

Question Description

Write a program to plot images that show the difference between the probability density of the sum of two wave resultant intensities and the probability density of one wave resultant intensity.

Answer

```
In [3]: # import the libs
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Different λ will lead to different results, the specific formula is as follows:

$$f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda_X \lambda_Y}{\lambda_Y - \lambda_X} (e^{-\lambda_X z} - e^{-\lambda_Y z}) & \text{when } \lambda_Y \neq \lambda_X \\ \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda z} & \text{when } \lambda = \lambda_X = \lambda_Y \end{cases}$$

```
In [4]: def get_intensity(lambda_):
        return np.exp(-nums * lambda_) * lambda_

def get_sum_intensity(l1, l2):
    if l1 == l2:
        # f_z = z * lambda^2 * exp(-lambda * z)
        return nums * l1 ** 2 * np.exp(-nums * l1)
    else:
        # f_z = lambda_X * lambda_Y / (lambda_Y - lambda_X) * (exp(-z * lambda_X) - exp(-z * lambda_Y))
        return (l2 * l1) / (l1 - l2) * (np.exp(-nums * l2) - np.exp(-nums * l1))
```

```
In [8]: if __name__ == '__main__':
        nums = np.arange(0, 10, 0.1)

        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
        fig.suptitle('Probability density of the sum of the wave resultant intensities', fontsize=12)

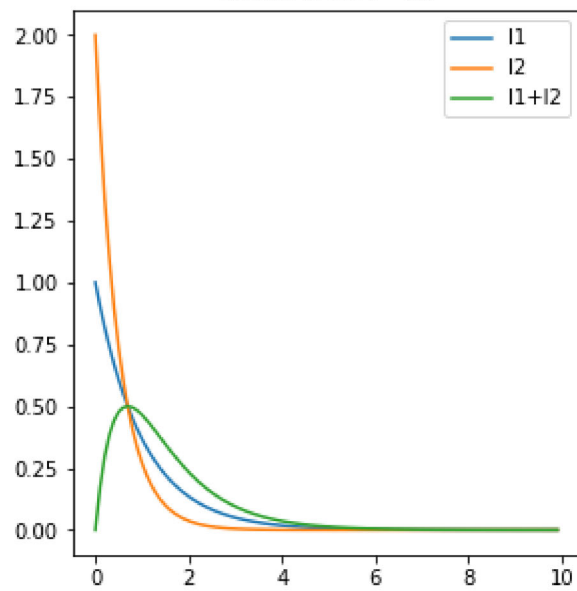
        ax1 = fig.add_subplot(121)
        plt.plot(nums, get_intensity(1), label="I1")
        plt.plot(nums, get_intensity(2), label="I2")
        plt.plot(nums, get_sum_intensity(2, 1), label="I1+I2")
        plt.title("Result of lambda_1 != lambda_2")
        plt.legend()

        ax2 = fig.add_subplot(122)
        plt.plot(nums, get_intensity(1), label="I1&I2")
        plt.plot(nums, get_sum_intensity(1, 1), label="I1+I2")
        plt.title("Result of lambda_1 == lambda_2")
        plt.legend()

        plt.savefig('Q4_Probability_density_of_the_sum_of_the_wave_resultant_intensities')
        plt.show()
```

Probability density of the sum of the wave resultant intensities

Result of $\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$



Result of $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2$

