

Dichi Academy Data Science Module 1 - Data with Python

Introduction to Python

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Basic Data types



Integers (int): Whole numbers

Example: 5, -3, 0

- Floats (float): Decimal numbers

Example: 3.14, -0.001, 2.0

- Booleans (bool): True or False
- Strings (str): Text data

Examples: "hello", "Python"

```
# Integer
num1 = 10
num2 = -5
# Float
float1 = 3.14
float2 = -0.45
# Boolean
bool1 = True
bool2 = False
# String
name = "Tom"
sentence = "Hello, My name is Tom!"
```

Number & its Operations



This is a list of **basic arithmetic operations** in Python that can be performed on numbers:

- Addition (+)
- Subtraction (-)
- Multiplication (*)
- Division (/)
- Floor Division (//)
- Modulus (%)
- Exponentiation (**)

```
result = 5 + 3 # result is 8
result = 10 - 2 # result is 8
result = 4 * 3 # result is 12
result = 15 / 4 # result is 3.75
result = 15 // 4 # result is 3
result = 15 % 4 # result is 3
result = 2 ** 3 # result is 8
```

Number & its Operations



```
a = 10
b = 3
print(a + b) # Addition: 13
print(a - b) # Subtraction: 7
print(a * b) # Multiplication: 30
print(a / b)  # Division: 3.333...
print(a // b) # Floor Division: 3
print(a % b) # Modulus: 1
print(a ** b) # Exponentiation: 1000
```

String & its Operations



This is a list of string operations in Python that can be performed on string:

- Concatenation (+)
- Repetition (*)
- Length (len())
- Accessing Characters by Index
- Convert to Uppercase (upper())
- Convert to Lowercase (lower())

```
H E L L O

0 1 2 3 4
```

```
result = "Hello" + " " + "World" # result is "Hello World"

result = "Hi! " * 3 # result is "Hi! Hi! Hi! "

length = len("Python") # length is 6

character = "Python"[0] # character is 'P'

result = "hello".upper() # result is "HELLO"

result = "HELLO".lower() # result is "hello"
```

Collection: List



List: a data structure that allows you to store a collection of items in a single variable.

Operations: add, remove, or modify elements

Storing data: Any data type, mix data types.

```
# Creating a list
fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]
# Accessing elements
print(fruits[0]) # Output: apple
# Modifying elements
fruits[1] = "blueberry"
print(fruits) # Output: ['apple', 'blueberry', 'cherry']
# Adding elements
fruits.append("orange")
print(fruits) # Output: ['apple', 'blueberry', 'cherry', 'orange']
# Removing elements
fruits.remove("cherry")
print(fruits) # Output: ['apple', 'blueberry', 'orange']
```

Input & Output



Syntax to get input from user in Python:

- input(): String
- eval(input()): Numeric values

```
x = input("Enter your name: ")
print("Hello, ", x)
```

```
x = input("Enter your number: ")
# input value = 6
result = x * 4
print(result) result = 6666
```

```
x = eval(input("Enter your number: "))
# input value = 6
result1 = x // 4
Result2 = x%4
print(result1) #result = 1
print(result2) # result = 2
```

Let's Practice!



We have a cylinder with radius of 5m and height of 10m. Compute the following using Python:

- 1. The area of the cylinder
- 2. The volume of the cylinder

Formulas:

```
area = radius * radius * \pi
volume = area * height
```

```
import math
pi = math.pi
print('Pi is:', pi)
```



Write a program to get the input information from user and display it as follows:

Enter your name: Pagna

Enter your age: 25

Hello, Pagna! You are 25 years old.



Write a Python Program to:

- Get two integers from users.
- Print the result of multiplication of both values

```
Enter a number: 25
Enter a number: 5

The result of the multiplication is: 125
```



Write a program to calculate the average of three numbers which are obtained from user. The program should print out the result as follows:

```
Enter the first number: 1
Enter the second number: 2
Enter the third number: 3

The average of 1 2 3 is 2.0
```

Thank You for Your Attention!