

```
1 package adt;
2
3 import java.io.Serializable;
4 import java.util.Iterator;
5
6 /**
7  * DoublyLinkedList.java - A class that implements the ADT linked list using a
8  * doubly linked structure.
9  *
10 * @author Chew Lip Sin
11 * @param <T> The type of elements stored in the linked list.
12 */
13 public class DoublyLinkedList<T> implements LinkedListInterface<T>, Serializable {
14
15     private Node firstNode;           // reference to first node
16     private Node lastNode;           // reference to last node
17     private int num;
18
19     /**
20      * Clears all elements from the linked list.
21      */
22     @Override
23     public void clear() {
24         firstNode = lastNode = null;    // set first and last node to empty
25         num = 0;                        // set number of size to 0
26     }
27
28     /**
29      * Adds a new element to the end of the linked list.
30      *
31      * @param newElement The element to be added.
32      * @return True if the element is added successfully.
33      */
34     @Override
35     public boolean add(T newElement) {
36         if (newElement != null) {
37             Node newNode = new Node(newElement);
38
39             if (isEmpty()) {
40                 firstNode = newNode;    // set new node if empty
41                 lastNode = newNode;
42             } else {
43                 newNode.prev = lastNode; // arrange the node
44                 lastNode.next = newNode;
45                 lastNode = newNode;
46             }
47         }
48     }
49 }
```

```
47
48         num++;
49     }
50     return false;
51 }
52
53 /**
54  * Adds a new element at the specified index in the linked list.
55  *
56  * @param index The index at which the element should be added.
57  * @param newElement The element to be added.
58  * @return True if the element is added successfully.
59  */
60 @Override
61 public boolean add(int index, T newElement) {
62     if (newElement == null || !inAddRange(index)) {
63         return false;
64     } else {
65         Node newNode = new Node(newElement);
66         if (index == 0) {
67             if (isEmpty()) {
68                 add(newElement);
69                 return true;          // Return because add function will num++
70             } else {
71                 newNode.next = firstNode;
72                 firstNode.prev = newNode;
73                 firstNode = newNode;
74             }
75         } else if (index == num) {
76             lastNode.next = newNode;
77             newNode.prev = lastNode;
78             lastNode = newNode;
79         } else {
80             Node nodeCurrent = travel(index);
81             nodeCurrent.prev.next = newNode;
82             newNode.prev = nodeCurrent.prev;
83             newNode.next = nodeCurrent;
84             nodeCurrent.prev = newNode;
85         }
86         num++;
87         return true;
88     }
89 }
90
91 /**
92  * Adds all the provided elements to the end of the linked list.
```

```
93      *
94      * @param newElements The elements to be added.
95      * @return True if all elements are added successfully.
96      */
97      @Override
98      public boolean addAll(T... newElements) {
99          if (newElements != null) {
100              if (isElementsValid(newElements)) {
101                  for (T element : newElements) {
102                      add(element);
103                  }
104                  return true;
105              }
106          }
107          return false;
108      }
109
110      /**
111       * Checks if the linked list contains the specified element.
112       *
113       * @param element The element to be checked.
114       * @return True if the element is found in the linked list.
115       */
116      @Override
117      public boolean contains(T element) {
118          if (element != null) {
119              return travel(element) != null;
120          }
121          return false;
122      }
123
124      @Override
125      public T get(int index) {
126          T data = null;
127          if (inRange(index)) {
128              Node nodeCurrent = travel(index);
129              data = nodeCurrent.data;
130          }
131          return data;
132      }
133
134      /**
135       * Retrieves the element at the specified index in the linked list.
136       *
137       * @param element The index of the element to retrieve.
138       * @return The element at the specified index, or null if index is out of
```

```
139     * bounds.
140     */
141     @Override
142     public int indexOf(T element) {
143         if (element != null) {
144             int index = 0;
145             for (Node nodeCurrent = firstNode; nodeCurrent != null
146                 && inRange(index); index++, nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.next) {
147                 if (nodeCurrent.data.equals(element)) {
148                     return index;
149                 }
150             }
151         }
152         return -1;
153     }
154
155     /**
156     * Checks if the linked list is empty.
157     *
158     * @return True if the linked list is empty.
159     */
160     @Override
161     public boolean isEmpty() {
162         return num == 0;
163     }
164
165     /**
166     * Removes the first occurrence of the specified element from the linked
167     * list.
168     *
169     * @param element The element to be removed.
170     * @return True if the element is removed successfully.
171     */
172     @Override
173     public boolean remove(T element) {
174         if (element == null || isEmpty()) {
175             return false;
176         } else {
177             Node nodeCurrent = travel(element);
178             if (nodeCurrent != null) {
179                 remove(nodeCurrent);
180                 return true;
181             }
182             return false;
183         }
184     }
```

```
185
186  /**
187   * Removes the element at the specified index from the linked list.
