

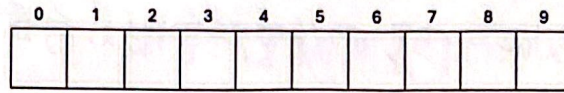
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Student ID: 11317.9

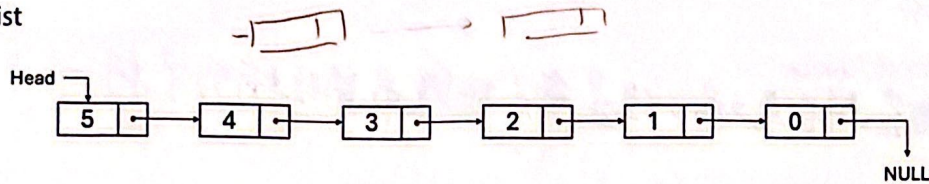
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Data Structures: Visualization

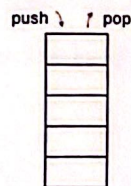
(1) Array



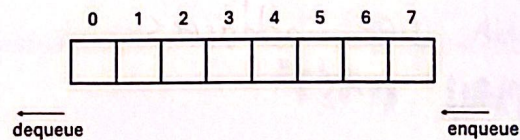
(2) Linked List



(3) Stack



(4) Queue



Q1: (30 pts; 10 pts for each) Describe the mechanism of the function

MoveTo(node *head, node *target, node*destination)

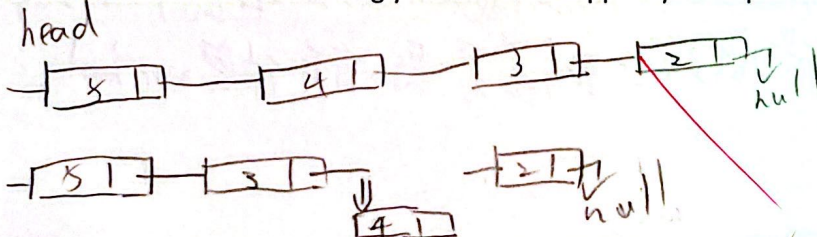
A1: Write a short paragraph explaining how the MoveTo function works (you may answer in English or Mandarin).

① Are there any additional variables required? If so, explain why they are necessary.

MoveTo 是將 target 移到 destination 後，

需要一個變數去儲存 destination 原本的 next 並把這個改接到 target 後

② Draw a visualization of the singly linked list to support your explanation.



要記 value 3 的 next 才能將 value 4 接到後面，後面後面會消失

③ Is there any variation of a linked list (e.g., doubly linked list or circular linked list) that can simplify or improve this operation?

circular linked list

Q2: (40 pts, 10 pts for each) Definition of Data Structures

Define the following data structures and list their fundamental operations.

A2:

① Definition of "Stack"

永遠新增資料在尾端，但是刪除資料會刪最後面的。

② Definition of "Queue"

新增資料在尾端，但是會先刪除最開始給的資料

③ Preliminary operations of "Stack"

push - pop

刪除最後 新增資料

④ Preliminary operations of "Queues"

dequeue - enqueue

刪除最前 新增資料

- 10

Q3: (30 pts) AI Copilot Application

Choose up to two data structures from the visualization list above.

Compose a single prompt (within 300 words) that you would use with an AI Copilot to explore or learn advanced concepts related to your chosen data structures.

- 10

A3: stack和queue用array和linked list寫需要注意的地方，和用這兩個寫法的優缺點，在使用上會依照什麼來選擇使用的寫法，這兩者在operation時需要避免的地方，哪一個更建議來寫，哪個對空間時間複雜度更友善。在程式碼簡潔上會有差異嗎，會有什麼overhead.