





LECTURE 2: EMBEDDED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Learning Goals





- Understanding how the does the code has been compiled, and generated to an image.
- Understand how does loading/debugging process happen.
- Understand most basis concepts regarding software engineering: pooling & interrupt.
- Having knowledge on how to access peripheral via memory mapped.





- 2. Embedded Software Development Flow
- 3. Software Flow
- 4. Input/output Basic
- 5. Summary





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Definition

Embedded software is *computer software*, written to control machines or devices that are not typically thought of as computers. It is typically specialized for the particular hardware that it runs on and has *time and memory constraints*. This term is sometimes used interchangeably with *firmware*

(wiki)





Features:

Acts directly with and on the hardware

Quite limited resources.

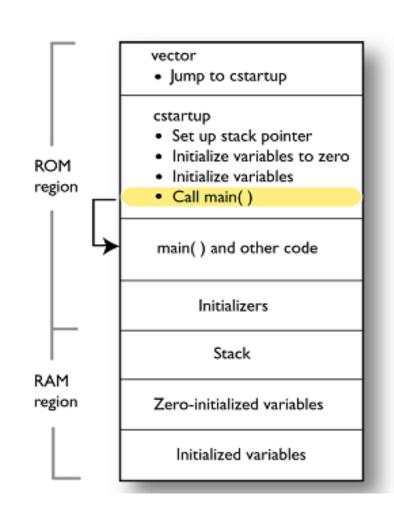
Using a "Non-hosted environment"





Common Components:

- Reset vector
- Startup code
- Application code
- Libraries
- Interrupt/Exception Handler







What is needed to start:

- Development suites
- Development board
- Debug Adapter
- Software device driver
- Documents and other resources.





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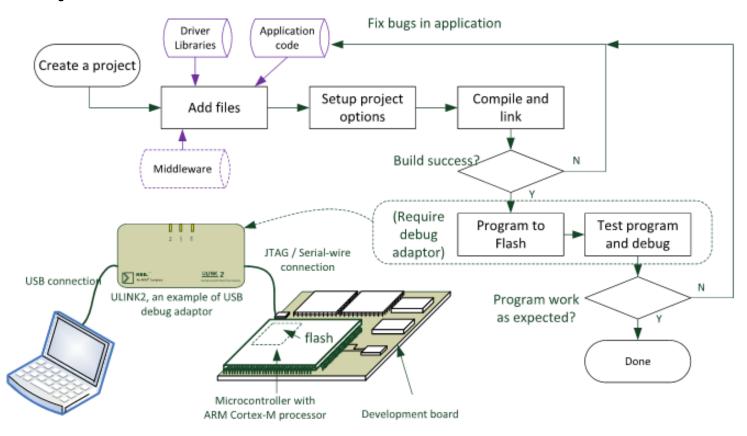
Software Development Steps in IDE

- Create project
- Setup project option
- Compile & Link
- Flash Program
- Execute & Debug





