

# I. 试一试 匹配解 3.4 的 求和版 能导出什么 3D

a. 设  $dz_j = dz$ ,  $z_j = \sum_{i \in [0, j-1]} dz_i = j \cdot dz$ ,  $z = (J+1) \cdot dz$

$$G_{3z}(k_{3x}, k_{3y}) = \frac{\chi_{\text{eff}} \omega_3^2}{c^2} \cdot \frac{e^{ik_{3z} \cdot z}}{(k_z'' + k_{3z})/2} \cdot \iint_{g_x, g_y} \mathcal{F}[M_{\text{eff}}(x, y)] \Big|_{x, y} \cdot \iint_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{10}] \Big|_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{20}] \Big|_{k_{3x}-g_x-k_x, k_{3y}-g_y-k_y} \sum_{j=1}^{J+1} (-1)^{j-1} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(\Delta k_z'' \frac{dz}{2}\right) \cdot idz \cdot e^{i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})\left(j-\frac{1}{2}\right)dz} \cdot dk_x dk_y dg_x dg_y$$

$$G_{3z}(k_{3x}, k_{3y}) = \frac{\chi_{\text{eff}} \omega_3^2}{c^2} \cdot \frac{\text{sinc}\left(\Delta k_z'' \frac{dz}{2}\right) \cdot idz \cdot e^{ik_{3z} \cdot z}}{(k_z'' + k_{3z})/2} \cdot \iint_{g_x, g_y} \mathcal{F}[M_{\text{eff}}(x, y)] \Big|_{x, y} \cdot \iint_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{10}] \Big|_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{20}] \Big|_{k_{3x}-g_x-k_x, k_{3y}-g_y-k_y} e^{-i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})\frac{dz}{2}} \sum_{j=1}^{J+1} (-1)^{j-1} \cdot e^{i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})j \cdot dz} \cdot dk_x dk_y dg_x dg_y$$

其中  $\sum_{j=1}^{J+1} (-1)^{j-1} e^{i \cdot j \cdot C} = \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i \cdot C(J+1)}}{1+e^{i \cdot C}} e^{i \cdot C} = \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i \cdot C(J+1)}}{1+e^{-i \cdot C}}$  , 则  $\sum_{j=1}^{J+1} (-1)^{j-1} e^{i \cdot j \cdot k \cdot dz} = \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i \cdot k \cdot z}}{1+e^{i \cdot k \cdot dz}} e^{i \cdot k \cdot dz} = \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i \cdot k \cdot z}}{1+e^{-i \cdot k \cdot dz}}$

又设  $T_z/2 = dz = z/(J+1)$ , 则  $J = z/dz - 1 = 2z/T_z - 1$

$$G_{3z}(k_{3x}, k_{3y}) = \frac{\chi_{\text{eff}} \omega_3^2}{c^2} \cdot \frac{\text{sinc}\left(\Delta k_z'' \frac{dz}{2}\right) \cdot idz \cdot e^{ik_{3z} \cdot z}}{(k_z'' + k_{3z})/2} \cdot \iint_{g_x, g_y} \mathcal{F}[M_{\text{eff}}(x, y)] \Big|_{x, y} \cdot \iint_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{10}] \Big|_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{20}] \Big|_{k_{3x}-g_x-k_x, k_{3y}-g_y-k_y} e^{-i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})\frac{dz}{2}} \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})z}}{1+e^{-i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})dz}} \cdot dk_x dk_y dg_x dg_y$$

$$k_z'' = k_{zQ}'' \Big|_{g_{1z} \rightarrow 0} = K_{1z} + K_{2z}$$

$$G_{3z}(k_{3x}, k_{3y}) = \frac{\chi_{\text{eff}} \omega_3^2}{c^2} \cdot \frac{\text{sinc}\left(\Delta k_z'' \frac{dz}{2}\right) \cdot idz \cdot e^{ik_{3z} \cdot z}}{(k_z'' + k_{3z})/2} \cdot \iint_{g_x, g_y} \mathcal{F}[M_{\text{eff}}(x, y)] \Big|_{x, y} \cdot \iint_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{10}] \Big|_{k_x, k_y} \mathcal{F}[E_{20}] \Big|_{k_{3x}-g_x-k_x, k_{3y}-g_y-k_y} \frac{1+(-1)^J e^{i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})z}}{e^{i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})\frac{dz}{2}} + e^{-i(k_{2y}-k_{3z})\frac{dz}{2}}} \cdot dk_x dk_y dg_x dg_y$$

$$\Delta k_z'' = k_z'' - k_{3z}$$