#### HIGH-LEVEL PROGRAMMING I

#### Introduction

- typedef introduces new name for existing type
  - Doesn't define variable
  - Doesn't declare new types
  - Just new name for existing type!!!
- Only purpose is to allow you to replace complex type name with simpler mnemonic

#### Syntax

any standard or derived type typedef existing-type IDENTIFIER; keyword mnemonic traditionally in uppercase

## Examples (1/4)

```
typedef long int BIGINT;
BIGINT big_val = 0xabcdef1298765432;
```

```
typedef unsigned int BOOLEAN;
BOOLEAN const True = 1;
BOOLEAN const False = 0;
BOOLEAN flag = True;
```

## Examples (2/4)

```
typedef char* STRING;

STRING names[3];

names[0] = "Clint";
names[1] = "Eastwood";
```

#### Examples (3/4)

```
// in header file
struct date tag {
  int day;
  int month;
  int year;
typedef struct date tag DATE;
typedef DATE* DATEPTR;
// in source file
DATE bday = \{25, 12, 2019\};
```

# Examples (4/4)

```
// in header file
typedef struct {
  int day;
  int month;
  int year;
} DATE;
typedef DATE * DATEPTR;
// in source file
DATE bday = \{25, 12, 2019\};
```