

```

network = models.Sequential()
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28,3)))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

network.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])

# KC: start to train the model
history = network.fit( train_set,
                      validation_data = validation_set,
                      epochs          = 10 )

```

Add an additional convolutional layer.

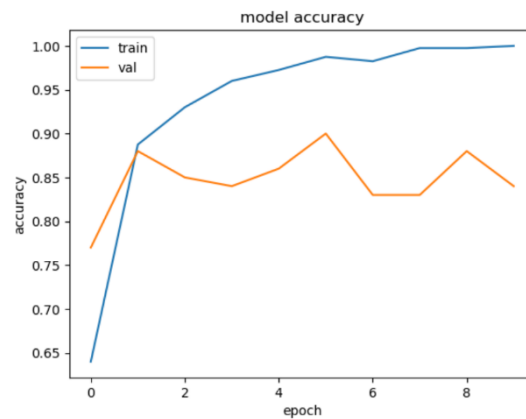
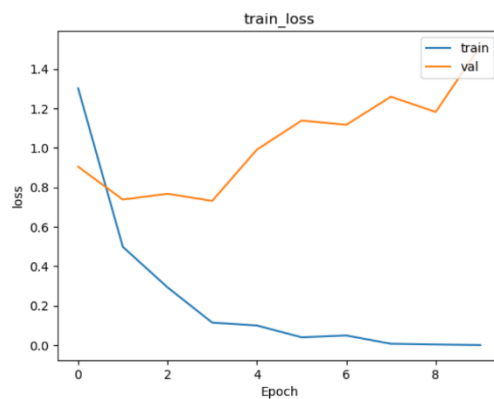
Add a pooling layer.

Adjust the number of neurons to 256 (originally 16).

Change the number of epochs to 10 (originally 5).

Accuracy: 81.0%

Accuracy for Testset: 0.8100000023841858



```

network = models.Sequential()
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28,3)))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

network.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])

# KC: start to train the model
history = network.fit( train_set,
                      validation_data = validation_set,
                      epochs          = 10 )

```

Add an additional convolutional layer.

Add magnetization.

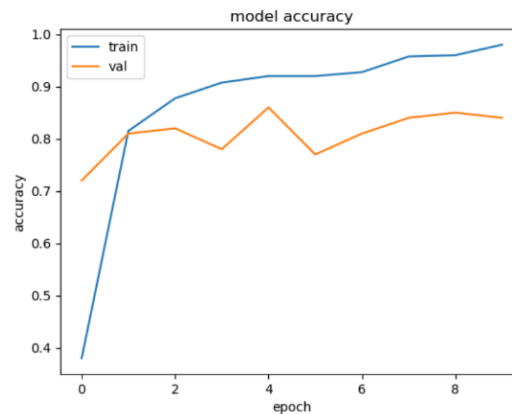
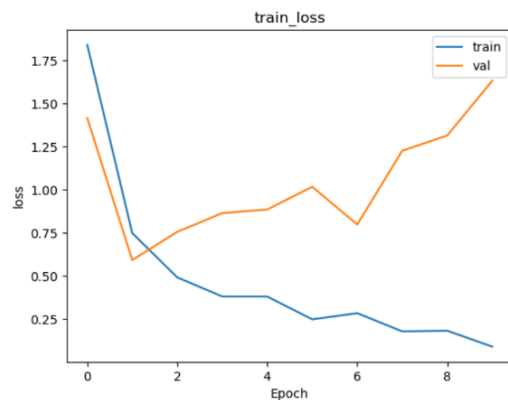
Add one more layer.

Adjust the number of neurons to 256 (originally 16).

Change the number of epochs to 10 (originally 5).

