

① 从比较好做的空开始

关系明确

信息简单, 抽象信息完整

1. Attending with equal (i) C to any question that presents itself, the sociologist's work has strengths and weaknesses that flow from this energetically (ii) E approach.

Blank (i)

Blank (ii)

A. skepticism

D. hybrid

B. lethargy

E. indiscriminate

C. fervor

F. conciliatory

ii 一定 依附于 i

A. 怀疑论

D. 杂种

B. 没精打采

E. 不加区别的, 不加选择的

C. 热情

F. 妥协

2. Although Professor Pearson's colleagues often complained that he was (i) A B, his friends were quick to defend him from this charge of (ii) D.

Blank (i)

Blank (ii)

A. importunate

D. inconstancy

B. garrulous

E. dishonest

C. mercurial

F. partiality

人话!!

GPT 说的关键词

指代

不会, 看了 GPT 也不会

没思路

空与空联动?

A. 胡搅蛮缠的

F. 偏袒

B. 喋喋不休的

C. 善变的

3. The building affairs minister rightly recognizes that the current planning system—under which the government controls every aspect of construction—creates disastrous developments, but she is wrong to propose the opposite: the wholesale (i) C of the building market. Such a complete (ii) D of responsibility on the part of the state can hardly be in the public's interest.

Blank (i)

Blank (ii)

A. liberalization

D. abnegation

B. preservation

E. recapitulation

C. regulation

F. accretion

对 i

liberty

和 preservation

若 B 无 responsibility

C. 规章

D. 自我克制; 放弃

E. 重述重点

F. 增加物; 累积

4. In our daily lives, we often (i) C our separate identities: you can have one identity at work and another online, for example. Such (ii) D disappear in certain circumstances, however, resulting in a cross-pollination of our different selves.

A. renounce

D. uncertainties

B. merge

E. correlations

C. compartmentalize

F. boundaries

了更确定 i

作用?

常选 ii 但我没用上

没有任何词与关联有是

我们堆的人格间有 boundaries

A. 放弃 (信仰, 行为, 要求, 地位)

混乱无序

C 划分

5. Word order in a sentence was much freer in old French than it is in French today, this B disappeared as the French language gradually lost its case distinctions. ←

A. restriction ←

因果

B. licence ← 许可

C. similarity ←

D. rigidity ← 死板

E. imperative ←

6. The pungent verbal give-and-take among the characters makes the novel B reading, and this very E suggests to me that some of the opinions voiced may be the author's. ←

因果

Blank (i)

A disturbing

B lively

C tedious

Blank (ii) ←

D flatness ←

E spiritedness ← 有活力

F frivolousness ← 不重要

语感?

无逻辑啊!

只能说: i 与 ii 能对上的  
只有 BE

7. The science community's perennial lament over inadequate budgets has come to seem increasing C, because government support for science and engineering has never been greater. ←

因果

没加过  
∴ A

A. vital ←

B. hopeless ←

C. poignant ← 悲小易的

D. condescending ← 刚高的! 屈尊; 暗优越感 感对他人

E. disingenuous ← 不真诚的

8. In the last two hundred years, the practice of archaeology has changed greatly, from digging up ancient artifacts for use by wealthy individuals as art objects to analyzing the detritus of everyday life in the laboratory, and thus from E to data collection. ←

碎杂物

A. supposition ← 假想

B. theorizing ←

C. fact-finding ←

D. treasure hunting ←

E. scientific discovery ←

但为什么?

选 A B C why not

没理

9. Many of the unusual behaviors attributed to crows—such as drinking coffee or presenting gifts to people who feed them—are based on (i) A and therefore fall into the category of (ii) D rather than science. ←

i 的 B 及 C

Blank (i)

A. long-term observation

B. controlled experiments

C. secondhand testimony

Blank (ii)

D. anecdote ← 走趣闻

E. speculation ← 推测

F. hypothesis ←

∴ A ∴ F E

(i) A virtue, it turns out that lying is the more (ii) F skill. A child who is going to lie must recognize the truth intellectually, conceive of an alternate reality, and be able to convincingly sell that new reality to someone else. Therefore, lying (iii) I both cognitive development and social skills that honesty simply does not require. ① 知性

C. a conscious      F. mundane      I. demands

iii 前 therefore ∴ 因果

### 13. 习得的

C. countered F. conclusions←

假悲

### E. 歪曲, 变形

E. eschewed ← 避免