

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: Venus

Date: 24 May, 2023



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Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Venus
Approved By	Noah Jelich Lead Solidity SC Auditor at Hacken OU
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Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Venus (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contracts.

System Overview

Venus Protocol ("Venus") is an algorithmic-based money market system designed to bring a complete decentralized finance-based lending and credit system.

Venus enables users to utilize their cryptocurrencies by supplying to collateral the network that be borrowed by pledging may over-collateralized cryptocurrencies. This creates a secure lending environment where the lender receives a compounded interest rate annually (APY) paid per block, while the borrower pays interest on the borrowed cryptocurrency.

The Venus Protocol has been designed to give platform users a decentralized and secure marketplace to take out loans, earn an interest, and mint synthetic stablecoins.

The files in the scope:

- RouterHelper.sol The Abstract contract facilitates various token swaps, either for tokens supporting fees or not, and provides library functions to determine transaction specifics.
- IRouterHelper.sol The interface of RouterHelper.
- SwapRouter.sol The contract contains various functions for token swaps, including supporting multiple swap routes. Users can swap tokens and, in the same transaction, supply to any market of Venus or repay their debt in any market of Venus.
- CustomErrors.sol The error handling contract.
- PancakeLibrary.sol The library contract provides the necessary functionality for the swap operation. It manages token sorting, pair address calculation, and token amount conversions.
- TransferHelper.sol The library contract provides methods for interacting with ERC20 and ETH tokens, as well as for safely sending them.
- InterfaceComptroller.sol The interface of Comptroller contract.
- IPancakePair.sol The interface of PancakePair contract.
- IPancakeSwapV2Factory.sol The interface of PancakeSwapV2Factory contract.
- IPancakeSwapV2Router.sol The interface of IPancakeSwapV2Router contract.
- IVBNB.sol The interface of VBep20 contract.
- IVtoken.sol The interface of VToken contract.
- IWBNB.sol The interface of VBep20 contract.

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Privileged roles

- <u>SwapRouter.sol:</u>
 - o onlyOwner privilege roles:
 - sweepToken() method caller: can withdraw ERC20 token from the contract.



Executive Summary

The score measurement details can be found in the corresponding section of the <u>scoring methodology</u>.

Documentation quality

The total Documentation Quality score is 10 out of 10.

- Functional requirements are provided.
- Technical description is provided.

Code quality

The total Code Quality score is 8 out of 10.

- The development environment is configured.
- There are a few code quality issues (low and informational).
- The order of the function does not follow the style guide perfectly, but the exceptions make sense.

Test coverage

Code coverage of the project is 56.67% (branch coverage).

- Deployment and basic user interactions are covered with tests.
- Negative cases coverage is missed.
- Some functions are not tested.
- Interactions by several users are not tested thoroughly.

Security score

As a result of the audit, the code contains 1 high, 3 medium and 3 low severity issues. The security score is 2 out of 10.

All found issues are displayed in the "Findings" section.

Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contract has the following score: **3.7**. The system users should acknowledge all the risks summed up in the risks section of the report.

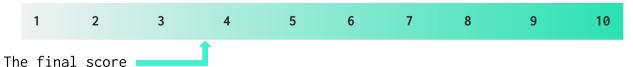


Table. The distribution of issues during the audit

Review date	Low	Medium	High	Critical
24 May 2023	3	3	1	0



Risks

• The protocol provides the possibility to repay a loan from the Venus market and to supply tokens to the Venus market. By doing that, the system interacts with other contracts that are **out of the scope of this audit**.



Checked Items

We have audited the Customers' smart contracts for commonly known and specific vulnerabilities. Here are some items considered:

Item	Description	Status	Related Issues
Default Visibility	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	Passed	
Integer Overflow and Underflow	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	Passed	
Outdated Compiler Version	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	Passed	
Floating Pragma	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	Failed	102
Unchecked Call Return Value	The return value of a message call should be checked.	Failed	MØ2
Access Control & Authorization	Ownership takeover should not be possible. All crucial functions should be protected. Users could not affect data that belongs to other users.	Passed	
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	Not Relevant	
Check-Effect- Interaction	Check-Effect-Interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs ANY external call.	Passed	
Assert Violation	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	Passed	
Deprecated Solidity Functions	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	Passed	
Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	Not Relevant	
DoS (Denial of Service)	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	Passed	
Race Conditions	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	Passed	



