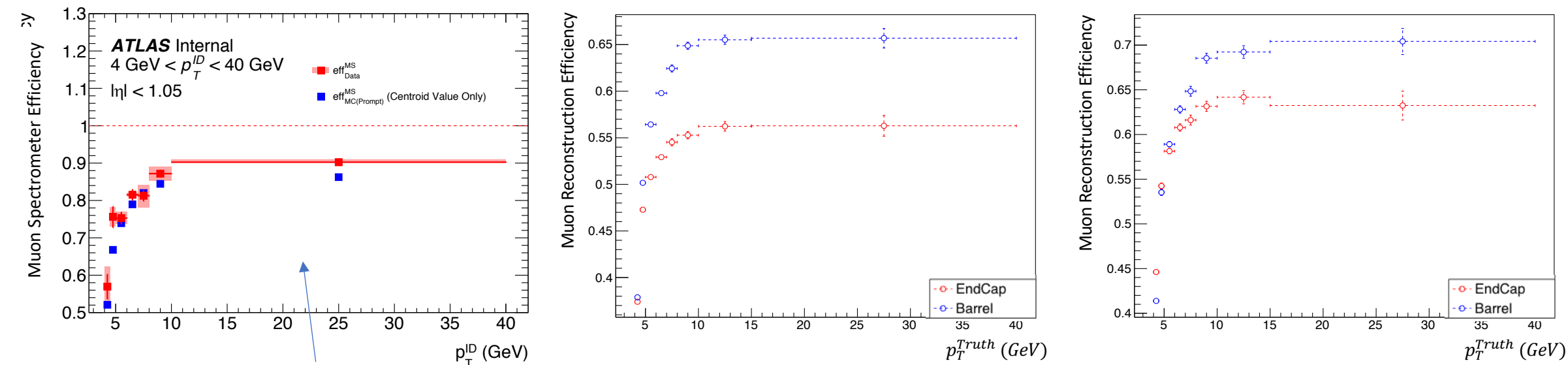


Tight Muon Reconstruction Efficiency

Xiaoning Wang (UIUC)

Summary

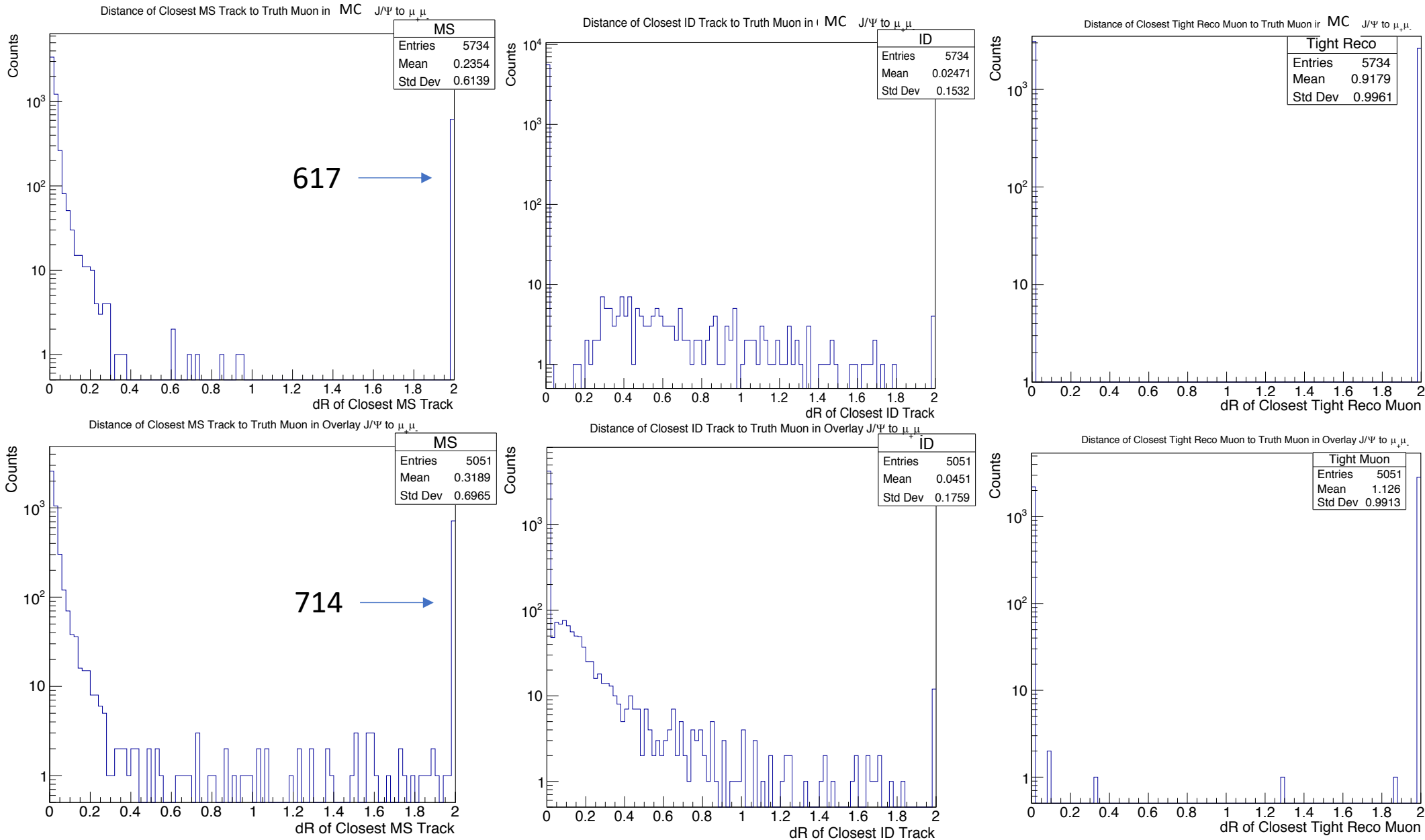
- Problem: Efficiency of tight muon construction differs by $\sim 20\%$ using "Tag and Probe" method.