Accuracy: 81.0%

Accuracy for Testset: 0.8640000224113464

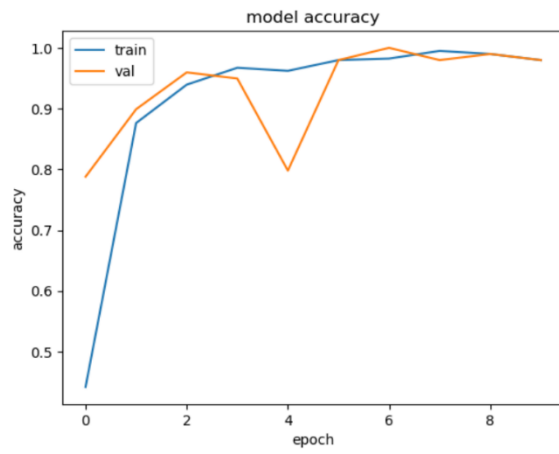
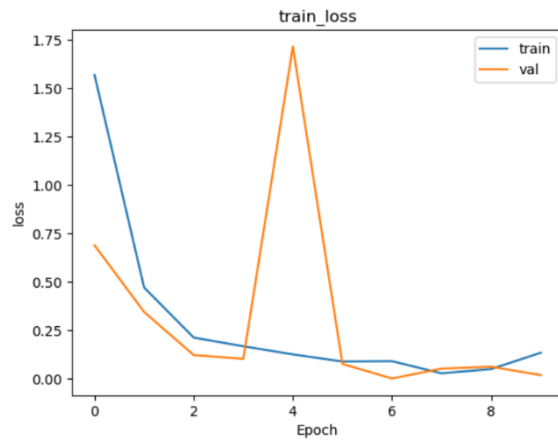


更改:

Perform data preprocessing (train data for image classification)"

Accuracy: 92.7%

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9279999732971191



```
image_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255, dtype='float32',
validation_split=0.2,rotation_range=10,fill_mode='nearest',brightness_range = [0.1, 0.2],channel_shift_range = 4)
```

```
#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28,3)))
network.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
```

更改:

Three convolutional layers.

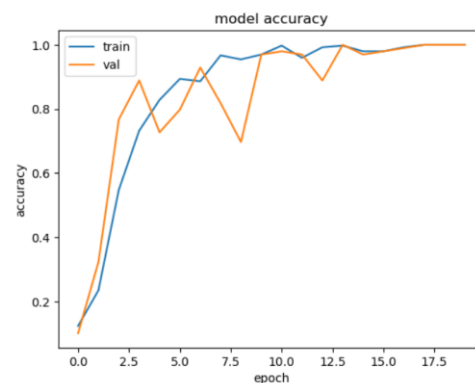
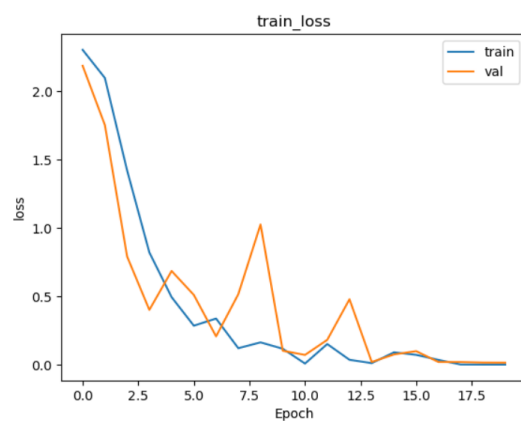
Add data augmentation.

Increase to four layers.

Change the number of epochs to 20 (originally 15).

Accuracy: 92.9%

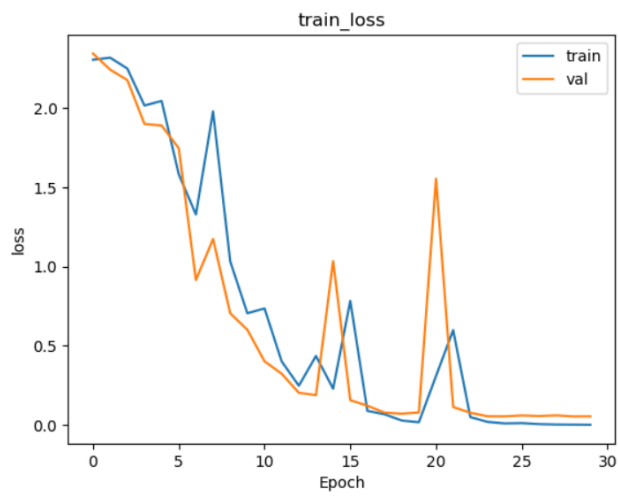
Accuracy for Testset: 0.9290000200271606



