Project Title: System Verification and Validation Plan for Chess Connect

Team #4,
Alexander Van Kralingen
Arshdeep Aujla
Jonathan Cels
Joshua Chapman
Rupinder Nagra

November 2, 2022

1 Revision History

Date		Version	Notes
October 2022	31,	Arshdeep Aujla	Added section 3
Date 2		1.1	Notes

Contents

1	Revision History					
2	Syn	abols, Abbreviations and Acronyms	iv			
3	Ger	neral Information	1			
	3.1	Summary	1			
	3.2	Objectives	1			
	3.3	Relevant Documentation	1			
4	Pla	\mathbf{n}	2			
	4.1	Verification and Validation Team	2			
	4.2	SRS Verification Plan	2			
	4.3	Design Verification Plan	2			
	4.4	Implementation Verification Plan	2			
	4.5	Automated Testing and Verification Tools	2			
	4.6	Software Validation Plan	3			
5	Sys	tem Test Description	3			
	5.1	Tests for Functional Requirements	3			
		5.1.1 Game Active State	3			
		5.1.2 Game Inactive State	5			
		5.1.3 Normal Mode	7			
		5.1.4 Engine Mode	10			
		5.1.5 Beginner Mode	14			
	5.2	Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements	17			
		5.2.1 Area of Testing1	17			
		5.2.2 Area of Testing2	18			
	5.3	Traceability Between Test Cases and Requirements	18			
6	Uni	t Test Description	18			
	6.1	Unit Testing Scope	18			
	6.2	Tests for Functional Requirements	18			
	6.3	Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements	18			
		6.3.1 Module ?	19			
		6.3.2 Module ?	19			
	6.4	Traceability Between Test Cases and Modules	19			

7	Appendix				
	7.1	Symbolic Parameters	20		
	7.2	Usability Survey Questions?	20		
${f L}$	ist	of Tables			
	[Rer	move this section if it isn't needed —SS]			
${f L}$	ist	of Figures			
	[Rer	nove this section if it isn't needed —SS			

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

symbol	description	
T	Test	

[symbols, abbreviations or acronyms – you can simply reference the SRS (Author, 2019) tables, if appropriate —SS]

This document ... [provide an introductory blurb and roadmap of the Verification and Validation plan —SS]

3 General Information

3.1 Summary

The project name is Chess Connect. It is comprised of software and hardware components. The hardware will consist of a reactive chess set connected to a microcontroller. The microcontroller will relay information on the chess board in the form of LEDs of the possible moves the user can make. The software component of this project will consist of a web application that will reflect all of the chess piece's location on the physical board.

3.2 Objectives

The following objectives are the qualities that are the most important for the project.

- The hardware should reflect relevent information on the LEDs on the chess board
- The software component should reflect the physical chess board in nearreal time
- The movement of the chess pieces should be recorded by the hardware

3.3 Relevant Documentation

The following documents are relevent to this project.

- SRS
- Hazard Analysis
- Requirements Document
- Design Document
- VnV Report

4 Plan

[Introduce this section. You can provide a roadmap of the sections to come. —SS]

4.1 Verification and Validation Team

[You, your classmates and the course instructor. Maybe your supervisor. You should do more than list names. You should say what each person's role is for the project. A table is a good way to summarize this information.
—SS]

4.2 SRS Verification Plan

[List any approaches you intend to use for SRS verification. This may just be ad hoc feedback from reviewers, like your classmates, or you may have something more rigorous/systematic in mind..—SS]

[Remember you have an SRS checklist—SS]

4.3 Design Verification Plan

[Plans for design verification —SS]

[The review will include reviews by your classmates —SS]

[Remember you have MG and MIS checklists —SS]

4.4 Implementation Verification Plan

[You should at least point to the tests listed in this document and the unit testing plan. —SS]

[In this section you would also give any details of any plans for static verification of the implementation. Potential techniques include code walk-throughs, code inspection, static analyzers, etc. —SS]

4.5 Automated Testing and Verification Tools

[What tools are you using for automated testing. Likely a unit testing framework and maybe a profiling tool, like ValGrind. Other possible tools include a static analyzer, make, continuous integration tools, test coverage tools, etc.

