)
        && !javax.servlet.DispatcherType.ERROR.equals(request.getDispatcherType())) {
        response.sendError(HttpServletResponse.SC_METHOD_NOT_ALLOWED, "JSPs only permit GET POST or HEAD");
        return;
    }
}

```



```

final javax.servlet.jsp.PageContext pageContext;
javax.servlet.http.HttpSession session = null;
final javax.servlet.ServletContext application;
final javax.servlet.ServletConfig config;
javax.servlet.jsp.JspWriter out = null;
final java.lang.Object page = this;
javax.servlet.jsp.JspWriter _jspx_out = null;
javax.servlet.jsp.PageContext _jspx_page_context = null;
try {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=gb2312");
    pageContext = _jspxFactory.getPageContext(this, request, response,
                                             null, true, 8192, true);
    _jspx_page_context = pageContext;
    application = pageContext.getServletContext();
    config = pageContext.getServletConfig();
    session = pageContext.getSession();
    out = pageContext.getOut();
    _jspx_out = out;
    out.write('\r');
    out.write('\n');
    out.write("\r\n");
    out.write("<html>\r\n");
    out.write("<head>\r\n");
    out.write("<title>getSumFunc</title>\r\n");
    out.write("</head>\r\n");
    out.write("<body>\r\n");
    out.write("  <h1>getSumFunc</h1>\r\n");
    out.write("  <p>sum1:");
    out.print(getSum(100));
    out.write("</p>\r\n");
    out.write("  <p>sum2:");
    Sum sum=new Sum();
    out.print(sum.getSum(100));
    out.write("</p>\r\n");
    out.write("  count:");
    out.print(++cnt);
    out.write("\r\n");
    out.write("</body>\r\n");
    out.write("</html>\r\n");
}

```

```

} catch (java.lang.Throwable t) {
    if (!(t instanceof javax.servlet.jsp.SkipPageException)){
        out = _jspx_out;
        if (out != null && out.getBufferSize() != 0)
            try {
                if (response.isCommitted()) {
                    out.flush();
                } else {
                    out.clearBuffer();
                }
            } catch (java.io.IOException e) {}
        if (_jspx_page_context != null) _jspx_page_context.handlePageException(t);
        else throw new ServletException(t);
    }
} finally {
    _jspxFactory.releasePageContext(_jspx_page_context);
}
}
}

```

# 附录3、JSP页面构成元素

- JSP页面主要是在HTML页面中加入JSP的内容。JSP内容均在<%和%>之间定义。
- 生成响应页面时HTML模版直接输出到客户端，JSP内容要执行语句或给出编译指示，只有输出的内容会被发送到客户端。
- JSP页面由五种元素组成：
  - (1) HTML模版
  - (2) 指令标签
  - (3) 动作标签
  - (4) 脚本程序：声明片段、脚本片段和注释
  - (5) 表达式

# 附录4、JSP页面元素

<%@ 指令%>	对后面的JSP页面给出编译指示，主要指令有： <b>page</b> ， <b>include</b> ， <b>taglib</b>
<% 动作 %>	用来实现特殊的功能，主要标签： <b>&lt;jsp:include&gt;</b> <b>&lt;jsp:forward&gt;</b> <b>&lt;jsp:useBean&gt;</b> <b>&lt;jsp:setProperty&gt;</b> <b>&lt;jsp:getProperty&gt;</b>
<%! 声明%>	声明全局JSP变量和方法。它们被所有线程所共享。
<% 脚本片段 %>	有效的java程序段，其中定义的变量为局部变量。
<%-- 注释--%>	JSP注释
<%= 表达式%>	计算JSP表达式的值并输出到页面。

# 附录5、JSP指令标签(Directive)

- 概述

JSP指令标签指示JSP引擎对JSP页面需要做什么。

- 主要指令

- (1) Page指令
- (2) include指令
- (3) taglib指令(后面再讲)

# • page指令

## 功能

用来定义整个JSP页面的属性。一个JSP页面可以有多条page指令。  
除了import属性，其它属性只能定义一次。

## 语法(红色为默认值)

<code>&lt;%@ page [ language="java" ]</code>	定义所用语言(默认为java)
<code>[ extends="package.class" ]</code>	定义JSP文件的继承类
<code>[ import="{package.class, ...}" ]</code>	指明想要引入的java类包
<code>[ session="true false" ]</code>	是否允许使用session对象
<code>[ buffer="none 8kb xkb" ]</code>	输出缓冲的大小
<code>[ autoFlush="true false" ]</code>	当缓冲满时是否自动输出
<code>[ isThreadSafe="true false" ]</code>	采用多线程(默认)还是单线程

[ info="text" ]	定义JSP页面的文本信息
[ contentType="text/html ; charset=ISO-8859-1" ]	定义传送给浏览器的内容（或文件）类型和字符编码。
[ errorPage="relativeURL" ]	处理意外的页面
[ isErrorPage="true false" ]	指定当前页面是否可以处理来自另一个页面的错误，缺省为"false"。
[ pageCoding="ISO-8859-1" ]	定义JSP源程序使用的字符编码
%>	

- (1) **JSP**默认已引入以下包：java.lang.\*，javax.servlet.\*，javax.servlet.jsp.\*，javax.servlet.http.\*。其它类包必须用指令引入：
- ```
<%@ page import="java.util.*" %>
```
- ```
<%@ page import="java.io.*,java.net.*,java.sql.*" %>
```

- (2) **autoFlush**指明每当缓冲区满时是否自动把缓冲区的内容输出给客户端。如果autoFlush为false，当buffer不足时，会抛出错误。当buffer设置为none, autoFlush必须为true。

