

BU CAS CS 320: Concepts of Programming Languages

Quiz 1

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Name: _____

Score: _____

No.	Points	Answer	Score
1-1.	2		
1-2.	2		
1-3.	2		
1-4.	2		
1-5.	2		
1-6.	10		
1-7.	10		
1-8.	20		
Total	50		

No computer is allowed!

(And your phone is considered a computer.)

Question 1 (*)

Question 1-1: 2 points

let rec f(x) = f(x)

Is 'f' tail-recursive? (1 for yes and 0 for no)

Your answer:

*)

Question 2 (*)

Question 1-2: 2 points

let rec f(x) = f(x+1)

Is 'f' tail-recursive? (1 for yes and 0 for no)?

Your answer:

*)

Question 3 (*)

Question 1-3: 2 points

```
let rec f(x) = f(x)+1
```

Is 'f' tail-recursive? (1 for yes and 0 for no)?

Your answer:

*)

Question 4 (*)

Question 1-4: 2 points

```
let rec f(x) =  
if x > 0 then f(f(x)) else f(f(f(x)))
```

How many tail-recursive calls in the definition of 'f'?

Your answer:

*)

Question 5 (*)

Question 1-5: 2 points

```
let  
rec f(x) = f(g(f(x))) + 1  
and g(y) = f(g(f(g(f(g(x))))))
```

How many (mutual) tail-recursive calls in the definition of 'g'?

Your answer:

*)

Question 6 (*)

Question 1-6: 10 points

```
let pp x y = fun f -> f(x,y)
```

```
let ff = (* WRITE YOUR CODE *)
```

```
(*  
Given an implementation of ff that  
makes the following assertions pass  
*)
```

```
let () = assert (pp 200 100 ff = 100)  
let () = assert (pp 100 200 ff = -100)
```

Please present your code as follows:
*)

Question 7 (*)

Question 1-7: 10 points

Given the following snippet, implement the test function so that `isPrime` returns true for prime number inputs and false otherwise.

```
let isPrime(n) =  
let test(i:int): bool = (* YOUR CODE *)  
in  
  if n < 2 then false else int1_forall(n)(test)
```

Please present your code as follows:

*)

Question 8 (*)

Question 1-8: 20 points

Please give a NON-RECURSIVE implementation of `sort5` that takes 5 integers and returns a tuple that consists exactly of the 5 given integers ordered increasingly

```
let sort5: int*int*int*int*int -> int*int*int*int*int =  
  (* YOUR CODE *)
```

For instance, `sort5(1, 2, 1, 2, 1) = (1, 1, 1, 2, 2)`

For instance, `sort5(1, 3, 4, 5, 2) = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)`

For instance, `sort5(1, 3, 5, 4, 2) = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)`

You can implement your own helper functions as long as you do not make use of recursion.

Note that we are not looking for a solution solely based on a very large embedded if-then-else expression here.

Please present your code as follows:

*)