#### 1

# Control Systems

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### **CONTENTS**

# 1 Feedback Circuits

Abstract—This manual is an introduction to control systems based on GATE problems.Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/ control/codes

## 1 FEEDBACK CIRCUITS

1.0.1. Part of the circuit of the MC1553 Amplifier is shown in circuit1 in fig.1.0.1 ,Answer below questions using values from Table 1.0.1

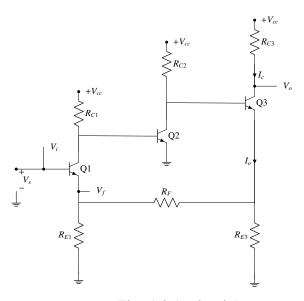


Fig. 1.0.1: circuit1

1.0.2. use feedback analysis to find open loop gain G **Solution:** employing loading rules in fig.1.0.1,we obtain circuit3 given in fig.1.0.2 to find  $G = \frac{I_0}{V_i}$  we determine the gain of first stage,this is written by inspection as-

$$\frac{V_{c1}}{V_i} = \frac{-\alpha (R_{c1} || r_{\pi 2})}{r_{e1} + (R_{E1} || (R_F + R_{E2}))}$$
(1.0.2.1)

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Parameter	Value
$R_{C1}$	$9k\Omega$
$R_{E1}$	100Ω
$R_{C2}$	$5k\Omega$
$R_F$	640Ω
$R_{E2}$	100Ω
$R_{C3}$	600Ω
$h_{fe}$	100
$r_o$	$\infty\Omega$
$I_{C1}$	0.6mA
$I_{C2}$	1mA
$I_{C3}$	4mA
$r_{e1}$	41.7Ω
$r_{\pi 2}$	$2.5k\Omega$
$\alpha$ 1	0.99
$g_{m2}$	40mA/V
$r_{e3}$	$6.25\Omega$
$r_{o3}$	$25k\Omega$
$r_{\pi 3}$	625Ω

TABLE 1.0.1: parameters

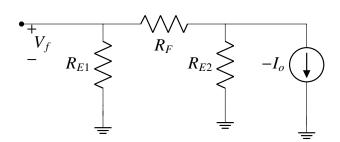


Fig. 1.0.1: circuit2

using values from 1.0.1

$$\frac{V_{c1}}{V_i} = -14.92V/V \tag{1.0.2.2}$$

Next, we determine the gain of the second stage, which

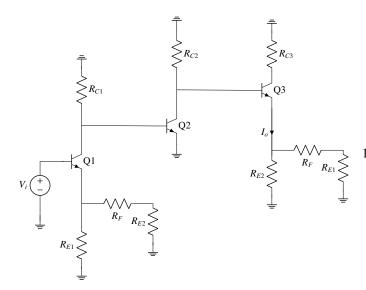


Fig. 1.0.2: circuit3

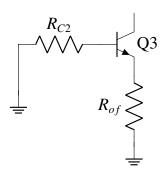


Fig. 1.0.2: circuit4

can be written by inspection(noting that  $V_{b2} = V_{c1}$ )as

$$\frac{V_{c2}}{V_{c1}} = -g_{m2}R_{c2}||(h_{fe} + 1)[r_{e3} + (R_{E2}||(R_F + R_{E1}))]$$
(1.0.2.3)

substituting ,results in

$$\frac{V_{c2}}{V_{c1}} = -131.2V/V \tag{1.0.2.4}$$

Finally, for the third stage we can write by inspection

$$\frac{I_0}{V_{c2}} = \frac{I_{e3}}{V_{b3}} = \frac{1}{r_{e3} + (R_{E2}||(R_F + R_{E1}))}$$
(1.0.2.5)

substituing values from 1.0.1 gives

$$\frac{I_0}{V_{c2}} = 10.6mA/V \tag{1.0.2.6}$$

combining the gains of the three stags results in

$$G = \frac{I_0}{V_i} = -14.92 \times -131.2 \times 10.6 \times 10^{-3} = 20.7A/V$$
(1.0.2.7)