Authorization through	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	Not Relevant	
tx.origin		WETEAGIIC	
Block values as a proxy for time	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	Passed	
Signature Unique Id	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id. Chain identifiers should always be used. All parameters from the signature should be used in signer recovery. EIP-712 should be followed during a signer verification.	Not Relevant	
Shadowing State Variable	State variables should not be shadowed.	Passed	
Weak Sources of Randomness	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	Not Relevant	
Incorrect Inheritance Order	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order.	Passed	
Calls Only to Trusted Addresses	All external calls should be performed only to trusted addresses.	Passed	
Presence of Unused Variables	The code should not contain unused variables if this is not <u>justified</u> by design.	Passed	
EIP Standards Violation	EIP standards should not be violated.	Passed	
Assets Integrity	Funds are protected and cannot be withdrawn without proper permissions or be locked on the contract.	Passed	
User Balances Manipulation	Contract owners or any other third party should not be able to access funds belonging to users.	Passed	
Data Consistency	Smart contract data should be consistent all over the data flow.	Failed	HØ1
Flashloan Attack	When working with exchange rates, they should be received from a trusted source and not be vulnerable to short-term rate changes that can be achieved by using flash loans. Oracles should be used. Contracts shouldn't rely on values that can be changed in the same transaction.	Passed	
Token Supply Manipulation	Tokens can be minted only according to rules specified in a whitepaper or any other documentation provided by the Customer.	Passed	



Gas Limit and Loops	Transaction execution costs should not depend dramatically on the amount of data stored on the contract. There should not be any cases when execution fails due to the block Gas limit.	Passed	
Style Guide Violation	Style guides and best practices should be followed.	Passed	
Requirements Compliance	The code should be compliant with the requirements provided by the Customer.	Passed	
Environment Consistency	The project should contain a configured development environment with a comprehensive description of how to compile, build and deploy the code.	Passed	
Secure Oracles Usage	The code should have the ability to pause specific data feeds that it relies on. This should be done to protect a contract from compromised oracles.	Not Relevant	
Tests Coverage	The code should be covered with unit tests. Test coverage should be sufficient, with both negative and positive cases covered. Usage of contracts by multiple users should be tested.	Failed	
Stable Imports	The code should not reference draft contracts, which may be changed in the future.	Passed	



Findings

■■■■ Critical

No critical severity issues were found.

High

H01. Missing Swap Path Validation

Impact	High
Likelihood	Medium

All the functions that would execute a swap take as argument the path that will be used to swap between the two tokens concerned. However, no check is done to verify that the path matches with the two tokens that are supposed to be swapped.

It is possible to perform a swap with a path if the user has the relative tokens even if the vTokenAddress used as parameter is the address of another token.

Paths: ./contracts/Swap/SwapRouter.sol

./contracts/Swap/RouterHelper.sol

Recommendation: Check that the tokens at the beginning and the end of the path are the ones that are supposed to be swapped.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

Medium

M01. Mishandled Edge Case

Impact	Medium
Likelihood	Medium

In the presented code, if-else control statements are structured in a manner that can lead to unintended execution under certain conditions. Specifically, when the contract has insufficient liquidity, statement 'A' or 'B' could become zero. Despite this, due to the use of the logical "AND" operator (&&), the function will still execute successfully.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/lib/PancakeLibrary.sol : quote(),
getAmountOut(), getAmountIn()

Recommendation: Change the "&&" operator with "||" operator.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New



M02. Unchecked Return Value

Impact	Medium
Likelihood	Medium

Return value of repayBorrowBehalf() function is not being validated.

In the absence of proper validation, a situation might arise where repayBorrowBehalf() returns an error, yet the transaction still proceeds to completion.

