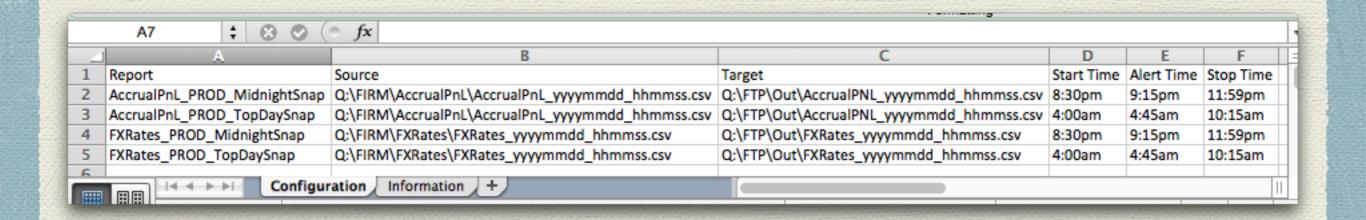
Perl and Excel

Reading and Writing Excel for Finance and Weather Applications

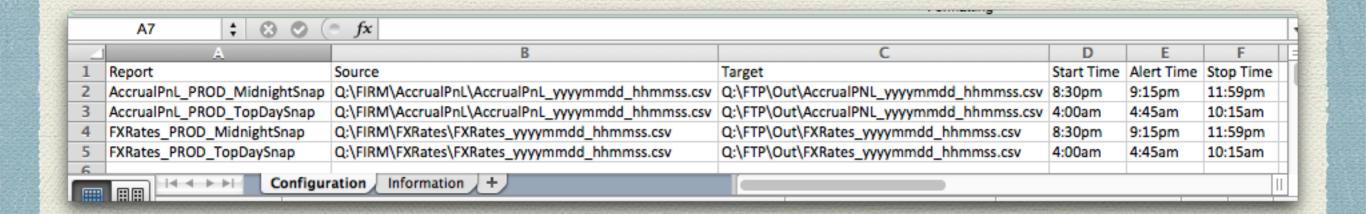
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Reading Excel Files

- Spreadsheet::ParseXLSX
 - Spreadsheet::XLSX listed as obsolete
 - >= Excel 2007 Files (.xlsx)
- Spreadsheet::ParseExcel
- Interchangeable syntax

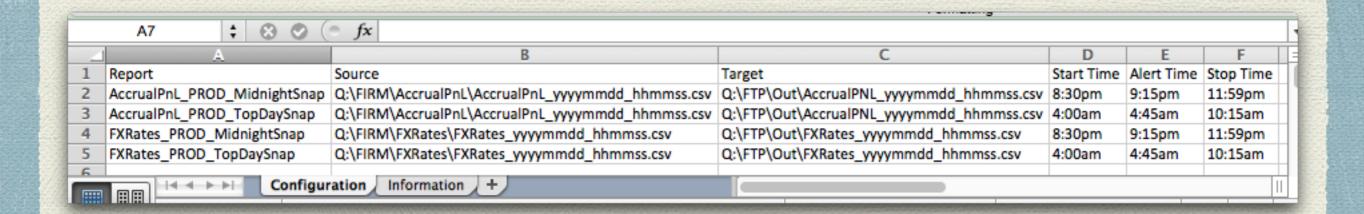


- Parsing
 - \$xls is file object
 - \$wb is workbook object
 - \$ws is worksheet object(s)



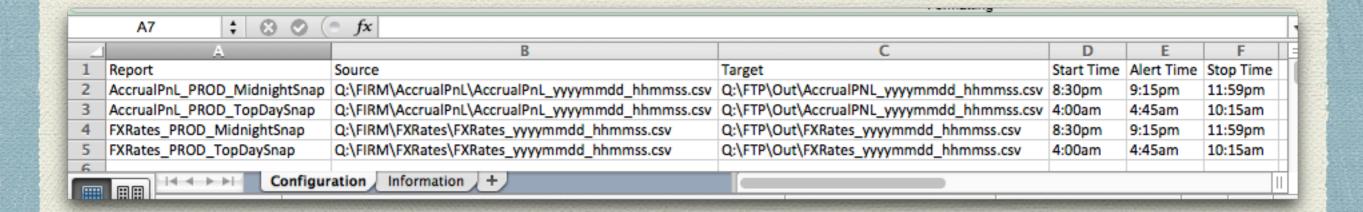
Workbooks and Worksheets

```
# >= 2007
$xls = Spreadsheet::ParseXLSX->new()
    or $log->logconfess("Unable to create new XLSX Parser: ",
    $xls->error());
# <= 2003 $xls = Spreadsheet::ParseExcel->new() ...
$wb = $xls->parse($file)
    or $log->logconfess("Unable to parse Excel file: ",
    $xls->error());
$wsConfig = $wb->worksheet('Configuration')
    or $log->logconfess("Unable to access Config Sheet: ",
    $xls->error());
```



