```
1: //採用標準六階九點方程求解Laplace方程
 2: #include <iostream>
 3: #include <fstream>
 4: #include <sstream>
 5: #include <cmath>
 6: #include <cstdlib>
 7: #include <string>
 8: #include <vector>
 9: #include <iomanip>
10: #define pi 3.14159265358979323846
12: using namespace std;
13:
14: int nx_data[] = {11, 21, 41, 81};
15: int ny_data[] = {11, 21, 41, 81};
16:
17: vector<int> Nx(nx_data, nx_data + sizeof(nx_data)/sizeof(nx_data[0]));
18: vector<int> Ny(ny_data, ny_data + sizeof(ny_data)/sizeof(ny_data[0]));
19: double FinalL1error[4];
20: int n, NX, NY;
21: double dx, dy;
22: vector<vector<double> > a;
23: vector<double> b;
24: vector < double > x, x_old;
25: vector<vector<double> > T;
26: int G, max G = 100000;
27: double T left = 10.0;
28: double T_right = 10.0;
29: double T bottom = 10.0;
30: double L1sum;
31: double maxerror;
32: const double tolerance = 1.422e-14; // 迭代收斂判據
33: bool steadystate;
34:
35:
36: //四階精度差分係數可依序排列做前向差分與後向差分
37:
38: // 解析解
39: double T_analytical_fixed(double x_pos, double y_pos){
40:
        return sin(pi * x_pos) * (sinh(pi * y_pos) / sinh(pi)) + 10.0;
41: }
42:
43: double T_analytical(int k){
44:
        int i = ((k-1) \% NX) + 1;
45:
        int j = ((k-1) / NX) + 1;
46:
47:
       double x_{pos} = (i-1) * dx;
48:
       double y_pos = (j-1) * dy;
49:
50:
       return T_analytical_fixed(x_pos, y_pos);
51: }
52:
53: // 上邊界邊界條件
54: double T_up(int i){
       double x_pos = (i-1) * dx;
55:
        return 10.0 + sin(pi * x_pos);
56:
57: }
58:
59:
60: //初始化迭代矩陣
```

```
61: void initial(vector<vector<double> >& a, vector<double>& b, int n) {
 62:
 63:
         double H = 1.0 / (6*dx*dx); //用於九點方程
 64:
         //1/(6*dx*dx) = 1/(6*dy*dy)
         double a1 = -20 ; //本點係數採用a1*H
 65:
 66:
         double a2 = 4.0 ; //直角方向臨計算點a2*H
         double a3 = 1.0 ; //斜角方向臨計算點a3*H
 67:
 68:
 69:
 70:
 71:
         // 初始化矩陣
 72:
         for(int i = 0; i <= n+1; i++) {</pre>
             for(int j = 0; j \leftarrow n+1; j++) {
 73:
 74:
                 a[i][j] = 0.0;
 75:
             b[i] = 0.0;
 76:
 77:
             x[i] = 0.0;
 78:
             x_old[i] = 0.0;
 79:
 80:
 81:
         cout << "Setting boundary conditions..." << endl;</pre>
 82:
 83:
         // 左邊界條件 - 直接賦值
 84:
         // 左邊界 (i=1)
 85:
         for(int j = 1; j \leftarrow NY; j++){
 86:
             int idx = (j-1)*NX + 1;
             a[idx][idx] = 1.0;
 87:
 88:
             b[idx] = T_left;
 89:
         }
 90:
         // 右邊界 (i=NX)
 91:
 92:
         for(int j = 1; j <= NY; j++){</pre>
 93:
             int idx = (j-1)*NX + NX;
 94:
             a[idx][idx] = 1.0;
 95:
             b[idx] = T_right;
 96:
         }
 97:
         // 下邊界 (j=1)
 98:
 99:
         for(int i = 1; i <= NX; i++){
100:
             int idx = i;
             a[idx][idx] = 1.0;
101:
102:
             b[idx] = T bottom;
         }
103:
104:
         // 上邊界 (j=NY)
105:
         for(int i = 1; i <= NX; i++){</pre>
106:
107:
             int idx = (NY-1)*NX + i;
108:
             a[idx][idx] = 1.0;
109:
             b[idx] = T_up(i);
110:
         }
111:
112:
         cout << "Setting interior points with consistent 6th-order 9 points</pre>
     difference shceme ..." << endl;</pre>
113:
         for(int j = 3; j <= NY-2; j++) {</pre>
             for(int i = 3; i <= NX-2; i++) {
114:
                 int idx = (j-1)*NX + i;
115:
                 a[idx][idx] = a1*H;
116:
                 a[idx][idx+1] = a2*H;//(1)
117:
                 a[idx][idx+NX] = a2*H;//(2)____
118:
119:
                 a[idx][idx-1] = a2*H ;//(3)