Add rotation_range=30

Accuracy: 90.89%

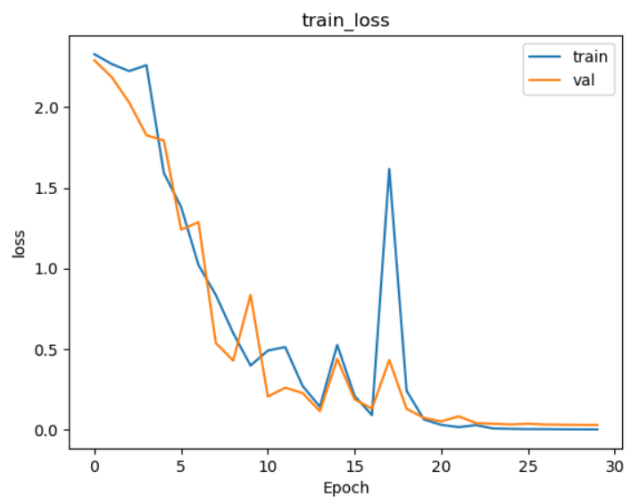
Accuracy for Testset: 0.9089999794960022



Add rotation_range=40

Accuracy: 91.5%

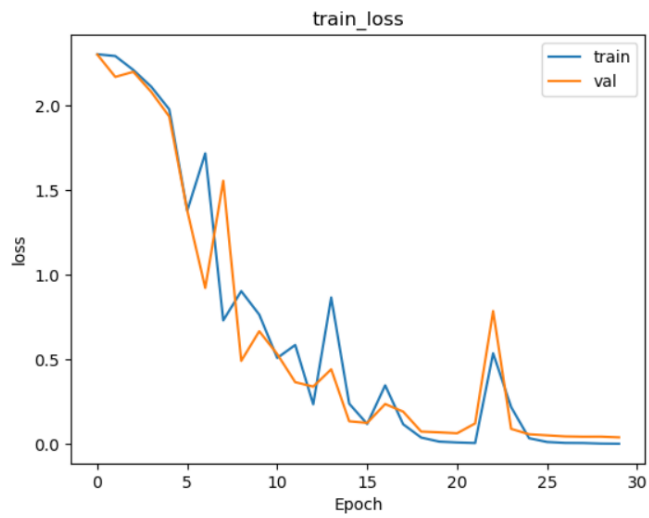
Accuracy for Testset: 0.9150000214576721



Add rotation_range=50

Accuracy: 91.5%

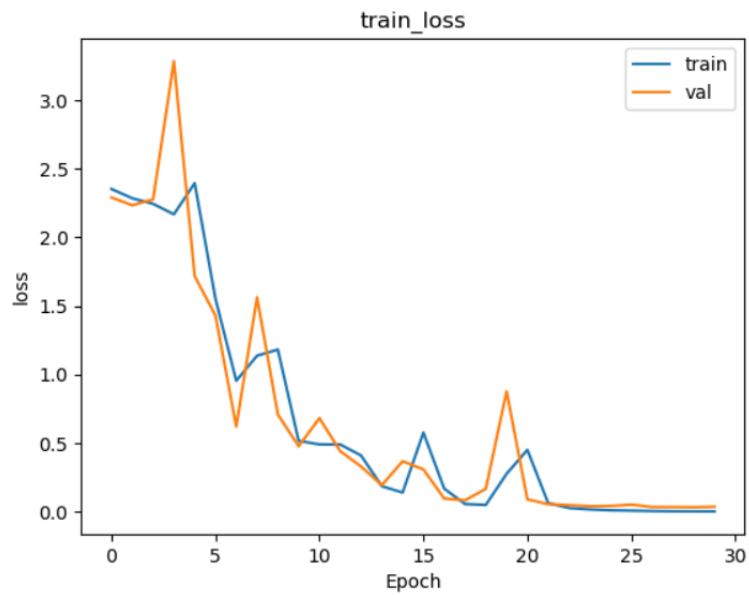
Accuracy for Testset: 0.9150000214576721



Add rotation_range=60

Accuracy: 91.6%

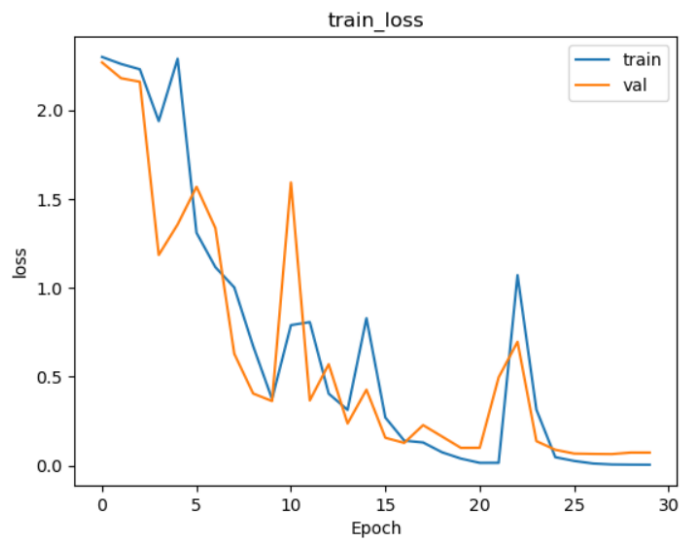
Accuracy for Testset: 0.9160000085830688



