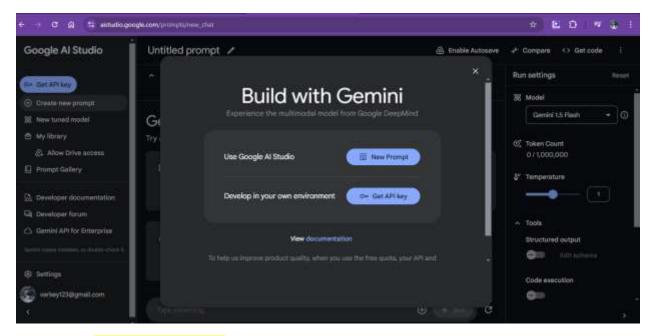
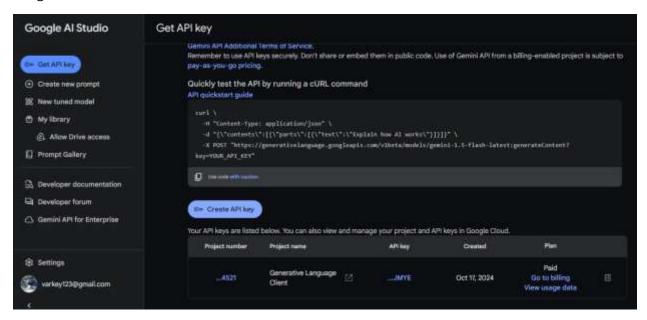
The very first step on all the projects mentioned in this note is to get the API key and store it in the environment variable.

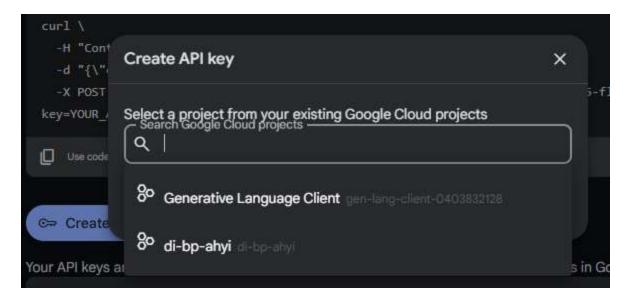
This is place from where we can get the key - <a href="https://aistudio.google.com/prompts/new\_chat">https://aistudio.google.com/prompts/new\_chat</a>



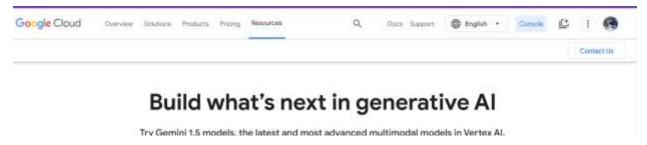
I have taken pay as you go model. Its important that we need to purchase the key for minimum usage



Please note we need a project name from google cloud to create a key if you click on create API key it will show a prompt as below



Here we need to go to google cloud page and click on console

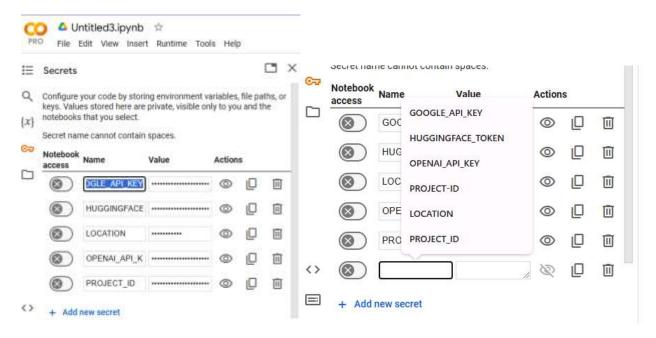


Then we will find a window were we can create a new project. Just give a name so that it reflects on the place while we create a api key.



Next what we want is to communicate with the GEMINI models using python with the help of API Key which we have created above.

For that lets put the key here on google colab by clicking Add new Secret button and give the name and value.



Our next step is installing the Python SDK for the Google Gemini which is contained in this particular package. ie Google generative AI.

# !pip install -q -U google-generativeai

we will go ahead and install this package.

Now this package is installed.

