Unit 5 Environment 词汇闪卡

英文	音标	中文	简单例句
fossil fuel	/ˈfɒsl fjuːəl/	n. 化化石燃料	We must reduce our reliance on fossil fuel.
mechanism	/ˈmekənɪzəm/	n. 机制	The company set up a new feedback mechanism.
greenhouse gas	/ˌgriːnhaʊs/	n. 温室气体	CO2 is the most common greenhouse gas.
provoke	/prəˈvəʊk/	v. 引起	The new tax might provoke a public protest.
backlash	/ˈbæklæʃ/	n. 强烈反应	There was a backlash against the price hike.
levy	/ˈlevi/	v. 征(税)n. 税款	The government plans to levy a new carbon tax.
incentive	/ɪnˈsentɪv/	n. 鼓励；激励	Tax breaks are a great incentive for green energy.
bloc	/blɒk/	n. 阵营；集团	The trade bloc agreed on new environmental rules.
disclose	/dɪsˈkləʊz/	v. 透露	Firms must disclose their annual carbon emissions.
beef up	/biːf ʌp/	v. 加强	We need to beef up our security system.
power plant	/ˈpaʊə plɑːnt/	n. 发电站	This power plant runs entirely on solar energy.
dormant	/ˈdɔːmənt/	adj. 暂停,休眠的	The project has been dormant for many years.
vegetation	/ˌvedʒəˈteɪʃn/	n. 植物	The desert has very little vegetation.
carbon credit	/ˈkɑːbən ˈkredɪt/	n. 碳信用	Companies can buy carbon credit to offset pollution.
pilot	/ˈpaɪlət/	adj. 试验性的	We are launching a pilot project next month.
embody	/ɪmˈbɒdi/	v. 包含；隐含	The new law embodies our core values.
permit	/ˈpɜːmɪt/	n. 许可证	You need a permit to build on this land.
sectors	/ˈsektəz/	n. 部门；行业	The tech and service sectors are growing fast.
phase out	/feɪz aʊt/	v. 逐步淘汰	The factory will phase out old machinery.
substantive	/səbˈstæn.tɪv/	adj. 实质性的	Both sides made substantive progress in talks.
source	/sɔːs/	v. 获取	We source our raw materials from local farms.
hurdle	/ˈhɜːdl/	n. 障碍；困难	High cost is the biggest hurdle to this plan.
de-carbonization	/ˌdiːˌkɑːbənaɪˈzeɪʃn/	n. 脱碳	De-carbonization is key to fighting climate change.
lobby	/ˈlɒbi/	v. 游说 [41]	They lobby the government for better trade laws.
level playing field	/ˌlevl ˈpleɪɪŋ fiːld/	n. 公平竞争环境	Regulations ensure a level playing field for all.
leave money on the table		phr. 错失赚钱机会	Don't rush the deal or you might leave money on the table.