

# **PROJECT**

On

## **“COMPUTER SERVICE CENTRE USING SQL”**

### **Student Details :**

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## **1. Abstract**

This **Computer Service System** has a public site where the shop's clients or possible clients can explore the services they offers. Site visitors can also list all the products with some details such as the price of the item that is available in the shop. On the Management Panel, the system requires the users to log in with their valid user credentials in order to gain access to the said side. The system consists of 3 types of user roles which are **Administrator**, **Staff**, and **Technician**. The **Administrator users** have the privilege to access and manage all the features and functionalities of the system. They are also the ones who can manage the list of users and update system information. The **Staff users** have only limited permissions while the **Technician** is only allowed to manage the transaction assigned to him/her. The system also generates a printable transaction detail.

## 2.Schema and Normalisation

### 2.1 DESIGN

#### 2.1.1 E-R Diagram:

In the last page

#### 2.1.2 Entities :

In total we have 4 entities and information of each entity is mentioned below

#### **1.CUSTOMER DETAILS :**

( Cust\_ID numeric, Fname varchar, Town varchar, Telephone varchar, Email varchar)

This table will store the information of the customer/clients. In this Table Staff can see all required details of the client. It includes all the information of the client which includes telephone number and Email id also...

CID numeric(9),

cname varchar(100) NOT NULL,

city varchar(30) NOT NULL,

mobilenumber varchar(15) NOT NULL,

Email varchar(500) NOT NULL,

## 2. Staff Details:

(SID int, sname varchar(20), city varchar(20), Telephone char, Email varchar)

This table will store the information of the Staff who are working. In this Table Customer can see all required details of the Staff. It includes all the information of the Staff which includes Place and Email id also...

SID int,  
sname varchar(100) NOT NULL,  
city varchar(30) NOT NULL,  
mobilenumber int NOT NULL,  
Email varchar(500) NOT NULL,

## 3. Repairing Details

( RID int, R\_date(30), R\_problem varchar(30), C\_ID numeric, S\_ID numeric)

This table gives information about the types of repairing services to laptops and the brand name also mentioned.

It give complete information to the client..

RID numeric (9),  
R\_date varchar(20),  
Cust\_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
Staff\_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
R\_problem varchar(1000) NOT NULL,

#### 4. Totalprice Details :

( Rep\_ID numeric, Staff\_ID numeric, GST decimal, Discount decimal, Total decimal, price int)

This table give the billing details to the customer. By this customer can check the Prices and Discounts on products which they are selected...

Rep\_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
Staff\_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
GST decimal(4,2),  
Discount decimal(4,2),  
Price int

### Normalization

#### 1.CUSTOMER

CUST_ID	FNAME	TOWN	TELEPHONE	EMAIL
---------	-------	------	-----------	-------

- Relation Customer has no multi-valued attribute.
- All non-key attributes are fully functional dependent on the primary key.
- There is no transitive dependency for non-prime attributes.
- The relation is in 3NF.

## 2. STAFF

STAFF_ID	FORENAME	TOWN	TELEPHONE	EMAIL	SALARY
----------	----------	------	-----------	-------	--------

- Relation Customer has no multi-valued attribute.
- All non-key attributes are fully functional dependent on the primary key.
- There is no transitive dependency for non-prime attributes.
- The relation is in 3NF.

## 3.REPAIR

REP_ID	CUST_ID	STAFF_ID	DESCRIPTION	BRAND
--------	---------	----------	-------------	-------

- Relation Customer has no multi-valued attribute.
- All non-key attributes are fully functional dependent on the primary key.
- There is no transitive dependency for non-prime attributes.
- The relation is in 3NF.

## 4.ESTIMATION

REP_ID	STAFF_ID	GST	DISCOUNT	TOTAL
--------	----------	-----	----------	-------

- Relation Customer has no multi-valued attribute.
- All non-key attributes are fully functional dependent on the primary key.
- There is no transitive dependency for non-prime attributes.
- The relation is in 3NF. `

# RELATIONSHIP

## **1.Customer and Repair :**

A Customer can give many Items for repair. And a customer can give many items on one Customer ID

Type="many to many"

## **2.Customer and Estimation:**

A customer can pay many bills through this Customer ID

Type="many to many"

