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Abstract—This manual is an introduction to control systems based on GATE problems.Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/control/codes

### 1 STABILITY

- 1.1 Second order System
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- 4.1. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by

$$G(s) = \frac{\pi e^{-0.25s}}{s} \tag{4.1.1}$$

4.2. Find Re  $\{G(1\omega)\}\$  and Im  $\{G(1\omega)\}\$ .

**Solution:** From (4.1.1),

$$G(j\omega) = -\frac{\pi}{\omega}(\sin 0.25\omega + j\cos 0.25\omega) \quad (4.2.1)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}\left\{G(j\omega)\right\} = -\frac{\pi}{\omega}(\sin 0.25\omega) \tag{4.2.2}$$

$$\operatorname{Im}\left\{G(j\omega)\right\} = -\frac{\pi}{\omega}(j\cos 0.25\omega) \qquad (4.2.3)$$

4.3. Sketch the Nyquist plot.

**Solution:** The Nyquist plot is a graph of Re $\{G(j\omega)\}$  vs Im $\{G(j\omega)\}$ . The following python code generates the Nyquist plot in Fig. 4.3

codes/ee18btech11007.py

4.4. Find the point at which the Nyquist plot of G(s) passes through the negative real axis

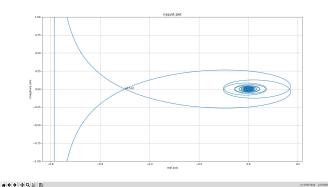


Fig. 4.3

**Solution:** Nyquist plot cuts the negative real axis at  $\omega$  for which

$$\angle G(1\omega) = -\pi \tag{4.4.1}$$

From (4.1.1),

1

1

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{\pi e^{-\frac{j\omega}{4}}}{1\omega} = \frac{\pi e^{-j(\frac{\omega}{4} + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\omega}$$
 (4.4.2)

$$\implies \angle G(j\omega) = -\left(\frac{\omega}{4} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \tag{4.4.3}$$

From (4.4.3) and (4.4.1),

$$\frac{\omega}{4} + \frac{\pi}{2} = \pi \tag{4.4.4}$$

$$\implies \omega = 2\pi$$
 (4.4.5)

Also, from (4.1.1),

$$|G(j\omega)| = \frac{\pi}{|\omega|}$$
 (4.4.6)

$$\implies \left| G(j2\pi) \right| = \frac{1}{2} \tag{4.4.7}$$

Variable	Value	Description
Z	0	Poles of $\frac{G(s)}{1+G(s)H(s)}$ in right half of s plane
N	0	No of clockwise encirclements of nyquist plot of G(s)H(s) about the critical point -1+0j
P	0	No of poles of G(s)H(s) in the right half of s-plane

TABLE 4.4

4.5. Find the value of *N* defined in Table 4.4 from Fig. 4.3.

**Solution:** N = 0. as there are no encirclements of the nyquist plot of G(s) about -1+0j

4.6. Find the value of P defined in Table 4.4 from (4.1.1)

**Solution:** H(s) = 1, G(s)H(s) = G(s). Also, G(s) has a pole at s = 0, hence P = 0.

4.7. Use the Nyquist Stability criterion to determine if the system in 4.1.1 is stable.

**Solution:** Nyquist criterion: the no of encirclements of nyquist plot around origin equals difference of no of zeros and no of poles in the right half of splane, the system is stable if

$$Z = P + N = 0, (4.7.1)$$

where Z is defined in Table 4.4.  $\therefore$  Z = 0 from 4.7.1, so the system is stable.