Recommendation: Either explain this behavior if this is an intended or Incorporate a check for the return value of the repayBorrowBehalf() function to ensure it executes correctly.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

M03. Unverifiable Logic

Impact	Low
Likelihood	Medium

The SwapRouter contract externally calls VBep20.sol inside the $_supply()$ function. The contract uses or interacts with code that is out of audit scope.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/SwapRouter.sol

Recommendation: Add the code that cannot be verified in the scope or document it properly if it cannot be added to the scope.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

Low

L01. Missing Zero Address Validation

Impact	Medium
Likelihood	Low

Address parameters are being used without checking against the possibility of 0x0.

This can lead to unwanted external calls to 0x0.

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Path: ./contracts/Swap/SwapRouter.sol: constructor(), sweepToken()

Recommendation: Implement zero address checks.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

L02. Boolean Equality

Impact	Low
Likelihood	Medium

Boolean constants can be used directly and do not need to be compared to true or false.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/SwapRouter.sol : ensureVTokenListed()

Recommendation: Remove boolean equality.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

L03. Redundant Check

Impact	Low	
Likelihood	Medium	

In the PancakeLibrary.quote() function, the following checks are done:

if (reserveA == 0 && reserveB == 0) {revert InsufficientLiquidity();}

require(reserveA > 0 && reserveB > 0,

The first check is useless as it checks something that is also checked in the second one.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/PancakeLibrary.sol : quote()

Recommendation: Remove redundant code.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New



Informational

IO1. SPDX License Identifier Not Provided

Impact	Low
Likelihood	Medium

"SPDX-License-Identifier" is not provided in the source files.

Paths: ./contracts/Swap/interfaces/CustomErrors.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakePair.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IVBNB.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IVtoken.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakeSwapV2Router.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakeSwapV2Factory.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/InterfaceComptroller.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/PancakeLibrary.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/IRouterHelper.sol,

./contracts/Swap/interfaces/SwapRouter.sol,

Recommendation: "SPDX-License-Identifier" should be added to each source file.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

I02. Floating Pragma

Impact	Low	
Likelihood	Medium	

The project uses floating pragmas ^0.8.13.

This may result in the contracts being deployed using the wrong pragma version, which is different from the one they were tested with. For example, they might be deployed using an outdated pragma version which may include bugs that affect the system negatively.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/interfaces/CustomErrors.sol :

Recommendation: Consider locking the pragma version whenever possible and avoid using a floating pragma in the final deployment. Consider known bugs (https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/releases) for the compiler version that is chosen.



Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New

I03. Public Functions That Should Be External

Impact	Low
Likelihood	Medium

Functions that are only called from outside the contract should be defined as external.

Path: ./contracts/Swap/RouterHelper.sol : quote(), getAmountOut(),

getAmountIn(), getAmountsOut(), getAmountsIn()

Recommendation: Make these functions external.

Found in: e75d0ac

Status: New



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed based on best industry practices at the time of the writing of this report, with cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The report contains no statements or warranties on the identification of all vulnerabilities and security of the code. The report covers the code submitted and reviewed, so it may not be relevant after any modifications. Do not consider this report as a final and sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other contract statements.

While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only — we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

English is the original language of the report. The Consultant is not responsible for the correctness of the translated versions.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the Consultant cannot guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.



Appendix 1. Severity Definitions

When auditing smart contracts Hacken is using a risk-based approach that considers the potential impact of any vulnerabilities and the likelihood of them being exploited. The matrix of impact and likelihood is a commonly used tool in risk management to help assess and prioritize risks.

The impact of a vulnerability refers to the potential harm that could result if it were to be exploited. For smart contracts, this could include the loss of funds or assets, unauthorized access or control, or reputational damage.

The likelihood of a vulnerability being exploited is determined by considering the likelihood of an attack occurring, the level of skill or resources required to exploit the vulnerability, and the presence of any mitigating controls that could reduce the likelihood of exploitation.

Risk Level	High Impact	Medium Impact	Low Impact
High Likelihood	Critical	High	Medium
Medium Likelihood	High	Medium	Low
Low Likelihood	Medium	Low	Low

Risk Levels

Critical: Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation.

High: High vulnerabilities are usually harder to exploit, requiring specific conditions, or have a more limited scope, but can still lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation.

Medium: Medium vulnerabilities are usually limited to state manipulations and, in most cases, cannot lead to asset loss. Contradictions and requirements violations. Major deviations from best practices are also in this category.