Add rotation_range=90

Accuracy: 91.9%

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9190000295639038



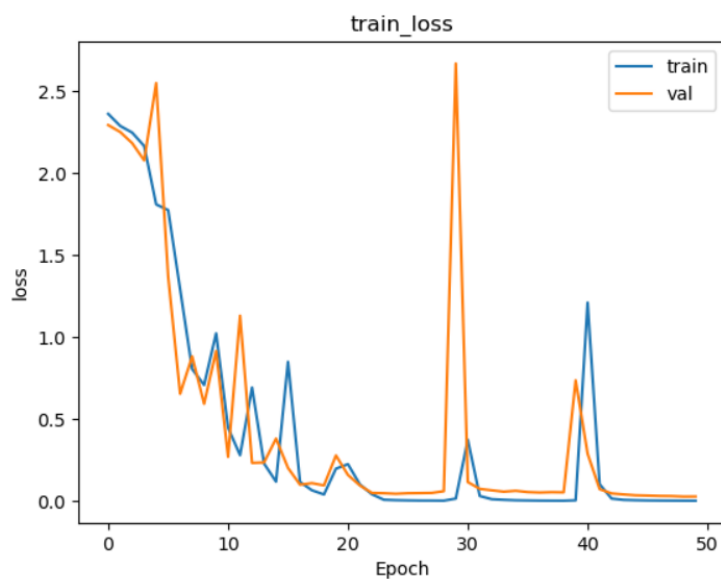
Add rotation_range=40

Maintain accuracy at 91%, and increase the number of epochs to 50.

Accuracy: 92.6%

```
# KC: start to train the model
history = network.fit( train_set,
                       validation_data = validation_set,
                       epochs          = 50 )
```

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9269999861717224



rotation_range=40

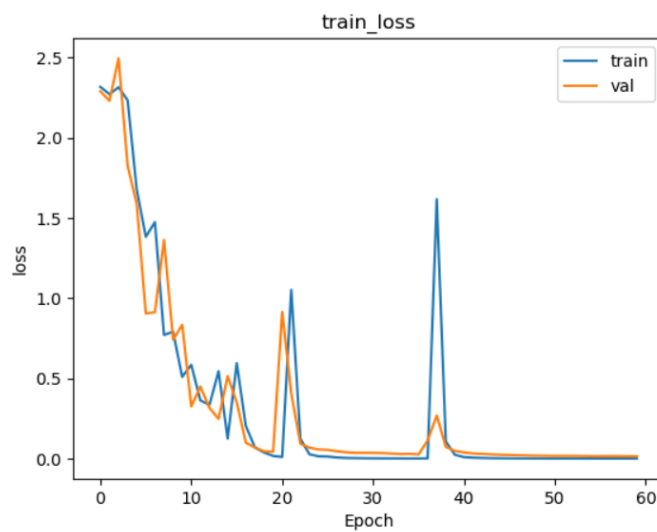
Maintain accuracy at 91%, increase the number of epochs to 60, and add

brightness_range=[0.1,0.2]

Accuracy: 92.29%

```
image_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255, dtype='float32',  
validation_split=0.6 ,rotation_range=40,fill_mode='nearest',brightness_range=[0.1,0.2])
```