Row and Column ranges

```
($rowMin, $rowMax) = $wsConfig->row_range();
($colMin, $colMax) = $wsConfig->col_range();
$log->info("Rows: $rowMin - $rowMax");
$log->info("Cols: $colMin - $colMax");
```



Rows, Columns and Cells

```
for $row ($rowMin .. $rowMax) {
    for $col ($colMin .. $colMax) {
        $cell = $wsConfig->get_cell($row, $col);
        if (srow == 0) {
            push @headers, $cell->value();
        else {
            if ($headers[$col] =~ /Time/i) {
                $config{$row}->{$headers[$co1]} =
                    ExcelFmt('hh:mm AM/PM', $cell->unformatted());
            else {
                $config{$row}->{$headers[$col]} = $cell->value();
```

Reading Formats and Fonts

- Useful for rebuilding a file with new input
- Copying formats between files
- I have little/no experience with reading them
- Commence hand-waving and non-answers
- Copy/pasted from CPAN docs

Reading Format Properties

Formats

```
$format->{Font}
$format->{AlignH} (returns: 0 => None, 1 => Left, etc.)
$format->{AlignV} (returns: 0 => Top, 1 => Center, etc.)
$format->{Indent}
$format->{Wrap}
format \rightarrow \{Rotate\} (returns: 0 \Rightarrow None, 1 \Rightarrow Top down, etc.)
$format->{JustLast}
$format->{ReadDir}
$format->{BdrStyle}
$format->{Fill}
$format->{Lock}
$format->{Hidden}
$format->{Style}
```

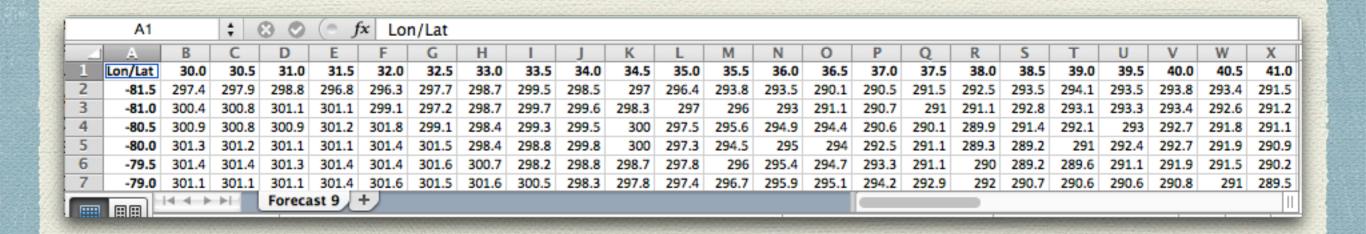
Reading Font Properties

Fonts

```
$font->{Name}
$font->{Bold}
$font->{Italic}
$font->{Height}
$font->{Underline}
$font->{UnderlineStyle} (returns: 0 => None, 1 => Single, etc.)
$font->{Color}
$font->{Strikeout}
$font->{Super} (returns: 0 => None, 1 => Superscript, etc.)
```

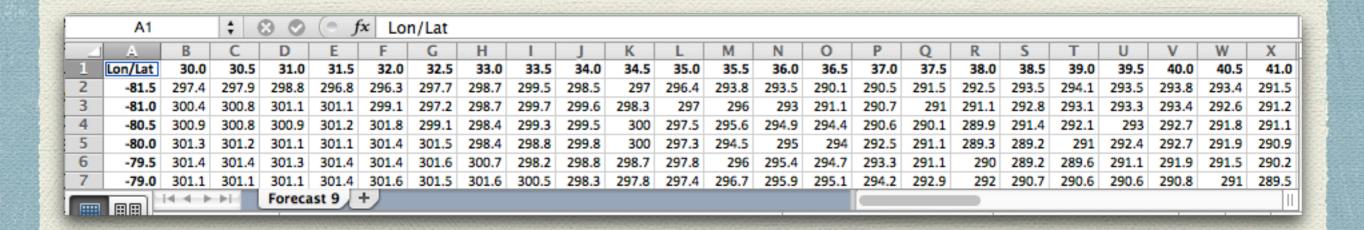
Writing Excel Files

- Excel::Writer::XLSX
 - >= Excel 2007 Files (.xlsx)
- Spreadsheet::WriteExcel
- Interchangeable syntax