Low: Major deviations from best practices or major Gas inefficiency. These issues won't have a significant impact on code execution, don't affect security score but can affect code quality score.



Impact Levels

High Impact: Risks that have a high impact are associated with financial losses, reputational damage, or major alterations to contract state. High impact issues typically involve invalid calculations, denial of service, token supply manipulation, and data consistency, but are not limited to those categories.

Medium Impact: Risks that have a medium impact could result in financial losses, reputational damage, or minor contract state manipulation. These risks can also be associated with undocumented behavior or violations of requirements.

Low Impact: Risks that have a low impact cannot lead to financial losses or state manipulation. These risks are typically related to unscalable functionality, contradictions, inconsistent data, or major violations of best practices.

Likelihood Levels

High Likelihood: Risks that have a high likelihood are those that are expected to occur frequently or are very likely to occur. These risks could be the result of known vulnerabilities or weaknesses in the contract, or could be the result of external factors such as attacks or exploits targeting similar contracts.

Medium Likelihood: Risks that have a medium likelihood are those that are possible but not as likely to occur as those in the high likelihood category. These risks could be the result of less severe vulnerabilities or weaknesses in the contract, or could be the result of less targeted attacks or exploits.

Low Likelihood: Risks that have a low likelihood are those that are unlikely to occur, but still possible. These risks could be the result of very specific or complex vulnerabilities or weaknesses in the contract, or could be the result of highly targeted attacks or exploits.

Informational

Informational issues are mostly connected to violations of best practices, typos in code, violations of code style, and dead or redundant code.

Informational issues are not affecting the score, but addressing them will be beneficial for the project.



Appendix 2. Scope

The scope of the project includes the following smart contracts from the provided repository:

Initial review scope

Repository	https://github.com/VenusProtocol/venus-protocol
Commit	e75d0ac9df768263dbc830546280b4d0f9385c4e
Whitepaper	<u>Link</u>
Requirements	-
Technical Requirements	Link
Contracts	File: contracts/Swap/IRouterHelper.sol SHA3: f7ab1d6fb7f1afaa1684bfc95ef56d58aa5ad30d37a581250b207b0eb04b338d
	File: contracts/Swap/RouterHelper.sol SHA3: 3e5613f214d78956d481d2c0cb60c207287f503d8db0261f2ef86f4bf1e94db3
	File: contracts/Swap/SwapRouter.sol SHA3: 0f32e109c87f996066f16868842a027d3125a86d44b531ae64cf8471d17039b9
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/CustomErrors.sol SHA3: 4225b3b6377f70b868fe872d8dbc7216572ebc1c50576ccde3ffc5fdf22e6c0f
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/InterfaceComptroller.sol SHA3: a5a831e6e068c43a5a5225be20eed03240f22a648e78da2f4fc476abcda0a7cf
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakePair.sol SHA3: 6074813057a1995f74f490a0c0b856ea43fad25f3618524637849740f02e8735
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakeSwapV2Factory.sol SHA3: 908ce34715e7e318e5b7386b5041e4eebb75522eb470f4fae76043f05b3a8154
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IPancakeSwapV2Router.sol SHA3: 9116fd180e5f7411ae7563d3649f80a87004495b8a69320c82aa8b7585513585
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IVBNB.sol SHA3: 0d7704d96da6d31a0742c85caf79672223882199bbb0e9857b981cf711dfab6e
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IVtoken.sol SHA3: 88b6a0c0770789dca08bea9cef03957fad2cbc31dfa31ae0df6b526f8b91e400
	File: contracts/Swap/interfaces/IWBNB.sol SHA3: 218eefa8e720cb40c4e17a13e5273ce426a2b72cf610535f91367e01f8d9bf89
	File: contracts/Swap/lib/PancakeLibrary.sol SHA3: 55c636c9f3f052f2d778d131b3c75f2f7d667d979dfd6cc92803fcfd88cc18a4
	File: contracts/Swap/lib/TransferHelper.sol SHA3: 0cb8db1603b9af73d02dda580b438939f66e650baddc03467e4dd4340e10221b