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9229999780654907




```

network = models.Sequential()
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=32,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#network.add(AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
# network.add(Conv2D(filters=32,
#                   kernel_size=(5,5),
#                   padding='same',
#                   input_shape=(28,28,3),
#                   activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten())
network.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

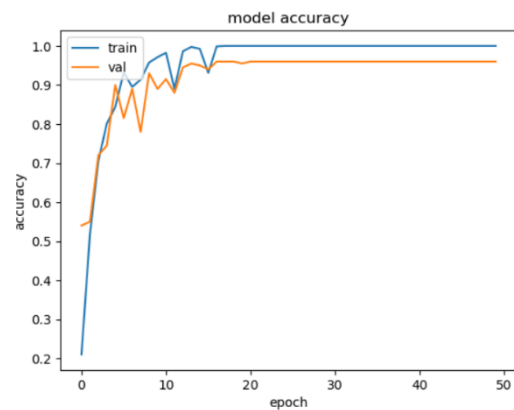
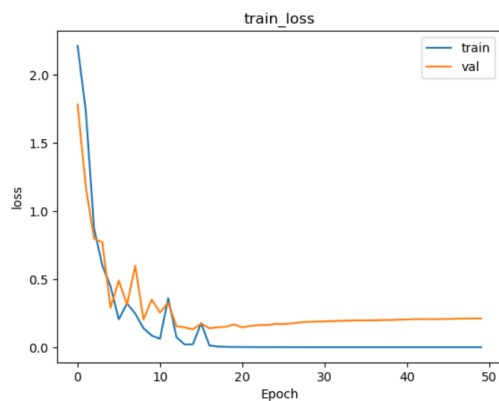
network.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])

|

# KC: start to train the model
history = network.fit( train_set,
                      validation_data = validation_set,
                      epochs          = 50 )#60

```

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9515151381492615



Replace the training and testing datasets, and increase the number of testing samples.

Two convolutional layers.

Filters set to 32 (originally set to 64).

Accuracy: 95.1%."

```

network = models.Sequential()
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=32,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#network.add(AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
# network.add(Conv2D(filters=32,
#                   kernel_size=(5,5),
#                   padding='same',
#                   input_shape=(28,28,3),
#                   activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten())
network.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

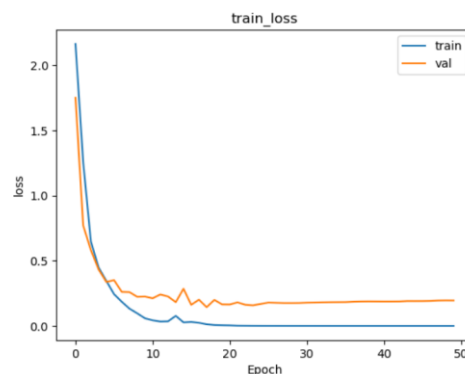
network.compile(optimizer='adam',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])

```

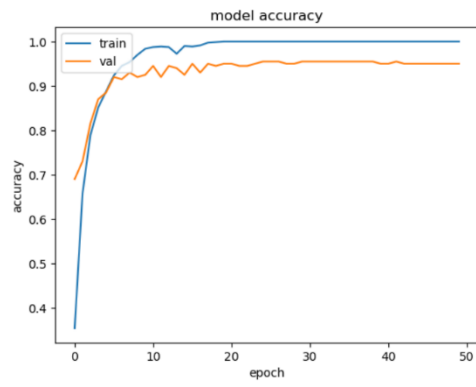
Replace the training and testing datasets, and increase the number of testing samples.

Change the optimizer to Adam.

Accuracy for Testset: 0.9535353779792786



Accuracy: 95.3%."



```

# KC: ImageDataGenerator can create an object used to generate batches of image data
image_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255, dtype='float32', validation_split=0.2)

# KC: The ImageDataGenerator class has the method flow_from_directory()
#      which can read the images from folders containing images.
train_set = image_datagen.flow_from_directory( r'C:\Users\user\Desktop\final_project_dataset\final_project_dataset\Test',
                                              target_size = (28, 28),
                                              batch_size = 128,
                                              class_mode = 'categorical',
                                              subset='training'
                                              )

validation_set = image_datagen.flow_from_directory( r'C:\Users\user\Desktop\final_project_dataset\final_project_dataset\Test',
                                                  target_size = (28, 28),
                                                  batch_size = 128,
                                                  class_mode = 'categorical',
                                                  subset='validation'
                                                  )

test_set = image_datagen.flow_from_directory(r'C:\Users\user\Desktop\final_project_dataset\final_project_dataset\Train',
                                           target_size = (28, 28),
                                           batch_size = 1,
                                           class_mode = 'categorical',
                                           shuffle = True
                                           )

```

```

# ----- [ DenseNet Conv
network = models.Sequential()
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

network.add(AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(Conv2D(filters=64,
                  kernel_size=(5,5),
                  padding='same',
                  input_shape=(28,28,3),
                  activation='relu'))

#max pooling
network.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
network.add(layers.Flatten())
network.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
network.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

network.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])

# KC: start to train the model
history = network.fit( train_set,
                      validation_data = validation_set,
                      epochs          = 50 )#60

```

Replace the training and testing datasets, and increase the number of testing samples.

Accuracy: 95.7%."

Accuracy for Testset: 0.95757384300232

