# 组会

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## **ACL 2020**

# SCIREX: A Challenge Dataset for Document-Level Information Extraction

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#### EMNLP 2017, ScienceIE SOTA!

Yi Luan, Mari Ostendorf, and Hannaneh Hajishirzi. 2017. Scientific information extraction with semi-supervised neural tagging. In *Proceedings of Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing*.

#### NAACL 2019: DyGIE

Yi Luan, Dave Wadden, Luheng He, Amy Shah, Mari Ostendorf, and Hannaneh Hajishirzi. 2019. A general framework for information extraction using dynamic span graphs. In *Proceedings of The North American Chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics (NAACL)*.

#### ACE04 ACE05 SOTA!

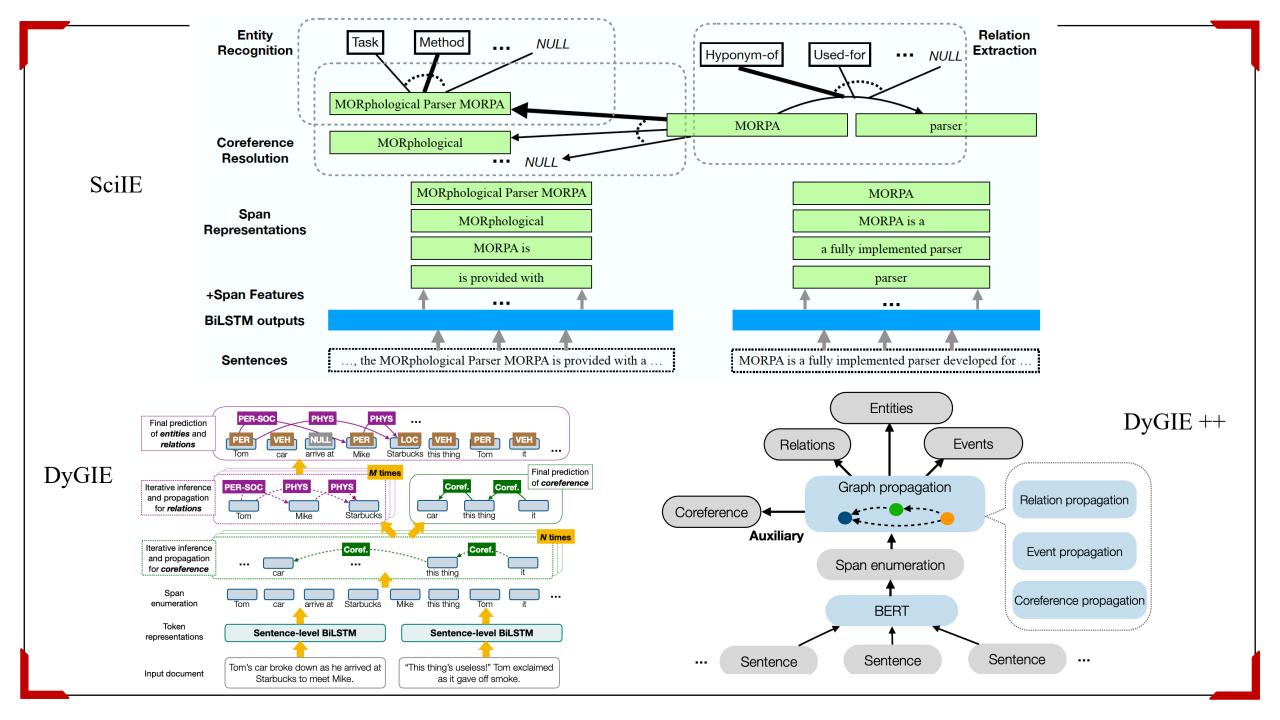
#### EMNLP 2018: SciERC & SciIE

Yi Luan, Luheng He, Mari Ostendorf, and Hannaneh Hajishirzi. 2018. Multi-task identification of entities, relations, and coreference for scientific knowledge graph construction. In *Proceedings of the 2018 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing*, Brussels, Belgium. Association for Computational Linguistics.

### EMNLP 2019: DyGIE++

David Wadden, Ulme Wennberg, Yi Luan, and Hannaneh Hajishirzi. 2019. Entity, relation, and event extraction with contextualized span representations. In *Proceedings of the 2019 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing and the 9th International Joint Conference on Natural Language Processing*.