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120:
                a[idx][idx-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
                a[idx][idx+1+NX] = a3*H;//(5)
121:
122:
                a[idx][idx-1+NX] = a3*H; //(6) / (6)
123:
                a[idx][idx-1-NX] = a3*H;//(7) 
124:
                a[idx][idx+1-NX] = a3*H;//(8) 
125:
                b[idx] = 0.0;
126:
            }
        }
127:
128:
129:
        //左邊界計算點
130:
        //處理方式:東西方向採用單邊插分,南北方向採用中心差分
131:
        for(int j = 3; j \leftarrow NY-2; j++){
            int idx = (j-1)*NX + 2; //i = 2;
132:
            a[idx][idx] = a1*H
133:
            a[idx][idx+1] = a2*H;//(1)
134:
            a[idx][idx+NX] = a2*H;//(2)__
135:
136:
            a[idx][idx-1] = 0.0; //(3)
            a[idx][idx-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
137:
138:
            a[idx][idx+1+NX] = a3*H; //(5) \pm \pm
139:
            a[idx][idx-1+NX] = 0.0;//(6) \pm
140:
            a[idx][idx-1-NX] = 0.0;//(7)
141:
            a[idx][idx+1-NX] = a3*H;//(8) \pm 7
142:
            b[idx] = -a2*H*T_left -a3*H*T_left -a3*H*T_left;
143:
        //右邊界計算點
144:
145:
        //處理方式:東西方向採用單邊插分,南北方向採用中心差分
        for(int j = 3; j \leftarrow NY-2; j++){
146:
            int idx = (j-1)*NX + (NX-1); // i = (NX-1)
147:
            a[idx][idx] = a1*H;
148:
            a[idx][idx+1] = 0.0; //(1) = 1
149:
            a[idx][idx+NX] = a2*H;//(2)
150:
151:
            a[idx][idx-1] = a2*H; //(3)
            a[idx][idx-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
152:
            a[idx][idx+1+NX] = 0.0;//(5)
153:
            a[idx][idx-1+NX] = a3*H; //(6) / (6)
154:
155:
            a[idx][idx-1-NX] = a3*H;//(7)
156:
            a[idx][idx+1-NX] = 0.0;//(8)
157:
            b[idx] = -a2*H*T_right -a3*H*T_right -a3*H*T_right;
158:
        //下邊界計算點
159:
        //處理方式:南北方向採用單邊差分,東西方向採用中心差分
160:
         for(int i = 3 ; i <= NX-2 ; i++){</pre>
161:
            int idx = (2-1)*NX + i ; // j = 2
162:
163:
            a[idx][idx] = a1*H
            a[idx][idx+1] = a2*H;//(1)
164:
165:
            a[idx][idx+NX] = a2*H;//(2)
            a[idx][idx-1] = a2*H ;//(3)
166:
            a[idx][idx-NX] = 0.0;//(4) \top
167:
168:
            a[idx][idx+1+NX] = a3*H; //(5) \pm \pm
169:
            a[idx][idx-1+NX] = a3*H; //(6) \pm \pm
170:
            a[idx][idx-1-NX] = 0.0; //(7) 
171:
            a[idx][idx+1-NX] = 0.0;//(8) \pm T
172:
            b[idx] = -a2*H*T_bottom -a3*H*T_bottom -a3*H*T_bottom;
173:
        //上邊界計算點
174:
         //處理方式:南北方向採用單邊差分,東西方向採用中心差分
175:
        for(int i = 3 ; i <= NX-2 ; i++){</pre>
176:
177:
            int idx = (NY-2)*NX + i ; // j = (NY-2)
178:
            a[idx][idx] = a1*H
179:
            a[idx][idx+1] = a2*H; //(1) = a2*H
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180:
             a[idx][idx+NX] = 0.0;//(2)
181:
             a[idx][idx-1] = a2*H; //(3)
             a[idx][idx-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
182:
183:
             a[idx][idx+1+NX] = 0.0; //(5)
184:
             a[idx][idx-1+NX] = 0.0; //(6) \pm \pm
185:
             a[idx][idx-1-NX] = a3*H;//(7)
186:
             a[idx][idx+1-NX] = a3*H;//(8) 
             b[idx] = -a2*H*T_up(i) -a3*H*T_up(i-1) -a3*H*T_up(i+1);
187:
188:
         }
189:
190:
         //左下角點
         int p1 = (2-1)*NX + 2;
191:
192:
         a[p1][p1] = a1*H;
193:
         a[p1][p1+1] = a2*H; //(1) = f
194:
         a[p1][p1+NX] = a2*H ; //(2) \bot
         a[p1][p1-1] = 0.0 ; //(3) \pm
195:
         a[p1][p1-NX] = 0.0;//(4) \top
196:
197:
         a[p1][p1+1+NX] = a3*H; //(5) \pm \pm
198:
         a[p1][p1-1+NX] = 0.0; //(6) \pm \pm
199:
         a[p1][p1-1-NX] = 0.0 ; //(7) 
         a[p1][p1+1-NX] = 0.0;//(8)
200:
201:
         b[p1] = -a2*H*T_left - a2*H*T_bottom - a3*H*T_left - a3*H*T_left -
     a3*H*T_bottom ;
202:
         //右下角點
203:
         int p2 = (2-1)*NX + (NX-1);
204:
         a[p2][p2] = a1*H;
         a[p2][p2+1] = 0.0; //(1) = 1
205:
         a[p2][p2+NX] = a2*H;//(2)____
206:
207:
         a[p2][p2-1] = a2*H; //(3)
         a[p2][p2-NX] = 0.0;//(4) \top
208:
         a[p2][p2+1+NX] = 0.0;//(5)
209:
210:
         a[p2][p2-1+NX] = a3*H; //(6) \pm \pm
211:
         a[p2][p2-1-NX] = 0.0;//(7)
212:
         a[p2][p2+1-NX] = 0.0;//(8) \pm T
         b[p2] = -a2*H*T_right - a2*H*T_bottom - a3*H*T_right - a3*H*T_right -
213:
     a3*H*T_bottom;
214:
         //左上角點
215:
         int p3 = (NY-2)*NX + 2;
         a[p3][p3] = a1*H;
216:
217:
         a[p3][p3+1] = a2*H; //(1) = a2*H
         a[p3][p3+NX] = 0.0;//(2)
218:
219:
         a[p3][p3-1] = 0.0; //(3)
         a[p3][p3-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
220:
         a[p3][p3+1+NX] = 0.0;//(5) 右上
221:
         a[p3][p3-1+NX] = 0.0;//(6)
222:
         a[p3][p3-1-NX] = 0.0;//(7) 左下
223:
         a[p3][p3+1-NX] = a3*H;//(8) 
224:
         b[p3] = -a2*H*T_left - a2*H*T_up(2) - a3*H*T_left - a3*H*T_up(1) -
225:
     a3*H*T_up(3);
226:
         //右上角點
         int p4 = (NY-2)*NX + (NX-1);
227:
228:
         a[p4][p4] = a1*H;
229:
         a[p4][p4-1] = 0.0; //(1) = 1
230:
         a[p4][p4+NX] = 0.0;//(2)
         a[p4][p4-1] = a2*H; //(3)
231:
         a[p4][p4-NX] = a2*H;//(4) \top
232:
         a[p4][p4+1+NX] = 0.0;//(5)
233:
234:
         a[p4][p4-1+NX] = 0.0; //(6) \pm \pm
235:
         a[p4][p4-1-NX] = a3*H; //(7) \pm T
236:
         a[p4][p4+1-NX] = 0.0; //(8) \pm T
```

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237:
         b[p4] = -a2*H*T_right - a2*H*T_up(NX-1) - a3*H*T_right - a3*H*T_up(NX) -
     a3*H*T up(NX-2);
238:
         cout << "Matrix initialization completed." << endl;</pre>
         cout << "Total equations: " << n << endl;</pre>
239:
240:
         cout << " for 9 points difference shceme(4-order bound) ,Interior points: "</pre>
     << (NX-4)*(NY-4) << endl;
241: }
242:
243: //超鬆弛迭代法_自適應性鬆弛因子
244: void SOR(vector<vector<double> >& a, vector<double>& b, vector<double>& x, int n)
245:
         // 自適應松弛因子
246:
         double omega;
247:
         if(NX <= 21) omega = 0.5;
248:
         else if(NX <= 41) omega = 0.8;
249:
         else omega = 1.6;
         if(G > 10000) omega = 2.0 ; // 大型矩陣使用較大鬆弛因子
250:
251:
         //保存舊的解
252:
         for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++) {</pre>
253:
             x_old[k] = x[k];
254:
255:
256:
         // SOR 迭代
257:
         for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++) {</pre>
258:
             if(fabs(a[k][k]) < 1e-15) continue; // 跳過奇異矩陣
259:
260:
             double sum = 0;
             for(int p = 1; p <= n; p++) {</pre>
261:
                 if(p != k) {
262:
263:
                      sum += a[k][p] * x[p];
264:
265:
266:
             double x_new = (b[k] - sum) / a[k][k];
267:
             x[k] = x_old[k] + omega * (x_new - x_old[k]);
         }
268:
269:
270:
         // 計算最大收斂誤差
271:
         maxerror = 0;
272:
         for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++) {</pre>
273:
             double error = fabs(x[k] - x old[k]);
             if(maxerror < error) {</pre>
274:
275:
                 maxerror = error;