Inner Detector efficiency calculated by T&P has a 90%-98% efficiency for all p_T^{MS} range, so the reconstruction efficiency follows approximately the same curve as MS efficiency.

- Plan: Look into what's missing in some events/where.
- Progress: tracks (ID & MS) that are close to truth muons are present, but some are not found in T&P method, thus missing some events with low reconstruction efficiency.
 - Lorentz vector summation method checked by hand, is correct.

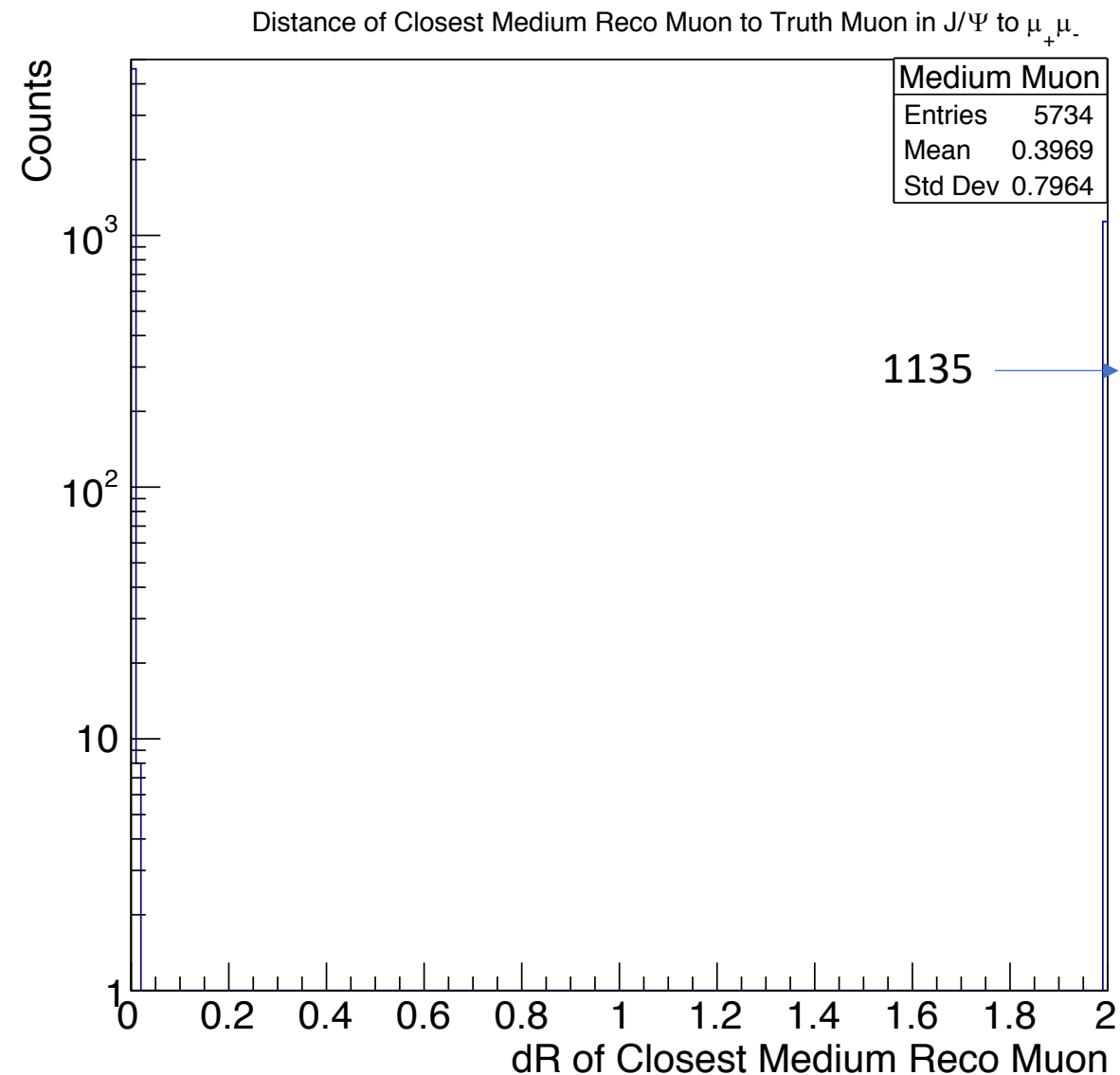
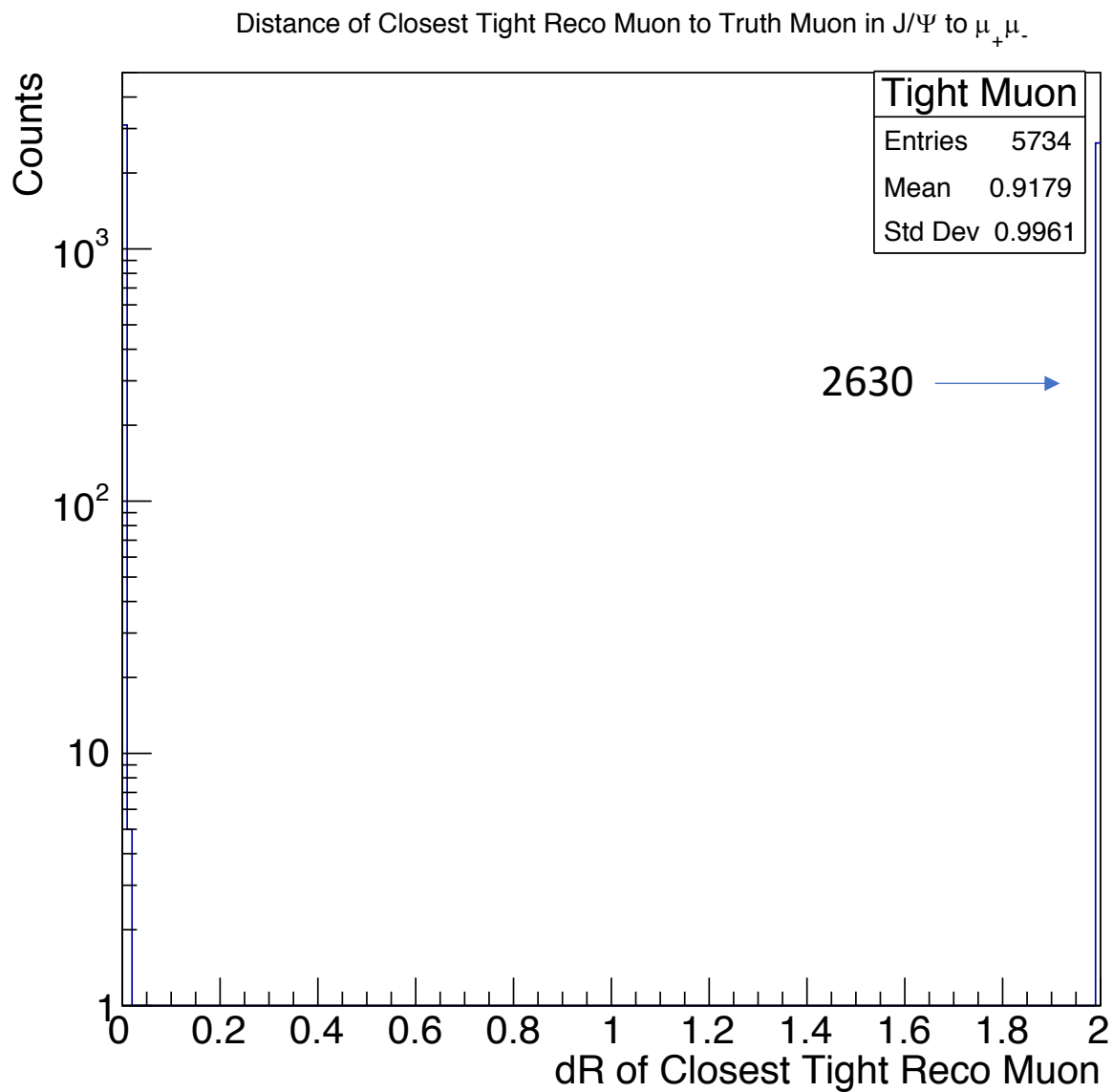
Small samples of events (~ 5000), $p_T > 3.5$ GeV



