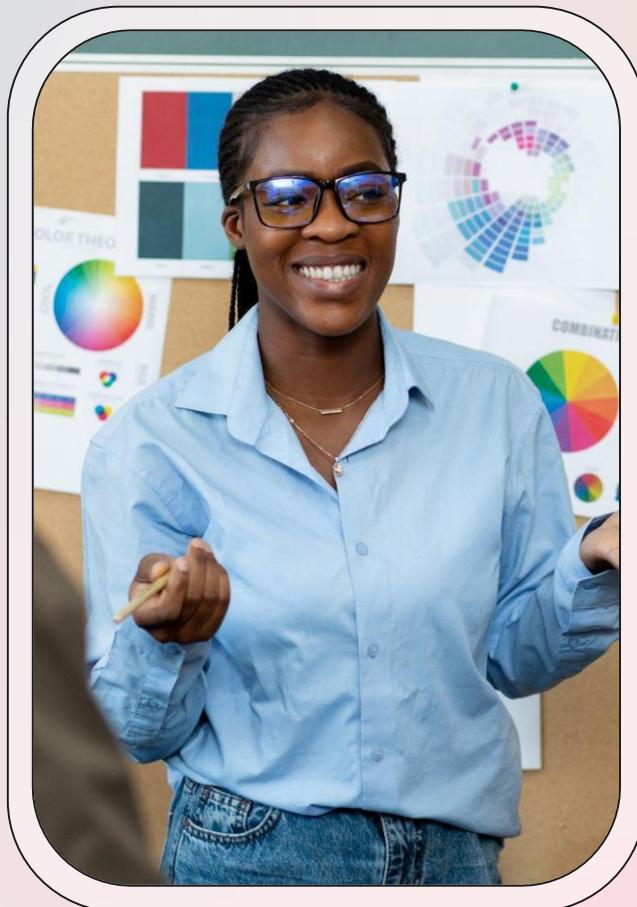


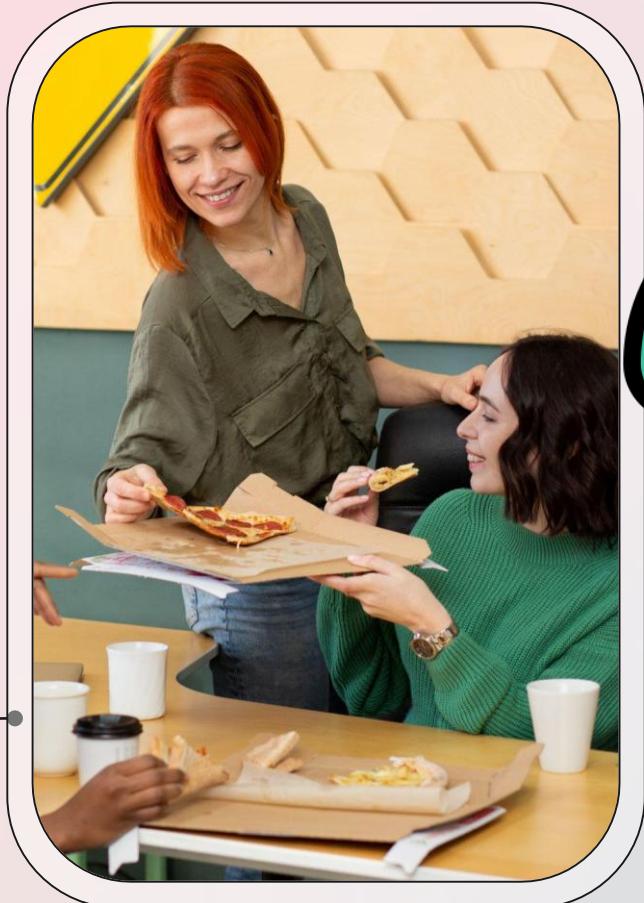
# UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO ENTREPRENEURSHIP

There is no better time than NOW.



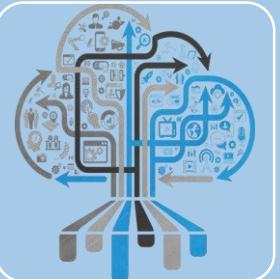
Prepared by: Sangay Phuntsho  
Associate Lecturer  
College of Science and Technology  
([sangayphuntsho.cst@rub.edu.bt](mailto:sangayphuntsho.cst@rub.edu.bt))





WHAT IS  
**ENTREPRENEURSHIP?**

# From Barter to Billion-Dollar Ideas: Evolution of entrepreneurship



Ancient Times:  
Traders and  
craftsmen  
exchange goods

Exploration Era:  
Risk-taking  
merchants backed  
global voyages

Industrial Age:  
Innovators like  
Henry Ford scale  
production

Tech Revolution:  
Icons like Steve  
Jobs turn ideas  
into global  
empires.

Global Rise:  
Entrepreneurship  
fuels inclusion and  
impact  
worldwide.

Digital & AI Era:  
Platforms,  
purpose,  
and  
planetary  
challenges  
redefine  
entrepreneurship  
as a force for  
innovation *and*  
social good.

**Today, entrepreneurship isn't just about profit: It's about solving problems that matter**

# Entrepreneurship

- An activity involving the discovery of a pain-killing (relieving) business opportunity
- Usually an innovation driven venture, focusing on streamlining business processes.
- Generates new ideas that are rich in value.
- Usually disrupts an existing market or offers entirely new solution.



# IS YOUR INNOVATION IDEA A VITAMIN OR PAINKILLER?

---

VITAMIN   or   PAINKILLER?

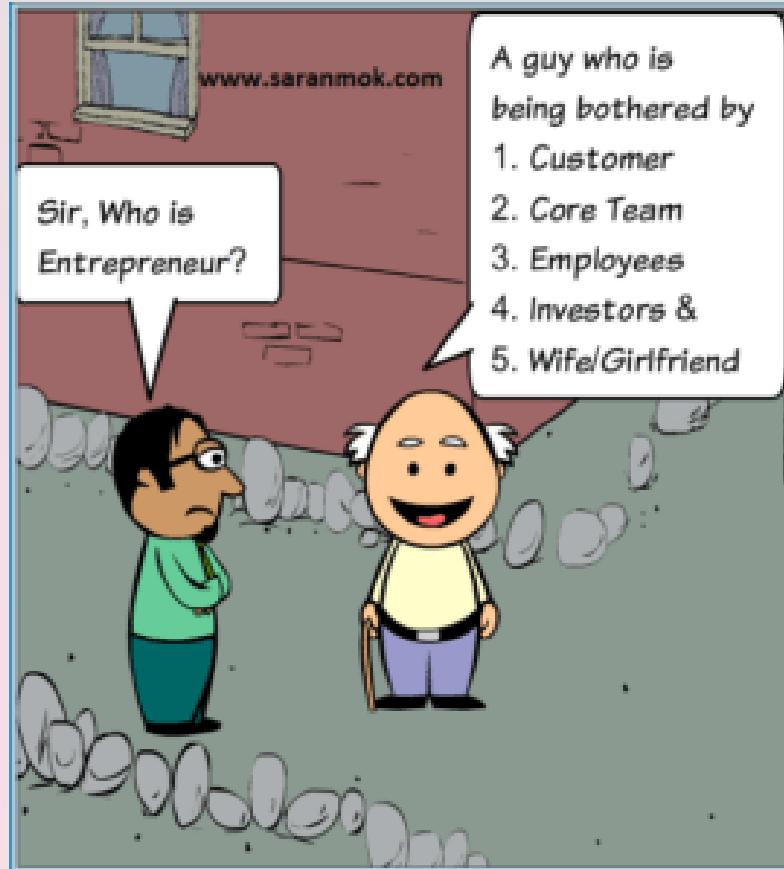


Something your target consumer **should** buy



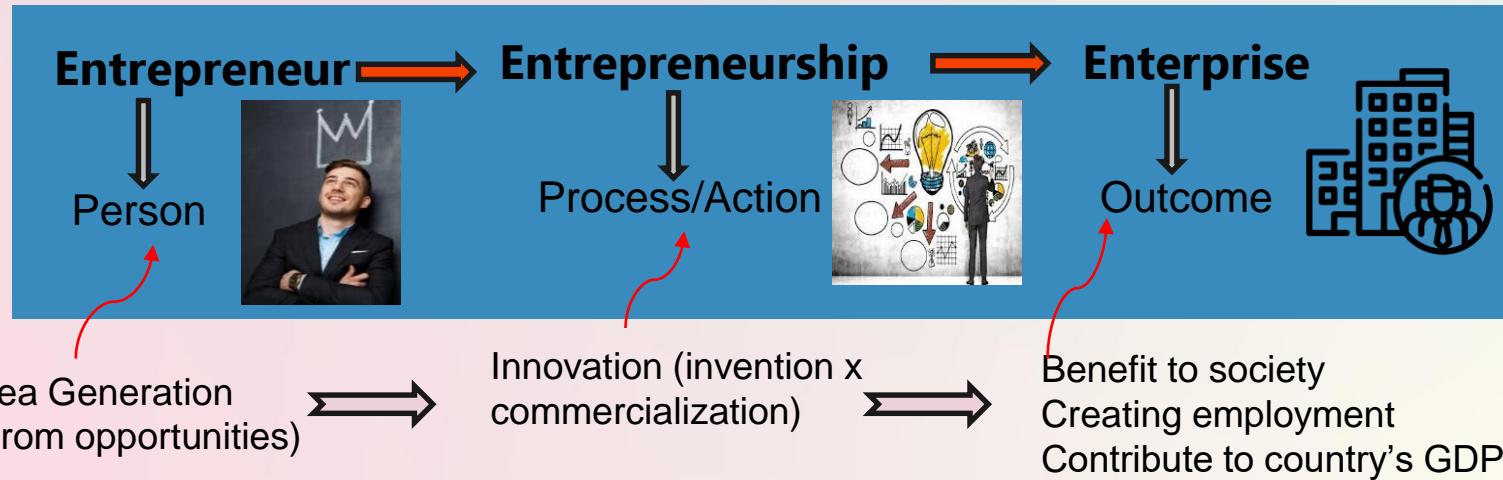
Something your target consumer **will** buy

# Entrepreneurs?



# Entrepreneurs

- ❑ Entrepreneurs are the people who seeks financial profit by offering innovative pain-killers
- ❑ Are risk taking individuals focusing on scalable ideas.
- ❑ Provides value in the market using the innovation driven ideas and solutions.



# Entrepreneurship as a mindset

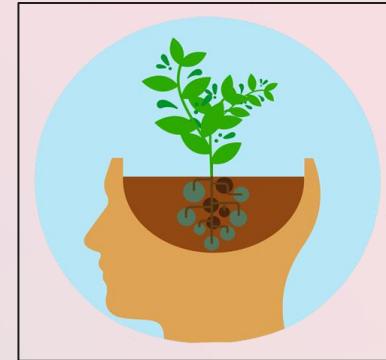
Opportunity focused



Innovative



Growth mindset



Risk Taking



Solution oriented

# **FIXED MINDSET**



# **GROWTH MINDSET**



"Failure is an opportunity to grow"

# GROWTH MINDSET

"I can learn to do anything I want"

"Challenges help me to grow"

"My effort and attitude determine my abilities"

"Feedback is constructive"

"I am inspired by the success of others"

"I like to try new things"

"Failure is the limit of my abilities"

# FIXED MINDSET

"I'm either good at it or I'm not"

"My abilities are unchanging"

"I don't like to be challenged"      "I can either do it, or I can't"

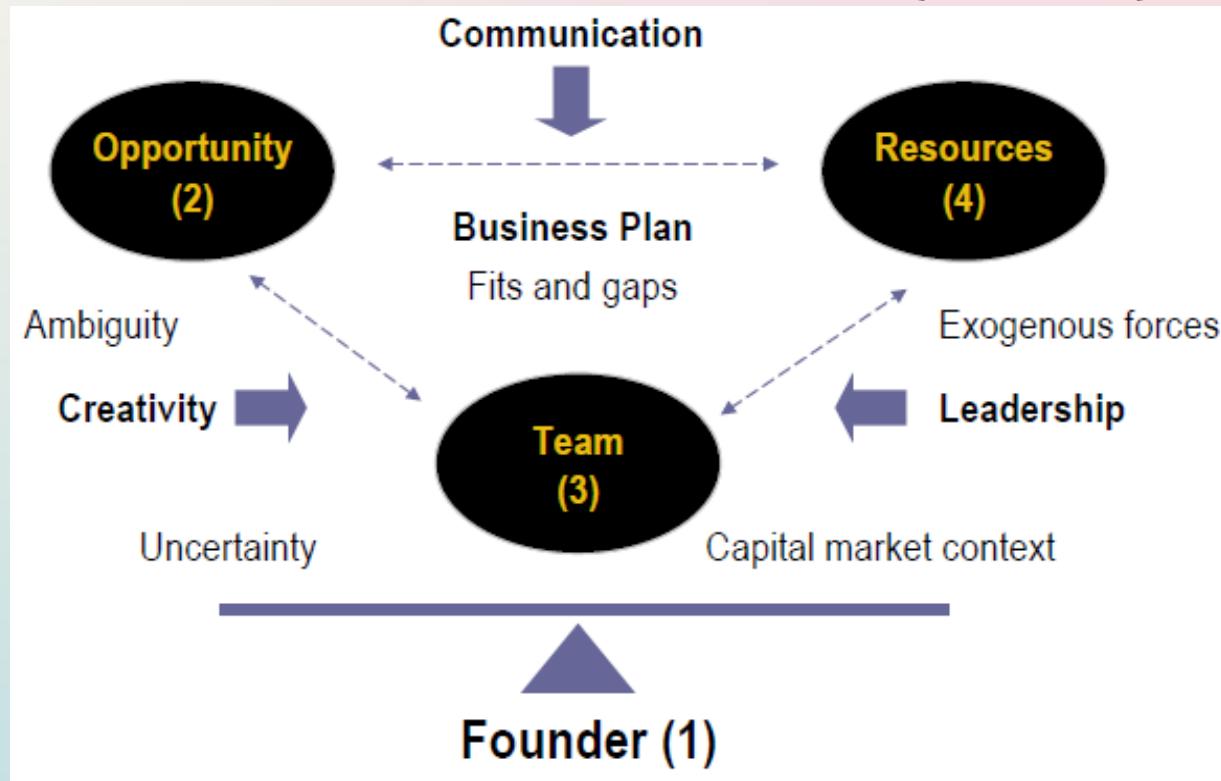
"My potential is predetermined"

"When I'm frustrated, I give up"

"Feedback and criticism are personal"

"I stick to what I know"

# Entrepreneurship as a Process- Timmons model (1999)



# Types of entrepreneurs

## Serial Entrepreneur

- Starts/manages multiple businesses
- May also sell their business to others after maturity



## Social Entrepreneur

- Person driven by social mission
- Brings in innovative ideas to solve social problems

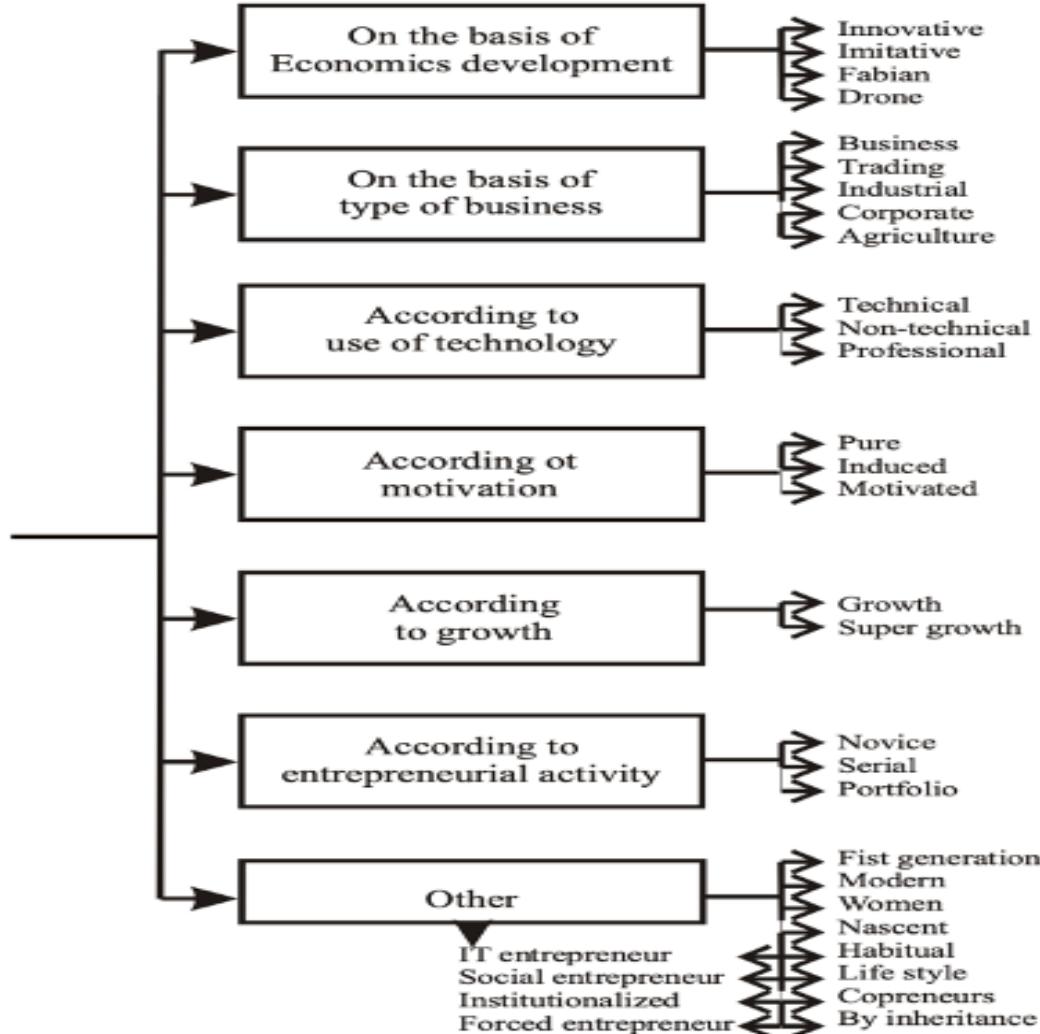


## Imitative Entrepreneur

- Replicates existing business ideas with minor modifications
- Applies strategies of existing businesses

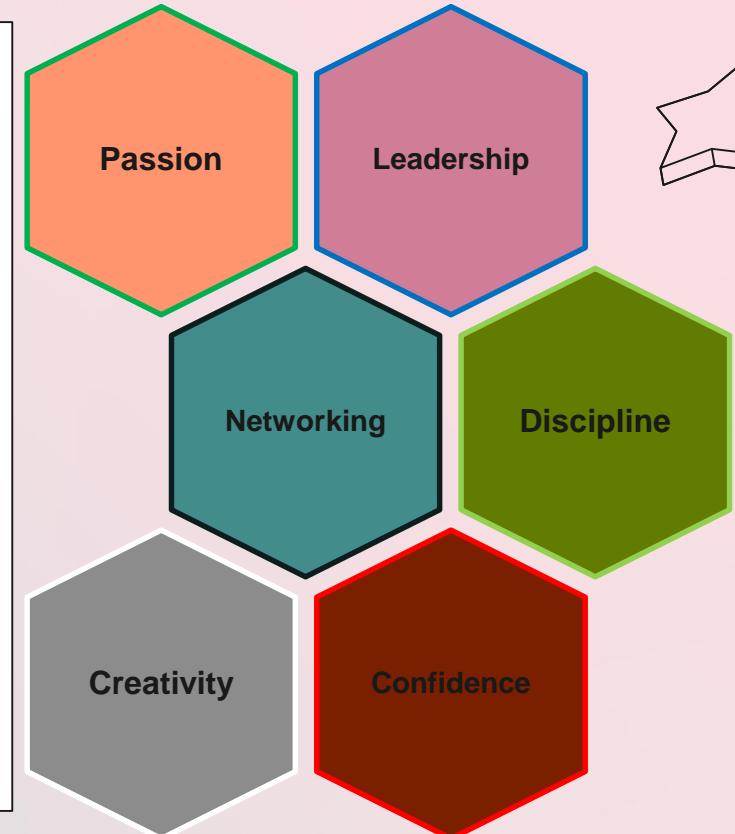


# Type of Entrepreneur





# Entrepreneurial Traits



Source: HBR online



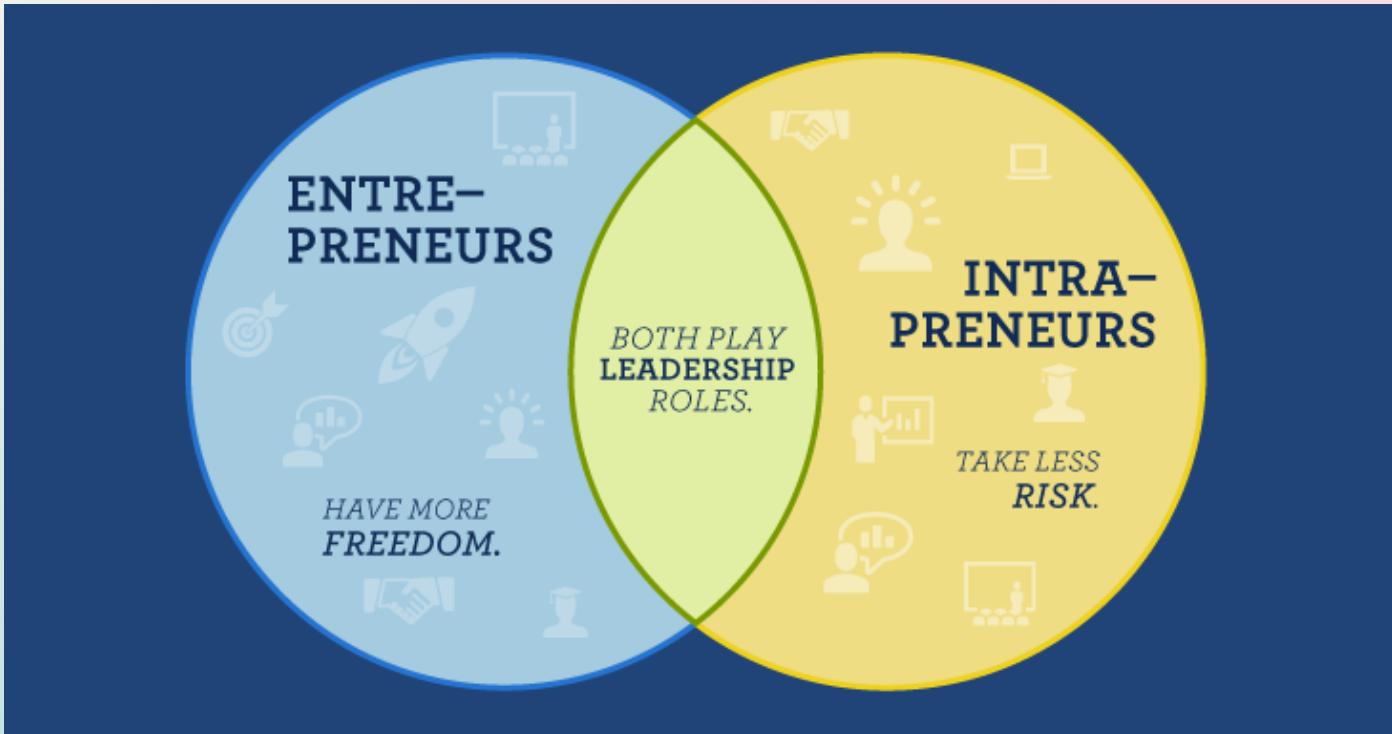
# Entrepreneurial Functions



Lets discuss:  
Entrepreneurs are born not  
made??



# Entrepreneurship vs intrapreneurship



# Technological entrepreneurship

## Core Components of Technology

**Scientific knowledge:** *The foundational theories and principles that inform technological development.*

**Technical knowhow:** *Practical skills and techniques that enable application of scientific knowledge.*

**Artistic elements:** *The creative aspects involved in using technology effectively, which can enhance user experience and satisfaction.*

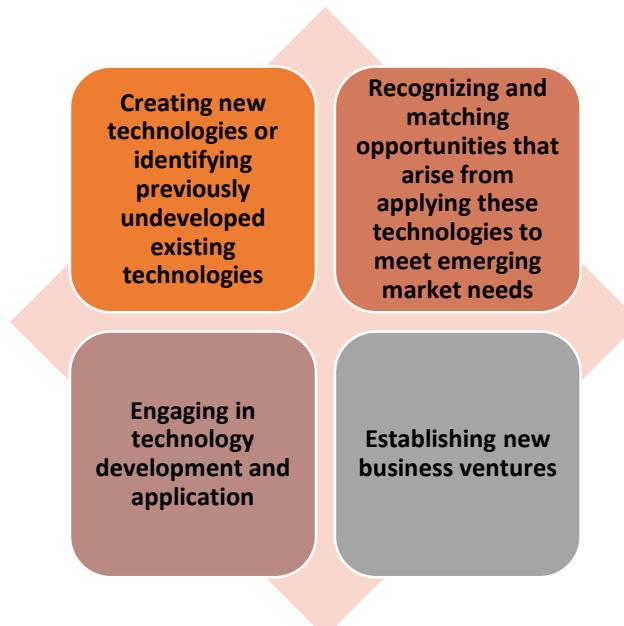
**Societal impact:** *The role of technology in addressing community needs and its influence on social structures.*



# Technological entrepreneurship

Technological entrepreneurship refers to the process of creating new ventures that leverage technological innovations to develop products or services. It involves application of scientific and engineering principles to solve problems and meet societal needs often resulting in the creation of technology-intensive startups

Key activities involved in  
technological entrepreneurship



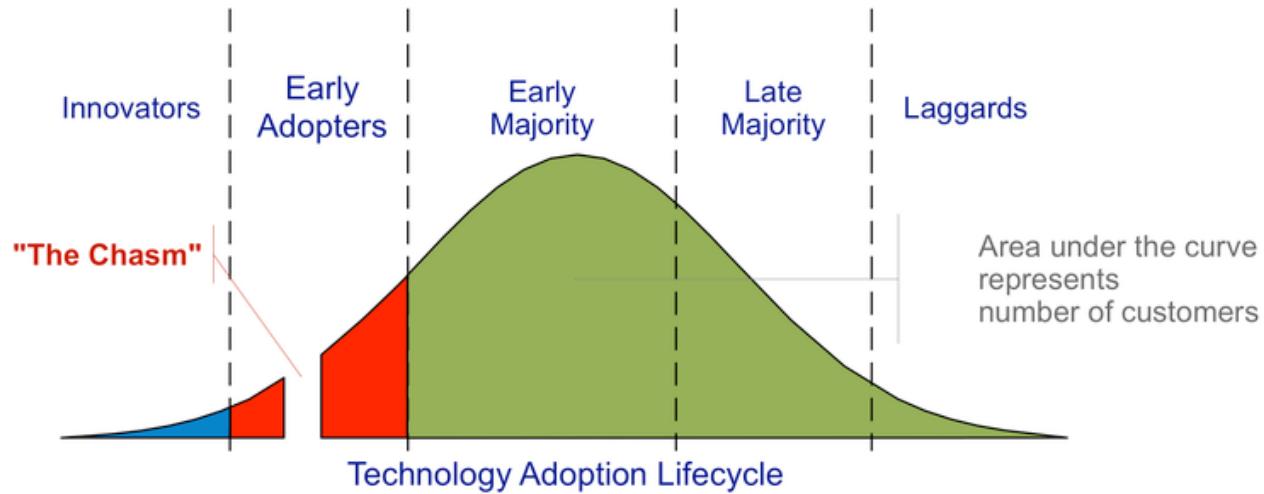
# The smartest chicken story



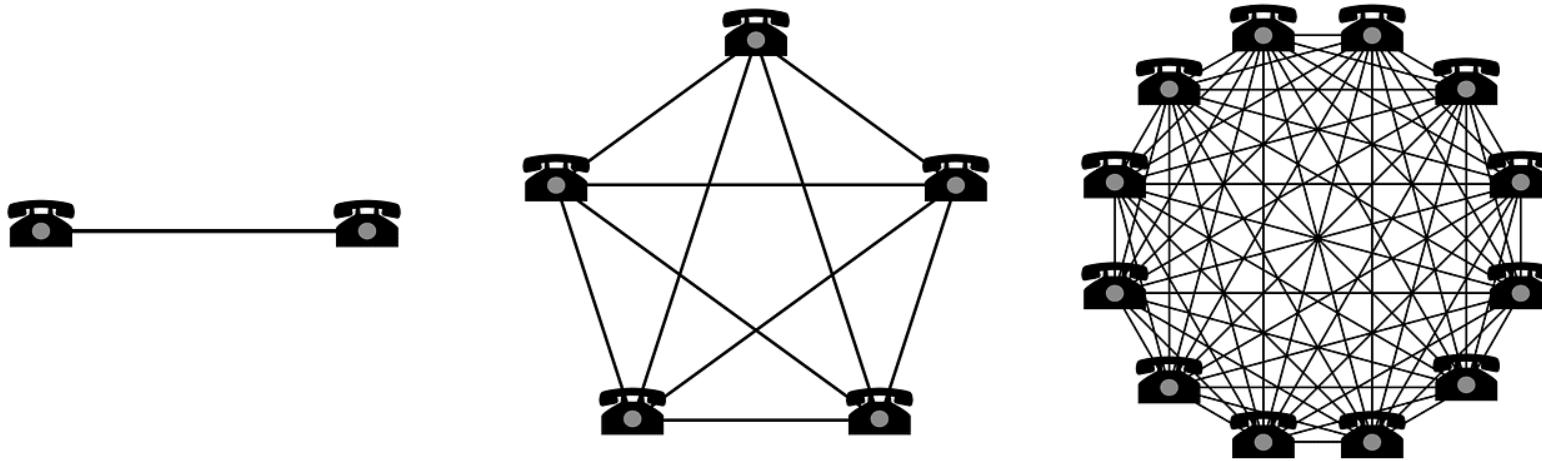
That is what happens when innovation outpaces businesses

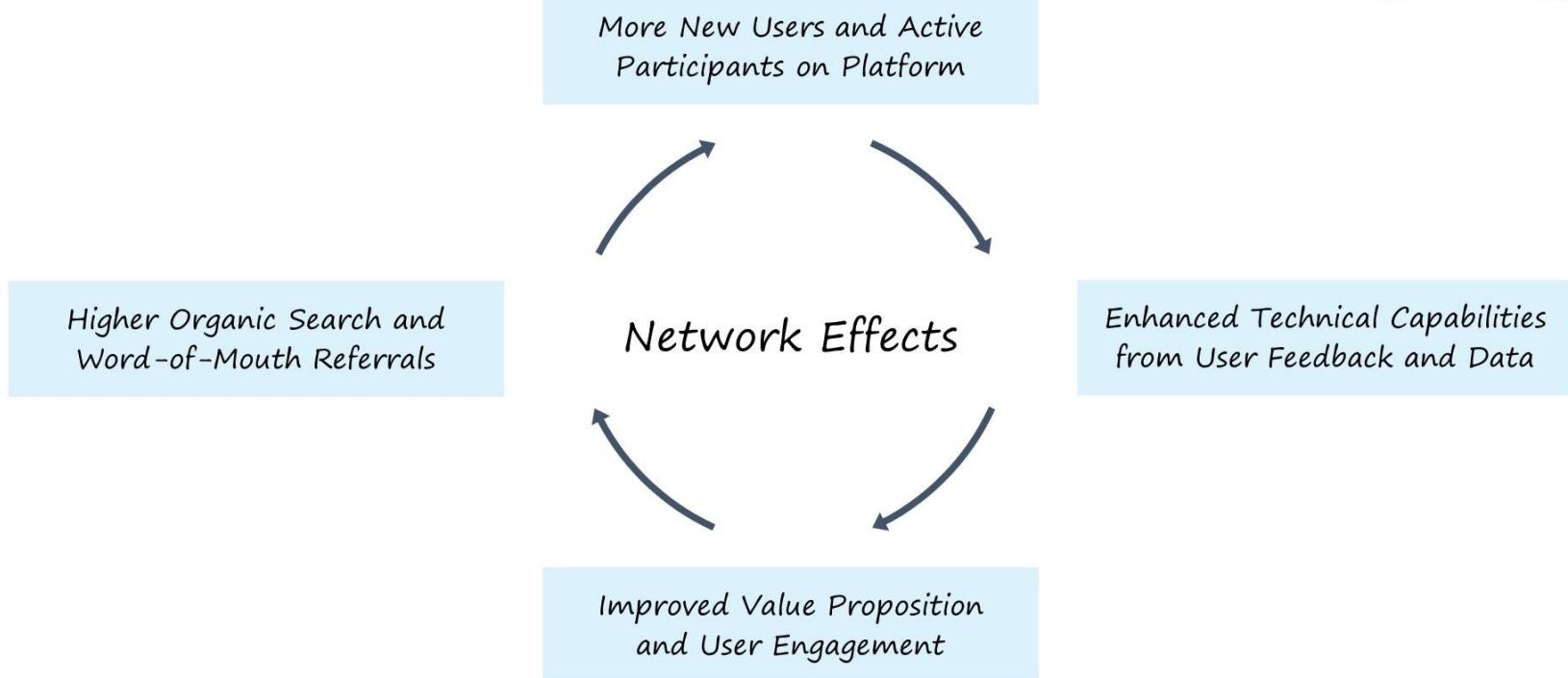
Technology needs to be useful, not just fast, and no point having three legs if you can't catch the chicken

# Technology adoption curve (Tech adoption and diffusion)

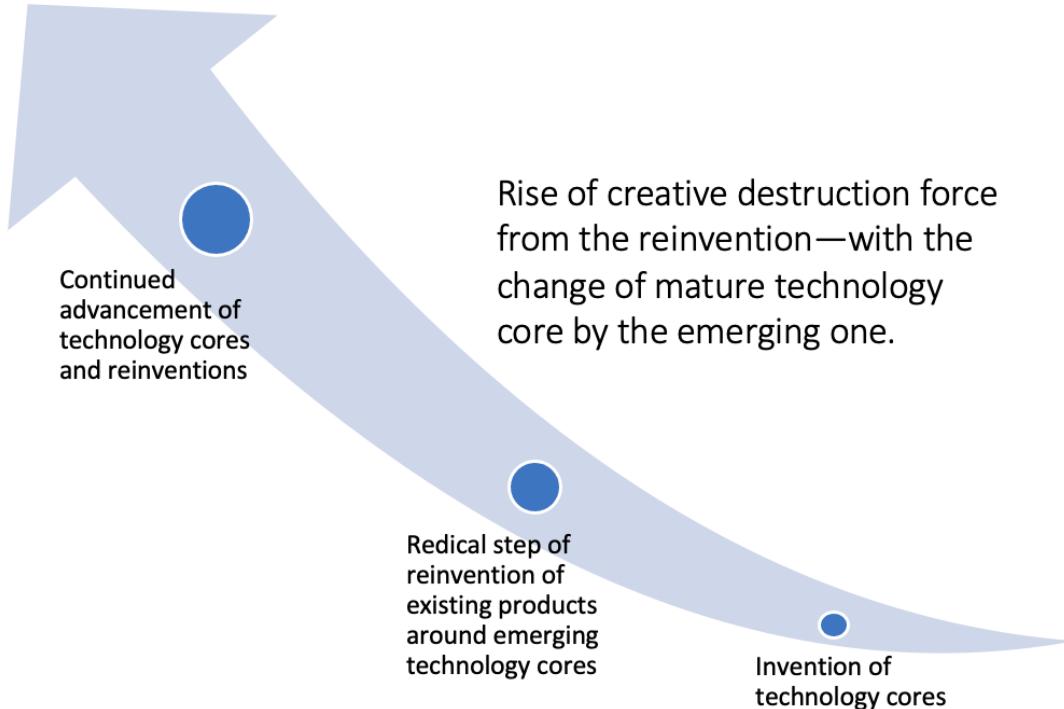


# The network effect





# Concept of creative destruction

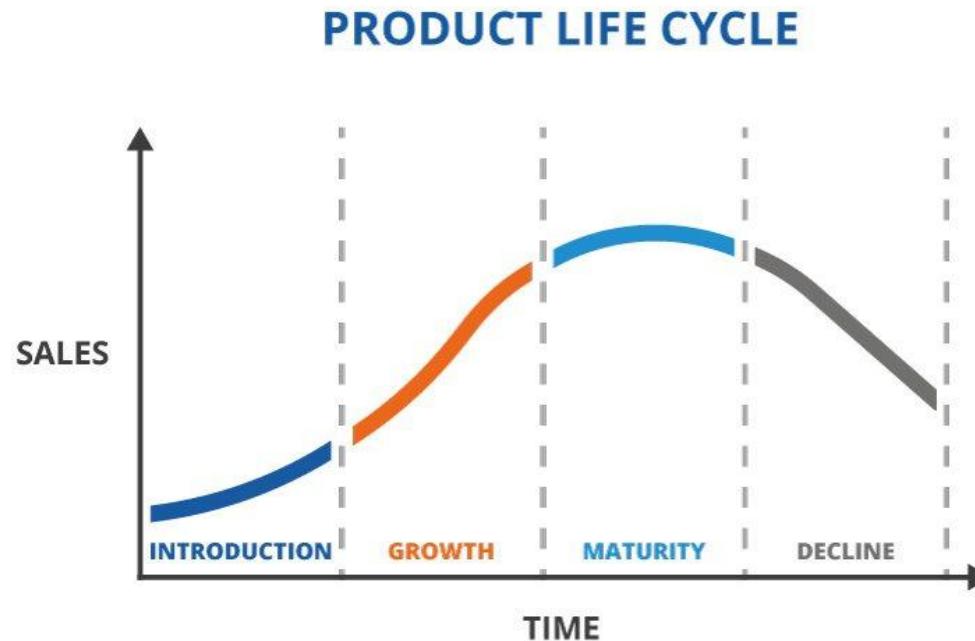


Joseph Schumpeter

# Disruptive innovation



# Product life cycle



# In class activity

- Students are asked to discuss market disruption cases in pairs.
- Analyze the impact of the disruption
- What went wrong and what should have been done to avoid that?