276:
         }
277:
278:
279:
         // 計算L1誤差
         double sum = 0;
280:
281:
         for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++) {</pre>
282:
             sum += fabs(x[k] - T_analytical(k));
283:
284:
         L1sum = sum / double(n);
285: }
286:
287:
288: void output(int m) {
         for(int j = 1; j \leftarrow NY; j++){
289:
             for(int i = 1; i \leftarrow NX; i++){
290:
291:
                 T[i-1][j-1] = x[(j-1)*NX + i];
292:
             }
293:
         }
```

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294:
295:
         ostringstream name;
296:
         name << "9 points difference shceme(6-order bound)_" << NX << "x" << NY <<
         << setfill('0') << setw(6) << m << ".vtk";</pre>
297:
         ofstream out(name.str().c_str());
298:
299:
         out << "# vtk DataFile Version 3.0\n";</pre>
300:
         out << "9 points difference shceme(6-order bound)_\n";</pre>
         out << "ASCII\n";</pre>
301:
         out << "DATASET STRUCTURED POINTS\n";</pre>
302:
         out << "DIMENSIONS " << NX << " " << NY << " 1\n";
303:
         out << "ORIGIN 0.0 0.0 0.0\n";
304:
         out << "SPACING" << dx << " " << dy << " 1.0\n";
305:
         out << "POINT DATA " << NX * NY << "\n";
306:
307:
         out << "SCALARS Temperature double 1\n";</pre>
308:
         out << "LOOKUP_TABLE default\n";</pre>
309:
310:
          for(int j = 0; j < NY; j++) {</pre>
311:
              for(int i = 0; i < NX; i++) {
                  out << scientific << setprecision(6) << T[i][j] << "\n";</pre>
312:
313:
              }
314:
         }
315:
316:
         out.close();
          cout << "VTK document output: " << name.str() << endl;</pre>
317:
318: }
319:
320: void output_gnuplot_data() {
         bool valid data = true;
321:
          for(int grid_idx = 0; grid_idx < 4; grid_idx++) {</pre>
322:
              if(FinalL1error[grid idx] <= 0 | isnan(FinalL1error[grid idx]) | |</pre>
323:
     isinf(FinalL1error[grid_idx])) {
324:
                  cout << "Warning: Invalid L1 error for grid " << grid_idx << ": " <<</pre>
     FinalL1error[grid_idx] << endl;</pre>
325:
                  valid_data = false;
326:
              }
327:
         }
328:
329:
          if(!valid_data) {
330:
              cout << "Cannot generate convergence analysis due to invalid data." <</p>
     end1;
331:
              return;
332:
333:
334:
          ofstream data_file("grid_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-order
     bound).dat");
335:
         data_file << "# Grid_Size dx log(dx) L1_Error log(L1_Error)" << endl;</pre>
336:
          for(int grid_idx = 0; grid_idx < 4; grid_idx++) {</pre>
337:
338:
              double dx_value = 1.0 / (Nx[grid_idx]-1);
339:
              double log_dx = log(dx_value);
340:
              double log_error = log(FinalL1error[grid_idx]);
341:
342:
              data_file << Nx[grid_idx] << "\t"</pre>
                        << scientific << setprecision(6) << dx_value << "\t"</pre>
343:
                        << scientific << setprecision(6) << log_dx << "\t"</pre>
344:
                        << scientific << setprecision(6) << FinalL1error[grid_idx] <</pre>
345:
     "\t"
346:
                        << scientific << setprecision(6) << log_error << endl;</pre>
347:
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348:
          data_file.close();
          cout << "Data file output: grid_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-</pre>
349:
     order bound).dat" << endl;</pre>
350:
