

Review briefly predictive encoding and create a predictive encoding model on CIFAR10 and attack it to verify its robustness.

This task said to create a predictive encoding model on CIFAR10, and attack it to verify its robustness.

So first, i saw this url, [a-new-kind-of-deep-neural-networks](#).

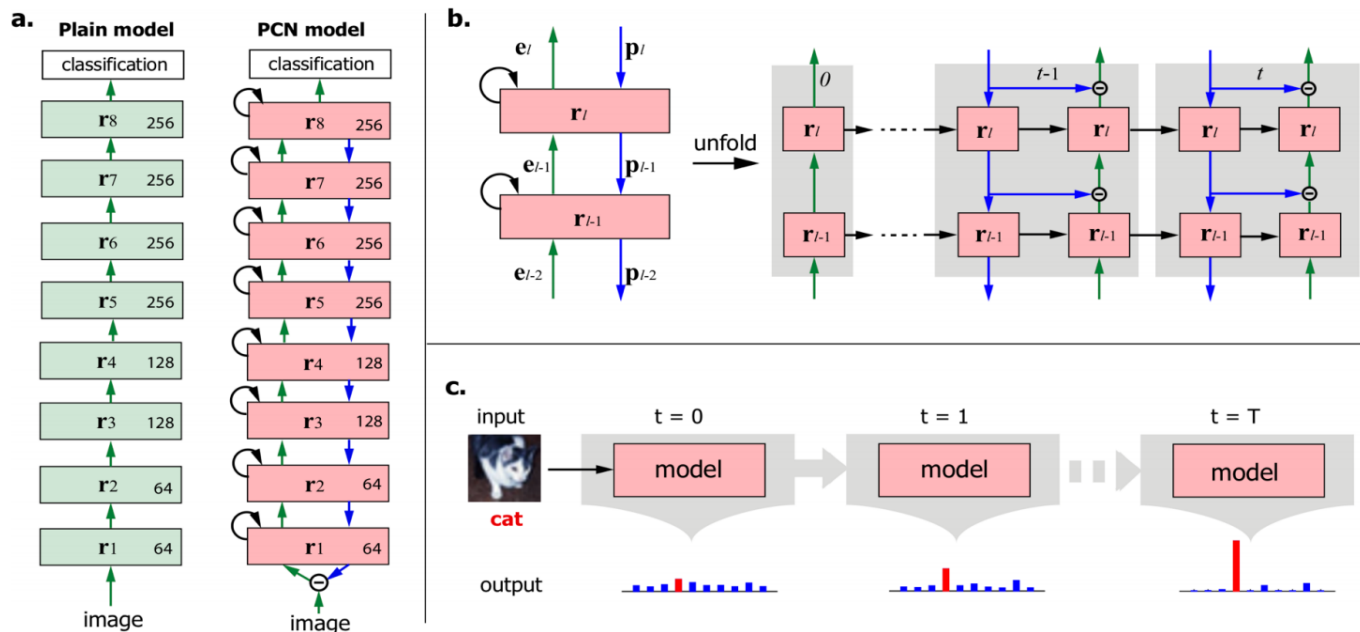
Then i know that, [PredNet](#) is a deep convolutional recurrent neural network inspired by the principles of predictive coding.

But it is trained for next-frame video prediction not the image.

And then i find a paper named [1], they propose a predictive coding networks(PCN) for Object Recognition.

The PCN is used for object recognition, so i have a implement with it on CIFAR10.

The network structure is like the next figure.



So this network have 9 layers, like a.

b is Two-layer substructure of PCN. Feedback (blue), feedforward (green), and recurrent (black) connections convey the top-down prediction, the bottom-up prediction error, and the past information, respectively.

The next is the Algorithm for the PCN network.

Algorithm 1 Deep Predictive Coding Network

```
1. Input static image:  $\mathbf{x}$ 
2.  $\mathbf{r}_0(t) \leftarrow \mathbf{x}$ 
3. % initialize representations
4. for  $l = 0$  to  $L-1$  do
5.    $\mathbf{r}_{l+1}(0) \leftarrow \text{ReLU}(\text{FFConv}(\mathbf{r}_l(0)))$ 
6. % recurrent computation with  $T$  cycles
7. for  $t = 1$  to  $T$  do
8.   % nonlinear feedback process
9.   for  $l = L$  to  $1$  do
10.     $\mathbf{p}_{l-1}(t-1) \leftarrow \text{FBConv}(\mathbf{r}_l(t-1))$ 
11.    if  $l > 1$  do
12.       $\mathbf{r}_{l-1}(t-1) \leftarrow \text{ReLU}((1-b)\mathbf{r}_{l-1}(t-1) + b\mathbf{p}_{l-1}(t-1))$ 
13.    % nonlinear feedforward process
14.    for  $l = 0$  to  $L-1$  do
15.       $\mathbf{e}_l(t) \leftarrow \mathbf{r}_l(t) - \mathbf{p}_l(t-1)$ 
16.       $\mathbf{r}_{l+1}(t) \leftarrow \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{r}_{l+1}(t-1) + a \text{FFConv}(\mathbf{e}_l(t)))$ 
17. % classification
18. Output  $\mathbf{r}_L(T)$  for classification
```

These figure from [1].

And then, like task B3, i use the adversarial attack to verify its robustness.

The training log is saved in ./log folder, and the adversarial attack result is saved in the same folder.

I train the PCN in 250 epochs, and adversarial attack epsilons in [0, .05, .1, .15, .2, .25, .3, .5, 1.]

Reference

1. Wen H, Han K, Shi J, et al. Deep predictive coding network for object recognition[C]//International Conference on Machine Learning. PMLR, 2018: 5266-5275.