硬解定理

一、椭圆

 $\Delta > 0 \Leftrightarrow A - t^2 > 0$, $\sharp \ \forall \ A = a^2 m^2 + b^2$

二、双曲线

焦点在 x 轴上的双曲线:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1\\ x = my + t \end{cases} \Rightarrow (b^2 - a^2 k^2) x^2 - 2a^2 k mx - a^2 (b^2 + m^2) = 0$$

$$A = b^2 - a^2k^2$$
 ,则:

$$x_1 + x_2 = \frac{2a^2km}{b^2 - a^2k^2} = \frac{2a^2km}{A}, x_1x_2 = \frac{-a^2(b^2 + m^2)}{b^2 - a^2k^2} = \frac{-a^2(b^2 + m^2)}{A}$$
$$|x_1 - x_2| = \frac{2ab\sqrt{b^2 - a^2k^2 + m^2}}{b^2 - a^2k^2} = \frac{2ab\sqrt{A + m^2}}{A}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \Leftrightarrow b^2 - a^2k^2 + m^2 \Leftrightarrow A + m^2 > 0$$

用 $-b^2$ 代替 $a^2, -a^2$ 代替 b^2 可以得到焦点在 y 轴上的双曲线:

$$x_1 + x_2 = \frac{-2b^2km}{A}, x_1x_2 = \frac{b^2(m^2 - a^2)}{A}, |x_1 - x_2| = \frac{2ab\sqrt{A + m^2}}{A}$$

$$\Delta>0 \Leftrightarrow A+m^2>0, \ \ \ \, \sharp \ \, \forall \ \, A=b^2k^2-a^2$$