



TradeGenius

IST 659 Class Project - Team 1

Report By:

Cheromaine Nisa Ornella Smith

Ivan Ovalle

Gavin Grosswald

Nick Yurashku

"Never ask anyone for their opinion, forecast, or recommendation. Just ask them what they have - or don't have - in their portfolio."

- Nassim Nicholas Taleb

TradeGenius



TradeGenius Narrative Overview

The complex financial services landscape and industry is often made more complex than it needs to be in order to maintain an edge against the everyday investor. This is why there should be a push for innovation which can drive a transformative change. TradeGenius is focused on redefining the boundaries of financial research and data analysis, and revolutionizing research methodologies within the financial sector.

TradeGenius was founded on the idea of creating a cutting-edge research tool tailored for the unique needs of hedge funds (CTA's), venture capital firms (VC's), esteemed financial publications (WSJ, FT) and a space for retail traders to have a fair edge in the market. This tool is not just a collection of data like platforms such as Yahoo Finance; it is an intuitive platform designed to provide insights into market trends and help generate groundbreaking trading ideas through TradeGenius' unique white glove service in financial research.

The TradeGenius platform is a state-of-the-art research tool that delivers a game-changer for all institutions and retail alike. At its core, the platform's functionality lies in delivering real-time insights into market trends, economic shifts (micro and macro), and offering a foundation for generating informed trading ideas. TradeGenius is focused on delivering white-glove customer service and high-end research to CTA's, Venture Firms and retail investors. We pride ourselves in democratizing financial research for all no matter the user's background.

The solution lies in a strategically designed database architecture consisting of key tables outlined later in the report. Each table is data engineered to capture and analyze data ensuring users are equipped with holistic and up-to-date information to drive investment decisions. As the platform grows, the TradeGenius team will also be growing key tables and pertinent data on the platform.

Platform accessibility is crucial to TradeGenius' success and business goals. To achieve widespread reach, TradeGenius will operate under a subscription-based model - an approach that aligns with our vision to 'democratize' access to high-quality financial research. Retail traders can now save big by purchasing a subscription instead of spending thousands of dollars on expensive books and research articles - typically not available to the public. This model not only ensures inclusivity but also highlights our commitment to making impactful contributions to the democratization of financial knowledge.

TradeGenius Business Requirements

- Each user can get access to different research for each company and create watchlists with more than one company.
- User accounts have different privileges depending on status of whether they are retail, CTA, journalist, etc.
- TradeGenius will be able to do an API integration with user's brokerage where trades can be programmed based on 'event signals', price movement and more.

TradeGenius Stakeholders

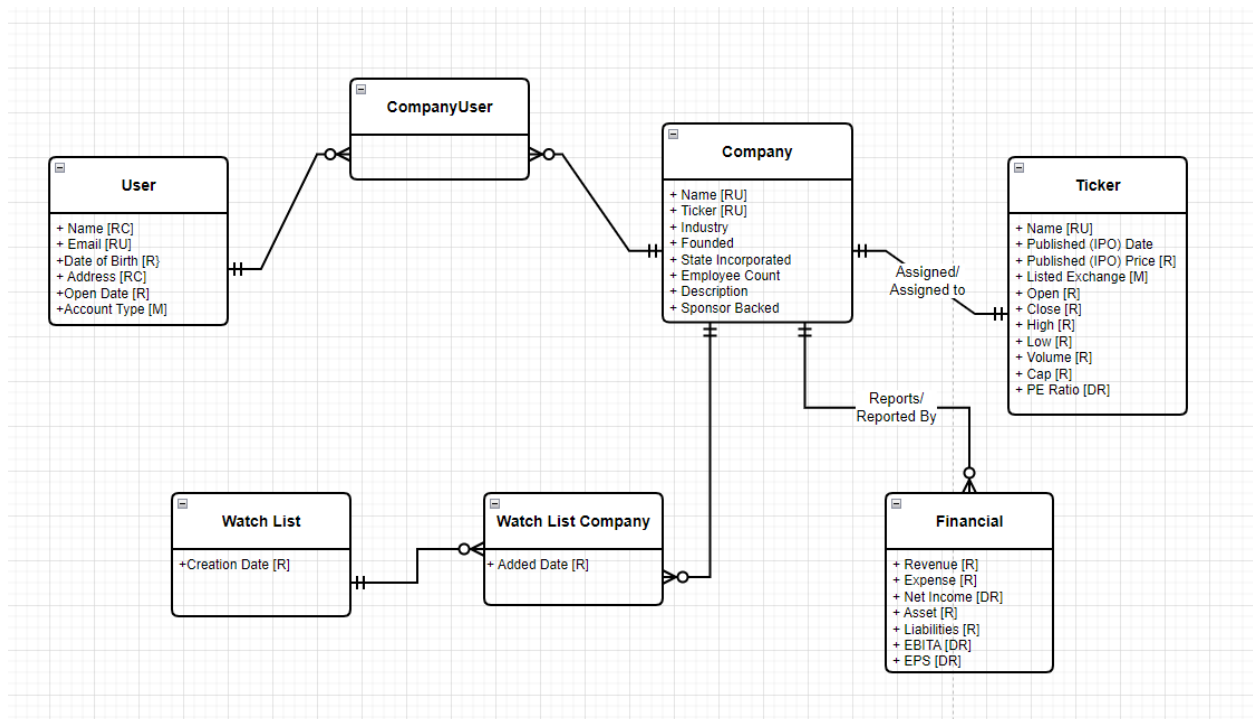
- Management Team: Responsible for strategic decisions, overseeing operations, and ensuring that the TradeGenius platform aligns with business goals of democratizing finance.
- Product Development Team: Includes software developers, database administrators, and IT specialists who build and maintain the platform.
- Data Analysts/Scientists: Analyze data to provide the promised TradeGenius research insights, improve user experience, and develop new features.
- Quality Assurance Team: Ensures the platform is reliable, has UI/UX that meets quality standards, and functions as intended.
- Marketing and Sales Team: Promotes the platform, identifies market needs, and attracts new users.
- Customer Support Team: Provides support to users, gathers feedback, and helps in resolving issues.
- Finance Department: Manages financial aspects, budgeting, and economic feasibility of the platform.
- Users/Clients: Individual investors, traders, or financial analysts who use the platform for research and decision-making.