          double sum_x = 0, sum_y = 0, sum_xy = 0, sum_x2 = 0;
351:
352:
          int n_points = 4;
353:
354:
         for(int grid_idx = 0; grid_idx < 4; grid_idx++) {</pre>
355:
              double x = log(1.0 / (Nx[grid_idx]-1));
356:
              double y = log(FinalL1error[grid idx]);
357:
358:
              sum x += x;
359:
              sum_y += y;
360:
              sum_xy += x * y;
361:
              sum_x2 += x * x;
362:
363:
364:
          double slope = (n_points * sum_xy - sum_x * sum_y) / (n_points * sum_x2 -
     sum x * sum x);
         double intercept = (sum_y - slope * sum_x) / n_points;
365:
366:
367:
          ofstream gnuplot_file("plot_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-order
368:
          gnuplot_file << "set terminal png enhanced size 800,600" << endl;</pre>
          gnuplot file << "set output 'grid convergence 9 points difference shceme(6-</pre>
369:
     order bound).png'" << endl;</pre>
370:
         gnuplot file << "set title '9 points difference scheme (6-order bound)'" <<</pre>
     endl:
         gnuplot file << "set xlabel 'log(dx)'" << endl;</pre>
371:
          gnuplot_file << "set ylabel 'log(L1 Error)'" << endl;</pre>
372:
          gnuplot file << "set grid" << endl;</pre>
373:
374:
         gnuplot_file << "set key left top" << endl;</pre>
375:
376:
         double x_{min} = log(1.0 / (Nx[3]-1));
377:
         double x_max = log(1.0 / (Nx[0]-1));
         double y_ref = log(FinalL1error[1]);
378:
379:
         double x_ref = log(1.0 / (Nx[1]-1));
380:
         gnuplot_file << "f(x) = " << slope << " * x + " << intercept << endl;</pre>
381:
         gnuplot file << "g(x) = 6.0 * (x - " << x ref << ") + " << y ref << endl;
382:
383:
          gnuplot file << "plot 'grid convergence 9 points difference shceme(6-order</pre>
384:
     bound).dat' using 3:5 with linespoints pt 7 ps 1.5 lw 2 title sprintf('Improved
     (slope = %.2f)', " << slope << "), \\" << endl;
          gnuplot_file << "</pre>
385:
                                 f(x) with lines lw 2 lc rgb 'red' title sprintf('Linear
                           " << slope << "), \\" << endl;
     Fit (slope = %.2f)',
         gnuplot_file << "</pre>
                                 g(x) with lines lw 2 lc rgb 'green' dashtype 2 title '9
386:
     points difference shceme(6-order bound)(slope = 6.0)'" << endl;</pre>
387:
          gnuplot_file.close();
388:
389:
          cout << "Gnuplot script output: plot_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-</p>
     order bound).plt" << endl;</pre>
390:
          cout << "Gnuplot script output: plot_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-</pre>
391:
     order bound).plt" << endl;</pre>
392:
          cout << "\n=== Improved Grid Convergence Analysis ===" << endl;</pre>
          cout << "Linear regression results:" << endl;</pre>
393:
          cout << "Slope = " << fixed << setprecision(3) << slope << " (theoretical</pre>
394:
     4.0)" << endl;
         cout << "Order of accuracy = " << fixed << setprecision(3) << slope << endl;</pre>
395:
```

```
396: }
397: void output_gnuplot_data2() {
         double sum_x = 0, sum_y = 0, sum_xy = 0, sum_x2 = 0;
399:
         int n points = 4;
400:
401:
         for(int grid_idx = 0; grid_idx < 4; grid_idx++) {</pre>
402:
              double x = log(1.0 / (Nx[grid_idx]-1));
403:
              double y = log(FinalL1error[grid_idx]);
404:
405:
             sum x += x;
406:
             sum y += y;
              sum xy += x * y;
407:
             sum_x2 += x * x;
408:
409:
410.