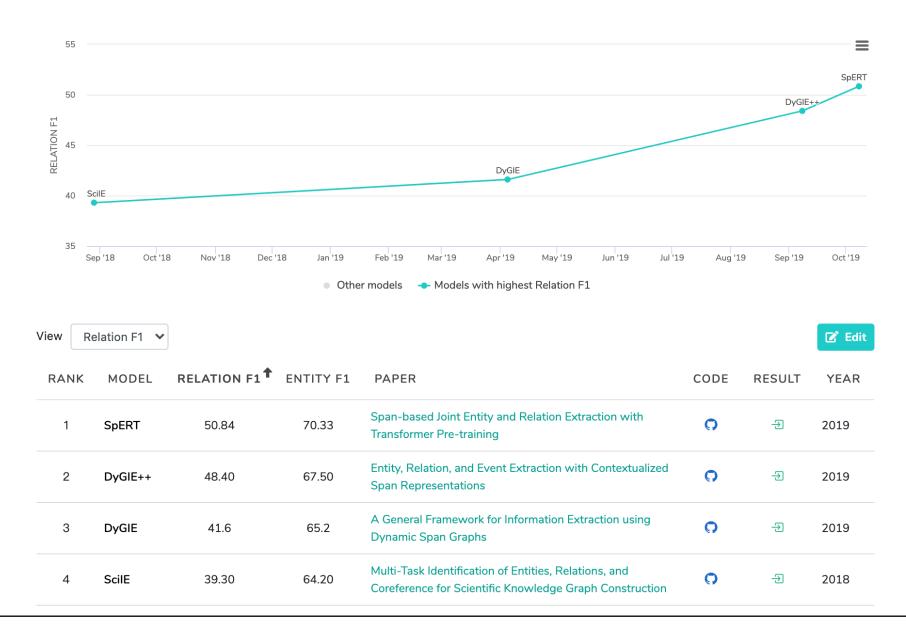
#### ACE05 SciERC SOTA!

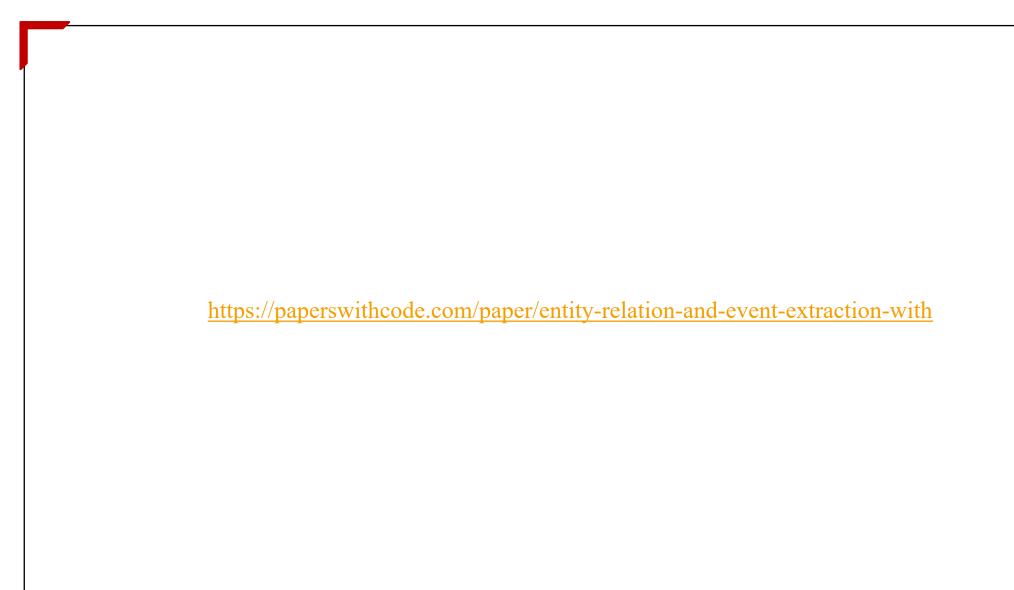


### **Motivation**

- 前人工作只关注在句子(TACRED, NYT, WebNLG, ACE04, ACE05, SemEval- 2010 Task 8) 或者段落(CDR, GDA, SciERC, DocRED)中抽取关系
- 本文提出一个大规模篇章级信息抽取(doc-level IE)的数据集SciREX。
- 标注了一下信息:
  - Mention span and it type (Dataset, Metric, Task, Method)
  - Salient entity mention
  - Mention resolution
  - Relations between mention clusters (entity)
- 包括了4个IE任务: (1) Entity Recognition; (2) Salient Entity Identification; (3) Mention Resolution;
- (4) Document-level N-ary Relation Identification (binary, 3-ary, 4-ary; across sentences and sections)
- 第一个做全文IE的工作

#### Joint Entity and Relation Extraction on SciERC





We evaluate our model on the task of question answering using Section: Dataset SQuAD is a machine comprehension dataset on a large set of Wikipedia articles, ....... Two metrics are used to evaluate models: Exact Match (EM) and a softer metric, F1 score ...... Section: Model Details. ... Each paragraph and question are tokenized by a regular - expression - based word tokenizer (PTB Tokenizer) and fed/into the model. Section: Results. The results of our model and competing approaches on the hidden test are summarized in Table [reference ]. BiDAF (ensemble) achieves an EM score of 73.3 and an Fiscore of 81.1, outperforming all previous approaches.