- Investors and Shareholders: Provide capital and are interested in the profitability and growth of the platform.
- Regulatory Bodies: Ensure compliance with financial regulations and standards.
- Technology Partners and Vendors: Provide tools, technologies, or services essential for the platform's operation.
- Academic Institutions: Might use the platform for educational purposes or collaborate on research.
- Media and Industry Analysts: Report on the platform's performance and influence public perception.
- General Public: Especially if the platform impacts broader financial markets or public investing trends.

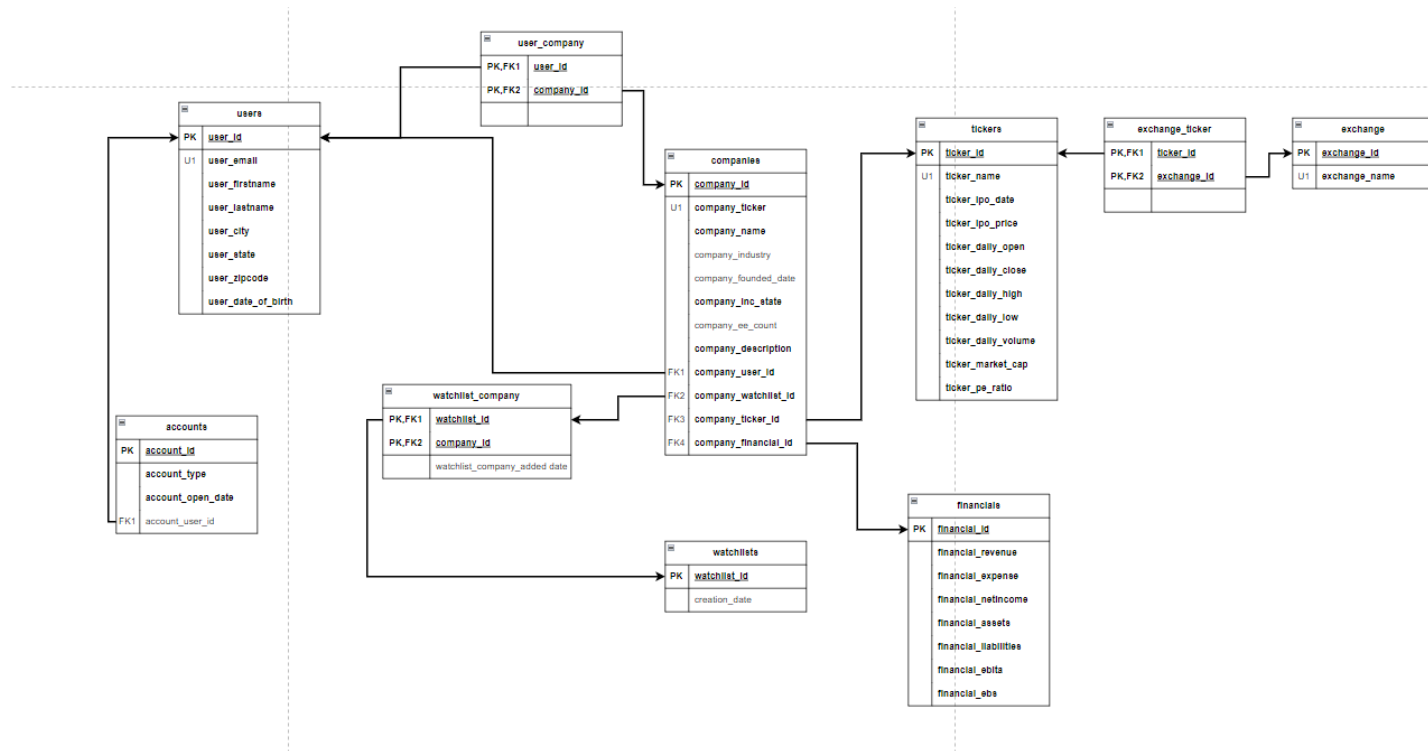
Glossary

CTA - “Commodity Trading Advisor” which is the US regulatory term for hedge funds.

TradeGenius Conceptual Model



TradeGenius Physical Model



TradeGenius Business Questions

- Find all the users from the state of New York with a Retail account. Print their names and emails along with their city, state, Zip code and account type. Sort by city, then by user's last /first name

```

548 -- Q1
549
550 SELECT u.user_lastname, u.user_firstname, u.user_email, u.user_city, u.user_state, u.user_zipcode, a.account_type
551 FROM users u
552 JOIN accounts a ON u.user_id = a.account_user_id
553 WHERE u.user_state = 'NY' and a.account_type = 'Retail'
554 ORDER BY user_city, user_lastname, user_firstname
555

```

Results Messages

	user_lastname	user_firstname	user_email	user_city	user_state	user_zipcode	account_type
1	Ovlight	Ray	rovlight@example.com	Alexandria Bay	NY	13607	Retail
2	Rhee	Victor	vrhee@example.com	Lake Placid	NY	12946	Retail
3	Doe	John	jdoe@example.com	New York	NY	10001	Retail
4	Eyezing	Martin	meveyzing@example.com	New York	NY	10475	Retail
5	Ofewe	Seymour	sofewe@example.com	Rochester	NY	14620	Retail
6	Erchief	Hank	herchief@example.com	Syracuse	NY	13210	Retail
7	Moni	Otto	omonie@example.com	Syracuse	NY	13211	Retail

- Ticker categories. Include the ID, name, industry, and ticker IPO Price. Do not include items of industry "Automotive". Create a category column based on IPO price. When the