188   *
189   * @param index The index of the element to be removed.
190   * @return True if the element is removed successfully.
191   */
192  @Override
193  public boolean remove(int index) {
194      if (isEmpty() || !inRange(index)) {
195          return false;
196      } else {
197          remove(travel(index));
198          return true;
199      }
200  }
201
202  /**
203   * Removes all occurrences of the specified elements from the linked list.
204   *
205   * @param elements The elements to be removed.
206   * @return True if all specified elements are removed successfully.
207   */
208  @Override
209  public boolean removeAll(T... elements) {
210      if (isEmpty() || !isElementsValid(elements)) {
211          return false;
212      } else {
213          for (T element : elements) {
214              remove(element);
215          }
216          return true;
217      }
218  }
219
220  /**
221   * Replaces the element at the specified index with the new element.
222   *
223   * @param index The index of the element to be replaced.
224   * @param newElement The new element to be placed at the specified index.
225   * @return True if the replacement is successful.
226   */
227  @Override
228  public boolean set(int index, T newElement) {
229      if (isEmpty() || !inRange(index) || newElement == null) {
230          return false;
```

```
231         } else {
232             Node nodeCurrent = travel(index);
233             nodeCurrent.data = newElement;
234             return true;
235         }
236     }
237
238     /**
239      * Returns the number of elements in the linked list.
240      *
241      * @return The number of elements in the linked list.
242      */
243     @Override
244     public int sizeOf() {
245         return num;
246     }
247
248     /**
249      * Creates a new linked list containing elements that match the given
250      * condition.
251      *
252      * @param list The condition to filter the elements.
253      * @return A new linked list containing the filtered elements.
254      */
255     @Override
256     public LinkedListInterface where(WhereClause<T> list) {
257         LinkedListInterface<T> linkedList = new DoublyLinkedList<>();
258
259         for (Node nodeCurrent = firstNode; nodeCurrent != null; nodeCurrent =
nodeCurrent.next) {
260             if (list.match(nodeCurrent.data)) {
261                 linkedList.add(nodeCurrent.data);
262             }
263         }
264         return linkedList;
265     }
266
267     /**
268      * Orders the elements in the linked list according to the given condition.
269      *
270      * @param list The condition to order the elements.
271      */
272     @Override
273     public void orderBy(OrderByClause<T> list) {
274         int endIndex = num - 1;
275         // Return true if bubble sort pass has changed
```

```
276         // Return false if end index reduced by 1 and continue until next sorting
277         while (bubbleSort(endIndex--, list)) {
278             }
279     }
280
281     /**
282     * Returns the first element that matches the given condition.
283     *
284     * @param list The condition to search for the first element.
285     * @return The first element that matches the condition, or null if not
286     *         found.
287     */
288     @Override
289     public T firstOrDefault(FirstOrDefaultClause<T> list) {
290         T data = null;
291         boolean found = false;
292         for (Node nodeCurrent = firstNode; nodeCurrent != null && !found; nodeCurrent =
nodeCurrent.next) {
293             if (list.match(nodeCurrent.data)) {
294                 data = nodeCurrent.data;
295
296                 found = true;
297             }
298         }
299         return data;
300     }
301
302     /**
303     * Returns an iterator over the elements in the linked list.
304     *
305     * @return An iterator over the elements in the linked list.
306     */
307     @Override
308     public Iterator<T> getIterator() {
309         return new DoublyLinkedListIterator();
310     }
311
312     /**
313     * Represents a node in the doubly linked list.
314     */
315     private class Node implements Serializable {
316
317         private T data;
318         private Node next;
319         private Node prev;
320     }
```

```
321     /**
322      * Constructs a new Node with the given data.
323      *
324      * @param data The data to be stored in the node.
325      */
326     private Node(T data) {
327         this.data = data;
328     }
329 }
330
331 /**
332  * Sorts elements in the linked list using the bubble sort algorithm.
333  *
334  * @param endIndex The index up to which sorting is performed.
335  * @param list The condition for sorting the elements.
336  * @return True if any changes were made during the sorting process.
337  */
338 private boolean bubbleSort(int endIndex, OrderClause<T> list) {
339     int beginIndex = 0;
340     boolean hasChanges = false;
341     for (Node nodeCurrent = firstNode; beginIndex < endIndex; beginIndex++,
nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.next) {
342         if (list.compare(nodeCurrent.data, nodeCurrent.next.data) ==
OrderClause.MOVE_BACKWARD) {
343             T temp = nodeCurrent.data;
344             nodeCurrent.data = nodeCurrent.next.data;
345             nodeCurrent.next.data = temp;
346             hasChanges = true;
347         }
348     }
349     return hasChanges;
350 }
351
352 /**
353  * Removes the specified node from the linked list.
