Math Cookbook

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1 Linear Algebra

Sherman-Morrison formula:

$$(A + uv^{\top})^{-1} = A^{-1} - \frac{A^{-1}uv^{\top}A^{-1}}{1 + v^{\top}A^{-1}u}$$
 (1)

$$(A + UCV)^{-1} = A^{-1} - A^{-1}U \left(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U\right)^{-1}VA^{-1}$$
 (2)

2 Caculus

Leibniz integral rule:

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\int_{a(x)}^{b(x)} f(x,t)dt\right) = f(x,b(x)) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}b(x) - f(x,a(x)) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}a(x) + \int_{a(x)}^{b(x)} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}f(x,t)dt$$
(3)

Grönwall's inequality from two useful references [1, 2].

$$f(x) \ge a(x) + b(x) \int_{x}^{x} f(u)du, x \in [\underline{x}, \bar{x}]$$

$$\tag{4}$$

$$\implies f(x) \ge a(x) + b(x) \int_{\underline{x}}^{x} a(u) \exp\left(\int_{u}^{x} b(s) ds\right) du, \quad x \in [\underline{x}, \overline{x}] \qquad (5)$$

Grönwall's inequality in differential form:

$$f'(x) \le b(x)f(x) \tag{6}$$

$$\implies f(x) \le f(\underline{x}) \exp\left(\int_x^x b(s)ds\right)$$
 (7)

References

[1] G. Stephen Jones. Fundamental Inequalities for Discrete and Discontinuous Functional Equations. *Journal of the Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics*, 12(1):43–57, 1964.

[2] Dragoslav S. Mitrinovic, Josip Pecaric, and Arlington M. Fink. *Inequalities Involving Functions and Their Integrals and Derivatives*, volume 53. Springer Science & Business Media, 2012.