ticker price is 35 or more, it is a high-priced stock. When the ticker price is 10 or less, it is a low-priced stock. Everything else is an average stock.

```

557 -- Q2
558
559 SELECT c.company_ticker, c.company_name, c.company_industry, t.ticker_ipo_price,
560        CASE
561            WHEN t.ticker_ipo_price >= 35 THEN 'High-Priced Stock'
562            WHEN t.ticker_ipo_price <= 10 THEN 'Low-Priced Stock'
563            ELSE 'Average Stock'
564        END AS company_stock_value
565 FROM companies c
566      JOIN tickers t ON t.ticker_name = c.company_ticker
567 WHERE company_industry != 'Automotive'
568

```

	company_ticker	company_name	company_industry	ticker_ipo_price	company_stock_value
1	AAPL	Apple Inc.	Technology	22.0000	Average Stock
2	MSFT	Microsoft Corporation	Technology	21.0000	Average Stock
3	VZ2	Verizon Communications Inc	Telecom	7.6300	Low-Priced Stock

- Perform an analysis of companies in the “Technology” and “Financial Services” account types. For each company, display the name, industry type, and employee count. Include the minimum, maximum, and average ipo price over each industry type so that the current ipo price can be compared to these values.

```

570 -- Q3
571
572 SELECT c.company_name, c.company_industry, t.ticker_ipo_price,
573        avg(ticker_ipo_price) OVER (partition by company_industry) as avg_price,
574        min(ticker_ipo_price) OVER (partition by company_industry) as min_price,
575        max(ticker_ipo_price) OVER (partition by company_industry) as max_price
576 from Companies C
577 JOIN tickers t on t.ticker_name = c.company_ticker
578 where company_industry IN ('Financial Services', 'Technology')
579 order by company_industry
580

```

	company_name	company_industry	ticker_ipo_price	avg_price	min_price	max_price
1	Apple Inc.	Technology	22.0000	21.500000	21.0000	22.0000
2	Microsoft Corporation	Technology	21.0000	21.500000	21.0000	22.0000