Explain your plans for summarizing code coverage metrics. Linters are another important class of tools. For the programming language you select, you should look at the available linters. There may also be tools that verify that coding standards have been respected, like flake9 for Python. —SS

[The details of this section will likely evolve as you get closer to the implementation. —SS]

4.6 Software Validation Plan

[If there is any external data that can be used for validation, you should point to it here. If there are no plans for validation, you should state that here. —SS]

5 System Test Description

5.1 Tests for Functional Requirements

The following functional requirements are split into subsections that describe the Active and Inactive states of the system, and the behaviour for the different user modes of the application. Each of the user modes include distinct actions due to the purposes of each mode.

5.1.1 Game Active State

1. GA-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Active State.

Input: The user will press the Resign/Draw button.

Output: The system will be changed to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Resign/Draw button being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state has been modified.

2. GA-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Active State.

Input: The user will press the New Game button.

Output: The system will be unchanged.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall remain in the Game Active State after the New Game button is pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see that the game state has not been modified.

3. GA-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Active State.

Input: The user will switch to one of the user modes (Normal Mode, Engine Mode, Beginner Mode).

Output: The system will be changed to the selected user mode.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the selected user mode due to the appropriate user mode switch being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the user mode will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the user mode has been modified.

4. GA-6

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Inactive State.

Input: The game is changed to the Game Active State.

Output: The game state will be reset to the starting position.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be reset to the default starting position due to it entering the Game Active State.

How test will be performed: The function that resets the starting position will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the board state has been reset to the starting position.

5. GA-7

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Active State.

Input: The game results in a stalemate or checkmate.

Output: The game state will be changed to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be changed to the Game Inactive state due a stalemate or checkmate ending the game.

How test will be performed: The function that modifies the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state has been changed to the Game Inactive State based on the checkmate or stalemate termination type.

5.1.2 Game Inactive State

1. GI-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Inactive State.

Input: The user will press the New Game button.

Output: The system will be changed to the Game Active State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Active State due to the New Game button being pressed, starting the game at the default position.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state has been modified to the Game Active State.

2. GI-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Inactive State.

Input: The user will try to switch to one of the user modes (Normal Mode, Engine Mode, Beginner Mode).

Output: The system will be unchanged to the selected user mode.

Test Case Derivation: The game state shall be unchanged due to the user mode appropriate switch being pressed in the Game Inactive State.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the user mode will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state has been unmodified.

3. GI-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Inactive State.

Input: The user will press the Resign/Draw button.

Output: The system will be unchanged.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Resign/Draw button having no effect.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is unchanged.

4. GI-4

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Inactive State.

Input: The user will move a piece.

Output: The board state is not sent to the web application.

Test Case Derivation: The board state will not be sent due to the Resign/Draw button having no effect as it is in the Game Inactive State.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is unchanged.

5. GI-5

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in the Game Active State.

Input: The game is terminated.

Output: The display the final game and message with the game termination type (stalemate, checkmate, resignation, draw).

Test Case Derivation: The game shall output the final game and message due to the game being terminated.

How test will be performed: The function that handles actions after game termination will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the final game and message with termination type are displayed.

5.1.3 Normal Mode

1. NB-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: A piece has been moved to a square.

Output: The system stores the position, colour, and type of piece in the micro-controller.

Test Case Derivation: The system should contain the position, colour, and type in the micro-controller after a piece has been moved to a square in order to track the board state for the web application.

How test will be performed: The function that accesses the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the position, colour, and type of piece are stored in the micro-controller.

2. NB-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: The user will hold down the Resign button for ENDTIME seconds.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Resign button being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

3. NB-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: Both users will hold down the Draw button for ENDTIME seconds each located on their side of the board.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Draw buttons being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

4. ND-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: The system shall send the micro-controller output over the chosen data transfer method as an input to the web application.

