Heap/Stack Diagram

Using the style of heap/stack diagram introduced in Chapter 7, show the state of both the heap and the stack at the point in the computation indicated by the arrow in the following code, where the Rationale class is the one defined in Chapter 6.

```
public void run() {
   Rational r = new Rational(1, 2);
   r = raiseToPower(r, 3);
   println("r ^ 3 = " + r);
private Rational raiseToPower(Rational x, int n) {
   Rational result = new Rational(1);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      result = result.multiply(x);
   return result;<---- Diagram: Indicate which values in the heap are garbage at this point in the calculation.
```

Heap/Stack Diagram

```
public void run() {
    Rational r = new Rational(1, 2);
    r = raiseToPower(r, 3);
    println("r ^ 3 = " + r);
}

private Rational raiseToPower(Rational x, int n) {
    Rational result = new Rational(1);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        result = result.multiply(x);
    }
    return result; <-----
}</pre>
```

Diagram: Indicate which values in the heap are garbage at this point in the calculation.

Carlos A. Guevara

Textbook Ref: The Art & Science of Java, Chapter 7

Stack

i	3	FFB0	
Result	1080	FFB4	
n	3	FFB8	
X	1000	FFB8	
<pre>raiseToPower(Rational x, int n)</pre>			
r	1000	FFC0	
Rational(1,2)			

Heap

	1000		
num	1		
den	2		
	1020		
num	1		
den	1	G	
	1040	A R	
num	1	B A	
den	2	G E	
	1060		
num	1		
den	4		
	1080		
num	1		
den	8		