Assignment One

Read all related Chapters (Chapter 1, 2, 3.4, 5, 7 of "Computer Organization and Architecture" and Chapter 0 of "The 80x86 IBM PC and Compatible Computers") and answer the following questions.

- 1. Which part is central to the Von Neumann architecture?
 - A. Input B. Output C. CU D. ALU E. Memory
- 2. Briefly describe the main difference between the Von Neumann architecture and the Harvard architecture and their pros and cons.
- 3. Briefly describe the concept of micro-processor, micro-computer, and micro-computer system and their components.
- 4. What is the memory hierarchy and why?
- 5. If the width of the address bus and the data bus in one micro-computer is 20-bit and 32-bit, respectively, then what is the address space range and what is the size of a word for this computer?
- 6. What does "system bus" mean in a micro-computer? What kinds of information can be conveyed on the system bus?
- 7. When there are multiple modules connected to the system bus, why do we need some method of arbitration? Briefly describe the two main methods that deal with bus arbitration.
- 8. What are the two solutions for addressing I/O devices? Briefly describe the features of each solution.
- 9. What does the Moore's Law talk about?
- 10. Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal.
 - 1) A3.3H
 - 2) 129.CH
 - 3) AC.DCH
 - 4) FAB.3H
- 13. Convert the following decimal numbers to binary, octal, and hexadecimal.
 - 1) 23
 - 2) 107
 - 3) 1238
 - 4) 92