354  *
355  * @param nodeCurrent The node to be removed.
356  */
357 private void remove(Node nodeCurrent) {
358     if (nodeCurrent == firstNode && nodeCurrent == lastNode) {
359         firstNode = null;
360         lastNode = null;
361     } else if (nodeCurrent == firstNode) {
362         firstNode.next.prev = null;
363         firstNode = firstNode.next;
364     } else if (nodeCurrent == lastNode) {
```



```
365         lastNode.prev.next = null;
366         lastNode = lastNode.prev;
367     } else {
368         nodeCurrent.prev.next = nodeCurrent.next;
369         nodeCurrent.next.prev = nodeCurrent.prev;
370     }
371     num--;
372 }
373
374 /**
375  * Checks if the specified elements are valid (not null).
376  *
377  * @param newElements The elements to be checked.
378  * @return True if all elements are valid, false otherwise.
379  */
380 private boolean isElementsValid(T... newElements) {
381     boolean valid = true;
382     for (int i = 0; i < newElements.length && valid; i++) {
383         if (newElements[i] == null) {
384             valid = false;
385         }
386     }
387     return valid;
388 }
389
390 /**
391  * Traverses the linked list to find the node containing the specified
392  * element.
393  *
394  * @param element The element to search for.
395  * @return The node containing the element, or null if not found.
396  */
397 private Node travel(T element) {
398     Node nodeCurrent = firstNode;
399     boolean arrive = false;
400
401     while (nodeCurrent != null && !arrive) {
402         if (nodeCurrent.data.equals(element)) {
403             arrive = true;
404         } else {
405             nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.next;
406         }
407     }
408     return nodeCurrent;
409 }
410
```

```
411  /**
412   * Traverses the linked list to find the node at the specified destination
413   * index.
414   *
415   * @param dest The index of the destination node.
416   * @return The node at the specified index.
417   */
418  private Node travel(int dest) {
419      int dev = num / 2;
420      return dest < dev ? travelFromFirstTo(dest) : travelFromLastTo(dest);
421  }
422
423  /**
424   * Traverses the linked list from the last node towards the specified
425   * destination index.
426   *
427   * @param dest The index of the destination node.
428   * @return The node at the specified index.
429   */
430  private Node travelFromLastTo(int dest) {
431      Node nodeCurrent = lastNode;
432      int begin = num - 1;
433
434      while (begin != dest) {
435          nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.prev;
436          begin--;
437      }
438      return nodeCurrent;
439  }
440
441  /**
442   * Traverses the linked list from the first node towards the specified
443   * destination index.
444   *
445   * @param dest The index of the destination node.
446   * @return The node at the specified index.
447   */
448  private Node travelFromFirstTo(int dest) {
449      Node nodeCurrent = firstNode;
450      int begin = 0;
451
452      while (begin != dest) {
453          nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.next;
454          begin++;
455      }
456      return nodeCurrent;
```

```
457     }
458
459     /**
460      * Checks if the specified index is within the valid range for adding an
461      * element.
462      *
463      * @param index The index to be checked.
464      * @return True if the index is within the valid range, false otherwise.
465      */
466     private boolean inAddRange(int index) {
467         return index >= 0 && index <= num;
468     }
469
470     /**
471      * Checks if the specified index is within the valid range of the linked
472      * list.
473      *
474      * @param index The index to be checked.
475      * @return True if the index is within the valid range, false otherwise.
476      */
477     private boolean inRange(int index) {
478         return index >= 0 && index < num;
479     }
480
481     /**
482      * Returns a string representation of the elements in the linked list.
483      *
484      * @return A string representation of the elements in the linked list.
485      */
486     @Override
487     public String toString() {
488         String str = "";
489         for (Node nodeCurrent = firstNode; nodeCurrent != null; nodeCurrent =
nodeCurrent.next) {
490             str += nodeCurrent.data + "\n";
491         }
492         return str;
493     }
494
495     /**
496      * Implements an iterator for iterating through the linked list.
497      */
498     private class DoublyLinkedListIterator implements Iterator<T> {
499
500         Node nodeCurrent = firstNode;
501     }
```

```
502     /**
503      * Checks if there is a next element in the linked list.
504      *
505      * @return True if there is a next element, false otherwise.
506      */
507     @Override
508     public boolean hasNext() {
509         return nodeCurrent != null;
510     }
511
512     /**
513      * Retrieves the next element from the linked list.
514      *
515      * @return The next element.
516      */
517     @Override
518     public T next() {
519         T data = null;
520         if (hasNext()) {
521             data = nodeCurrent.data;
522             nodeCurrent = nodeCurrent.next;
523         }
524         return data;
525     }
526
527 }
528 }
```