# Instant Auditing of Cloud Storage Access without Accumulating Attestations

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NTNU CSIE CCLAB

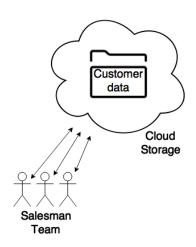
2015.10.29

- Scenario
- Real-time Auditing Schemes
  - Intuitive Method
  - Instant Auditing of Cloud Storage Access by Cache Partial Merkle tree
  - My Method
- Protocol Detail
  - Flowchart
  - Initial
  - Read
  - Write
  - Audit
- Experimental Results
- Schedules

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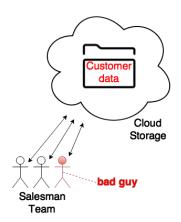
# Scenario

#### Why Real-time Auditing?



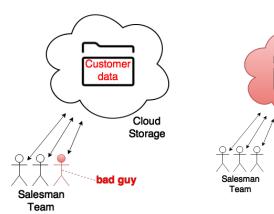
# Scenario (CON'T)

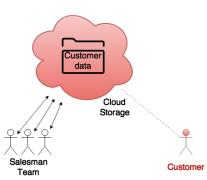
**Problems** 



# Scenario (CON'T)

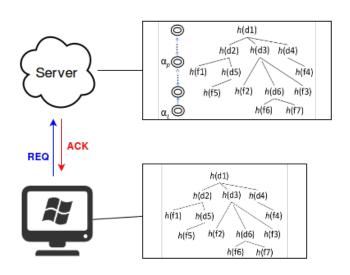
**Problems** 





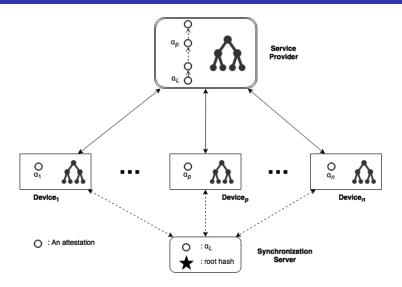
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# Intuitive Method



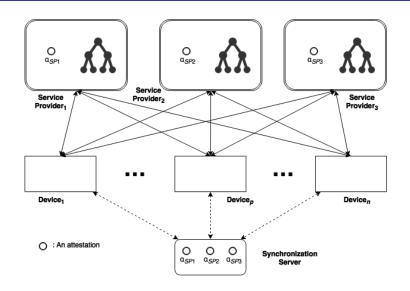
#### Instant Auditing of Cloud Storage Access by Cache Partial Merkle tree

2014 IEEE 6th International Conference on Cloud Computing Technology and Science



Worst-case:累積大量未更新的動作造成系統緩慢,⟨♂⟩ ⟨፮⟩ ⟨፮⟩ ፮ ᠀٩०

# My Method



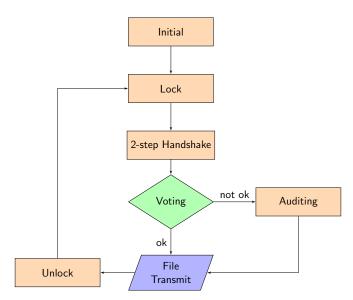
Assumption: 同時有k個server上同一file出問題的機率 ≈ 0 = → へ = → へ へ

# Comparison

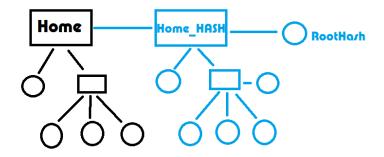
- Pros
  - Service Provider 不用累積證據
  - ② Client 不用佔用空間儲存證據
  - ③ 資料有多份備份
  - 4 花費較少的時間更新到最新的狀態
- Cons
  - 🕕 硬體成本較高
  - ② 需要處理多份 Response

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# **Flowchart**

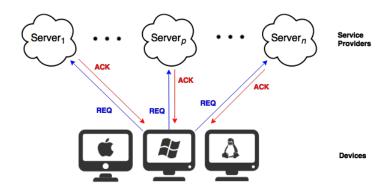


#### File → Merkle Tree

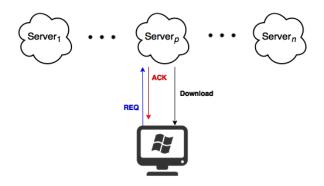


#### **READ**

#### I. 2-step Handshake & Voting



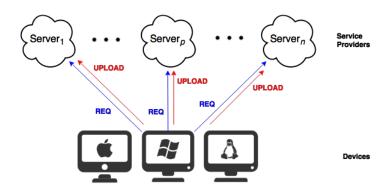
$$\begin{split} & \text{REQ} = (\text{op}, [\text{op}]_{\text{pri(D)}}) \\ & \text{ACK} = (\text{result}, \ \text{REQ}, [\text{result}, \ \text{REQ}]_{\text{pri(S)}}) \end{split}$$



$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{REQ} = (\mathsf{op}, [\mathsf{op}]_{\mathsf{pri}(\mathsf{D})}) \\ & \mathsf{ACK} = (\mathsf{result}, \, \mathsf{REQ}, [\mathsf{result}, \, \mathsf{REQ}]_{\mathsf{pri}(\mathsf{S})}) \end{split}$$

#### **WRITE**

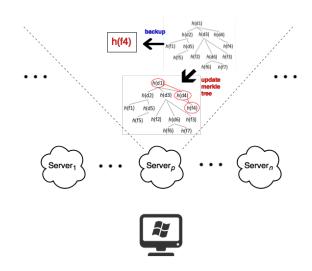
#### I. Upload



 $\mathsf{REQ} = (\mathsf{op}, [\mathsf{op}]_{\mathsf{pri}(\mathsf{D})})$ 

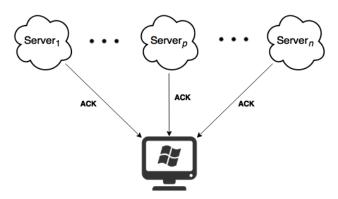
# **WRITE**

#### II. Update Merkle Tree



# WRITE

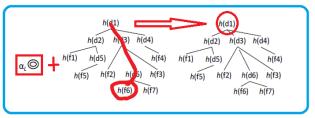
III. Voting



 $ACK = (result, REQ, [result, REQ]_{pri(S)})$ 

#### **AUDIT**

- ① Device 向 Synchronization Server 取得 Latest Ack.
- ② Device 再向 Service Provider 取得 前一版本的 Merkle Tree.
- 使用 Step I. 的 Ack 包含的檔案 Hash 值來更新 Step II. 的 Merkle Tree.



Prev. Merkle Tree

Latest Merkle Tree

● 比較 Device 自己算出的 Roothash 值是否和 Server 提供的相同.

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#### Create Merkle Tree

Account A 666 MB 42 files 6 directories

Table: THE EXECUTION TIME OF FOLLOWING OPERATIONS (IN MS)

Operations	Senior	Му
Request 100 times DOWNLOAD	6332	6609
Request 100 times UPLOAD	4271	3054
Audit after Download	48	12
Audit after Upload	46	5

Test File: 1644 byte

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#### Schedules

- My Method Finished.
  - Merkle Tree Implements.
  - Operation Handle (Read, Write and Audit).
  - File Transmit.
  - Object Transmit (Serialization).
  - Synchronization Server Implements.
- Wei-Shian's Method Finished.
  - Attestation Chain Implements.
- Network Problems.
- O VM Problems.
- Design Different Experiments.

# Thank You