## Note for Reinforcement Learning

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## 1 Markov Decision Process

In a Markov decision process, the state and reward in the next episode is determined (stochastically) by the current state and action. By denoting  $\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{R}, \mathcal{A}$  as the sets of states, rewards, and actions, the dynamic  $p: \mathcal{S} \times \mathcal{R} \times \mathcal{S} \times \mathcal{A} \rightarrow [0,1]$  is defined as

$$p(s', r|s, a) = \mathbb{P}(S_t = s', R_t = r|S_{t-1} = s, A_{t-1} = a)$$

The purpose of our agent is to maximize the accumulative reward through adopting proper policy. Denote n as the number of episodes, the objective function can be expressed as  $G(a) = \mathbb{E}[\sum_{t=1}^{n} R_t]$ 

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