LAB RECORD CN CYCLE TEST 2

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CYCLE 2 EXPRIMENTS:

1. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bits).

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
int crc(char *ip, char *op, char *poly, int mode)
{
  strcpy(op, ip);
if (mode) {
    for (int i = 1; i < strlen(poly); i++)
strcat(op, "0");
  cout << "modified input" << op <<endl;</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < strlen(ip); i++) {
    if (op[i] == '1') {
       for (int j = 0; j < strlen(poly); j++) {
         if (op[i + j] == poly[j])
op[i + j] = '0';
                        else
            op[i + j] = '1';
       }
     }
  for (int i = 0; i < strlen(op); i++)
     if (op[i] == '1')
return 0; return 1;
}
int main()
```

```
char ip[50], op[50], recv[50];
                                   char
poly[] = "1000100000100001";
                                    int
choice;
  cout << "Enter the input message in binary:";
cin >> ip;
  cout << "generated polynomial is" << poly <<endl;</pre>
crc(ip, op, poly, 1);
  cout<<"The checksum is:"<<op+strlen(ip)<<endl;</pre>
  cout << "The transmitted message is: " << ip << op + strlen(ip) << endl;
cout << "do you want to test error" << endl; cin >> choice;
                                                                 if(choice
== 1)
  {
      int pos,n;
char cp[50];
strcmp(cp, op);
             cout<<"Enter the position where to insert error bit"<<endl;
             cin>>pos;
             cout << "enter bit you wanted to insert" <<endl;</pre>
             cin >> n;
             cp[pos]=n;
             if(!strcmp(op, cp))
                   {
                          cout << "No error"<<endl;
                   }
             else
                    {
                          cout << "Error occured"<<endl;</pre>
                    }
             return 0;
      else{ cout << ""<<endl;}</pre>
  cout << "Enter the recevied message in binary" << endl;
cin >> recv; if (crc(recv, op, poly, 0)) cout << "No
error in data" << endl;
    cout << "Error in data transmission has occurred" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

Output 1

```
Enter the input message in binary:1011101
generated polynomial is1000100000100001
modified input1011101000000000000000000000
The checksum is:100010110101000
The transmitted message is: 10111011000101101011000
do you want to test error
1
Enter the position where to insert error bit
3
enter bit you wanted to insert
0
Error occured
```

Output 2

```
Enter the input message in binary:1011101
generated polynomial is1000100000000000
modified input10111010000000000000000
The checksum is:100010110101000
The transmitted message is: 10111011000101101011000
do you want to test error
0
Enter the recevied message in binary
101110110001011011001
Error in data transmission has occurred
```

2. Write a program for distance vector algorithm to find suitable path for transmission.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h> using
namespace std;
#define MAX 10
int n;
class router {
```

```
char adj new[MAX], adj old[MAX]; int
table_new[MAX],
                       table_old[MAX];
public: router( ){
for(int i=0;i<MAX;i++) table_old[i]=table_new[i]=99;
}
void copy( ){ for(int
i=0;i<n;i++) { adj_old[i]
=adj_new[i];
table old[i]=table new[i];
}
}
int equal() { for(int
i=0;i<n;i++)
if(table old[i]!=table new[i]||adj new[i]!=adj old[i])return 0; return
1;
}
void input(int j) {
cout<<"Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to router"
<<(char)('A'+j)<<" else enter 99: "<<endl<<" ";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(i!=j)
cout<<(char)('A'+i)<<" ";
cout<<"\nEnter matrix:";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) { if(i==j)
table new[i]=0; else
cin>>table new[i];
adj new[i]= (char)('A'+i);
}
cout<<endl;
void display(){
cout<<"\nDestination Router: "; for(int</pre>
i=0;i<n;i++) cout<<(char)('A'+i)<<" ";
cout<<"\nOutgoing Line: "; for(int</pre>
i=0;i<n;i++) cout<<adj new[i]<<" ";
cout<<"\nHop Count: ";</pre>
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cout<<table new[i]<<" ";
}
void build(int j) { for(int
i=0;i<n;i++) for(int
k=0;(i!=j)&&(k< n);k++)
if(table_old[i]!=99)
```