Along with this we are going to import some more important libraries ...

```
import pathlib
import textwrap
import google.generativeai as genai
from IPython.display import display
from IPython.display import Markdown
def to_markdown(text):
    text = text.replace("•", " *")
    return Markdown(textwrap.indent(text, "> ", predicate=lambda_: True))
```

we are going to import google. generativeal as genal which will be responsible in calling various Gemini models. Along with this we will be using IPython. display for displaying the entire response that we will be getting from the Gemini models. Then another function that is markdown. Also We are going to replace all . with \*. Then we are going to display the entire text over here.

In order to call our API key, there are two ways. First of all, we need to set your environment variable. In this case for Google Colab we have already created our secret key so lets call that

# Used to securely store your API key from google.colab import userdata

once we import this, the user data will be responsible in calling that particular API.

```
# Or use `os.getenv('GOOGLE_API_KEY')` to fetch an environment variable. GOOGLE_API_KEY = userdata.get("GOOGLE_API_KEY") genai.configure(api_key=GOOGLE_API_KEY)
```

This in short, we will be calling this particular API key with this value. Once we get it, we will be storing this in GOOGLE\_API\_KEY. After that we have to use this genai.configure() function to configure.

Next we want to know which are the list of models? For that run the below lines of code.

## for m in genai.list\_models():

if "generateContent" in m.supported\_generation\_methods:
 print(m.name)

Here in most of our projects we will be exploring with all these models.

Just try these lines of code

model = genai.GenerativeModel("gemini-1.5-flash")

### %%time

### response = model.generate\_content("What is the meaning of life?")

We can see inside the model there is a function which is called as generate \_content. By this we will be able to take some input in the form of text and generate whatever content that we really want. once we execute the above lines of code we will be able to see the response.

Lets go ahead and display the response using the below line of code.

to\_markdown(response.text)

Please note if the question we ask is against humanity like may be now to rob a bank or kill some one or how to insult someone then the API will fail to return a result, This is because of safety reasons. We can use the following - GenerateContentResponse.prompt\_feedback to see why it was blocked ?? (In our case as we wont be able to see any output as we got the response so its not blocked..)

### response.prompt\_feedback

to check the setting we can give the command

#### model

```
(Sorry it was showing empty.. I think we need to set it )
genai.GenerativeModel(
   model_name='models/gemini-1.5-flash',
   generation_config={},
   safety_settings={},
   tools=None,
   system_instruction=None,
   cached_content=None
```

Gemini can generate multiple possible responses for a single prompt. These possible responses are called candidates, we can review them to select the most suitable one as the response.

View the response candidates with <u>GenerateContentResponse.candidates</u>:

## response.candidates

By default, the model returns a response after completing the entire generation process. We can also stream the response as it is being generated, and the model will return chunks of the response as soon as they are generated.

To stream responses, use GenerativeModel.generate\_content(..., stream=True).

%%time

response = model.generate\_content("What is the meaning of life?", stream=True)

now lets display the above response chunk by chunk

for chunk in response: print(chunk.text) print("\_" \* 80)

Next if we want to Generate text from image and text inputs

Please note the Generative Model.generate\_content API is designed to handle multimodal prompts and returns a text output. So Let's include an image using the below command

!curl -o image.jpg https://t0.gstatic.com/licensed-image?q=tbn:ANd9GcQ\_Kevbk21QBRy-PgB4kQpS79brbmmEG7m3VOTShAn4PecDU5H5UxrJxE3Dw1JiaG17V88QIol19-3TM2wCHw

first of all, what we are doing by using this curl command is we are downloading the images. Once the image is downloaded we will go ahead and display this image.

import PIL.Image

img = PIL.Image.open("image.jpg")

img



Now in our local there will be something called as image.jpg. Next We're just going to call this and we will try to display it. Lets use the **gemini-1.5-flash** model and pass the image to the model with generate\_content. And again for this we are importing plot image okay.

model = genai.GenerativeModel("gemini-1.5-flash")

So here you can see this is my entire image okay guys.

```
response = model.generate_content(

[

"Write a short, engaging blog post based on this picture. It should include a description of the meal in the photo and talk about my journey meal prepping.",

img,

j,

stream=True,

response.resolve()
```

We can see how accurately the model was able to detect each and every object. And it was able to give you the answer.

to\_markdown(response.text)