1.0.3. Find Feedback Factor H

Solution: feedback factor H can be found from feed-

back network, The feedback network consists of resistors  $R_{E1}$ ,  $R_F$ ,  $R_{E2}$  using circuit2 in fig. 1.0.1 we get

$$H = \frac{V_f}{I_0} = \frac{R_{E2}}{R_{E2} + R_F + R_{E1}} \times R_{E1}$$
 (1.0.3.1)

$$H = \frac{100}{100 + 640 + 100} \times 100 = 11.9\Omega \qquad (1.0.3.2)$$

1.0.4. Find closed loop gain T and Voltage Gain  $V_0/V_s$  Solution:

$$T = \frac{I_0}{V_s} = \frac{G}{1 + GH} = \frac{20.7}{1 + 20.7 \times 11.9} = 83.7 \text{mA/V}$$
(1.0.4.1)

the voltage gain is found from

$$\frac{V_0}{V_s} = \frac{-I_c R_{c3}}{V_s} \approx \frac{-I_0 R_{C3}}{V_s} = -T R_{C3}$$
 (1.0.4.2)

$$= -83.7 \times 10^{-3} \times 600 = -50.2V/V \tag{1.0.4.3}$$

1.0.5. Now assume Loop gain is large and find approximate expression for closed loop gain  $T = \frac{I_o}{V_c}$ 

**Solution:** When GH >> 1,

$$T = \frac{I_0}{V_s} \approx \frac{1}{H} \tag{1.0.5.1}$$

as

$$H = \frac{V_f}{I_0} = \frac{R_{E2}}{R_{E2} + R_F + R_{E1}} \times R_{E1}$$
 (1.0.5.2)

$$= \frac{100}{100 + 640 + 100} \times 100 = 11.9\Omega \tag{1.0.5.3}$$

thus,

$$T = \frac{1}{11.9} = 84mA/V \tag{1.0.5.4}$$

$$\frac{I_c}{V_s} \approx \frac{I_0}{V_s} = 84mA/V \tag{1.0.5.5}$$

which we note is very close to the approximate value found in (1.0.4.1)

1.0.6. Find Voltage gain  $\frac{V_0}{V_s}$  for above approximation

$$\frac{V_0}{V_s} = \frac{-I_c R_{C3}}{V_s} = -84 \times 0.6 = -50.4 V/V \qquad (1.0.6.1)$$

1.0.7. Find  $R_{in}$  and  $R_{out}$  for circuit in fig.1.0.1 **Solution:** 

$$R_{in} = R_{if} = R_i(1 + GH) \tag{1.0.7.1}$$

where  $R_i$  is the input resistance of the G circuit. The value of  $R_i$  can be found from the circuit in fig. 1.0.2 as follows:

$$R_i = (h_{fe} + 1)(r_{e1} + (R_{E1}||(R_F + R_{E2}))) = 13.65K\Omega$$
(1.0.7.2)

$$R_{if} = 13.65(1 + 20.7 \times 11.9) = 3.38M\Omega$$
 (1.0.7.3)

$$R_{of} = R_o(1 + GH) \tag{1.0.7.4}$$

where  $R_o$  can be determined to be

$$R_o = (R_{E2} || (R_F + R_{E1})) + r_{e3} + \frac{R_{C2}}{h_{fe} + 1}$$
 (1.0.7.5)

from values in Table 1.0.1, yields  $R_o = 143.9\Omega$ . The output resistance  $R_{of}$  of the feedback amplifier can now

$$R_{of} = R_o(1 + GH) = 143.9(1 + 20.7 \times 11.9) = 35.6K\Omega$$
 (1.0.7.6)

Rout is found by using circuit4 in fig.1.0.2

$$R_{out}$$
 is found by using circuit4 in fig.1.0.2
$$R_{out} = r_{o3} + [R_{of}||(r_{\pi 3} + R_{C2})](1 + g_{m3}r_{o3}\frac{r_{\pi 3}}{r_{\pi 3} + R_{C2}})$$
(1.0.7.7)

$$= 25 + [35.6||(5.625)][1 + 160 \times 25 \frac{0.625}{5.625}] = 2.19M\Omega$$
(1.0.7.8)

thus  $R_{out}$  is increased (from  $r_{o3}$ ) but not by (1+GH) 1.0.8. put the obtained parameters in a table

# **Solution:**

Parameter	Value
G	20.7A/V
Н	11.9Ω
T	83.7mA/V
$V_o/V_s$	-50.2V/V
$R_{in}$	$3.38M\Omega$
$R_{out}$	$2.19M\Omega$
$R_{of}$	$35.6k\Omega$

TABLE 1.0.8: parameters

1.0.9. Represent this amplifier in a control system Block Dia-

Solution: figure in fig.1.0.9 represents our control sys-

1.0.10. write a code for doing calculations and verify the values obtained in 1.0.8

> Solution: following code does all the calculations of above equations to give parameters in 1.0.8

codes/ee18btech11007/circuit calc.py

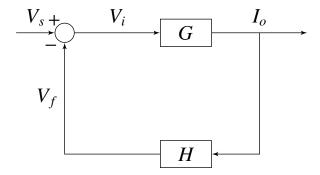


Fig. 1.0.9: block diagram