Inverse gamma distribution

STAT 587 (Engineering) Iowa State University

September 17, 2020

Inverse gamma distribution

The random variable X has an inverse gamma distribution with

- ullet shape parameter lpha>0 and
- scale parameter $\beta > 0$

if its probability density function is

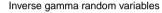
$$f(x) = \frac{\beta^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{-\alpha - 1} e^{-\beta/x} I(x > 0).$$

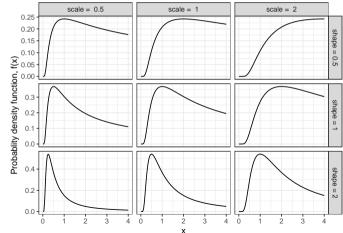
where $\Gamma(\alpha)$ is the gamma function,

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty x^{\alpha - 1} e^{-x} dx.$$

We write $X \sim IG(\alpha, \beta)$.

Inverse gamma probability density function





Inverse gamma mean and variance

If $X \sim IG(\alpha, \beta)$, then

$$E[X] = \int_0^\infty x \, \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{-\alpha - 1} e^{-\beta/x} dx = \dots = \frac{\beta}{\alpha - 1}, \quad \alpha > 1$$

and

$$Var[X] = \int_0^\infty \left(x - \frac{\beta}{\alpha - 1} \right)^2 \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{-\alpha - 1} e^{-\beta/x} dx$$
$$= \dots = \frac{\beta^2}{(\alpha - 1)^2 (\alpha - 2)}, \quad \alpha > 2.$$

Relationship to gamma distribution

If $X \sim Ga(\alpha, \lambda)$ where λ is the rate parameter, then

$$Y = \frac{1}{X} \sim IG(\alpha, \lambda).$$

Summary

Inverse gamma random variable

- $X \sim IG(\alpha, \beta), \alpha, \beta > 0$
- $f(x) = \frac{\beta^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{-\alpha 1} e^{-\beta/x}, x > 0$
- $E[X] = \frac{\beta}{\alpha 1}, \ \alpha > 1$
- $Var[X] = \frac{\beta^2}{(\alpha 1)^2(\alpha 2)}, \ \alpha > 2$