Output: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should receive new information regarding the board state over the chosen data transfer method.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any information is being transmitted from the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the appropriate information has been received.

5. NA-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Output: The web application will display the updated game board configuration with the data of the previous move.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should update the board configuration after receiving new information about the board state.

How test will be performed: The function that updates the game board configuration will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the board state has been updated.

6. NA-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Normal Mode.

Input: The game has been terminated through method of stalemate, checkmate, resignation, or draw.

Output: The web application will display a message with the method of game termination and the system shall change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should display a message signifying user of the method of game termination and the game should modify state if the game has ended.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any of the game termination method in effect will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will output the termination method and change the game state to the Game Inactive State.

5.1.4 Engine Mode

1. EB-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: A piece has been moved to a square.

Output: The system stores the position, colour, and type of piece in the micro-controller.

Test Case Derivation: The system should contain the position, colour, and type in the micro-controller after a piece has been moved to a square.

How test will be performed: The function that accesses the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the position, colour, and type of piece are stored in the micro-controller.

2. EB-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The user will hold down the Resign button for ENDTIME seconds.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Resign button being pressed for ENDTIME seconds, signifying that the game should end.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

3. EB-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: Both users will hold down the Draw button for ENDTIME seconds each located on their side of the board.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Draw buttons being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

4. EB-4

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The top engine moves are transmitted to the LCD display from the web application.

Output: The LCD display shows the top engine moves.

Test Case Derivation: The top engine moves need to be transmitted to the LCD display in order to show both users the best moves for a position.

How test will be performed: The function that displays characters on the LCD display will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the requested characters are correctly displayed.

5. ED-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The system shall send the micro-controller output over the chosen data transfer method as an input to the web application.

Output: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should receive new information regarding the board state over the chosen data transfer method.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any information is being transmitted from the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the appropriate information has been received.

6. ED-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The system shall send the web application engine moves to the LCD display over the chosen data transfer method.

Output: The LCD display shall receive the web application output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Test Case Derivation: The LCD display should receive the top engine moves over the chosen data transfer method.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any information is being transmitted from the web application using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the appropriate information has been received by the LCD display.

7. EA-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Output: The web application will display the updated game board configuration with the data of the previous move

Test Case Derivation: The web application should update the board configuration after receiving new information about the board state.

How test will be performed: The function that updates the game board configuration will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the board state has been updated.

8. EA-5

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The system shall use the chess engine to evaluate the position and calculate the best engine moves.

Output: The system shall display the calculated engine moves on the web application.

Test Case Derivation: The chess engine should update the board configuration after receiving new information about the board state.

How test will be performed: The function that calculates the engine moves will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the correct engine moves are played by comparing the results to the identical engine on an online platform.

9. EA-6

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Engine Mode.

Input: The game has been terminated through method of stalemate, checkmate, resignation, or draw.

Output: The web application will display a message with the method of game termination and the system shall change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should display a message signifying user of the method of game termination and the game should modify state if the game has ended.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any of the game termination methods are in effect will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will out the termination method of change the game state to the Game Inactive State.

5.1.5 Beginner Mode

1. BB-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: A piece has been moved to a square.

Output: The system stores the position, colour, and type of piece in the micro-controller.

Test Case Derivation: The system should contain the position, colour, and type in the micro-controller after a piece has been moved to a square.

How test will be performed: The function that accesses the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the position, colour, and type of piece are stored in the micro-controller.

2. BB-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The user picks up a piece.

Output: Allow user to view all legal moves with green LED lights on valid squares.

Test Case Derivation: This is needed to ensure users provide legal inputs to the system, and also provide visual feedback to accelerate learning.

How test will be performed: The function that accesses the legal moves and LEDs will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the correct legal moves are shown with green LED lights.

3. BB-3

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The player makes an illegal move.