Row 1: MC
Row 2: MC overlay

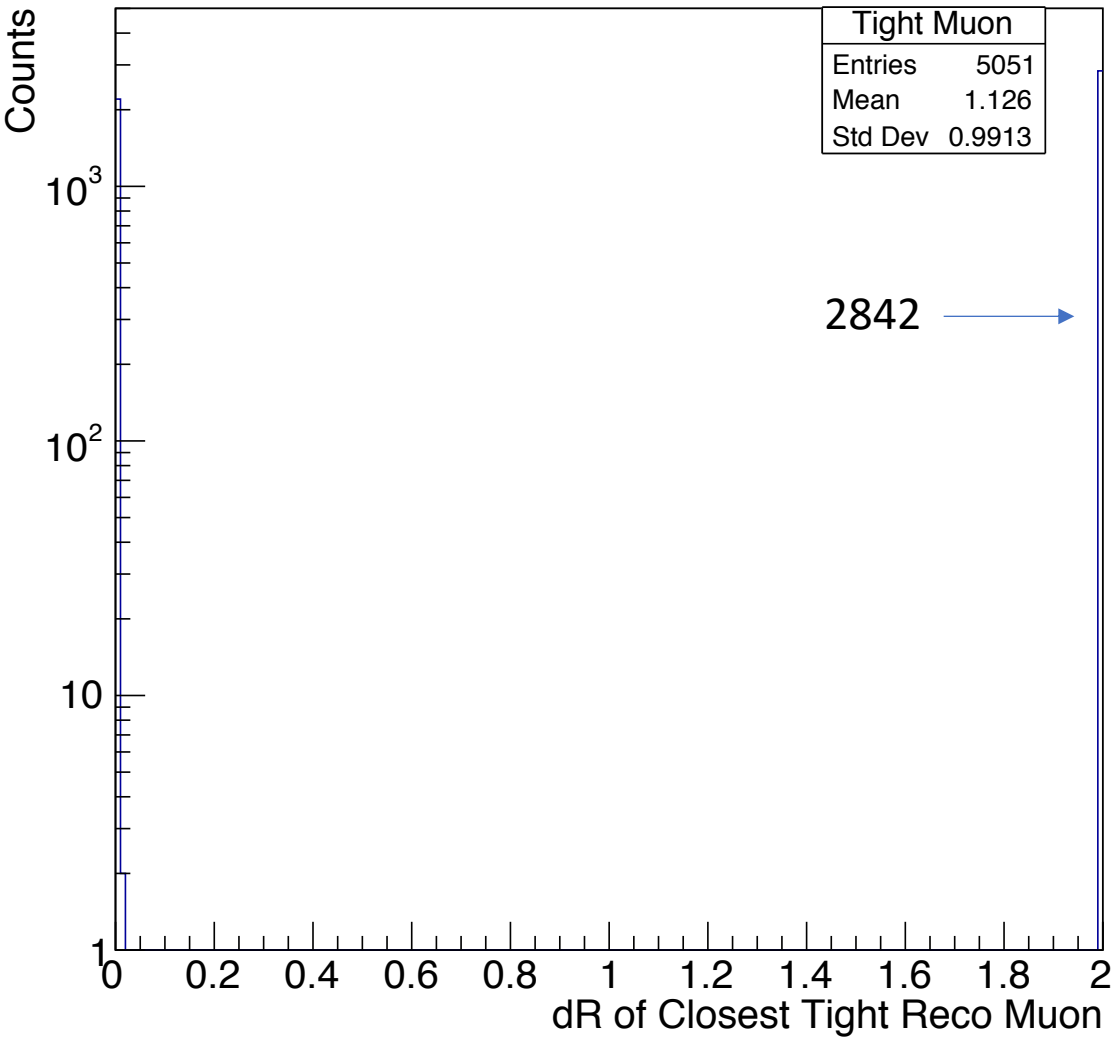
Reconstructed
tight muons are
mostly lost in
matching ID & MS
tracks in both pp
and overlay.

