

# Gamma distribution

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# Gamma distribution

The random variable  $X$  has a **gamma distribution** with

- **shape parameter**  $\alpha > 0$  and
- **rate parameter**  $\lambda > 0$

if its probability density function is

$$p(x|\alpha, \lambda) = \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} \mathbf{I}(x > 0)$$

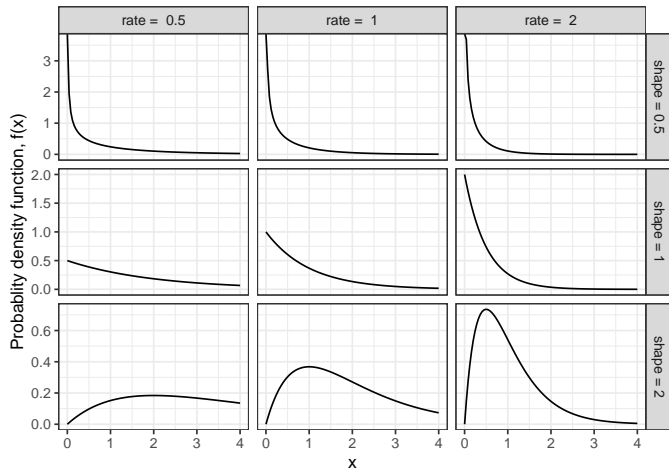
where  $\Gamma(\alpha)$  is the gamma function,

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x} dx.$$

We write  $X \sim Ga(\alpha, \lambda)$ .

# Gamma probability density function

Gamma random variables



## Gamma mean and variance

If  $X \sim Ga(\alpha, \lambda)$ , then

$$E[X] = \int_0^{\infty} x \frac{\lambda^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \dots = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda}$$

and

$$Var[X] = \int_0^{\infty} \left(x - \frac{\alpha}{\lambda}\right)^2 \frac{\lambda^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \dots = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda^2}.$$

## Gamma cumulative distribution function

If  $X \sim Ga(\alpha, \lambda)$ , then its cumulative distribution function is

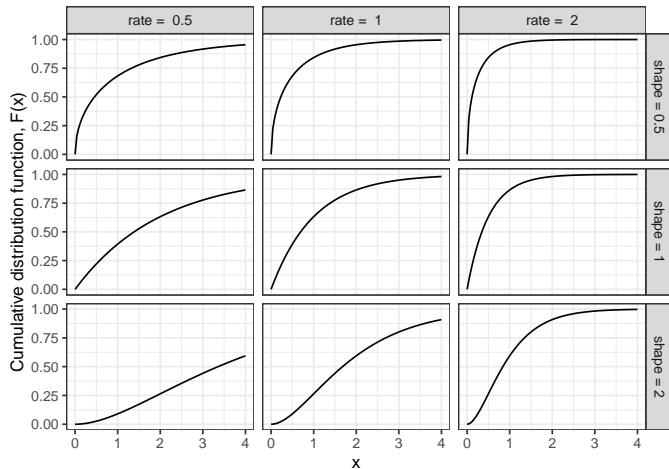
$$F(x) = \int_0^x \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} t^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda t} dt = \dots = \frac{\gamma(\alpha, \beta x)}{\Gamma(\alpha)}$$

where  $\gamma(\alpha, \beta x)$  is the incomplete gamma function, i.e.

$$\gamma(\alpha, \beta x) = \int_0^{\beta x} t^{\alpha-1} e^{-t} dt.$$

# Gamma cumulative distribution function - graphically

Gamma random variables



## Relationship to exponential distribution

If  $X_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , then

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim \text{Ga}(n, \lambda).$$

Thus,  $\text{Ga}(1, \lambda) \stackrel{d}{=} \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ .

## Parameterization by the scale

A common alternative parameterization of the Gamma distribution uses the **scale**  $\theta = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ . In this parameterization, we have

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\theta^\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\theta} \mathbf{I}(x > 0)$$

and

$$E[X] = \alpha\theta \quad \text{and} \quad \text{Var}[X] = \alpha\theta^2.$$



# Summary

## Gamma random variable

- $X \sim Ga(\alpha, \lambda), \alpha, \lambda > 0$
- $f(x) = \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x}, x > 0$
- $E[X] = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda}$
- $Var[X] = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda^2}$