Output: The tile that the piece is moved onto will display a red LED light.

Test Case Derivation: This is needed to prevent users from providing illegal inputs to the system to minimize errors, and also provide visual feedback to accelerate learning.

How test will be performed: The function that accesses the legal moves and LEDs will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will display a red LED light if the output is not within the legal moves.

4. BB-4

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The user will hold down the Resign button for ENDTIME seconds.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Resign button being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

5. BB-5

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: Both users will hold down the Draw button for ENDTIME seconds each located on their side of the board.

Output: The game state will change to the Game Inactive State.

Test Case Derivation: The game shall be in the Game Inactive State due to the Draw buttons being pressed.

How test will be performed: The function that changes the game state will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the game state is in the Game Inactive State.

6. BD-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The system shall send the micro-controller output over the chosen data transfer method as an input to the web application.

Output: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Test Case Derivation: The web application should receive new information regarding the board state over the chosen data transfer method.

How test will be performed: The function that checks to see if any information is being transmitted from the micro-controller will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the appropriate information has been received.

7. BA-1

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The user clicks to view the instructions regarding the rules of chess.

Output: The web application displays a detailed set of rules on how to to play chess.

Test Case Derivation: TIt is necessary for users to have a set of instructions as reference while using the application in Beginner Mode.

How test will be performed: The function that displays the rules will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the web application is displaying the rules.

8. BA-2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual

Initial State: The game is in Beginner Mode.

Input: The web application shall receive the micro-controller output sent over the chosen data transfer method.

Output: The web application will display the updated game board configuration with the data of the previous move

Test Case Derivation: The web application should update the board configuration after receiving new information about the board state.

How test will be performed: The function that updates the game board configuration will be run using the appropriate inputs. After it has ran we will check to see if the board state has been updated.

5.2 Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements

[The nonfunctional requirements for accuracy will likely just reference the appropriate functional tests from above. The test cases should mention reporting the relative error for these tests. —SS]

[Tests related to usability could include conducting a usability test and survey. —SS]

5.2.1 Area of Testing1

Title for Test

1. test-id1

Type:

Initial State:

Input/Condition:

Output/Result:

How test will be performed:

2. test-id2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual, Static etc.

Initial State:

Input: Output:

How test will be performed:

5.2.2 Area of Testing2

. . .

5.3 Traceability Between Test Cases and Requirements

[Provide a table that shows which test cases are supporting which requirements. —SS]

6 Unit Test Description

[Reference your MIS and explain your overall philosophy for test case selection. —SS] [This section should not be filled in until after the MIS has been completed. —SS]

6.1 Unit Testing Scope

[What modules are outside of the scope. If there are modules that are developed by someone else, then you would say here if you aren't planning on verifying them. There may also be modules that are part of your software, but have a lower priority for verification than others. If this is the case, explain your rationale for the ranking of module importance. —SS]

6.2 Tests for Functional Requirements

6.3 Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements

[If there is a module that needs to be independently assessed for performance, those test cases can go here. In some projects, planning for nonfunctional

tests of units will not be that relevant. —SS]

[These tests may involve collecting performance data from previously mentioned functional tests. —SS]

6.3.1 Module?

1. test-id1

Type: [Functional, Dynamic, Manual, Automatic, Static etc. Most will be automatic —SS]

Initial State:

Input/Condition:

Output/Result:

How test will be performed:

2. test-id2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual, Static etc.

Initial State:

Input:

Output:

How test will be performed:

6.3.2 Module?

...

6.4 Traceability Between Test Cases and Modules

[Provide evidence that all of the modules have been considered. —SS]

References

Author Author. System requirements specification. https://github.com/..., 2019.

7 Appendix

This is where you can place additional information.

7.1 Symbolic Parameters

The definition of the test cases will call for SYMBOLIC_CONSTANTS. Their values are defined in this section for easy maintenance.

7.2 Usability Survey Questions?

[This is a section that would be appropriate for some projects. —SS]