



# Siddaganga Institute of Technology, Tumakuru-572 103

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi)

## Even Semester Bachelor of Engineering Examinations Sept. 2023

### Chemistry for Electrical and Electronics Engineering Stream

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

**Note :** 1. Revealing of Identity in any form in the answer book will be treated as malpractice.  
2. Answer any five questions choosing one full question from each unit.

#### Unit - I

- |   | M | BL | CO | PO | PSO |
|---|---|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 a) What is standard electrode potential? Explain the origin of single electrode potential when the concentration of the metal ion solution is less.   | 5 | 2  | 1  | 1  |     |
| b) Explain the construction and working of calomel electrode.   | 5 | 2  | 1  | 1  |     |
| c) What is a concentration cell? Given an example. Derive an expression to calculate the EMF of a concentration cell.   | 5 | 2  | 1  | 1  |     |
| d) Evaluate the cell potential of $\text{Ag}^+   \text{Ag}$ couple with $\text{Cu}   \text{Cu}^{++}$ couple if the concentration of $\text{Ag}^+$ and $\text{Cu}^{++}$ are $4.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ and $1.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ respectively. Write the half cell and net cell reactions at STP. Given $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = 0.9 \text{ V}$ . | 5 | 5  | 1  | 1  |     |

#### OR

- |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| 2 a) Derive Nernst equation for single electrode potential.   | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| b) Derive an expression to calculate the pH of a solution using glass electrode.  | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| c) Explain the classification of electrochemical cells with suitable examples.  | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| d) Write the half-cell and net cell reactions for the following cell, $\text{Zn}   \text{ZnSO}_4(\text{aq})    \text{CuSO}_4(\text{aq})   \text{Cu}$ . Calculate the emf of the cell. Given, $E_{\text{Zn}^{++}/\text{Zn}}^\circ = -0.76 \text{ V}$ and $E_{\text{Cu}^{++}/\text{Cu}}^\circ = 0.34 \text{ V}$ at STP. | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |

#### Unit - II

- |  |   |   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| 3 a) State and derive Beer-Lamberts law.   | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| b) Elaborate the concept of potentiometric red-ox titration for $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ versus FAS solution. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| c) Explain the construction and working of lead acid battery.  | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| d) Discuss the construction and working of zinc – air battery.   | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |

#### OR

- |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| 4 a) The molar absorptivity of a solution is $2.1 \times 10^4 \text{ Lmol}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Calculate the transmittance through a cuvette with a 5.00 cm light path for $2.00 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ solutions. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |
| b) Explain the variation of conductivity for the titration of the following:<br>i) Strong acid versus strong base and ii) strong acid versus weak base  | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| c) With a schematic diagram, explain the operation of a battery during discharging.   | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| d) Predict the possible anodic and cathodic reactions occurs for the following battery:<br>i) Lithium ion battery ii) Ni-Cd battery   | 5 | 6 | 2 | 2 |  |

#### Unit - III

- |  |   |   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| 5 a) What are nanomaterials? Explain the classification of nanomaterials based on composition with suitable example. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  |
| b) Describe the experimental procedure for the preparation of nano $\text{TiO}_2$ by hydrothermal method.            | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 |  |
| c) Explain the preparation of bio-ethanol from molasses.   | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  |

- d) What are fuel cells? Explain the construction and working of MeOH-O<sub>2</sub> fuel cell. 5 2 3 2

OR

- 6 a) Explain the preparation of nano ZnO by combustion method. 5 2 3 2  
 b) Discuss the preparation of carbon nanotubes by arc discharge method. 5 2 3 2  
 c) With a suitable reaction, explain the preparation of biodiesel. 5 2 3 2  
 d) Calculate the percent atom economy for the preparation of acetone from the following two different experimental procedures. Given atomic mass : c = 12; H = 1, O = 16  
 i) By oxidation of 2-propanol  $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} CH_3COCH_3 + H_2$   
 ii) By reductive oxidation of 2-propene  $CH_3CH=CH_2 + 1/2 O_2 \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3$  5 3 3 2

## Unit - IV

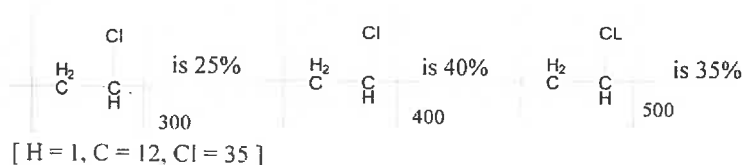
- 7 a) Explain the electrochemical theory of corrosion by taking iron as an example. 5 2 4 1  
 b) What is anodization? Explain the anodization process for aluminium. 5 2 4 1  
 c) What is differential aeration corrosion? Explain this concept to pitting corrosion. 5 1 4 1  
 d) Describe the experimental procedure for the extraction of gold from e-waste. 5 3 4 1

OR

- 8 a) Iron corrodes faster when in contact with copper but slowly when in contact with tin. Justify the statement. 5 5 4 1  
 b) An iron metal lost  $2.12 \times 10^{-3}$  g of weight when it is immersed in deaerated acidic solution for 2 hours. Calculate the corrosion penetration rate for the exposed area of 3 cm<sup>2</sup>. Given K = 534 and the density of metal is 5.3 g/cm<sup>3</sup>. 5 3 4 1  
 c) What is cathodic protection? With a neat diagram, explain the corrosion control by sacrificial anode method. 5 2 4 1  
 d) What are the sources of E-waste? Explain the problems of E-waste on environment and human health. 5 1 4 1

## Unit - V

- 9 a) Explain the preparation of following polymers:  
 i) Teflon and ii) PMMA 5 2 5 2  
 b) Distinguish between thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers. 5 2 5 2  
 c) What are thermotropic and lyotropic liquid crystals? Give an example for each one. 5 1 5 2  
 d) What are LEDs? Describe the working principle of LEDs. 5 2 5 2
- OR
- 10 a) What are conducting polymers? Explain the mechanism of conduction in polyacetylene by oxidative doping. 5 1 5 2  
 b) Calculate number average and weight average molecular masses of polyvinyl chloride with the following composition



- c) Explain (i) chiral nematic liquid crystals and (ii) smectic liquid crystals 5 2 5 2  
 d) Point out the difference between LED and LCD. 5 4 5 2