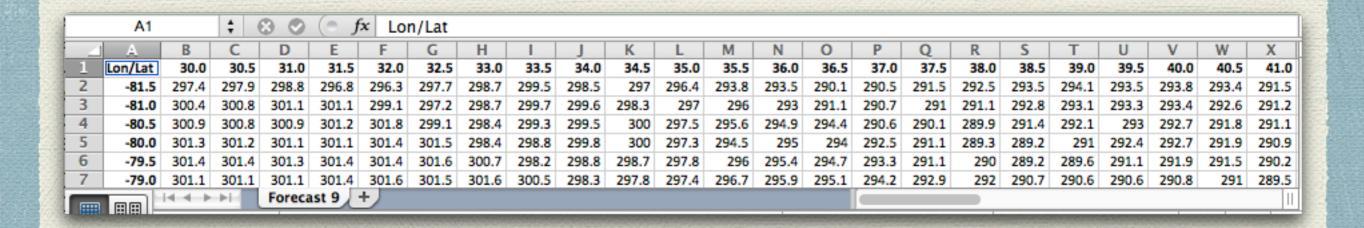


Writing

- \$wb is file/workbook object
- \$ws is worksheet object(s)
- Formats and Fonts have bigger role

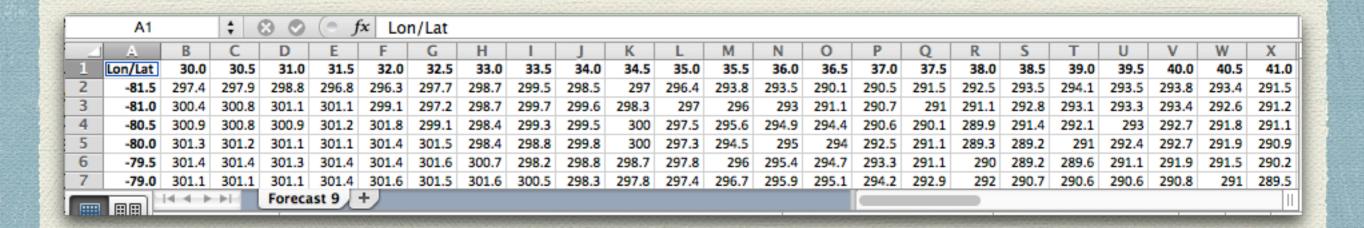


File/Workbook Properties



Row/Column headers

```
set the lat and lon grid positions
row = co1 = count = 0;
$ws->write_string($row, $col, 'Lon/Lat', $fmtBold);
for ($latPos = $dbData->{LatMin};
    $latPos <= $dbData->{LatMax};
    $latPos += $dataRes) {
    mapLat{1atPos} = ++scount;
    repeat for lonPos
for $latPos (keys %mapLat) {
    $ws->write_number($row, $mapLat{$latPos}, $latPos, $fmtGeo);
}
    repeat for lonPos
```



CSV file raw data:

```
RunDT, ForecastDT, Variable, Label, Longitude, Latitude, Value "2015-06-18 00:00", "2015-06-18 00:00", "TMP", "surface", -81.5, 30, 297.4 "2015-06-18 00:00", "2015-06-18 00:00", "TMP", "surface", -81, 30, 300.4
```

Read CSV file into array

```
@dataCSV = fileRead(file => $dbData->{FileCSV});
```

Excel::Writer::XLSX code:

```
for $dataLine (@dataCSV) {
    ($lonPos, $latPos, $geoVal) = (split ",", $dataLine)[-3 .. -1];
    $ws->write_number($mapLon{$lonPos}, $mapLat{$latPos}, $geoVal);
}
```

Writing Excel Formulas

Translate row/col to cell (xl_rowcol_to_cell) while (\$dbData = \$sth->fetchrow_hashref()) { \$row++; \$co1 = 0;for (@fields) { $rcst = x1_rowcol_to_cell(3, scol);$ \$rcSp = x1_rowcol_to_cell(\$row, \$col); if (\$budgetField{\$_} || \$_ eq 'Total') { \$ws->write_formula(1, \$col, "=SUM(\$rcSt:\$rcSp)"); else { \$ws->write_formula(1, \$col, "=COUNTA(\$rcSt:\$rcSp)"); \$co1++;

Writing Excel Formulas (obsolete)

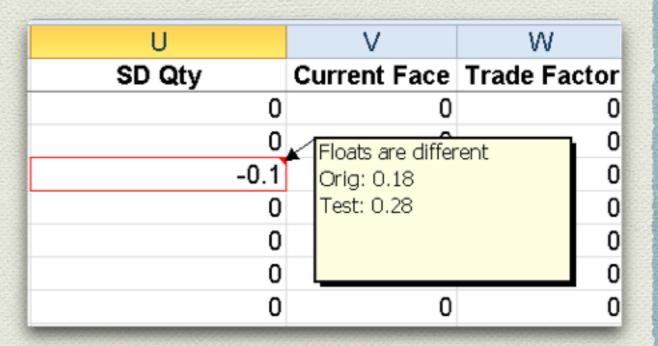
- In Spreadsheet::WriteExcel it was computationally expensive to write formulas since they were parsed by a recursive descent parser. The store_formula() and repeat_formula() methods were used as a way of avoiding the overhead of repeated formulas by reusing a pre-parsed formula.
- In Excel::Writer::XLSX this is no longer necessary since it is just as quick to write a formula as it is to write a string or a number.

Writing Excel Formulas (obsolete)

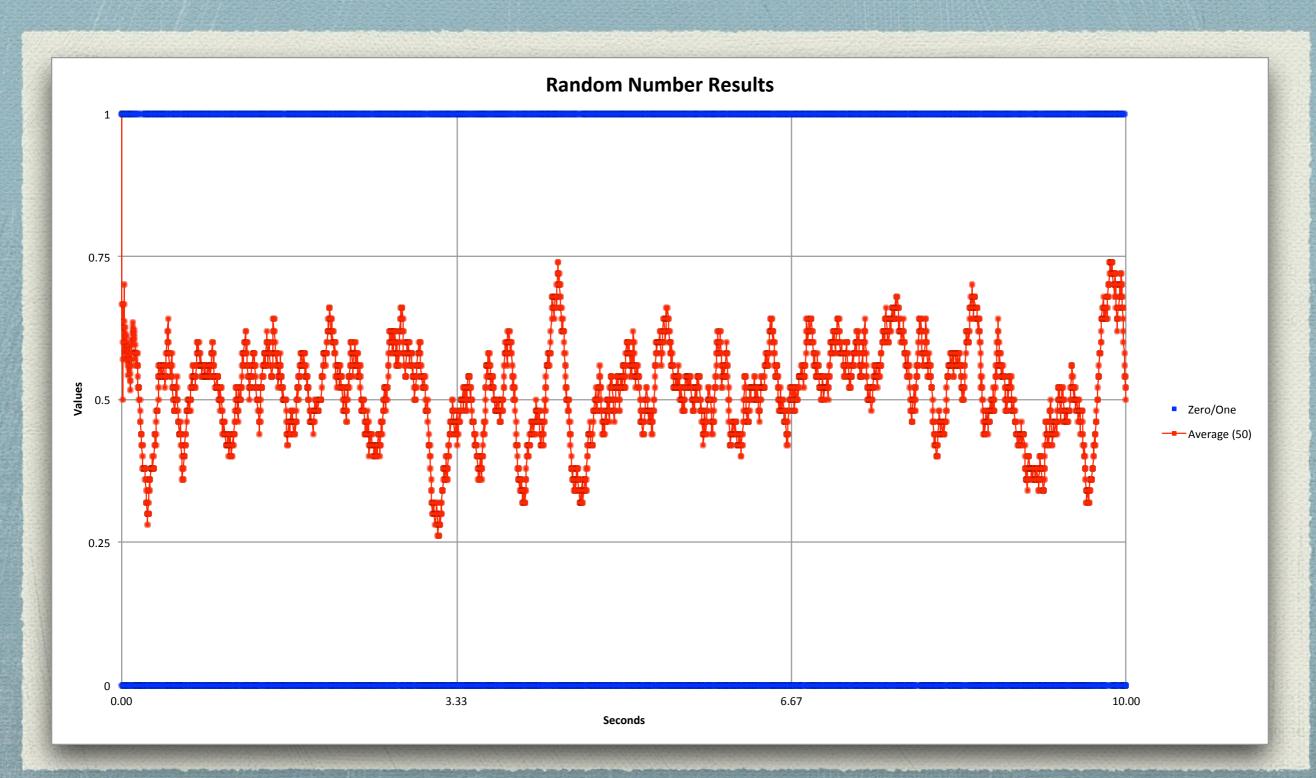
```
# orig: 2004/01/02 21:12:00
# store formulas for faster processing
$fDiff = $ws->store_formula('=IF(View!A100 <> "", View!A100,
    IF(Compare!A100 <> "", Compare!A100, ""))');
for ($rCount = 2; $rCount <= $maxRow; $rCount++) {
    for $c (qw/A B C D E F/) {
        cr = c . rcount;
        $ws->repeat_formula($cr, $fDiff, undef,
            ('A100', "$cr") x 4);
    $ws->write("G$rCount", "N/A");
```

Writing Excel Comments

```
$comment =
    sprintf "%s are different\r\n".
    "Orig: %s\r\n" . "Test: %s\r\n",
    $mapHeaders{dataType},
    $recOrig{$MD5Value}->{$header},
    $recTest{$MD5Value}->{$header};
    adjust to scale
$commentWidth = $commentHeight = 0;
for (split "\n", $comment) {
    if (length($_) > $commentwidth) {
        $commentWidth = length($_);
    $commentHeight++;
$ws->write_comment(
    $row, $col, $comment,
    x_scale => $commentWidth / 20,
    y_scale => $commentHeight / 4,
);
```



Writing Excel Charts



Writing Excel Charts

- Just another element of Spreadsheet
 - add_chart to workbook object
 - \$chart = \$wb->add_chart(type => 'scatter');
 - Set size, x/y/z axis params, grids, borders, data, markers, lines, colors, etc.

```
# Create a new Excel workbook
$wb = Excel::Writer::XLSX->new($file) or die "Unable to create $file: $!";
  Add a data worksheet
$data = $wb->add_worksheet('Random');
   write header row
$data->write($row, $col, ['Elapsed', 'Value', 'Average', 'Zeroes', 'Ones']);
#
  write data
for ($countMain = 0; $countMain <= $#data; $countMain++) {</pre>
    $startSub = ($countMain < 50) ? 0 : $countMain - 50;</pre>
    sum = 0;
    for ($countSub = $startSub; $countSub <= $countMain; $countSub++) {
        $sum += $data[$countSub];
    avg = sum / ((scountMain < 50) ? scountMain + 1 : 50);
    $data->write($row, $col, [sprintf("%0.3f", $et[$countMain]),
        $data[$countMain], sprintf("%0.3f", $avg),
        $running{$countMain}->{0} || 0,
        $running{$countMain}->{1} || 0], $fmt);
    $row++;
}
$data->autofilter(0, 0, $#data + 1, 4);
$data->freeze_panes(1, 0);
```

```
# Add a chart
$chart = $wb->add_chart(type => 'scatter', embedded => 1);
  set a decent size
$chart->set_size(width => 1200, height => 800);
  x axis
$chart->set_x_axis(
   name => 'Seconds',
                  => 0,
   min
                  => $time,
   max
   minor_unit => $time / 12,
major_unit => $time / 3,
   major_gridlines => {visible => 1},
   num_format => '0.00',
);
# Y axis
$chart->set_y_axis(
                   => 'Values',
   name
   min
                  => 0,
         => 1,
   max
   minor_unit => 0.125,
   major_unit => 0.25,
   major_gridlines => {visible => 1},
);
```

```
# Zeroes/Ones
$chart->add_series(
              => 'Zero/One',
    name
    categories => ['Random', 1, $#data + 1, 0, 0],
   values => ['Random', 1, $#data + 1, 1, 1],
   marker => {
       type => 'square',
       size \Rightarrow 3,
       border => {color => 'blue'},
       fill => {color => 'blue'},
   },
);
  Running Averages
$chart->add_series(
    name => 'Average (50)',
    categories => ['Random', 1, $#data + 1, 0, 0],
   values => ['Random', 1, $#data + 1, 2, 2],
   line
              => {
       color => 'red',
       width \Rightarrow 1
   },
    marker => {
       type => 'square',
       size \Rightarrow 3,
       border => {color => 'red'},
       fill => {color => 'red'},
    },
);
```

```
# chart title and axis labels
$chart->set_title(name => 'Random Number Results');
$data->insert_chart(1, 5, $chart, 10, 10);
$wb->close() or die "Unable to close $file: $!";
```