- How many industry types are there? For each industry type, provide the count of companies in that type and the minimum, average, and maximum ipo prices for that type. Sort the output by item type.


```

586 SELECT c.company_industry, COUNT(*) as company_count,
587        MIN(ticker_ipo_price) as min_price,
588        AVG(ticker_ipo_price) as avg_price,
589        MAX(ticker_ipo_price) as max_price
590 FROM companies c
591 JOIN tickers t on t.ticker_name = c.company_ticker
592 GROUP BY company_industry
593 ORDER BY company_industry
594

```

Results Messages

	company_industry	company_count	min_price	avg_price	max_price
1	Automotive	2	2.3500	9.675000	17.0000
2	Technology	2	21.0000	21.500000	22.0000
3	Telecom	1	7.6300	7.630000	7.6300

5. Create a view called v_userinfo that displays the user_id, user name (first last), user name (last, first), date of birth, account creation date and account type.

```

600 CREATE VIEW v_userinfo AS
601 SELECT
602     user_id,
603     user_firstname || ' ' || user_lastname as user_firstlast_name,
604     user_lastname || ' ' || user_firstname as user_lastfirst_name,
605     user_date_of_birth,
606     account_open_date,
607     account_type
608 FROM users u
609 JOIN accounts a ON u.user_id = a.account_user_id
610
611
612 SELECT * FROM v_userinfo

```

Results Messages

	user_id	user_firstlast_name	user_lastfirst_name	user_date_of_birth	account_open_date	account_type
1	1	John Doe	Doe John	1985-01-01	2019-01-01	Retail
2	2	Anna Smith	Smith Anna	1990-05-15	2020-06-15	CTA
3	3	Tom Jones	Jones Tom	1979-11-23	2021-03-22	Journalism
4	4	Ray Ovligh	Ovligh Ray	1960-10-18	2020-10-01	Retail
5	5	Pete Moss	Moss Pete	1979-08-30	2021-11-30	CTA
6	6	Carrie Dababbi	Dababbi Carrie	1979-11-23	2019-11-24	Journalism
7	7	Victor Rhe	Rhe Victor	1979-11-23	2020-12-25	Retail
8	8	Rose AAbov-Duresst	AAbov-Duresst Rose	1970-12-23	2022-06-25	CTA
9	9	Otto Moni	Moni Otto	1989-02-28	2019-03-03	Retail
10	10	Seymour Ofewe	Ofewe Seymour	1995-07-22	2021-04-11	Retail
11	11	Ty Anott	Anott Ty	1999-03-25	2023-01-15	CTA
12	12	Hank Erchief	Erchief Hank	1979-01-23	2019-10-05	Retail
13	13	Martin Eyezing	Eyezing Martin	1978-11-23	2020-08-07	Retail
14	14	Penny Pincher	Pincher Penny	1994-06-18	2021-06-12	CTA
15	15	Oliver Stuffission	Stuffission Oliver	1979-11-23	2022-07-22	CTA
16	16	Polly Esther	Esther Polly	1975-10-31	2023-06-18	Retail
17	17	Barry Cade	Cade Barry	1997-09-12	2019-05-05	CTA
18	18	Paige Turner	Turner Paige	1995-01-01	2019-10-14	CTA
19	19	Al Dente	Dente Al	2005-04-20	2021-09-05	Retail
20	20	Barb Dwyer	Dwyer Barb	1979-11-23	2021-06-01	CTA
21	21	Anita Bath	Bath Anita	1969-06-18	2022-04-20	Journalism
22	22	Justin Time	Time Justin	2000-05-16	2021-08-12	Retail
23	23	Robin Banks	Banks Robin	1993-03-15	2023-12-12	Retail
24	24	Ivette Alot	Alot Ivette	1991-05-29	2023-12-12	Retail
25	25	Aryuo Kay	Kay Aryuo	1984-02-14	2023-12-13	Journalism
26	26	Idon Knoe	Knoe Idon	1989-09-23	2023-12-13	Retail
27	27	Taxiv Ader	Ader Taxiv	1968-04-20	2023-12-13	Retail

6. Write a query on the companies table so that the company_name is broken up into keywords, one per row.

```

618 SELECT
619     company_id,
620     company_ticker,
621     company_name,
622     VALUE as company_keyword
623 FROM companies
624 CROSS APPLY string_split(company_name, ' ')
625