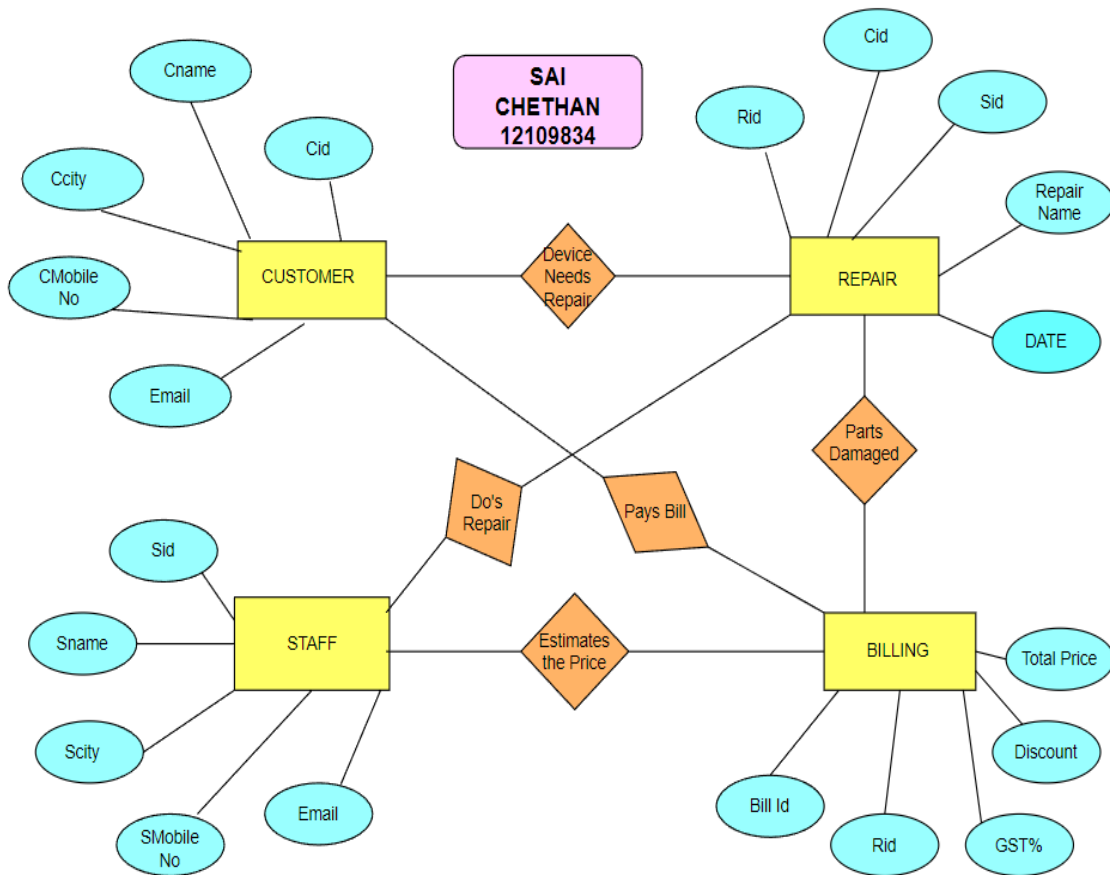
## **3.Staff and Estimation:**

Staff Estimates the total cost of the customer. One staff member can estimate the total cost once only.

Type="one to one"



# ER DIAGRAM



### 3. SQL&PLSQL

#### 3.1 SQL Table Creation

The Implementation of SQL server :

```
CREATE TABLE cust(cid int primary key,  
cname varchar(50) not null,  
ccity varchar(50) not null,  
cmobile_no int ,  
email varchar(50))
```

```
CREATE TABLE Staff (  
sid int primary key,  
sname varchar(50) not null,  
scity varchar(50) not null,  
smobile_no int ,  
email varchar(50))
```

```
CONSTRAINT EMAIL UNIQUE (Email),  
CONSTRAINT smobile UNIQUE (smobile),  
CONSTRAINT pk_Staff PRIMARY KEY (sid))
```

```
CREATE TABLE Repairs (  
    Rep_ID numeric(9),  
    Cust_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
    Staff_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
    Description varchar(1000) NOT NULL,  
    Brand varchar(50) NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT pk_Repairs PRIMARY KEY (Rep_ID),  
    CONSTRAINT fk_Repairs_Cust FOREIGN KEY (Cust_ID)  
REFERENCES Customers,  
    CONSTRAINT fk_Repairs_Staff FOREIGN KEY (Staff_ID)  
REFERENCES Staff);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Totalbill (  
    Rep_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
    Staff_ID numeric(9) NOT NULL,  
    GST decimal(4,2),  
    Discount decimal(4,2),  
    Price decimal(9,2) NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT pk_EstiSHOMates PRIMARY KEY (Rep_ID),  
    CONSTRAINT fk_Estimates_Staff FOREIGN KEY (Staff_ID)  
REFERENCES Staff,
```

```
CONSTRAINTS fk_Estimates_Repairs FOREIGN KEY (Rep_ID)
REFERENCES Repairs);
```

