Practice quiz on the Cartesian Plane

TOTAL POINTS 5

1. Which of the following points in the Cartesian Plane is on the y-axis?

1 / 1 point

- \bigcirc (0,-5)
- \bigcirc (5,0)
- O(-5,0)
- \bigcirc (1,1)



The y-axis is defined to be all points in the Cartesian plane with zero as x-coordinate. The point $\left(0,-5\right)$ meets that requirement.

2. Find the distance between the points A=(2,2) and C=(3,3):

- \bigcirc 2
- 0
- \bigcirc 1
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{2}$



Recall that the distance between points (a,b) and (c,d) is $\sqrt{(c-a)^2+(d-b)^2}$.

In this case (a,b)=(2,2) and (c,d)=(3,3), so the distance is $\sqrt{(3-2)^2+(3-2)^2}=\sqrt{2}$.

3. Find the point-slope form of the equation of the line that goes between A=(1,1) and B=(5,3):

$$\bigcirc y-1=rac{1}{2}(x-1)$$

$$\bigcirc y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$\bigcirc \ y-1=\frac{1}{2}\left(x-5\right)$$

$$\bigcirc \ y-3=\frac{1}{2}\left(x-1\right)$$



The point-slope form for the equation of a line with slope m that goes through the point (x_0,y_0) is $y-y_0=m(x-x_0)$

In this case, the slope $m=rac{3-1}{5-1}=rac{1}{2}$

We can choose either ${\cal A}$ or ${\cal B}$ for the point on the line, but in neither case do we get this chosen

4. Which of the following points is on the line with equation:

$$y-1=2(x-2)$$
?

	(2,1)(0,0)			
	~	$\label{eq:correct} \text{If we plug in } 1 \text{ for } y \text{ and } 2 \text{ for } x \text{ in the equation of the line, we make a true statement, 0 = 0, so this point lies on the line.} $		
	Suppo 2 0 1 -:	se that a line ℓ has slope 2 and goes through the point $(-1,0).$ What is the y -intercept of ℓ ?	1/1 point	
	✓	Correct Recall that the y -intercept of ℓ is the y -coordinate of where ℓ hits the y -axis. Since $(-1,0)\in\ell$, the point on ℓ with $x=0$ is obtained by running one unit from $(-1,0)$ while rising two units. This gives $y=2$ as the y -intercept.		

 \bigcirc (3, 2)