

# HW04\_Chenxin

2024-04-08

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.0
## v ggplot2    3.5.0      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.2      v tidyr     1.3.1
## v purrr      1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(igraph)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##   %--%, union
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   as_data_frame, groups, union
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   compose, simplify
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##   crossing
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##   as_data_frame
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   decompose, spectrum
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##   union
```

```

library(arules) # has a big ecosystem of packages built around it

## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##     expand, pack, unpack
##
## Attaching package: 'arules'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     recode
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     abbreviate, write

library(arulesViz)
# (1) Load and Process the Data:
library(arules)
groceries = read.transactions('/Users/vita/Desktop/HW04/groceries.txt')

## Warning in asMethod(object): removing duplicated items in transactions
groceries_list = readLines('/Users/vita/Desktop/HW04/groceries.txt')
groceries_list = strsplit(groceries_list, ",")

# Remove duplicates ("de-dupe")
groceries_list_unique = lapply(groceries_list, unique)

# (2) Convert list to transactions
groceries_transactions <- as(groceries_list_unique, "transactions")

# Convert the cleaned list to transactions
# Cast this variable as a special arules "transactions" class.

# (3) Apply the Apriori Algorithm
rules = apriori(groceries_transactions,
                parameter = list(support = 0.005, confidence = 0.1, minlen = 4))

## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
## confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
##      0.1      0.1    1 none FALSE          TRUE      5  0.005      4
## maxlen target  ext
##      10  rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
## filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##    0.1 TRUE TRUE  FALSE TRUE    2    TRUE

```

```
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 49
##
## set item appearances ...[0 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[169 item(s), 9835 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [120 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [48 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].

# Look at rules with support > .005 & confidence >.1 & length (#) <= 4

# Thresholds for lift and confidence: A support threshold of 0.005 means we're interested in itemsets t

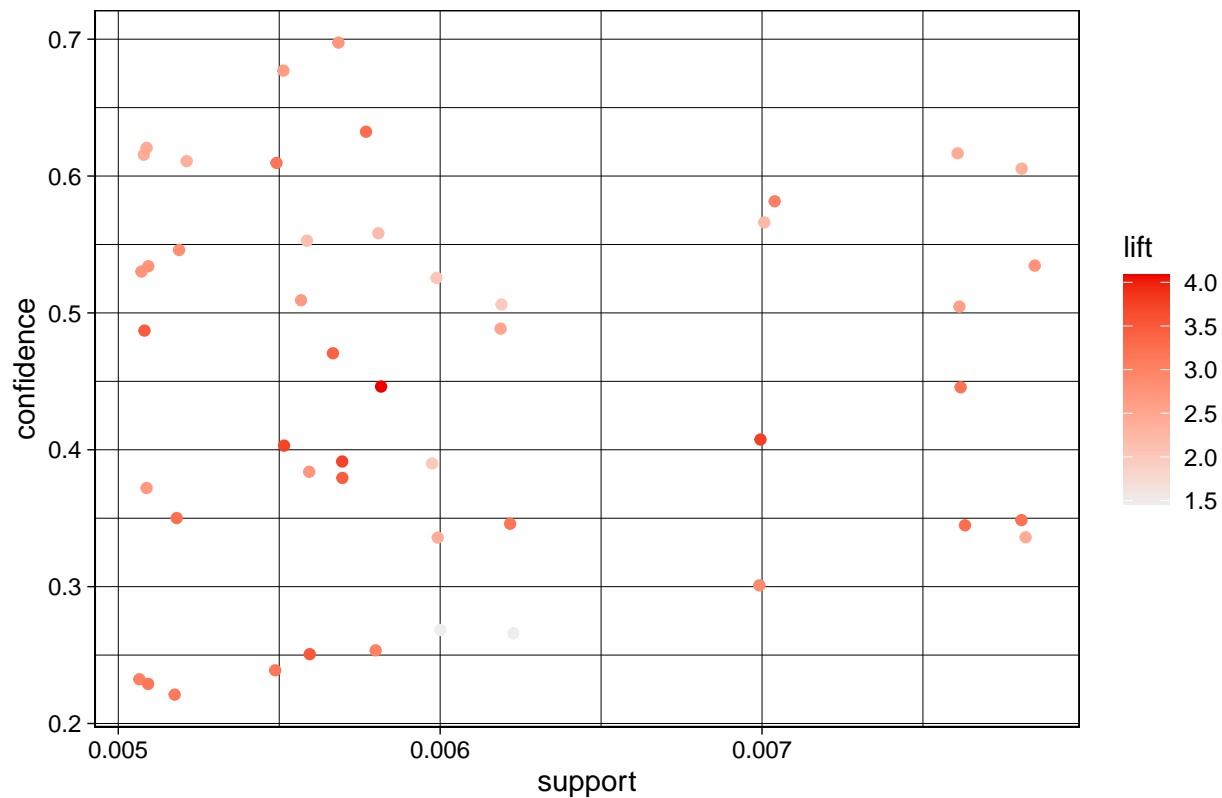
# A confidence threshold of 0.2 is chosen to ensure that at least 20% of the time, the items on the left