## 3.2 Data Entry

### Customer table

```
insert into cust values (20223,'naveen','hyd',9965324452,'naveen@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20224,'mahesh','delhi',9965568452,'mahesh@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20225,'kumar','gunter',8965324452,'suresh@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20226,'harish','nalgonda',8665324452,'harish@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values (20227,'sai','manchiryal',9565324452,'sai@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20228,'chethan','kollur',9959324452,'chethan@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20229,'pavan','sadhnapur',9965356452,'pavan@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values (20230,'shiva','lanka',9565324652,'shiva@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20231,'varshith','himachal',9955364852,'varshith@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20232,'krishna','kondur',9965324452,'krishna@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20233,'lokes', 'ramchandrapur',9965324452,'lokes@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20234,'chandhan','pune',9965324452,'chandhan@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20235,'pramodh','jaipur',9965324452,'pramodh@gmail.com')
```

```
insert into cust values
```

```
(20236,'swathi','mumbai',9565324452,'swathi@gmail.com')
```

```
select *from Customer
```

CID	CNAME	CCITY	CMOBILE_NO	EMAIL
20223	naveen	hyd	9965324452	naveen@gmail.com
20224	mahesh	delhi	9965568452	mahesh@gmail.com
20225	kumar	gunter	8965324452	suresh@gmail.com
20226	harish	nalgonda	8665324452	harish@gmail.com
20227	sai	manchiryal	9565324452	sai@gmail.com
20228	chethan	kollur	9959324452	chethan@gmail.com
20229	pavan	sadhnagar	9965356452	pavan@gmail.com
20230	shiva	lanka	9565324652	shiva@gmail.com
20231	varshith	himachal	9955364852	varshith@gmail.com
20232	krishna	kondur	9965324452	krishna@gmail.com
20233	lokesh	ramchandrapur	9965324452	lokesh@gmail.com
20234	chandhan	pune	9965324452	chandhan@gmail.com
20235	pramodh	jaipur	9965324452	pramodh@gmail.com
20236	swathi	mumbai	9565324452	swathi@gmail.com

## STAFF TABLE

create table staf(sid int primary key,sname varchar(50) not null,scity varchar(50) not null,smobile\_no int ,email varchar(50))

insert into staf values

(70772,'sitha','nawbpet',9965654452,'sitha@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70773,'sreenu','hyd',6965654252,'sreenu@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70774,'kumar','mahabubnagar',9865654456,'kumar@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70775,'suresh','kollur',9965654456,'sitha@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70776,'harshitha','kondhur',9565654458,'harshitha@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70777,'rakesh','pagwada',96965654485,'rakesh@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70778,'ramu','punjab',9965654452,'ramu@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70779,'ramesh','ludhiyana',6665654452,'ramesh@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70780,'raju','jalandar',6265654433,'raju@gmail.com')

insert into staf values

(70781,'saketh','kollur',7565654452,'saketh@gmail.com')

select \*from Staff

SID	SNAME	SCITY	SMOBILE_NO	EMAIL
70772	sitha	nawbpet	9965654452	sitha@gmail.com
70773	sreenu	hyd	6965654252	sreenu@gmail.com
70774	kumar	mahabubnagar	9865654456	kumar@gmail.com
70775	suresh	kollur	9965654456	sitha@gmail.com
70776	harshitha	kondhur	9565654458	harshitha@gmail.com
70777	rakesh	pagwada	96965654485	rakesh@gmail.com
70778	ramu	punjab	9965654452	ramu@gmail.com
70779	ramesh	ludhiyana	6665654452	ramesh@gmail.com
70780	raju	jalandar	6265654433	raju@gmail.com
70781	saketh	kollur	7565654452	saketh@gmail.com

## REPAIR TABLE

```
create table repair(rid int primary key,r_date varchar(20) ,r_problem  
varchar(50) not null,cid int ,CONSTRAINT FK_PersonOrder FOREIGN  
KEY (cid) REFERENCES cust(cid),sid int ,CONSTRAINT FK_Person  
FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES staf(sid))
```

```
insert into repair values (50556644,'10/11/2022','Temperature  
control not working',20223,70772)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556645,'03/02/2022','power chord does  
not tightly fit',20224,70773)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556646,'15/02/2022','Fan swing not  
working',20225,70774)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556647,'11/05/2022','Battery does not  
last full 4 hrs',20226,70775)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556648,'4/05/2022','WIFI connectivity  
breaks ',20227,70776)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556649,'6/01/2022','blank  
screen',20228,70777)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556650,'29/12/2022','fan noise from the  
system ',20229,70778)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556651,'23/04/2022','sound  
problem',20230,70779)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556652,'26/11/2022','softwares not  
installaling',20231,70780)
```

```
insert into repair values (50556653,'21/05/2022','Temperature  
control not working',20232,70781)
```

```
select *from Repairs
```



