SIMPLIFICATIONS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA @) AB + A(B+C) + B(B+C) Applying doeth butive law, we have AB+ AB+AC+BB+BC But BB = B and AB+ AB = AB, therefore = AB+ AC+B+BC AB+ AC+B(1+C) ABTACTB AB+B+AC B(ADD)+AC = B+AC (b) [AB (C+BD) + AB] C Applying distributive law, we have [ABC + ABBB + AB] C [ABC + ABJC apply distributive law, we have ABCC + ABC ABC+ ABC BC (AJA) 1 BC

O [AB (C+BD) + AB] CD Applying de morgans theorem, we have [AB(C+B+D)+A+B] CD Applying distorbitive law = [ABC + ABB+ ABD + A+B] CD = [ABC + ABO + A + B] CD - [A+ABC+B+ABD] CD = [A+BC+B+ABJCD = [A+AD+B+BC] CD = [ + + 5 + B + C] CD Applying Bristollutive law, we have = ACD+ C80+BCD+CCD ACD + BCD + CD = cD(1+A+B)= CD.

ABC + ABC + ABC + ABC + ABC (d) = ABC + ABC + ABC + ABC = BC (A+A) + BE (A+A) + ABC = BC + BC + ABC = BC+B(C+AC) BC+B(2+A) BC+BE+AB (a) ABC + ABC + ABC + ABC = ABE + ABC + AB(C+E) = ABC+ABC+AB - ABC + A (B+BC) = ABC + A (B+C) = ABC+ AB+AC (f) AB + AC + ABC = AB. AC + ABC = (A+B)(A+E)+ABC AA + AC + AB + BC + ABC A + AC + AB + BE + ABC = A(1+0) + AB +BE + ABC = A + AB +BC +ABC = A (1+B) + BE + ABC A + BE + ABC

(3)

A + AB + ABC

(h)

= A (143) + ABC A + ABC

- A (1+BC)

• A

(A +B)C + ABC - AC + BC + ABC

AC + BC (1+A)

= AC+BC

C(A+B)

ABC (BD+CDE) +AC (U)

ABBOD + ABCODE + AC

ABCDE + AC

A (Z+BCDE)

= A(C+BDE)