```

Results

Messages

	company_id	company_ticker	company_name	company_keyword
	1	AAPL	Apple Inc.	Apple
	1	AAPL	Apple Inc.	Inc.
	2	MSFT	Microsoft Corporation	Microsoft
	2	MSFT	Microsoft Corporation	Corporation
	3	TSLA	Tesla, Inc.	Tesla,
	3	TSLA	Tesla, Inc.	Inc.
	4	AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.	Amazon.com,
	4	AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.	Inc.
	5	GOOGL	Alphabet, Inc.	Alphabet,
	5	GOOGL	Alphabet, Inc.	Inc.
	6	FB	Facebook, Inc.	Facebook,
	6	FB	Facebook, Inc.	Inc.
	7	NFLX	Netflix, Inc.	Netflix,
	7	NFLX	Netflix, Inc.	Inc.
	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	JP
	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Morgan
	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Chase
	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	&
	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Co.
	9	JNJ	Johnson & Johnson	Johnson
	9	JNJ	Johnson & Johnson	&
	9	JNJ	Johnson & Johnson	Johnson
	10	KO	The Coca Cola Company	The
	10	KO	The Coca Cola Company	Coca
	10	KO	The Coca Cola Company	Cola
	10	KO	The Coca Cola Company	Company
	11	WMT	Walmart, Inc.	Walmart,
	11	WMT	Walmart, Inc.	Inc.
	12	V	Visa	Visa
	13	PG	Proctor & Gamble Co.	Proctor
	13	PG	Proctor & Gamble Co.	&

7. Using the query in 6, create a table-valued function f_search_companies that allows you to search the companies by keyword.

```
628
629 DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS f_search_companies
630 GO
631
632 CREATE FUNCTION f_search_companies(
633     @keyword VARCHAR(100)
634 )
635 RETURNS TABLE
636 AS
637 RETURN
638 (SELECT
639     company_ticker,
640     company_name
641 FROM companies
642 WHERE EXISTS(
643     SELECT 1
644     FROM string_split(company_name, ' ')
645     WHERE value = @keyword
646 )
647 )
648 GO
649 SELECT * FROM f_search_companies('Inc.')
```

Results Messages

	company_ticker	company_name
	AAPL	Apple Inc.
	TSLA	Tesla, Inc.
	AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.
	GOOGL	Alphabet, Inc.
	FB	Facebook, Inc.
	NFLX	Netflix, Inc.
	WMT	Walmart, Inc.
	CSCO	Cisco Systems, Inc.
	PFE	Pizer, Inc.
0	VZ	Verizon Communications, Inc.

8. Write an index to improve performance of the query from question 1:

```

4 SELECT u.user_lastname, u.user_firstname, u.user_email, u.user_city, u.user_state, u.user_zipcode, a.account_type
5 FROM accounts a
6     JOIN users u ON u.user_id = a.account_user_id
7     WHERE u.user_state = 'NY'
8     and a.account_type = 'Retail'
9 ORDER BY user_city, user_lastname, user_firstname
0
1 DROP INDEX IF EXISTS ix_user_account_information on accounts
2 CREATE INDEX ix_user_account_information ON accounts ((account_type))

```

sults Messages

user_lastname	user_firstname	user_email	user_city	user_state	user_zipcode	account_type
Ovlight	Ray	rovlight@example.com	Alexandria Bay	NY	13607	Retail
Rhee	Victor	vrhee@example.com	Lake Placid	NY	12946	Retail
Doe	John	jdoe@example.com	New York	NY	10001	Retail
Eyazing	Martin	meveyzing@example.com	New York	NY	10475	Retail
Ofewe	Seymour	sofewe@example.com	Rochester	NY	14620	Retail
Erchief	Hank	herchie@example.com	Syracuse	NY	13210	Retail
Moni	Otto	omonie@example.com	Syracuse	NY	13211	Retail

9. Assuming there's a conceptual data requirement that needs to be met, for example no more than 5 accounts can be under the same account type for this platform. Write data logic using an instead-of-trigger to do this.

When the update is successfully completed:

```

420 --Creating trigger on accounts
421 --DOWN
422 DROP trigger if exists t_account_update
423 GO
424
425 -- UP
426 Create trigger t_account_update
427 on accounts
428 instead of insert, update , DELETE
429 AS BEGIN
430     IF EXISTS (select count (*) from accounts where account_type = (select inserted.account_type from inserted)
431         having count (*) < 5) BEGIN
432         update accounts
433         set account_type = inserted.account_type
434         from inserted
435         WHERE accounts.account_id = inserted.account_id
436     END
437     ELSE BEGIN
438         RAISERROR ('Account Type full: Try a different account type', 17, 1)
439     END
440 END
441
442
443 -- Testing success of the trigger
444 select * from accounts where account_id = 3
445 update accounts set account_type = 'CTA' where account_id = 3
446 select*from accounts where account_id = 3
447