RID	R_DATE	R_PROBLEM	CID	SID
50556644	10/11/2022	Temperature control not working	20223	70772
50556645	03/02/2022	power chord does not tightly fit	20224	70773
50556646	15/02/2022	Fan swing not working	20225	70774
50556647	11/05/2022	Battery does not last full 4 hrs	20226	70775
50556648	4/05/2022	WIFI connectivity breaks	20227	70776
50556649	6/01/2022	blank screen	20228	70777
50556650	29/12/2022	fan noise from the system	20229	70778
50556651	23/04/2022	sound problem	20230	70779
50556652	26/11/2022	softwares not installaling	20231	70780
50556653	21/05/2022	Temperature control not working	20232	70781

## TOTALBILL TABLE

create table totalbill(bid int primary key,rid int ,constraint FK\_hello FOREIGN KEY(rid) REFERENCES repair(rid),GST varchar(20),discount int )

alter table totalbill add price int;

insert into totalbill values (25569871,50556644,'10%',500,9000)

insert into totalbill values (25569872,50556645,'5%',500,5692)

insert into totalbill values (25569873,50556646,'9%',500,2631)

insert into totalbill values (25569874,50556647,'6%',500,263)

insert into totalbill values (25569875,50556648,'5%',500,9647)

insert into totalbill values (25569876,50556649,'6%',500,2354)

insert into totalbill values (25569877,50556650,'3%',500,1647)

insert into totalbill values (25569878,50556651,'11%',500,6925)

insert into totalbill values (25569879,50556652,'6%',500,4568)

insert into totalbill values (25569880,50556653,'5%',500,3214)

select \*from totalbill

BID	RID	GST	DISCOUNT	PRICE
25569871	50556644	10%	500	9000
25569872	50556645	5%	500	5692
25569873	50556646	9%	500	2631
25569874	50556647	6%	500	263
25569875	50556648	5%	500	9647
25569876	50556649	6%	500	2354
25569877	50556650	3%	500	1647
25569878	50556651	11%	500	6925
25569879	50556652	6%	500	4568
25569880	50556653	5%	500	3214

## **BACK UP TABLES**

create table BACKUP1(cid int primary key,  
cname varchar(50) not null,  
ccity varchar(50) not null,  
cmobile\_no int ,  
email varchar(50))

create table BACKUP2(cid int primary key,  
cname varchar(50) not null,  
ccity varchar(50) not null,  
cmobile\_no int ,  
email varchar(50))

## 3.3 PL/ SQL Examples

### Example -1

```
declare  
total number(2):=0;  
begin  
select count(*) into total  
from staff;  
dbms_output.put_line(total);  
end;
```

ORACLE® Database Express Edition

User: SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```
declare  
total number(2):=0;  
begin  
select count(*) into total  
from staff;  
dbms_output.put_line(total);  
end;
```

**Results** Explain Describe Saved SQL History

10

Statement processed.

0.02 seconds

## Example-2

```
declare
total number(2):=0;
begin
select count(*) into total
from staff
where town='KKG' and salary>=50000;
dbms_output.put_line(total);
end;
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User: SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```
declare
total number(2):=1;
begin
select count(*) into total
from staf
where scity='hyd' and sid<=70777;
dbms_output.put_line(total);
end;
```

**Results** Explain Describe Saved SQL History

1

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

### Example -3

declare

total number(2):=0;

procedure counting(z out number) is

begin

select count(\*) into z

from staff

where town='KKG' and salary>=50000;

end;

begin

counting(total);

if total >= 3

then

dbms\_output.put\_line('this is acceptable');

else

dbms\_output.put\_line('this is not acceptable');

end if;

end;

```
declare
total number(2):=0;
procedure counting(z out number) is
begin
select count(*) into z
from staf
where scity='hyd' and sid<=70777;
end;
begin
counting(total);
if total <= 3
then
dbms_output.put_line('this is acceptable');
else
dbms_output.put_line('this is not acceptable');
end if;
end;
```

[Results](#) [Explain](#) [Describe](#) [Saved SQL](#) [History](#)

this is acceptable

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

## Example -4

declare

n\_town staff.town%type;

n\_salary staff.salary%type;

cursor curs\_emp is

select town,salary from staff;

begin

open curs\_emp;

fetch curs\_emp into n\_town,n\_salary;

close curs\_emp;

dbms\_output.put\_line(n\_town || n\_salary);

end;

User: SYSTEM

Home &gt; SQL &gt; SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```
declare
n_city staf.scity%type;
n_sid staf.sid%type;
cursor curs_emp is
select scity,sid from staf;
begin
open curs_emp;
fetch curs_emp into n_city,n_sid;
close curs_emp;
dbms_output.put_line(n_city || ' ' || n_sid);
end;
```

|

**Results** Explain Describe Saved SQL History

nawbpet 70772

Statement processed.

