LLMs Consistency in Describing and Scoring Personality

Danila Chernousov

MIPT

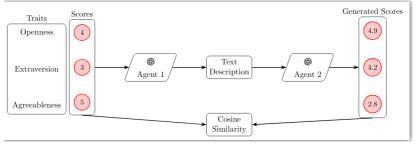
2025

Goals

- Develop a framework for measuring LLM fidelity in personality profiling for any set of personality traits.
- Evaluate LLM consistency in converting numerical personality scores to text and back.
- Assess LLM performance on both well-established (e.g., Big Five) and understudied/synthetic traits.
- ► Investigate the impact of parameters (e.g., temperature) and trait ordering on consistency.

LLMs consistency in personality scoring

Experiment pipeline



- 1. Big Five set of personality traits with a lot of research
- Personality conditioning prompting model with a personality

$$S_{agent,traits}: \mathsf{score} o \mathsf{text} \qquad S_{agent,traits}^{-1}: \mathsf{text} o \mathsf{score}$$

Research question: $S(S^{-1}) = I$?

Evaluating LLM Consistency

Core Challenge

- LLMs lack intrinsic personality; their responses vary based on input structure (e.g., **trait order**, **prompt phrasing**).
- Prompting agent with personality induces consistency.
- No frameworks for evaluating LLMs along arbitrary personality dimensions

Key Questions

- ► Can LLMs reliably map between numerical scores (**p**) and textual descriptions (**d**)?
- ▶ Is the reconstruction error $\|\mathbf{p} g(f(\mathbf{p}))\| < \epsilon$ consistent across traits?
- ▶ Does error increase for understudied traits $(S \subset P)$?

problem statement ends with quality criterion

Couple of motivational sentences

The problem

to investigate ...

The method needs a proper name here put the brief idea here

The solution

your results appears twice, as a promise here and as a contribution later

- 1) set ...,
- 2) put ...,
- 3) get

Temperature Experiment: Key Findings

Experimental Setup

- Varied temperature (0.2-1.5) during description generation
- ► 200 runs with Big Five traits

Optimal Range Found

- \triangleright Best balance at T = 1.25
- Preserves trait fidelity while allowing nuance

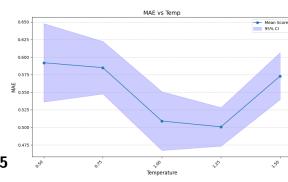


Figure: MAE vs. Temperature

Key Insight

Temperature isn't just stylistic - it **directly affects** how much latent trait signal survives text generation.

Ordering Experiment: Impact of Trait Sequence

Experimental Design

► Tested 4 trait orderings with Big Five:

Key Finding

 Order effect exists and is significant

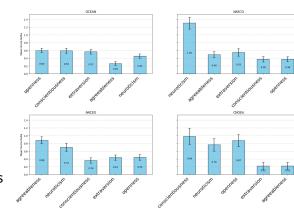


Figure: MAE across different trait orderings (O-C-E-A-N vs. alternatives)

Consistency Across Different Trait Sets

Key Findings

- ► Best performance on Big Five (MAE 0.26-0.6)
- Moderate success with clinical traits (MAE 0.4-1.2)
- ► Highest errors for synthetic traits (MAE up to 0.85)

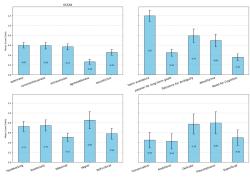


Figure: MAE across trait categories (your Fig.4 data)

Conclusion & Limitations

Key Findings

- Two-stage framework effectively measures LLM consistency in personality simulation
- ➤ Significant ordering effects: Up to 11% MAE variation across sequences
- Performance hierarchy:
 - ▶ Big Five (best) \gg Clinical traits \gg Abstract/Synthetic

Limitations

- Single-model bias (DeepSeekV3 only)
- Numerical MAE may mask semantic errors

 Ordering effects not tested on synthetic traits