```

Results Messages

	account_id	account_type	account_open_date	account_user_id
1	3	Journalism	2021-03-22	3

	account_id	account_type	account_open_date	account_user_id
1	3	CTA	2021-03-22	3

When the trigger prevents the update into a full account type:

```
68 DROP trigger if exists t_account_update
69 GO
70
71 -- UP
72 Create trigger t_account_update
73 on accounts
74 instead of insert, update , DELETE
75 AS BEGIN
76     IF EXISTS (select count (*) from accounts where account_type = (select inserted.account_type from inserted)
77                 having count (*) < 5) BEGIN
78         update accounts
79         set account_type = inserted.account_type
80         from inserted
81         WHERE accounts.account_id = inserted.account_id
82     END
83     ELSE BEGIN
84         RAISERROR ('Account Type full: Try a different account type', 17, 1)
85     END
86 END
87
88 -- Testing success of the trigger
89 select * from accounts where account_id = 3
90 update accounts set account_type = 'CTA' where account_id = 3
91 select*from accounts where account_id = 3
92
93 --Testing failure to update
94
95 select * from accounts where account_id = 1004
96 update accounts set account_type = 'Retail' where account_id = 1004
97 select*from accounts where account_id = 1004
```

results Messages

```
7:55:31 PM      Started executing query at line 688
                (1 row affected)
                (1 row affected)
                (1 row affected)
                (0 rows affected)
                (0 rows affected)
                (0 rows affected)
                (0 rows affected)
                Msg 50000, Level 17, State 1, Line 13
                Account Type full: Try a different account type
                Total execution time: 00:00:00.017
```

10. Create a stored procedure using a view that allows the user to see how the companies are doing in terms of assets and liabilities, the difference of assets minus liability will be stored as equity and then it will be sorted from best to worst.

```

704 --Creating view for company financials
705 select**from companies
706 select * from financials
707 --Down
708 drop view if exists v_financials
709 GO
710
711 --UP
712 Create or alter view v_financials
713
714 as (
715 select c.company_ticker, c.company_name, c.company_industry,c.company_description,
716 f.financial_assets - f.financial_liabilities as equity
717 from companies c
718 join financials f on c.company_id = f.financial_id
719 )
720 GO
721 select * from v_financials
722 order by equity DESC

```

Results		Messages						
	company_id	company_ticker	company_name	company_industry	company_founded_date	company_inc_state	company_emp_count	company_description
1	1	AAPL	Apple Inc.	Technology	1976-04-01	CA	147000	Technology company specialized in consumer electronics.
2	2	MSFT	Microsoft Corporation	Technology	1975-04-04	WA	181000	Technology company known for its software products.
3	3	TSLA	Tesla, Inc.	Automotive	2003-07-01	CA	70757	Automotive and clean energy company.
4	4	AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.	E-commerce	1994-07-05	DE	1300000	Online retail giant and other subsidiaries.
5	5	GOOGL	Alphabet, Inc.	Technology	1998-09-04	DE	135000	Parent company of Google and other subsidiaries.
6	6	FB	Facebook, Inc.	Technology	2004-02-04	DE	60654	Social media and technology company.
7	7	NFLX	Netflix, Inc.	Entertainment	1997-08-29	DE	9400	Streaming platform for movies and TV shows.
8	8	JPM	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Financial Services	1799-12-01	DE	256981	Global banking and financial services.
9	9	JNJ	Johnson & Johnson	HealthCare	1886-01-01	NJ	132200	pharmaceutical, medical device and consumer goods company.
10	10	KO	The Coca Cola Company	Beverages	1886-01-29	DE	86200	Global beverage company known for its soft drinks.

	financial_id	financial_company_ticker	financial_revenue	financial_expense	financial_netincome	financial_assets	financial_liabilities	financial_ebitda	financial_ebit
1	1	AAPL	365000000000.0000	150000000000.0000	94000000000.0000	500000000000.0000	250000000000.0000	110000000000.0000	100000000000.0000
2	2	MSFT	168000000000.0000	70000000000.0000	61000000000.0000	301000000000.0000	183000000000.0000	73000000000.0000	71000000000.0000
3	3	TSLA	31500000000.0000	12000000000.0000	6900000000.0000	55000000000.0000	29000000000.0000	14000000000.0000	13000000000.0000
4	4	F	174000000000.0000	166964000000.0000	6162000000.0000	268073000000.0000	223797000000.0000	13789000000.0000	10000000000.0000
5	5	VZ	134095000000.0000	25863000000.0000	20900000000.0000	384630000000.0000	285700000000.0000	46828000000.0000	29502000000.0000

	company_ticker	company_name	company_industry	company_description	equity
1	AAPL	Apple Inc.	Technology	Technology company specialized in consumer electronics.	250000000000.0000
2	MSFT	Microsoft Corporation	Technology	Technology company known for its software products.	118000000000.0000
3	GOOGL	Alphabet, Inc.	Technology	Parent company of Google and other subsidiaries.	991300000000.0000
4	AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.	E-commerce	Online retail giant and other subsidiaries.	442760000000.0000
5	TSLA	Tesla, Inc.	Automotive	Automotive and clean energy company.	260000000000.0000

