

吴老师，骆学长和孙学长好，以下是我的作业。

## 上机随堂作业

### - 教材

#### P. 149 题 16

P. 149 题 19: 字符串交换  $\text{swap}(\text{char } \&\text{s1}, \text{char } \&\text{s2})$ 。(要求：为不使用引用，使用二级指针形参实现字符串交换函数，打印输出原字符串和交换后字符串。测试样例：  $\text{char } *\text{s1} = \text{"Shanghai"}, \text{char } *\text{s2} = \text{"Beijing"}$ )

### - 补充题

编写求前  $n$  个质数并存入数组的程序  $\text{is_prime}(\text{int } x[], \text{int } n)$ 。(要求：用数组形参实现。测试样例：  $n=20; n=100$ )

### - 附加题

给定一个正整数数组  $a$ ，正整数  $s$ ，求出数组中有多少连续段的数值和恰好等于  $s$ 。要求：只能用指针访问数组元素，不能有辅助数组。测试样例：  $a[] = \{3, 1, 2, 4, 6, 4, 5, 1\}$ ,  $s = 6$ , 输出： 4 ( $\{3, 1, 2\}, \{2, 4\}, \{6\}, \{5, 1\}$ )

[Chi-Shan0707/Homework-in-CS10004-Programming-by-yhchi](#)

代码仓库 ↑

1.



← → Q CS10004 Programming [WSL: Ubuntu-24.04] ↗

Functional Programming? T1.c 1 X StringPointerT2.c DualVermieT4.c ⚙ 8 ↗ ⚙ ⚙

code\_pack > Functional Programming? T1.c > main()

```
20 void sort(const int n,int *a[])
21     for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
22     {
23         for(int j=0;j<n-1-i;j++)
24         {
25             if((*a[j])>(*a[j+1]))
26             {
27                 int *temp=a[j];
28                 a[j]=a[j+1];
29                 a[j+1]=temp;
30             }
31         }
32     }
33 }
34
35 int main()
36 {
37     int n;
38     int x[102];
39     int* xp[102];
40     scanf(" %d",&n);
41     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)xp[i]=x+i;
42     input(n,xp);
43     sort(n,xp);
44     output(n,xp);
```

问题 3 输出 调试控制台 端口 2 + cppdbg: Functional Programming? T1

```
2 3 1 4
1 2 3 4
[1] + Done "/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm}
0</tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-In-vefkpry2.jeq" 1>/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-m45gmwk
```

2

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with a dark theme. At the top, there's a tab bar with several tabs: "StringPointerT2.c" (active), "DualVernieT4.c", "8 Untitled-3", "PrimeT3.c", and some icons. Below the tabs, the code for "StringPointerT2.c" is displayed:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void swap(char **s1,char **s2)
3 {
4     char *temp=*s1;
5     *s1=*s2;
6     *s2=temp;
7 }
8 int main()
9 {
10    char s1[100]="";
11    char s2[100]="";
12    char *p1=s1;
13    char *p2=s2;
14    scanf(" %s",p1);
15    scanf(" %s",p2);
16    swap(&p1,&p2);
17    printf("%s \n%s\n",p1,p2);
18    return 0;
19 }
```

Below the code editor, there are tabs for "问题 2", "输出", "调试控制台", "终端" (selected), and "端口 2". To the right of these tabs is a terminal window showing the output of the program:

```
Shanghai
Beijing
Beijing
Shanghai
[1] + Done                  "/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm}
0<"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-In-tmxhmr4.32m" 1>"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-qalxrev
a.rsk"
chi_shan@localhost:/mnt/d/FDU_1/CS1004 Programming$
```

3.

CS10004 Programming [WSL: Ubuntu-24.04]

StringPointerT2.c DualVernieT4.c 8 Untitled-3 PrimeT3.c

```
code_pack > C PrimeT3.c > is_prime(int[], int)
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 
3 void is_prime(int x[], int n)
4 {
5     int top=0;
6     int flag=1;
7     for(int i=2;i<=100000;++)
8     {
9         flag=1;
10        for(int j=2;j*j<=i;j++)
11        {
12            if(i%j==0)
13            {
14                flag=0;
15                break;
16            }
17            if(flag)x[++top]=i;
18            if(top==n)break;
19        }
20    }
21    int main()
22    {
23        int n=ans[10000];
24    }
25 }
```

问题 2 输出 调试控制台 终端 端口 2 + × cppdbg: PrimeT3

```
20
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29
31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71
[1] + Done "/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm}
0<"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-In-zts5hhxx.jv3" 1>" /tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-nzputud
n.4id"
chi shan@localhost:/mnt/d/FDU 1/CS10004 Programming$
```

CS10004 Programming [WSL: Ubuntu-24.04]

StringPointerT2.c DualVernieT4.c 8 Untitled-3 PrimeT3.c

```
code_pack > PrimeT3.c > is_prime(int[], int)
21 int main()
22 {
23     int n, ans[10002];
24     scanf("%d", &n);
25     is_prime(ans, n);
26     for(int i=1; i<=n; ++i)
U 27     {
28         printf("%d ", ans[i]);
29         if(i%10==0) printf("\n");
30     }
31     return 0;
32 }
```

问题 2 输出 调试控制台 终端 端口 2 + cppdbg: PrimeT3

```
100
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29
31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71
73 79 83 89 97 101 103 107 109 113
127 131 137 139 149 151 157 163 167 173
179 181 191 193 197 199 211 223 227 229
233 239 241 251 257 263 269 271 277 281
283 293 307 311 313 317 331 337 347 349
353 359 367 373 379 383 389 397 401 409
419 421 431 433 439 443 449 457 461 463
467 479 487 491 499 503 509 521 523 541
[1] + Done "/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm}
0</tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-In-5rxuspz4.ei2" 1>"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-x10tvz
u.2vo"
chi_shan@localhost:/mnt/d/FDU_1/CS10004 Programming$
```

行 17, 列 28 空格: 4

CS10004 Programming [WSL: Ubuntu-24.04]

StringPointerT2.c DualVernieT4.c 8 Untitled-3

```
code_pack > DualVernieT4.c > solve(const int *, const int [], const int *, int *)
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 void solve(const int *ncp,const int a[],const int *sump,int *ansp)
4 {
5     int n=*ncp;
6     const int *l,*r;
7     int tot;
8     for(l=a+1;l!=a+n+1;++l)
9     {
10         tot=0;
11         for(r=l;r!=a+n+1;++r)
12         {
13             tot+=(*r);
14             if(tot==(*sump))
15             {
16                 printf("SubArray %d %d\n", (int)(l-a), (int)(r-a));
17                 ++(*ansp);
18             }
19         }
20     }
}
```

问题 2 输出 调试控制台 终端 端口 2

cppdbg: DualVernieT4

```
8
3 1 2 4 6 4 5 1
6
SubArray 1 3
SubArray 3 4
SubArray 5 5
SubArray 7 8
4
[1] + Done
```

```
17
18     }
19 }
20 }
U
● 21 int main()
22 {
23     int n,a[1003],sum,ans;
24     scanf(" %d",&n);
25     for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)scanf(" %d",&a[i]);
26     scanf(" %d",&sum);ans=0;
27     solve(&n,a,&sum,&ans);
28     printf("%d\n",ans);
29
30 }
```

问题 2 输出 调试控制台 终端 端口 2 + × cppdbg: DualVernieT4 [ ]

```
8
3 1 2 4 6 4 5 1
U 6
U SubArray 1 3
SubArray 3 4
SubArray 5 5
SubArray 7 8
4
[1] + Done          "/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm}
```