Comparison to Medium Muons (pp)

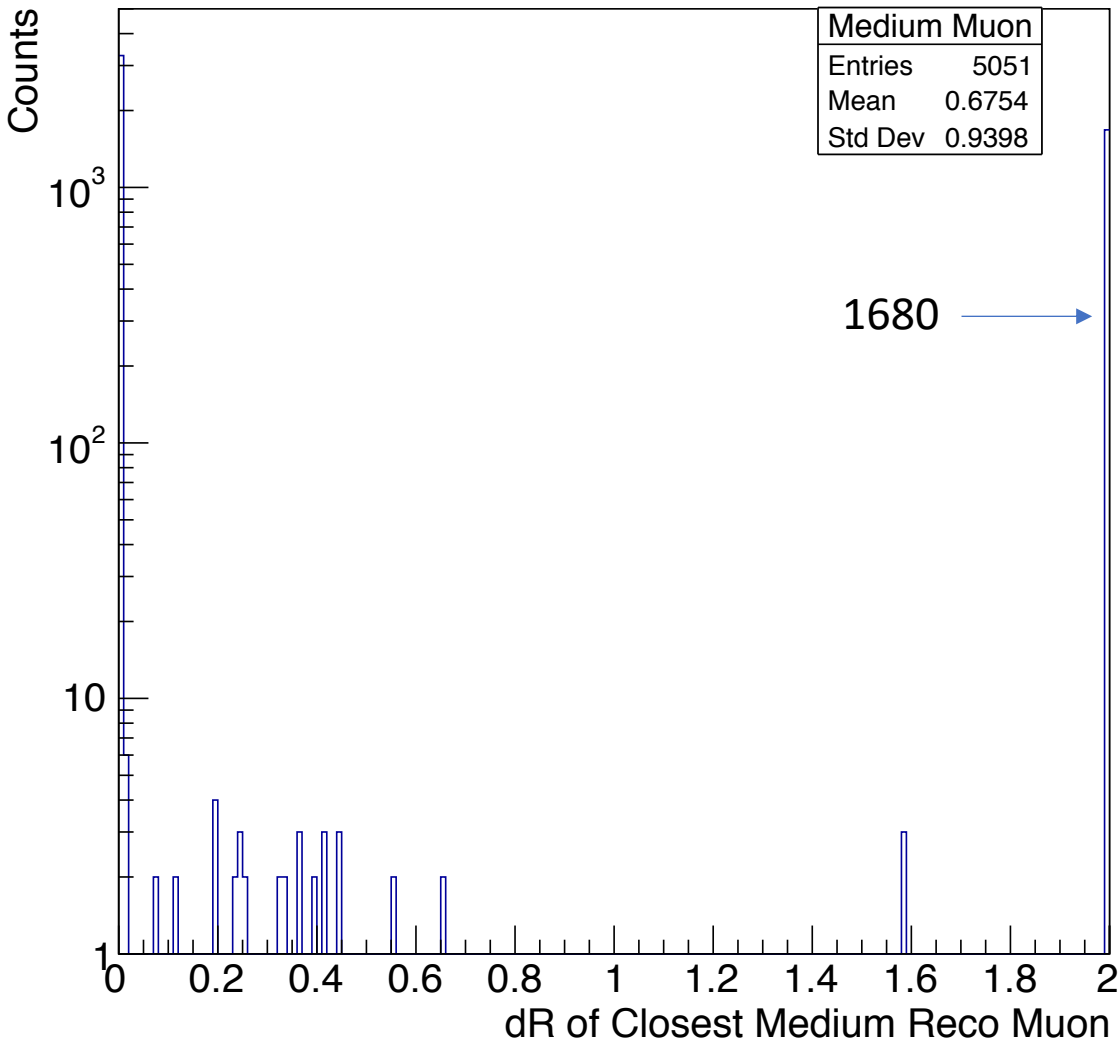


Comparison to Medium Muons (PbPb)

Distance of Closest Tight Reco Muon to Truth Muon in Overlay J/Ψ to μ₊μ₋



Distance of Closest Medium Reco Muon to Truth Muon in Overlay J/Ψ to μ₊μ₋



To do

- Print out all calculation steps throughout events in the analysis code
 - Suspicion: the track tagged by T&P are different from closest track with truth muon
- Debugging for RooFit with Weight still going on...

Back-Up

Fcal dependence in overlay

