Quantum Physics I Midterm Exam

2023/11/10 8:00~9:50

1. The wave function of a particle is given by

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} Ae^{\alpha x}, & x < 0 \\ Be^{-\alpha x}, & x > 0 \end{cases},$$

where A, B, and α are positive real constants.

- (a) Calculate A and B in terms of α so that $\psi(x)$ is normalized. (5 pts.)
- (b) Where is the particle most likely to be found? (5 pts.)
- (c) What is the probability of finding the particle between x = 0 and $1/\alpha$? (5 pts.)
- (d) What is the expectation value of the particle's position x? (5 pts.)
- (e) What is the expectation value of the particle's momentum p? (5 pts.)
- (f) Calculate the particle's wave function in the momentum space $\phi(p)$. (5 pts.)
- 2. A particle in the harmonic potential $\frac{1}{2}m\omega^2x^2$ starts out in the state

$$\Psi(x,0) = A[\psi_1(x) + 2\psi_2(x) + 2\psi_3(x)],$$

where $\psi_n(x)$ is the *n*th excited state of the quantum oscillator.

- (a) Calculate A so that $\Psi(x, 0)$ is normalized. (5 pts.)
- (b) If you measure the particle's energy, what values might you get and with what probabilities? (5 pts.)
- (c) Suppose the energy is measured (at time t_0) to be the highest value in (b). What is the expectation value of x after the energy measurement (for time $t > t_0$)? (5 pts.)
- (d) What is the probability density of finding the particle at position x and time $t > t_0$ after the energy measurement in (c)? (5 pts.)
- 3. Consider the potential

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \le 0 \\ V_0, & x > 0 \end{cases},$$

where V_0 and a are positive real numbers.

- (a) Calculate the transmission coefficient of a particle with energy $E < V_0$. (10 pts.)
- (b) Repeat (a) for $E > V_0$. (10 pts.)

4. The Hamiltonian for a certain three-level system is represented by the matrix

$$\widehat{H} = \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & b \\ 0 & c & 0 \\ b & 0 & a \end{pmatrix},$$

where a, b, and c are real numbers.

- (a) If you measure the energy, what are the possible values? (10 pts.)
- (b) If the system starts out in the state

$$|S(0)\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \\ d_3 \end{pmatrix},$$

what is |S(t)|? What are the probabilities of measuring the energy at time t to be the values in (a)? (15 pts.)

5. Consider an experiment in which the position of an electron is measured by viewing the electron with a microscope while illuminating it. Use such a thought experiment to estimate the ultimate limit (minimal value) of $\Delta p_x \Delta x$ set by the uncertainty principle. (10 pts.)