```
<%@ page buffer="24kb" autoFlush=false %>
```

- (3) 设置所支持的语言，目前JSP支持的语言只有java:

```
<%@ page language="java" %>
```

- (4) 用<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=utf-8"%>

设置http响应的内容（或文件）类型和编码。

其它文件类型: *text/plain*(文本), *image/gif* (gif图像), *image/jpeg* (jpeg图像), *application/xshockwave* (flash文件), *application/msword* (msword文件), ... 。

支持的显示字符集(charset): *ISO-8859-1*, *GBK*, *GB2312*, *UTF-8*, ... 。

也可以采用<% response.setContentType("text/html; charset=utf-8"); %>进行设置。



这个指令会影响HTTP响应:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
```

```
...
```

```
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8\r\n
```

```
\r\n
```

正文

- (5) 用`<%@page errorPage="errorPage.jsp" %>`指出出错处理程序为errorPage.jsp。

在这个程序中用命令 `<%@page isErrorPage="true" %>` 说明是错误处理程序。用 `<%=exception.toString()%>` 显示出错信息。

- (6) 用`<%@page info="增加学生信息" %>`定义页面信息  
用`<%=getServletInfo()%>`可以显示出该信息。

- (7) 用`<%@page pageEncoding="GBK" %>`定义源文件编码，它和contentType如果只有一个定义了编码，则都使用该编码，如果两个都没定义，则默认使用ISO-8859-1。

JSP编译：把pageEncoding的JSP源代码转换为unicode的servlet(.java)程序，然后编译为字节码程序。http响应的内容要转换为contentType指定的编码。提交的内容用request.setCharacterCode()指定的编码进行解码。

# 附录6、JavaBean的scope

getServerTime.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" import="java.util.*" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<jsp:useBean id="getServerTime" class="Java.util.Date" scope="page" />
<%= getServerTime.toString() %>
```

对象名

当scope=page/request时，每次访问该网页(刷新页面)都会创建新的JavaBean对象。  
当scope=session时，只有获得新的sessionID时，才会创建新的JavaBean对象。  
当scope=application时，只有重启Web服务器才会创建新的JavaBean对象。在不同主机和浏览器访问时都会取到同一个的时间。

page表示将JavaBean实例对象存储在PageContext对象中，作用范围是当前JSP页面有效。  
request表示将JavaBean实例对象存储在ServletRequest对象中，即可以被属于同一个请求的所有Servlet和JSP页面访问。  
session表示将JavaBean实例对象存储在HttpSession对象中，存储在HttpSession对象中的JavaBean对象可以被属于同一个会话的所有Servlet和JSP页面访问。要求当前JSP页面支持Session，即page指令的session属性设置为true（默认）。  
application表示将JavaBean实例对象存储在ServletContext对象中，存储在ServletContext对象中的JavaBean对象可以被同一个Web应用程序中的所有Servlet和JSP页面访问。也就是所有用户都可以使用。

# 附录7、配置问题

- \* 如果希望jsp文件被修改后自动编译运行，就需要在子目录META-INF下新建context.xml文件，内容为：<Context reloadable="true"/>
- \* 所有应用程序都要使用的jar包应该放在子目录tomcat\lib中。jsp不需要配置classpath。
- \* 下面为增加虚拟主机和虚拟目录的方法。webapps下的子目录都是虚拟目录。要在其它地方定义虚拟目录，需要修改配置文件tomcat/conf/server.xml。为了定义lab和test两个虚拟目录，下面在server.xml增加了两个配置：

```
<Host name="localhost"  appBase="webapps"  unpackWARs="true"  autoDeploy="true">
  <Context path="lab" docBase="D:\Lab" reloadable="true"></Context>
  <Context path="test" docBase="D:\test" reloadable="true"></Context>
</Host>
<Host name="www.group.com"  appBase="d:\group"  unpackWARs="true"
      autoDeploy="true">
  <Context path="tech" docBase="D:\Tech" reloadable="true"></Context>
  <Context path="teach" docBase="D:\Teach" reloadable="true"></Context>
</Host>
```