Image-processing homework-one report

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Subject requirements:

Use matlab to write a function to generate a color image, display the sine wave in the range of 0 to 2*PI in red, the cosine wave in the range of 0 to 2*PI in green, and the square of x image in the range of 0 to 2*PI in blue. My MATLAB code and the explanation:

```
1 % a function to generate a color image
2 % show images
  function [img]=generateFigure(imgW,imgH)
      %the parameters imgW, imgH represent the width and the
4
           height of the image
5
      %generate a white image
6
      A=255*ones(imgH,imgW,3);
      A=uint8(A);
8
      % draw X and Y axes
9
      A(:,1,:)=0;
10
      a=round(imgH/2);
11
      A(a,:,:) = 0;
12
      %select the x which are from 0 to 2*pi and take a
          value every 2*pi/imgW
13
      x=0:2*pi/imgW:2*pi;
14
15
      %the formula of the three functions is as follows
16
      y1=\sin(x);
17
      y2=\cos(x);
18
      y3=x.^2;
19
20
      %The function that produces the arrow is as follows
21
      y4 = (-0.5) *x + pi;
22
      y5 = 0.5 * x - pi;
23
      y6=(-2)*x+2;
24
      %map the values of X and y to the specified width and
25
          height
26
      x=int32(x*imgW/(2*pi));
```

```
27
       y1 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y1 * imgH/4);
28
       y2 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y2 * imgH/4);
29
       y3 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y3 * imgH/4);
30
       y4 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y4 * imgH/4);
31
       y5 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y5 * imgH/4);
32
       y6 = int 32 (imgH/2 - y6 * imgH/4);
33
34
       %for loop rendering pictures
35
       for i = 1:imgW
36
           %if x(i) is zero, entering the next loop
37
            if x(i) == 0
38
               continue;
39
           end:
           %color three function image
40
41
                y1 ( i )<=imgH
                A(y1(i),x(i),2)=0;
42
43
                A(y1(i),x(i),3)=0;
44
            end;
45
            if y2(i)<=imgH
46
                A(y2(i),x(i),1)=0;
47
                A(y2(i),x(i),3)=0;
48
            end:
49
            if y3(i)>0 && y3(i)<=imgH
50
                A(y3(i),x(i),1)=0;
51
                A(y3(i),x(i),2)=0;
           end;
52
53
54
           %draw two dotted lines representing the highest
               and the lowest number in sin and cos
55
            sb=fix(i/5);
56
            if rem(sb, 2) == 0
57
                 A(round(imgH*3/4), x(i), :) = 0;
58
                 A(round(imgH*1/4), x(i), :) = 0;
59
            end;
60
61
           %draw arrows for two axes
62
            if i \ge round(0.96*imgW)
63
                A(y4(i),x(i),:)=0;
64
                A(y5(i),x(i),:)=0;
65
            end;
66
            if i \leq round(0.02*imgW)
67
                A(y6(i),x(i),:)=0;
68
            end:
69
70
           %draw lines meaning pi/4 and 3*pi/4
            if i = round(imgW/4) | i = round(imgW*3/4)
71
```

Result:

