

# Venus Comptroller Audit



**August 17, 2023** 

This security assessment was prepared by OpenZeppelin.

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## Summary

Type DeFi

From 2023-07-07 **Timeline** 

To 2023-07-28

Solidity Languages

**Total Issues** 16 (12 resolved, 1 partially resolved)

**Critical Severity** 

Issues

0 (0 resolved)

**High Severity** 

Issues

0 (0 resolved)

**Medium Severity** 

Issues

0 (0 resolved)

**Low Severity Issues** 6 (4 resolved)

Notes & Additional

Information

10 (8 resolved, 1 partially resolved)

## Scope

We audited the <u>venus-protocol</u> repository at the 94bc2e414e33ebf6c05d35c1605dcbd48fa932f5 commit.

In scope were the following contracts:

```
contracts
├─ Comptroller
    ComptrollerStorage.sol
     Diamond
        ├─ Diamond.sol
         —facets
            FacetBase.sol
            ---MarketFacet.sol
            —PolicyFacet.sol
            —RewardFacet.sol
             —SetterFacet.sol
            └─XVSRewardsHelper.sol
        └─ interfaces
            ─—IDiamondCut.sol
             —IMarketFacet.sol
            ——IPolicyFacet.sol
            —IRewardFacet.sol
             —ISetterFacet.sol
```

## **System Overview**

The Comptroller is the core smart contract system responsible for managing markets and risk within the Venus lending protocol. It serves as a central hub and reliable source of truth for lending markets, carrying out crucial security measures and health checks for positions. This report focuses on a recent Comptroller update that restructures the contract to follow the diamond pattern.

In this update, the Comptroller's implementation has been adapted to a diamond pattern that maintains a mapping holding all function selectors and their corresponding facets. This structure allows the <code>Diamond</code> to route all function calls to their corresponding facets through a delegate call. The original storage remains untouched in the <code>Unitroller</code>, with the only new additions being variables related to the diamond pattern.

The Comptroller's functionality has been divided into the following facets:

- The <u>FacetBase</u>, which acts as a base containing all core internal functionalities used by all the other facets.
- The <u>MarketFacet</u>, which contains all the methods related to the market's management in the pool.
- The <u>PolicyFacet</u>, which oversees crucial security checks and risk management for positions. It houses functions consulted by markets to guarantee the health status of positions during key actions such as borrowing and liquidations.
- The RewardFacet, which takes charge of the computation and allocation of XVS rewards, ensuring their accurate distribution to qualifying addresses.
- The <u>SetterFacet</u>, which is mainly used by privileged roles to enable the modification of protocol configuration values.
- The XVSRewardsHelper facet, which contains internal functions used in RewardFacet and PolicyFacet.

# Security Model and Trust Assumptions

Venus users are placing ultimate trust in the Comptroller admin, who can change critical safety parameters. The admin is currently set to the Venus governance contract.

## **Privileged Roles**

The admin address can call multiple permissioned methods and enable custom access control for certain functions. The admin or admin-chosen addresses can perform the following actions:

- Add function selectors to the <u>Diamond</u>.
- · Change the comptroller's implementation.
- · Change the admin.
- Set custom access control for certain functions.
- · Add new lending markets.
- Set the XVS accrual speed for any market.
- · Give XVS grants.
- Call all setters in the <u>setter facet</u> to modify critical parameters such as the collateral factor or the oracle address.

## **Low Severity**

# L-01 Potential Irreversibility in venusVAIVaultRate Adjustments

If the venusVAIVaultRate is mistakenly changed to a very high number in setVenusVAIVaultRate(), releaseToVault() will overflow.

If there is an attempt to correct the <a href="venusVAIVaultRate">venusVAIVaultRate</a>, <a href="releaseToVault">releaseToVault</a> will revert due to overflow, impeding any further change to the <a href="venusVAIVaultRate">venusVAIVaultRate</a>.

Consider adding input checks to prevent overflows.

**Update:** Acknowledged, not resolved. The Venus team stated:

venusVAIVaultRate is set by the governance so the chances of setting it wrong are negligible. For now, we will just acknowledge the issue and no actions are needed from us.

# L-02 Incorrect Function Signature in setActionsPaused

The <u>ensureAllowed</u> check in the <u>\_setActionsPaused</u> function verifies whether a certain user is allowed to call the function by checking the <u>msg.sender</u> and function signature in the <u>AccessControlManager</u>.

However, the signature is calculated incorrectly. To calculate the 4-byte signature for \_setActionsPaused(address[] calldata markets\_, Action[] calldata actions\_, bool paused\_), the canonical representation \_setActionsPaused(address[],uint8[],bool) should be used instead of \_setActionsPaused(address[],uint256[],bool). Actions is an enum, and in Solidity 0.5.16 enums are mapped to the smallest uint type that is large enough to hold all the values. Since Actions holds 9 values, it will be mapped to uint8.

The correct function signature for the  $\_setActionsPaused$  function should be 0x2b5d790c.

In this case, since the canonical representation is used instead of the 4-byte signature when setting and checking the signature, the impact is relatively limited.

Update: Resolved in pull request #312 at commit cfaa69a.

### **L-03 Missing Docstrings**

Although many functions in the <u>codebase</u> are well-documented and the code is generally self-explanatory, the codebase could benefit from more complete <u>NatSpec comments</u> for all <u>public</u> and <u>external</u> functions. For instance:

- getAssetsIn in MarketFacet.sol
- <u>setLiquidatorContract</u> in <u>SetterFacet.sol</u>
- <u>setVAIMintRate</u> in SetterFacet.sol
- <u>setTreasuryData</u> in <u>SetterFacet.sol</u>

Consider thoroughly documenting all functions (and their parameters) that are part of any contract's public API. Functions implementing sensitive functionality, even if not public, should be clearly documented as well.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>3909ff7</u>.

# L-04 Implementation of EIP-2535 Does Not Fully Match the Specification

The <u>Diamond contract</u> implements the <u>EIP-2535 standard</u>, often referred to as the diamond proxy pattern.

The diamond proxy pattern is a proxy design where the functions are separated into multiple smaller 'facet' contracts. By breaking down the implementation contract into multiple facets, it is possible to build larger and more complex applications without exceeding the contract size limit.

However, there are some mismatches between the current implementation and the official specification worth highlighting:

 The <u>diamondCut(IDiamondCut.FacetCut[] memory diamondCut)</u> function should be diamondCut(IDiamondCut.FacetCut[] memory \_diamondCut, address \_init, bytes calldata \_calldata).

- The <u>getFacetFunctionSelectors</u> function should be facetFunctionSelectors.
- The <a href="mailto:getAllFacetAddresses">getAllFacetAddresses</a>. function should be facetAddresses.
- The Diamond contract does not implement the facets function.
- The Diamond contract does not implement the facetAddress function.
- The <u>DiamondCut(IDiamondCut.FacetCut[] \_diamondCut</u>) event should be DiamondCut(FacetCut[] \_diamondCut, address \_init, bytes calldata);

While the deviations from the specification may not be problematic for this particular use case, they may potentially cause errors in clients interacting with the <code>Diamond</code> contract who expect a fully-compliant implementation of EIP-2535. For example, tools such as <code>Louper</code> will not work as the function signatures of the functions used to inspect the <code>Diamond</code> do not match the ones from the standard.

Therefore, it is advisable to either modify the contract to make it fully compliant or clearly document the expected differences between the **Diamond** contract and the EIP.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>7417d8f</u>.

### L-05 Possible Function Selector Clashing

Clashing can happen among functions with different names. Every function that is part of a contract's public ABI is identified, at the bytecode level, by a 4-byte identifier. This identifier depends on the function's signature, but since it is only 4 bytes, there is a possibility that two different functions with different function signatures may end up having the same identifier. The Solidity compiler tracks when this happens within the same contract, but not when the collision happens across different ones, such as between a proxy and its logic contract.

In this protocol, the <u>Unitroller</u> contract <u>delegatecalls</u> the <u>Diamond</u> contract which <u>delegatecalls</u> the facets. The <u>Unitroller</u> contract contains 8 <u>public/external</u> functions and the <u>Diamond</u> contract contains 46 <u>public/external</u> functions (this can increase in future upgrades).

The presence of these functions creates the possibility of a <u>function selector clash</u>. This can happen in the following scenarios:

- Functions in Unitroller and hardcoded functions in Diamond with the same function selector
- Functions in Unitroller and a facet with the same function selector

Hardcoded functions in Diamond and a facet with the same function selector

Note that functions between different facets cannot clash as the <u>diamondCut</u> <u>function</u> prevents adding new functions whose signature is already registered in the <u>Diamond</u>.

Consider checking that no function selector collision is present when adding new functions to the <code>Diamond</code> (using <code>diamondCut</code>) or upgrading the <code>Diamond</code> 's implementation. Moving the hardcoded functions in <code>Diamond.sol</code> to a facet will also reduce the chances of a collision going unnoticed.

**Update:** Acknowledged, not resolved. The Venus team stated:

We have just included the diamondCut functionality in the Diamond.sol file. For now, we will just acknowledge the issue, and no actions are needed from us.

# L-06 Unnecessary Access Allowance to the Comptroller Implementation

The security check ensureAdminOr(comptrollerImplementation) in <a href="mailto:setVenusSpeeds">\_setVenusSpeeds</a> and <a href="mailto:grantXVS">\_grantXVS</a> allows <a href="mailto:msg.sender">msg.sender</a> to be the <a href="mailto:admin">admin</a> or the <a href="mailto:comptrollerImplementation">comptrollerImplementation</a>. There is no reason to allow for <a href="mailto:msg.sender">msg.sender</a> == <a href="mailto:comptrollerImplementation">comptrollerImplementation</a> since the facets are called by the <a href="mailto:Diamond">Diamond</a> contract through <a href="mailto:delegateCall">delegateCall</a>.

Allowing access from the comptrollerImplementation opens a potential attack path if the implementation were able to do calls to the Unitroller.

Consider disallowing access to these functions from the <a href="ComtprollerImplementation">ComtprollerImplementation</a>.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>0aa7e17</u>.

# Notes & Additional Information

### N-01 Non-Explicit Imports

The use of non-explicit imports in the codebase can decrease the clarity of the code and may create naming conflicts between locally defined and imported variables. This is particularly relevant when multiple contracts exist within the same Solidity files or when inheritance chains are long.

Throughout the <u>codebase</u>, global imports are being used. Some instances are (but not limited to):

- <u>Line 3</u> of <u>ComptrollerStorage.sol</u>
- <u>Line 4</u> of <u>ComptrollerStorage.sol</u>
- <u>Line 5</u> of <u>ComptrollerStorage.sol</u>
- Line 7 of FacetBase.sol
- Line 8 of FacetBase.sol
- Line 3 of MarketFacet.sol
- Line 4 of MarketFacet.sol
- Line 3 of PolicyFacet.sol

Following the principle that clearer code is better code, consider using named import syntax (import {A, B, C} from "X") to explicitly declare which contracts are being imported.

Update: Resolved in pull request #312 at commit 6d0a33c.

### N-02 Not Inheriting From Available Interfaces

The **Diamond** has multiple facets, and each facet has its own interface. However, the facet contracts are not explicitly inheriting their interfaces. This can lead to issues if an interface or corresponding contract is modified in a way that would make them incompatible.

Additionally, functions are added to the Diamond by calculating the function signatures from the interfaces instead of the contracts. Therefore it is important that the facet contracts

explicitly inherit their respective interfaces to ensure the correct functions are added to the Diamond. For instance:

- Diamond does not inherit from IDiamondCut
- MarketFacet does not inherit from IMarketFacet
- PolicyFacet does not inherit from IPolicyFacet
- RewardFacet does not inherit from IRewardFacet
- SetterFacet does not inherit from ISetterFacet

To clarify intent, increase the readability of the codebase, and allow the compiler to perform more robust error-checking, consider updating the contracts' inheritance declarations to explicitly inherit from their corresponding interfaces.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>50761a0</u>.

### N-03 Unnecessary Inheritances

The codebase contains two instances of unnecessary inheritances:

- <u>MarketFacet</u> inherits ExponentialNoError. However, <u>FacetBase</u> already inherits ExponentialNoError. Consider removing the explicit inheritance of ExponentialNoError in MarketFacet.
- <u>SetterFacet</u> inherits ExponentialNoError. However, <u>FacetBase</u> already inherits ExponentialNoError. Consider removing the explicit inheritance of ExponentialNoError in SetterFacet.

Inheriting a contract multiple times can be confusing and may lead to inconsistencies if the inherited contract is consuming storage slots. While the current version of <a href="ExponentialNoError">ExponentialNoError</a> is not consuming any storage slots, consider removing the duplicate inheritance to improve readability.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>4c72e43</u>.

#### N-04 Lack of SPDX License Identifiers

Throughout the <u>codebase</u>, there are files that lack SPDX license identifiers. For instance:

- <a href="ComptrollerStorage.sol">ComptrollerStorage.sol</a>
- Diamond.sol
- FacetBase.sol

- MarketFacet.sol
- PolicyFacet.sol
- RewardFacet.sol
- SetterFacet.sol
- XVSRewardsHelper.sol
- IDiamondCut.sol
- IMarketFacet.sol
- IPolicyFacet.sol
- IRewardFacet.sol
- ISetterFacet.sol

To avoid legal issues regarding copyright and follow best practices, consider adding SPDX license identifiers to files as suggested by the Solidity documentation.

Update: Resolved in pull request #312 at commit 0387b34.

#### N-05 Lack of Indexed Event Parameters

Throughout the <u>codebase</u>, several events do not have their parameters indexed. For instance:

- Line 12 and line 15 of FacetBase.sol
- <u>Line 11</u>, <u>line 14</u>, and <u>line 17</u> of <u>MarketFacet.sol</u>
- Line 11 of RewardFacet.sol
- All events in SetterFacet.sol

Consider <u>indexing event parameters</u> to improve the ability of off-chain services to search and filter for specific events.

*Update:* Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>5533343</u>.

### N-06 Using int/uint Instead of int256/uint256

In the following contracts, there are instances where int/uint are used instead of int256/
uint256:

- <a href="ComptrollerStorage.sol">ComptrollerStorage.sol</a>
- FacetBase.sol
- MarketFacet.sol
- PolicyFacet.sol
- SetterFacet.sol

- IPolicyFacet.sol
- ISetterFacet.sol

In favor of explicitness, consider replacing all instances of int/uint with int256/uint256.

Update: Resolved in pull request #312 at commit 5533343.

## N-07 Local Variable Shares Name With Storage Variable

venusAccrued is declared as a <u>local variable</u>, but there is a <u>storage variable</u> with the same name.

Consider using different names to improve the codebase's readability.

**Update:** Resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>4596c2b</u>.

### N-08 Constants Not Using UPPER\_CASE Format

In <u>FacetBase.sol</u>, there are several constants that are not using <u>UPPER\_CASE</u> format. For instance:

- The venusInitialIndex constant declared on line 20
- The closeFactorMinMantissa constant declared on line 22
- The closeFactorMaxMantissa constant declared on line 24
- The collateralFactorMaxMantissa constant declared on line 26

According to the <u>Solidity Style Guide</u>, constants should be named with all capital letters with underscores separating words. For better readability, consider following this convention.

**Update:** Acknowledged, not resolved. The Venus team stated:

As we have dependencies on external contracts, if we change the convention the public variable venusInitialIndex and its getter will be changed. So for now we can't do the suggested change and will acknowledge the issue.

### N-09 Unnecessary Imports

Throughout the codebase, there are multiple instances of unnecessary imports that are either unused or already imported by other files.

- Import <u>ComptrollerStorage</u> of <u>Diamond.sol</u> which is already imported by Unitroller
- Import <u>ErrorReporter</u> of <u>FacetBase.sol</u> which is already imported by VToken
- Import <u>ErrorReporter</u> of <u>PolicyFacet.sol</u> which is already imported by VToken
- Import <u>ErrorReporter</u> of <u>SetterFacet.sol</u> which is already imported by FacetBase
- Import <a href="PriceOracle">PriceOracle</a> of <a href="IMarketFacet.sol">IMarketFacet.sol</a>
- Import <a href="PriceOracle">PriceOracle</a> of <a href="IRewardFacet.sol">IRewardFacet.sol</a>

Consider removing unused imports to improve the overall clarity and readability of the codebase.

Update: Resolved in pull request #312 at commit 6d0a33c.

### N-10 Inconsistent Coding Style

There are general inconsistencies and deviations from the <u>Solidity Style Guide</u> throughout the codebase. Below is a non-exhaustive list of inconsistent coding styles.

While most external function names do not contain an underscore, some begin with one underscore. For example:

- <u>supportMarket</u>
- setVenusSpeeds
- <u>grantXVS</u>

Some functions use named return variables, while others do not. For example:

- <u>getFacetFunctionSelectors</u> and <u>getAllFacetAddresses</u> declare named variables for the returned values.
- All the other functions in <a href="Diamond.sol">Diamond.sol</a> do not declare a named variable for the return values.

Some facets are importing the <u>ComptrollerErrorReporter</u> contract while other facets are inheriting the <u>ComptrollerErrorReporter</u> contract. For example:

- <u>FacetBase is importing the ComptrollerErrorReporter contract</u> and therefore uses <u>ComptrollerErrorReporter.Error</u>.
- <u>MarketFacet is inheriting the ComptrollerErrorReporter contract</u> and therefore uses <u>Error</u>.

Consider enforcing a standard coding style, such as the one provided by the <u>Solidity Style</u> <u>Guide</u>, to improve the project's overall readability and consistency. Also, consider using a linter such as <u>Solhint</u> to define a style and analyze the codebase for style deviations.

**Update:** Partially resolved in <u>pull request #312</u> at commit <u>4c72e43</u>. The Venus team stated:

We have not removed \_\_ from external methods as they are setters for the state variables and governance-controlled.

### **Conclusions**

The Diamond update refines the contract's structure and upgradeability mechanism, with negligible impact on function operations or underlying logic. This audit yielded 6 low-severity issues and 10 code quality notes.