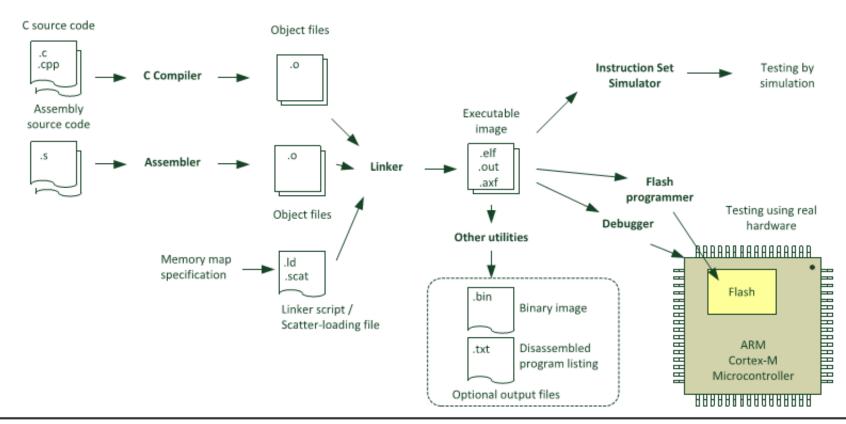
Development Flow







Compilation Flow

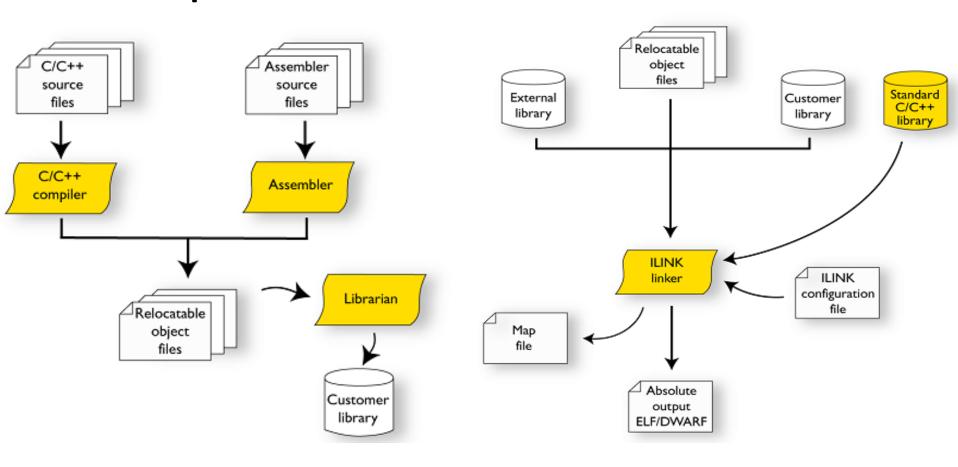






IAR Compilation Flow

IAR Link Flow







- 2. Embedded Software Development Flow
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- 4. Input, output and Peripherals access
- 5. Summary

Pooling

 Continuously checking the status of a peripheral; e.g. read data from an input keyboard.

 Polling is relatively straightforward in design and programming with the sacrifice of system performance.



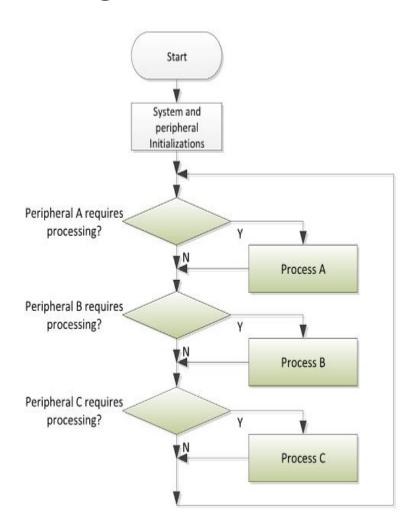


Interrupt

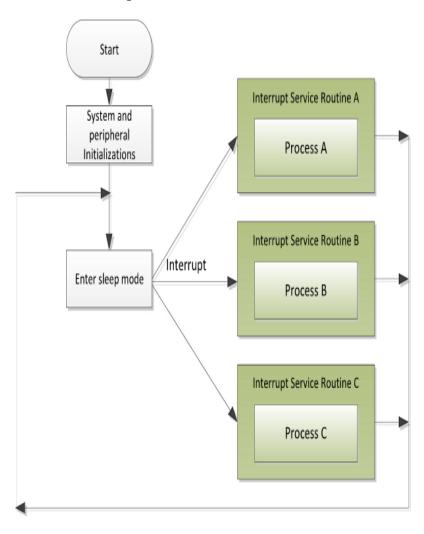
- Device "interrupts" CPU to indicate that it needs service.
- These events only occur if the interrupt is enabled.
- A handler (software to service the interrupt) is executed.
- CPU returns to where it left off in the main program.

Fpt Software

Pooling



Interrupt







Interrupt Process:

- CPU waits until the current instruction has finished being executed.
- Save the contents of internal registers of the CPU & the state information within Control Unit
- The PC is loaded with address of the Interrupt Service Routine (ISR)
- ISR is executed.
- Return program from interrupt.





Interrupt Handler Features:

 Differs from subroutine because it is executed at any time due to interrupt, not due to Call

Should be implemented as small as possible

Should be executed in short-time.





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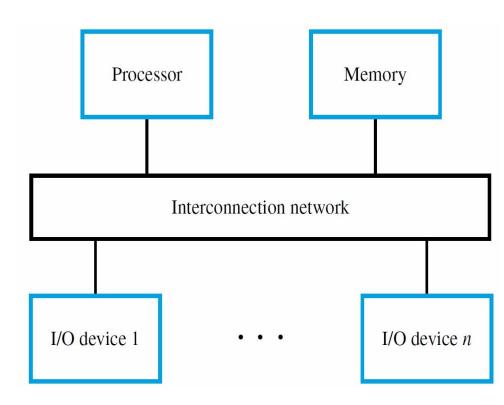
Input Output Basic





Accessing I/O Devices

- Computer system components communicate through an interconnection network
- Memory-mapped I/O allows
 I/O registers to be accessed
 as memory locations. As a
 result, these registers can be
 accessed using only Load
 and Store instructions



Input Output Basic





I/O Device Interface

 Provides the means for data transfer and exchange of status and control information

Includes data, status, and control registers accessible with Load and Store instructions

Memory-mapped I/O enables software to view these registers as locations in memory





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Summary





- Embedded Software, or firmware, is program that specialized for particular processor
- Embedded software developments including: Create project, compile & link to generate imagine; load & debug in hardware
- There are two kinds of software flow: pooling & interrupt.
- Peripheral (IO) registers are memory-mapped and therefore can be accessed as the memory.

Question and Answer





Thanks for your attention!

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