         double slope = (n_points * sum_xy - sum_x * sum_y) / (n_points * sum_x2 -
411:
     sum x * sum x);
412:
         double intercept = (sum_y - slope * sum_x) / n_points;
413:
         ofstream gnuplot_file("plot_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-order
     bound)2.plt");
         gnuplot_file << "set terminal png enhanced size 800,600" << endl;</pre>
414:
         gnuplot_file << "set output 'grid_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-</pre>
415:
     order bound)2.png'" << endl;</pre>
416:
         gnuplot_file << "set title '9 points difference scheme (6-order bound)2'" <<</pre>
     endl;
         gnuplot file << "set xlabel 'log(dx)'" << endl;</pre>
417:
         gnuplot file << "set ylabel 'log(L1 Error)'" << endl;</pre>
418:
419:
         gnuplot_file << "set grid" << endl;</pre>
         gnuplot_file << "set key left top" << endl;</pre>
420:
421:
422:
         double x_{min} = log(1.0 / (Nx[3]-1));
423:
         double x_max = log(1.0 / (Nx[0]-1));
424:
         double y_ref = log(FinalL1error[1]);
425:
         double x_ref = log(1.0 / (Nx[1]-1));
426:
         gnuplot_file << "f(x) = " << slope << " * x + " << intercept << endl;</pre>
427:
428:
429:
         gnuplot_file << "plot 'grid_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-order</pre>
     bound).dat' using 3:5 with linespoints pt 7 ps 1.5 lw 2 title sprintf('Improved
     (slope = %.2f)', " << slope << "), \\" << endl;
430:
         gnuplot file << "</pre>
                                f(x) with lines lw 2 lc rgb 'red' title sprintf('Linear
     Fit (slope = %.2f)', " << slope << "), \\" << endl;
431:
432:
         gnuplot file.close();
433:
         cout << "Gnuplot script output: plot_convergence_9 points difference shceme(6-</p>
     order bound)2.plt" << endl;</pre>
434:
435:
436: }
437:
438:
439:
440: int main() {
         for(int grid_idx = 0; grid_idx < Nx.size(); grid_idx++) {</pre>
441:
              cout << "\n========" << endl;</pre>
442:
              cout << "Grid size: " << Nx[grid_idx] << "x" << Ny[grid_idx] << endl;</pre>
443:
444:
445:
             NX = Nx[grid\ idx];
446:
             NY = Ny[grid\ idx];
             n = NX * NY;
447:
```

```
448:
              dx = 1.0 / (NX-1);
449:
              dy = 1.0 / (NY-1);
450:
             cout << "Grid spacing: dx = " << dx << ", dy = " << dy << endl;</pre>
451:
452:
453:
              a.assign(n+2, vector<double>(n+2, 0.0));
454:
              b.assign(n+2, 0.0);
455:
             x.assign(n+2, 0.0);
456:
              x_old.assign(n+2, 0.0);
              T.assign(NX, vector<double>(NY, 0.0));
457:
458:
459:
              cout << "Program execution started with 9 points difference shceme(4-</pre>
     order bound) ...." << endl;</pre>
460:
              steadystate = false;
461:
              initial(a, b, n); //初始化
462:
463:
              for(G = 0; G < max_G; G++) {
464:
                  SOR(a, b, x, n); // 使用改進的SOR
465:
466:
                  if(G % 1000 == 0) {
                      cout << "Iteration = " << G;</pre>
467:
                      cout << ", Convergence error = " << scientific << setprecision(3)</pre>
468:
     << maxerror;</pre>
469:
                      cout << ", L1 error = " << scientific << setprecision(3) << L1sum</pre>
     << endl;
470:
471:
                      if(G % 5000 == 0) {
472:
                          output(G);
473:
                      }
                  }
474:
475:
476:
                  if(G > 100 && maxerror < tolerance) {</pre>
477:
                      steadystate = true;
478:
                      cout << "Steady state reached!" << endl;</pre>
                      cout << "Final iteration: " << G << ", Final convergence error :</pre>
     " << maxerror << endl;</pre>
                      cout << "Final L1 error: " << L1sum << endl;</pre>
480:
481:
                      FinalL1error[grid_idx] = L1sum;
482:
                      break;
483:
                  }
484:
              }
485:
              if(!steadystate) {
486:
                  cout << "Maximum iteration reached!" << endl;</pre>
487:
                  cout << "Final convergence error: " << maxerror << endl;</pre>
488:
                  cout << "Final L1 error: " << L1sum << endl;</pre>
489:
490:
                  FinalL1error[grid_idx] = L1sum;
491:
              }
492:
493:
             output(G);
494:
             cout << "Grid size " << NX << "x" << NY << " computation completed" <<</pre>
     end1;
495:
             cout << "=======" << endl;</pre>
496:
497:
498:
         output gnuplot data();
499:
         output_gnuplot_data2();
500:
         cout << "\nAll computations completed!" << endl;</pre>
501:
502:
         return 0;
```