TradeGenius Dashboard Mock-ups

Exhibit I: Home Screen, Portfolio Page, Details Page, Research, Profile Page

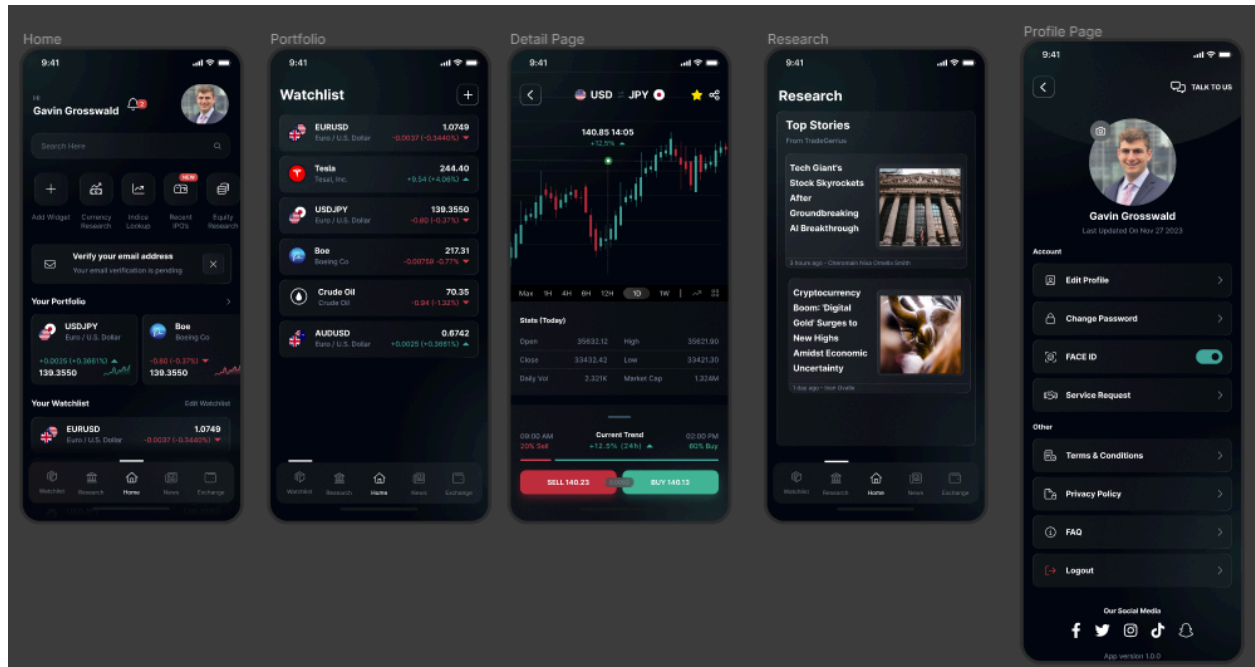


Exhibit II: Home Screen

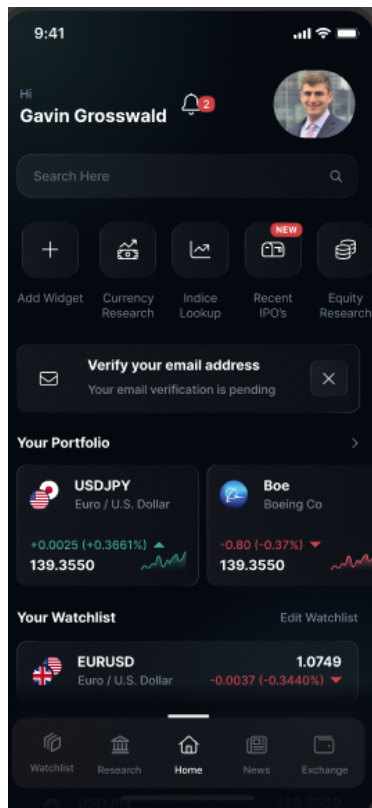


Exhibit III: Watchlist

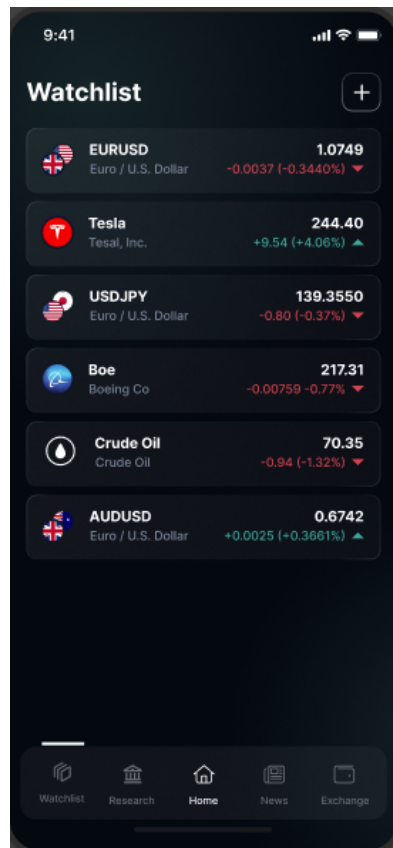
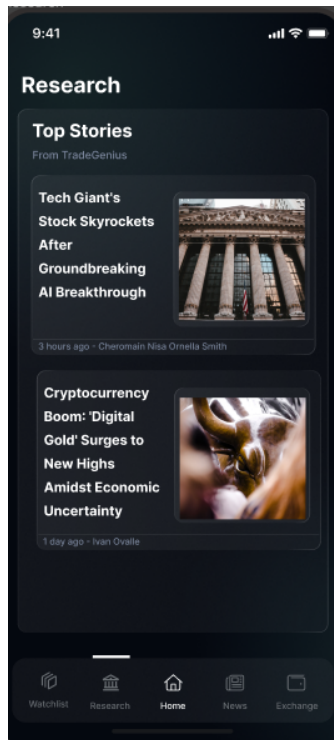


Exhibit IIII: Research



Summary

TradeGenius is a research based platform created and built on a premise of delivering high quality financial research that is unattainable elsewhere at the subscription price offered by TradeGenius. The TradeGenius team has worked hard on ensuring a platform that is user friendly, modern, and has the data engineering back-end to support institutions and retail traders. We look forward to attending pitch competitions with our research platform and producing a game changing platform that will disrupt the financial industry.