# Setting minlen to 2 ensures that the rules consist of at least two items. This is the smallest possible

# Analyze and Visualize the Results
# Basic plot of rules
plot(rules)
```

```
## To reduce overplotting, jitter is added! Use jitter = 0 to prevent jitter.
```

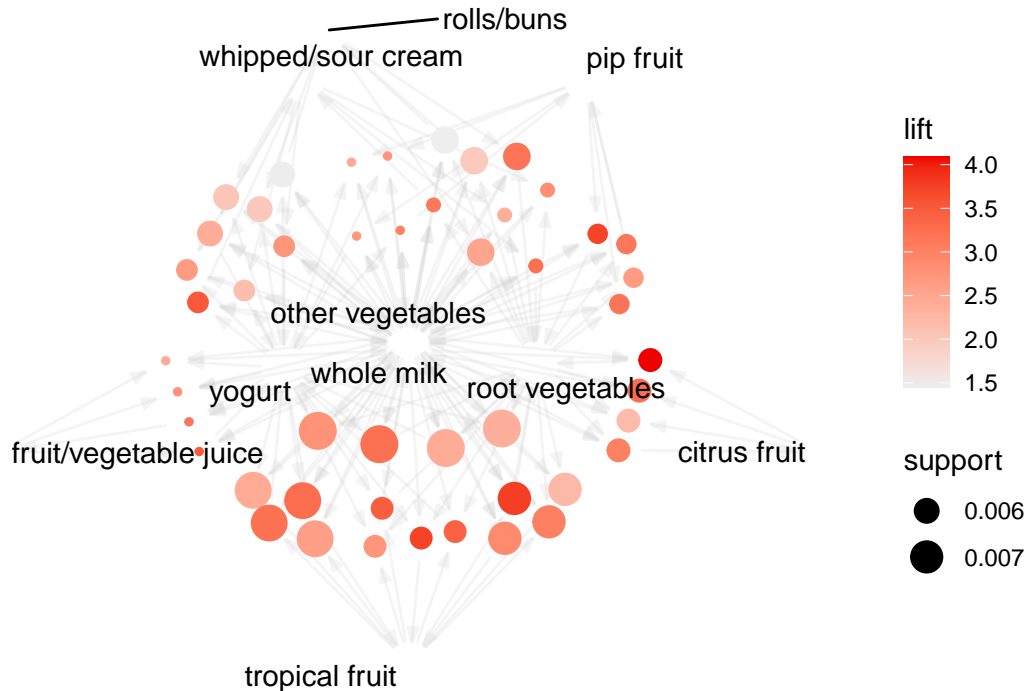
Scatter plot for 48 rules



```
plot(rules, method = "graph", control = list(type = "items"))
```

```
## Warning: Unknown control parameters: type
```

```
## Available control parameters (with default values):
## layout      = stress
## circular    = FALSE
## ggraphdots  = NULL
## edges       = <environment>
## nodes       = <environment>
## nodetext    = <environment>
## colors      = c("#EE0000FF", "#EEEEEEFF")
## engine      = ggplot2
## max         = 100
## verbose     = FALSE
```



```
# For more detailed exploration, inspect rules
inspect(head(sort(rules, by = "lift"), 10))
```

	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	coverage	lift	con
[1]	{citrus fruit, other vegetables, whole milk}	=> {root vegetables}	0.005795628	0.4453125	0.013014743	4.085493	
[2]	{other vegetables, tropical fruit, whole milk}	=> {root vegetables}	0.007015760	0.4107143	0.017081851	3.768074	
[3]	{root vegetables, whole milk, yogurt}	=> {tropical fruit}	0.005693950	0.3916084	0.014539908	3.732043	
[4]	{other vegetables, pip fruit, whole milk}	=> {root vegetables}	0.005490595	0.4060150	0.013523132	3.724961	
[5]	{other vegetables, whole milk, yogurt}	=> {whipped/sour cream}	0.005592272	0.2511416	0.022267412	3.503514	
[6]	{fruit/vegetable juice, other vegetables,						

##	whole milk}	=> {yogurt}	0.005083884	0.4854369	0.010472801	3.479790
## [7]	{tropical fruit,					
##	whole milk,					
##	yogurt}	=> {root vegetables}	0.005693950	0.3758389	0.015149975	3.448112
## [8]	{root vegetables,					
##	tropical fruit,					
##	whole milk}	=> {yogurt}	0.005693950	0.4745763	0.011997966	3.401937
## [9]	{citrus fruit,					
##	root vegetables,					
##	whole milk}	=> {other vegetables}	0.005795628	0.6333333	0.009150991	3.273165
## [10]	{other vegetables,					
##	whole milk,					
##	yogurt}	=> {tropical fruit}	0.007625826	0.3424658	0.022267412	3.263712

*# Support and Confidence Levels:*

*# Graph 01: The scatter plot indicates that most rules have a support between 0.005 and 0.0075. This is*

*# Graph 02: The graph visualization clusters items like 'whole milk', 'yogurt', 'other vegetables', 'ro*