

数值分析实践报告（八）

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一、实验项目名称： 数值积分

二、实验目的：熟悉并掌握复合辛普森法、Romberg 法求数值积分

三、实验内容：八_1、P154 练习 8.4----对不同的 $n=10,20$ 进行实验；八_2、P162 练习 8.11---三个积分都做，按照表 8.3 写报告。

四、程序设计

% 练习 8.4 n=10 时

```
sn1=0;
sn2=0;
x1=0.1:0.1:0.9;
x2=0.05:0.1:0.95;
for i=1:9
    sn1=sn1+sin(x1(i))/x1(i);
end
for j=1:10
    sn2=sn2+sin(x2(j))/x2(j);
end
sn=(1+sin(1)/1+4*sn2+2* sn1)/60
```

%练习 8.4 n=20 时

```
sn1=0;
sn2=0;
x1=0.05:0.05:0.95;
x2=0.025:0.05:0.975;
for i=1:length(x1)
    sn1=sn1+sin(x1(i))/x1(i);
end
for j=1:length(x2)
    sn2=sn2+sin(x2(j))/x2(j);
end
sn=(1+sin(1)/1+4*sn2+2* sn1)/120
```

%练习 8.11 (1)

```
interval=[-1,1];
a=interval(1);b=interval(2);
h=b-a;
syms x
y=sin(x)/x;
Told=eval(subs(y,x,a))+eval(subs(y,x,b));
Sold=NaN;Cold=NaN;Rold=NaN;
A=[0,Told,Sold,Cold,Rold];
Tnew=0.5*Told+0.5*h*1;
Snew=(4*Tnew-Told)/3;
Cnew=(16*Snew-Sold)/15;
Rnew=(64*Cnew-Cold)/63;
A=[A;1,Tnew,Snew,Cnew,Rnew];
h=h/2;
for i=2:10
    intervalx=a+h/2:h:b-h/2;
    sumy=0;
    for j=1:length(intervalx)
        sumy=sumy+eval(subs(y,x,intervalx(j)));
    end
    Tnew=0.5*Told+0.5*h*sumy;
    Snew=(4*Tnew-Told)/3;
    Cnew=(16*Snew-Sold)/15;
    Rnew=(64*Cnew-Cold)/63;
```

	<pre> A=[A;i,Tnew,Snew,Cnew,Rnew]; h=h/2; Told=Tnew;Sold=Snew;Cold=Cnew;Rold=Rnew; end A </pre>
<pre> %练习 8.11 (2) interval=[0,3]; a=interval(1); b=interval(2); h=b-a; syms x y=x*sqrt(1+x^2); Told=eval(subs(y,x,a))+eval(subs(y,x,b)); Sold=NaN;Cold=NaN; Rold=NaN; A=[0,Told,Sold,Cold,Rold]; for i=1:9 intervalx=a+h/2:h:b-h/2; sumy=0; for j=1:length(intervalx) sumy=sumy+eval(subs(y,x,intervalx(j))); end Tnew=0.5*Told+0.5* h*sumy; Snew=(4*Tnew-Told)/3; Cnew=(16*Snew-Sold)/15; Rnew=(64*Cnew-Cold)/63; A=[A;i,Tnew,Snew,Cnew, Rnew]; h=h/2; Told=Tnew; Sold=Snew;Cold=Cnew;Rold=Rnew; end A </pre>	<pre> %练习 8.11 (3) interval=[0,3]; a=interval(1); b=interval(2); h=b-a; syms x y=x^(5/2); Told=eval(subs(y,x,a))+eval(subs(y,x,b)); Sold=NaN;Cold=NaN;Rold=NaN; A=[0,Told,Sold,Cold,Rold]; for i=1:9 intervalx=a+h/2:h:b-h/2; sumy=0; for j=1:length(intervalx) sumy=sumy+eval(subs(y,x,intervalx(j))); end Tnew=0.5*Told+0.5*h*sumy; Snew=(4*Tnew-Told)/3; Cnew=(16*Snew-Sold)/15; Rnew=(64*Cnew-Cold)/63; A=[A;i,Tnew,Snew,Cnew,Rnew];h=h/2; Told=Tnew;Sold=Snew;Cold=Cnew;Rold=Rnew; end A </pre>

五、实验结果（包含图表）

练习 8.4 中, $n = 10$ 时 $s_n = 0.9461$, $n = 20$ 时 $s_n = 0.9461$ 。

练习 8.11 中, 求 I_1 的表格结果为

```
>> exp15194694_8_2
A =
```

0	1.6829	NaN	NaN	NaN
1.0000	1.8415	1.8943	NaN	NaN
2.0000	1.8003	1.8394	NaN	NaN
3.0000	1.8494	1.8658	1.8675	NaN
4.0000	1.8716	1.8790	1.8798	1.8800
5.0000	1.8821	1.8856	1.8860	1.8861
6.0000	1.8872	1.8889	1.8891	1.8891
7.0000	1.8897	1.8905	1.8906	1.8906
8.0000	1.8909	1.8913	1.8914	1.8914
9.0000	1.8915	1.8918	1.8918	1.8918

求 I_2 的表格结果为

```
>> exp15194694_8_3
A =
```

0	9.4868	NaN	NaN	NaN
1.0000	8.7997	8.5706	NaN	NaN
2.0000	9.2579	9.4107	9.4667	NaN
3.0000	9.6734	9.8119	9.8387	9.8446
4.0000	9.9258	10.0099	10.0231	10.0261
5.0000	10.0630	10.1088	10.1154	10.1168
6.0000	10.1344	10.1582	10.1615	10.1622
7.0000	10.1708	10.1829	10.1845	10.1849
8.0000	10.1891	10.1952	10.1961	10.1962
9.0000	10.1983	10.2014	10.2018	10.2019

求 I_3 的表格结果为

```
>> exp15194694_8_4
A =
```

0	15.5885	NaN	NaN	NaN
1.0000	11.9277	10.7075	NaN	NaN
2.0000	12.0245	12.0568	12.1468	NaN
3.0000	12.5397	12.7115	12.7551	12.7648
4.0000	12.9125	13.0367	13.0584	13.0632
5.0000	13.1275	13.1992	13.2100	13.2124
6.0000	13.2421	13.2803	13.2858	13.2870
7.0000	13.3012	13.3209	13.3236	13.3242
8.0000	13.3312	13.3412	13.3426	13.3429
9.0000	13.3463	13.3514	13.3521	13.3522

六、实验结果分析（实验总结、心得体会）

通过本次实验, 学习了复合辛普森法、Romberg 法求数值积分, 掌握了运用他们来求积分。

注: 如果报告超过 1 页, 需双面打印。