0.02 seconds

## Example -5

```
declare
```

```
n_town staff.town%type;
```

```
n_salary staff.salary%type;
```

```
cursor cust_e is
```

```
select town,salary from staff;
```

```
begin
```

```
open cust_e;
```

```
loop
```

```
fetch cust_e into n_town,n_salary;
```

```
exit when cust_e%notfound;
```

```

dbms_output.put_line('the name of location is ' || n_town || '
salary is' || n_salary);

end loop;

close cust_e;

end;

```

ORACLE® Database Express Edition

User: SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```

declare
n_town staf.scity%type;
n_salary staf.sid%type;
cursor cust_e is
select scity,sid from staf;
begin
open cust_e;
loop
fetch cust_e into n_town,n_salary;
exit when cust_e%notfound;
dbms_output.put_line('the name of location is ' || n_town || ' ' || salary is' || n_salary);
end loop;
close cust_e;
end;

```

**Results** Explain Describe Saved SQL History

```

the name of location is nawbpet salary is70772
the name of location is hyd salary is70773
the name of location is mahabubnagar salary is70774
the name of location is kollur salary is70775
the name of location is kondhur salary is70776
the name of location is pagwada salary is70777
the name of location is punjab salary is70778
the name of location is ludhiyana salary is70779
the name of location is jalandar salary is70780
the name of location is kollur salary is70781

```

Statement processed.



## Example :6

>>> CREATING TRIGGER FOR BACKUP

create or replace trigger bkup1

after delete

on cust

for each row

begin

insert into backup1

values(:old.cid,:old.cname,:old.ccity,:old.cmobile\_no,:old.em  
ail);

end;

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The top bar indicates the user is 'SYSTEM'. Below the navigation tabs, the 'SQL Commands' tab is active. The 'Autocommit' checkbox is checked, and the 'Display' dropdown is set to '10'. The SQL command window contains the following text:

```
#####  
##BACKUP TRIGGER  
  
create or replace trigger bkup1  
after delete  
on cust  
for each row  
begin  
insert into backup1 values(:old.cid,:old.cname,:old.ccity,:old.cmobile_no,:old.email);  
end;  
  
create or replace trigger bkup2  
after delete  
on staf  
for each row  
begin  
insert into backup2 values(:old.sid,:old.sname,:old.scity,:old.smobile_no,:old.email);  
end;
```

Below the command window, there are tabs for 'Results', 'Explain', 'Describe', 'Saved SQL', and 'History'. The 'Results' tab is selected, showing the message 'Trigger created.' and the execution time '0.06 seconds'.

### EXAMPLE:-7

>>>FOR FINDING NO. OF BILLS APPLICABLE FOR DISCOUNT

declare

a totalbill.price%type;

invalid exception;

begin

select count(\*) into a

from totalbill

where price<3000;

if a<=5 then

raise invalid;

else

dbms\_output.put\_line('DISCOUNT of rupees 500 applicable  
to this '||a||' bills');

end if;

exception

when invalid then

dbms\_output.put\_line('NO DISCOUNT is applicable for this  
'||a||' bills');

end;

☒ Autocommit    Display 10 ▾

```
declare
a totalbill.price%type;
invalid exception;
begin
select count(*) into a
from totalbill
where price<3000;
if a<=5 then
raise invalid;
else
dbms_output.put_line('DISCOUNT of rupess 500 applicable to this '||a||' bills');
end if;
exception
when invalid then
dbms_output.put_line('NO DISCOUNT is applicable for this '||a||' bills');
end;
```

Results   Explain   Describe   Saved SQL   History

NO DISCOUNT is applicable for this 4 bills

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

## CONCLUSION

The project as a whole describes the scope and viability of the Trading industry and mainly of the financial, technical and its market potential. The project guarantee sufficient fund to repay the loan and also give a good return on capital investment. When analyzing the social- economic impact, this project is able to generate an employment of 5 and above. It will cater the demand of Trading and thus helps the other business entities to increase the production and service which provide service and support to this industry. Thus more cyclic employment and livelihood generation. So in all ways, we can conclude the project is technically and socially viable and commercially sound too...

**--- DONE ---**