Reflections

Resources that immensely helped our team are listed below. We highly recommend teams utilize these tools and resources.

Task Management: Trello

Diagrams: Draw.io

App Design: Figma ([link to our TradeGenius project](#))

Code Repository: Github ([link to our Github](#))

Logo Design and Powerpoint Design: Canva

TradeGenius Team Log

Everyone had equal participation in the project and every task was assigned accordingly after every team meeting. The team worked in sprints in order to finish tasks every day. Tasks and timelines were logged using a platform called Trello. Screenshots of the tasks shown down below:

Exhibit I:

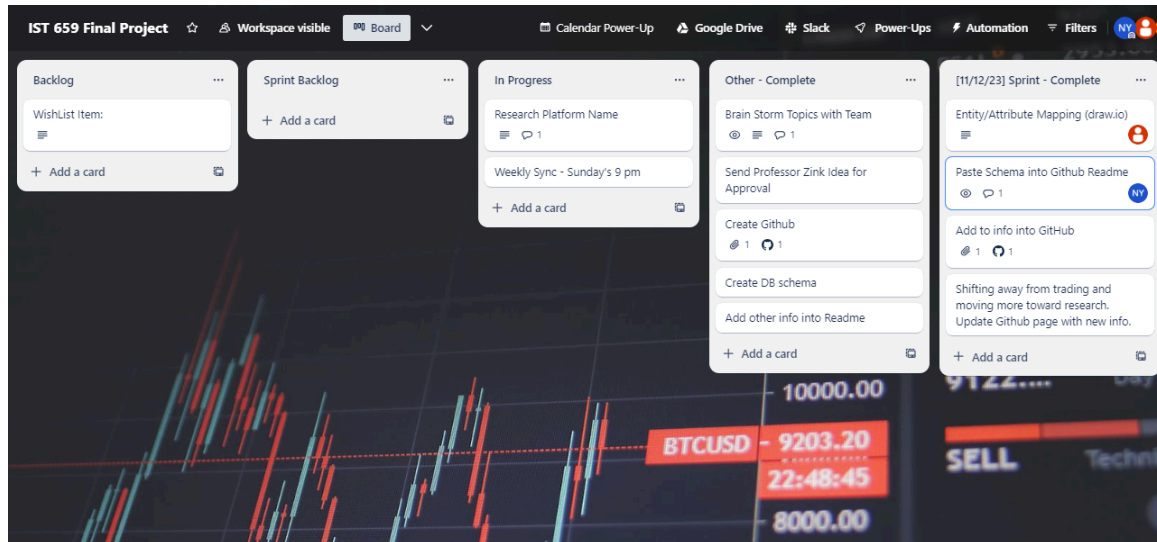


Exhibit II:

