Class Assignment 1 Software Architecture: Logical Layers

1. Choose a layer model

What types of logic (according to the Logic In Layers reference model) must be separated in order to meet the requirements?

Non-functional requirement	Logic to separate
The new system should last a long time. At least 10 years. Therefore,	Logic X from logic Y
the system must be easy and cheap to expand with new functions (use cases).	
Possibly, in the future, sales will also be launched from mobile devices instead of only with the internet sales. The functions that will be	
developed, must therefore not only work with Microsoft Edge, but also	
with Safari (iPhone) and Chrome (Android) browser.	
The system will be developed first with a MySQL database, because it	
currently used in the company. But one must keep in mind that MySQL	
may be replaced within a few years by a different type of DBMS (e.g.	
Oracle or MS SQL).	

The following questions concern the use case Register Special Offer, which has the following User Interface design.

Register new Special Offer —		
Product	500154 ▼	
Description	Bosch drilling set	
Sales price	[\$ 199.95	
Buying price	\$ 117.35	
New Special Offer		
Start date	[21-01-2015	
End date	27-01-2015	
Special offer sales price	\$ 169.95	
0	K Cancel	

2. What functionality belongs to which type of logic (according to the Logic In Layers reference model)?

Functionality	Type of Logic
Generate a list of all product numbers of all products that are carried	
by a given store.	
Order the database to return on all product properties.	
Create product objects based on the product properties.	
Sort the product numbers in a different way (e.g. descending	
instead of ascending) if the user select that option with the mouse.	
Control that after the selection of a product, the product properties	
will be retrieved.	
Knowing that after the start and end dates have been entered using	
the keyboard, a new Special Offer must be created.	
Checking that for the selected product no other Special Offer is valid	
in the same period.	
Being responsible for making sure that a new Special Offer is linked	
to a product, and vice versa.	
Checking that SpecialOffer.price < Product.price	
Storing the new Special Offer on disk.	

3. Make a UML sequence diagram to carry out the use case "Register Special Offer". Assume an implementation in an object-oriented language like e.g. Java.

The requirements are as follows:

- Use a 2-layer model that both aims both for Analyzability as well as Reuse of generic business logic.
 - o Apply all communication rules between the layers, without exceptions.
- Implement all the functionality of the use casem which can be found above.
 - The supplied UI-design.
 - o The functionality specified in the table above.

Ensure the following events from the actor are dealt with according to the specifications:

- The user starts the use case 'Registrer Special Offer'.
- The user wants to sort the product numbers in a different manner.
- The user has selected a product number.
- The user has entered a start and end date (for the Special Offer).
- The user filled in the price of the special offer.
- The user click on the OK button
- Make a UML sequence diagram, on the logical level (as discussed in class)
 - o All UI-objects of this use case may together be represented by a single object.
 - o The task specific logic may be represented for this use case as a single controller object.
 - Analyse which (four) domain classes are involved from the class diagram below. Show these domain classes in the sequence diagram
- · Show which objects belong to which layer!
- 4. Suppose you want to apply a two-layer model, but you want to implement the domain layer in the form of stored procedures within a relational database.

 Which stored procedures must be programmed?

