



**CHEE** 



## Siddaganga Institute of Technology, Tumakuru-572 103 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi)

Supplementary Semester Bachelor of Electrical and Electronics Engineering Examinations Sep. 2024

**Chemistry for EEE Stream** 

		Chemistry for EEE Stream					
Time: 3 Hours		Max. Marks: 100					
		Note : 1. Revealing of Identity in any form in the answer book will be treated as malph 2. Answer any five questions choosing one full question from each unit. Unit - I	ractio	ce.	со	PO	PSC
1	a)	What is single electrode potential? Explain the origin of single electrode potential when the concentration of ions in solution is low.	5	2	1	1	
	b)	Explain the construction and working of Ag-AgCl electrode.	5	2	1		
	c)	Describe the experimental details and give the mathematical derivation for determination of pH of a solution using glass electrode.	5	2	1	1	
	d)	For the cell, Fe Fe <sup>++</sup> (0.01M)  Ag <sup>+</sup> (0.1M)  Ag, write the cell reaction and evaluate the emf of the cell at 298K, if $E^{\circ}_{Fe^{2+} Fe}$ and $E^{\circ}_{Ag^{+} Ag}$ are -0.44V and 0.8V respectively.	5	5	1	1	
		OR					
2	a)	Derive Nernst equation for single electrode potential.	5	4	1	1	
	b)	With a neat diagram, explain the construction and working of Calomel electrode.	5	2	1	1	
	c)	What is a concentration cell? Derive an expression for the emf of concentration cell.	5	4	1	1	
	d)	A voltaic cell consists of a rod of copper immersed in a 10.0M solution of CuSO <sub>4</sub> and a rod of iron immersed in a 0.1M solution of FeSO <sub>4</sub> . Evaluate the voltage for					
		the cell at STP. Given , $E^{\circ}{}_{Cu}^{++}{}_{/\!Cu}$ =0.34 V and $E^{\circ}{}_{Fe}^{++}{}_{/\!Fe}$ =-0.44 V	5	5	1	1	
_		Unit - II					
3	a)	State and derive Beer-Lambert's law.	5	4	2	2	
	b)	A compound has a molar absorptivity of $6.74 \times 10^3$ Lmol <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup> . What concentration of the compound would be required to produce a solution having a transmittance of 7.77% in a 2.5 cm cell?	5				
	c)	Describe the construction and working of lead-acid battery.	5	1	2	2	
	d)	Explain the operation of a battery during discharging and charging process.	5	2	2	2	
	u)	OR	3	2	2	2	
4	a)	Explain the variation in conductance for the titration of mixture of strong acid and					
		weak acid against strong base with graphs.	5	2	2	2	
	b)	With the principle and explain the potentimetric titration of FAS against K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> .	5	2	2	2	
	c)	Identify the anode, cathode materials and write he electrode reactions during					
	4)	discharging and charging of Ni-Cd battery.	5	3	2	2	
	d)	Discuss the construction and working of Lithium-ion battery.  Unit - III	5	4	2	2	
5	a)	Outline the synthesis of nano TiO <sub>2</sub> by hydrothermal method.	5	2	3	2	
_	b)	Explain the synthesis of carbon nanotubes by arc discharge method.	5	2	3		
	c)	Define % of atom economy. Evaluate the percentage atom economy for the product, acetophenone from the following chemical reaction.  (Given At. Wt. of C=12, H=1, O=16, Cl=35.5)	3	2	3	2	
		+ CH <sub>3</sub> COCLAICI <sub>3</sub> + HQ					

Describe the working principle of light emitting diodes (LEDs).

What are conductors? Explain the mechanism of conduction in solids.

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