```
if((table_new[i]+table
new[k])<table_new[k])</pre>
table_new[k]=table_ne
w[i]+table_new[k];
adj_new[k]=(char)('A'+i);
}
}
} r[MAX]; void
build_table() { int
i=0, j=0; while(i!=n)
{ for(i=j;i<n;i++) {
r[i].copy();
r[i].build(i);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++) if(!r[i].equal())
{
j=i;
break;
}
}
}
int main() {
cout<<"Enter the number the routers(<"<<MAX<<"): "; cin>>n;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) r[i].input(i); build_table(); for(int</pre>
i=0;i<n;i++) {
cout<<"Router Table entries for router "<<(char)('A'+i)<<":-";</pre>
r[i].display();
cout<<endl<<endl;
}
}
```

```
Enter the number the routers(<10): 5
Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to routerA else enter 99:
BCDE
Enter matrix:1 1 99 99
Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to routerB else enter 99:
ACDE
Enter matrix:1 99 99 99
Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to routerC else enter 99:
ABDE
Enter matrix:1 99 1 1
Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to routerD else enter 99:
Enter matrix:99 99 1 99
Enter 1 if the corresponding router is adjacent to routerE else enter 99:
Enter matrix:99 99 1 99
Router Table entries for router A:-
Destination Router: A B C D E
Outgoing Line: A B C D E
Hop Count: 0 1 1 99 99
Router Table entries for router B:-
Destination Router: A B C D E
Outgoing Line: A B C D E
Hop Count: 1 0 99 99 99
Router Table entries for router C:-
Destination Router: A B C D E
Outgoing Line: A B C D E
Hop Count: 1 99 0 1 1
Router Table entries for router D:-
Destination Router: A B C D E
Outgoing Line: A B C D E
Hop Count: 99 99 1 0 99
Router Table entries for router E:-
Destination Router: A B C D E
Outgoing Line: A B C D E
Hop Count: 99 99 1 99 0
```

3. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path for a given topology.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<climits> using
namespace std; int
a[30][30],n;
int minimum(int visited[],int dist[])
{
       int mindis=10000, mini;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
             if(!visited[i] && dist[i]<mindis)</pre>
             {
                    mindis=dist[i];
       mini=i;
       return mini;
}
void dijkstra(int src)
      int dist[n],visited[n];
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
             dist[i]=10000;
             visited[i]=0;
      dist[src]=0;
      for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
             int u=minimum(visited,dist);
visited[u]=1;
             for(int v=0; v< n; v++)
             {
                    if(!visited[v] && a[u][v]!=10000 && dist[u]!=10000 &&
(dist[u]+a[u][v])<dist[v])
                           dist[v]=dist[u]+a[u][v];
             }
      cout<<"Shortest paths to all other vertices from "<<src<<" is "<<endl;
```

```
cout<<"Vertices\tDistance from source"<<endl;</pre>
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      {
             if(i!=src)
                    cout<<i<"\t\t"<<dist[i]<<endl;
      }
}
int main()
      cout<<"Enter the no. of vertices"<<endl;
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"Enter the weighted adjacency matrix (enter 10000 if there is
no edge)"<<endl; for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
             for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
      cin>>a[i][j];
      }
      int src;
      cout<<"Enter the source vertex"<<endl;</pre>
      cin>>src;
dijkstra(src);
      return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the no. of vertices
4
Enter the weighted adjacency matrix (enter 10000 if there is no ed ge)
1 5 7 10000
10000 7 4 2
6 8 0 1
10000 10000 6 3
Enter the source vertex
3
Shortest paths to all other vertices from 3 is
Vertices Distance from source
0 12
1 14
2 6
```

4. Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define NOF_PACKETS 5 int
main()
{
  int packet_sz[NOF_PACKETS], i, clk, b_size, o_rate, p_sz_rm=0, p_sz, p_time,
op; for(i = 0; i<NOF PACKETS; ++i) packet sz[i] = random() % 100;
for(i = 0; i<NOF PACKETS; ++i)</pre>
    printf("\npacket[%d]:%d bytes\t", i, packet sz[i]);
printf("\nEnter the Output rate:"); scanf("%d",
&o rate); printf("Enter the Bucket Size:");
scanf("%d", &b size); for(i = 0; i<NOF PACKETS;</pre>
++i)
 {
    if( (packet sz[i] + p sz rm) > b size)
                                               if(packet sz[i] >
b size)/*compare the packet siz with bucket size*/
printf("\n\nIncoming packet size (%dbytes) is Greater than bucket capacity
(%dbytes)-PACKET REJECTED", packet sz[i], b size);
        printf("\n\nBucket capacity exceeded-PACKETS REJECTED!!");
    else
    {
                                      printf("\n\nIncoming
      p sz rm += packet sz[i];
Packet size: %d", packet_sz[i]);
                                     printf("\nBytes
remaining to Transmit: %d", p sz rm);
      //p time = random() * 10;
      //printf("\nTime left for transmission: %d units", p_time);
      //for(clk = 10; clk \le p time; clk += 10)
      while(p sz rm>0)
      {
        sleep(1);
        if(p_sz_rm)
           if(p sz rm <= o rate)/*packet size remaining comparing with
output rate*/
             op = p_sz_rm, p_sz_rm = 0;
else
             op = o_rate, p_sz_rm -= o_rate;
printf("\nPacket of size %d Transmitted", op);
           printf("--- Bytes Remaining to Transmit: %d", p_sz_rm);
```

```
else

{
         printf("\nNo packets to transmit!!");
       }
     }
}
```

```
packet[0]:83 bytes
packet[1]:86 bytes
packet[2]:77 bytes
packet[3]:15 bytes
packet[4]:93 bytes
Enter the Output rate:30
 Enter the Bucket Size:85
Incoming Packet size: 83
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 83
Packet of size 30 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 53
Packet of size 30 Transmitted-----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 23
Packet of size 23 Transmitted-------Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming packet size (86bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (85bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming Packet size: 77
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 77
Packet of size 30 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 47
Packet of size 30 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 17
Packet of size 17 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming Packet size: 15
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 15
Packet of size 15 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming packet size (93bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (85bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
```

5. Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

```
ClientTCP.py
from socket import * serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000 clientSocket =
socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName,serverPort))
sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")
clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print ('\nFrom Server:\n') print(filecontents)
clientSocket.close()
ServerTCP.py
from socket import * serverName="127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000 serverSocket =
socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName,serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1) while 1: print ("The server
is ready to receive") connectionSocket, addr =
serverSocket.accept()
                       sentence =
connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
  file=open(sentence,"r")
  l=file.read(1024)
  connectionSocket.send(l.encode())
print ('\nSent contents of ' + sentence)
file.close()
  connectionSocket.close()
```

```
Theresoft Mindows (Version 16.0.19842.1415)
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```

6. Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

```
ClientUDP.py
```

```
from socket import * serverName
= "127.0.0.1" serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")

clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence,"utf-8"),(serverName, serverPort))

filecontents,serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print ('\nReply from Server:\n') print
(filecontents.decode("utf-8")) # for i in filecontents: #
print(str(i), end = ") clientSocket.close()
clientSocket.close()

ServerUDP.py

from socket import * serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
```

```
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print ("The server is ready to receive") while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
sentence = sentence.decode("utf-8") file=open(sentence,"r")
    l=file.read(2048)

    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(I,"utf-8"),clientAddress)

    print ('\nSent contents of ', end = ' ')
print (sentence) # for i in sentence:
# print (str(i), end = ") file.close()
```