Figure 1: An example showing annotations for entity mentions (Dataset, Metric, Task, Method), coreferences (indicated by arrows), salient entities (bold), and N-ary relation (SQuaD, Machine Comprehension, BiDAF (ensemble), EM/F1) that can only be extracted by aggregating information across sections.

https://allenai.github.io/SciREX/

## Method

- 提出了一个端到端的模型
- (1) 识别mention、mention的显著性和他们的成对共指链接
- (2) 然后将显著的mention通过识别出来的共指链接进行聚类,变成显著实体。
- (3) 然后识别这些显著实体之间的篇章级关系

## Method

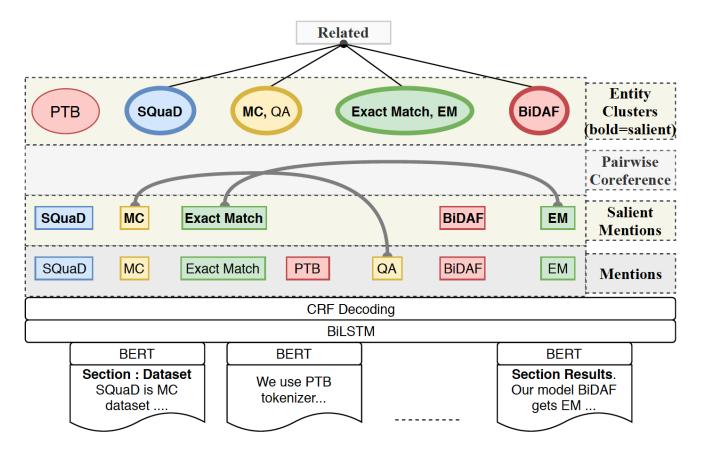


Figure 2: Overview of our model; it uses a two-level BERT+BiLSTM method to get token representations which are passed to a CRF layer to identify mentions. Each mention is classified as being salient or not. A coreference model is trained to cluster these mentions into entities. A final classification layer predicts relationships between 4-tuple of entities (clusters).

Model	P	R	F1			
Mention Identification						
DYGIE++	0.703	0.676	0.678			
Our Model	0.707	0.717	0.712			
End-to-end binary relations						
DyGIE++ (Abstracts Only)	0.003	0.001	0.002			
DyGIE++ (All sections)	0.000	0.000	0.000			
DYGIE++ (SCIERC)	0.029	0.128	0.038			
Our Model	0.065	0.411	0.096			
4-ary relation extraction only						
DocTAET	0.477	0.885	0.619			
Our Model	0.531	0.718	0.611			

Table 3: Evaluating state-of-the-art models on subtasks of SCIREX dataset because we did not find an existing model that can perform the end-to-end task.

DocTAET (Hou et al., 2019) is a document-level relation classification model that is given a document and a relation tuple to classify if it is expressed in the document. It is formulated as an entailment task with the information encoded as [CLS] document [SEP] relation in a BERT style model. This is equivalent to the last step of our model but with gold salient entity clusters as input. Table 3 shows the result on this subtask, and it shows that our relation model gives comparable performance (in terms of positive class F1 score) to that of DocTAET.

Task	Model	P	R	F1
Mention Ident.	DYGIE++ Our Model	0.676 0.637	0.694 0.640	0.685 0.638
Pairwise Coref. and Clustering	DYGIE++ Our Model	l		

Table 4: Comparison of DYGIE++ with our model on various subtasks of SCIERC dataset

Task	P	R	F1			
Component-wise (gold Input)						
Mention Identification	0.707	0.717	0.712			
Pairwise Coreference	0.861	0.852	0.856			
Salient Mentions	0.575	0.584	0.579			
Salient Entity Clusters	1.000	0.984	0.987			
Binary Relations	0.820	0.440	0.570			
4-ary Relations	0.531	0.718	0.611			
End-to-end (predicted input)						
Salient Entity Clusters	0.223	0.600	0.307			
Binary Relations	0.065	0.411	0.096			
4-ary Relations	0.007	0.173	0.008			
End-to-end (gold salient clustering)						
Salient Entity Clusters	0.776	0.614	0.668			
Binary Relations	0.372	0.328	0.334			
4-ary Relations	0.310	0.281	0.268			

Table 5: Analysis of performance of our model and its subtasks under different evaluation configurations.

# Challenges

- This task poses multiple technical and modeling challenges, including
- 1. the use of transformer-based models on long documents and related device memory issues;
- 2. aggregating coreference information from across documents in an endto-end manner
- 3. identifying salient entities in a document
- 4. performing N-ary relation extraction of these entities.

# Challenges



successar commented 23 days ago

Collaborator



·) (

Hi

Our model can only be trained on 48Gb GPUs since we apply bert on whole documents (>5000 words on average). You can try to reduce the batch size here

SciREX/scirex/training\_config/template\_full.libsonnet

Line 98 in eb9f6f3

98 batch\_size: 50,

but I can't say how good the results will be then.

extraction F1 score. All our models were trained using 48Gb Quadro RTX 8000 GPUs. The multitask model takes approximately 3 hrs to train.

# Thanks!