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Document Change History		
Release	**Changed by**	**Change Description**
4.2.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	• Replaced SWS_Lin_00064 with SWS_Lin_00268
4.1.3	AUTOSAR Release Management	• Removed SWS_Lin_00243. • Modified SWS_Lin_00237, SWS_Lin_00058, SWS_Lin_00266, SWS_Lin_00255, SWS_Lin_00256, SWS_Lin_00258, SWS_Lin_00259, SWS_Lin_00260. • Updated Figure 7-1. • Removed references to SWS_Lin_00073 and SWS_Lin_00034 from chapter 6.

4.1.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	• Removed outdated SWS_Lin_00109, SWS_Lin_00136 and SWS_Lin_00132.
		• Import of SWS_Lin_184 from R3.2.2
		• Wake-up LIN Functionality updated
		• New API Lin_WakeupInternal added. See chapter 8.3.2.5
		• Added the following type definition (with SWS item ID) to chapter 8:
		  ○ Lin_FrameCsModelType
		  ○ Lin_FrameDlType
		  ○ Lin_FramePidType
		  ○ Lin_FrameResponseType
		  ○ Lin_PduType
		  ○ Lin_StatusType
		• Editorial changes
		• Removed chapter(s) on change documentation

4.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	• Specified LIN_E_TIMEOUT as production error • Shifted all types used by other modules to Lin_GeneralTypes.h • Revised configuration container LinDemEventParamterRefs • Some minor updates

Document Change History		
Release	**Changed by**	**Change Description**
4.0.3	AUTOSAR Administration	• Changed error reporting • Improved wake-up handling • Corrected call of Lin_Init
3.1.5	AUTOSAR Administration	• Introduce Lin_GeneralTypes.h • Add missing DET error code (NULL pointer error) • Remove instance ID from Lin_GetVersionInfo API • Correct naming of “WakeUp” to “Wakeup” • Further maintenance for R4.0.2: see chapter 12
3.1.4	AUTOSAR Administration	• Support of advanced LIN controllers (combination of Lin_SendHeader and Lin_SendResponse to Lin_SendFrame) • Integrating LIN channel initialization in LIN module initialization • Further maintenance for R4.0: see chapter 11 • Legal disclaimer revised
3.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	• Legal disclaimer revised
3.0.1	AUTOSAR Administration	• Editorial Changes • Tables generated in Chapter 8 and 10 • Document meta information extended • Small layout adaptations made
2.1.15	AUTOSAR Administration	• Lin Transceiver Wake Up validation function added • Incorporate Feedback from Validator2 • Updated Chapter 10.2 according to the Specification of ECU Configuration Parameters • Legal disclaimer revised • Release Notes added • “Advice for users” revised • “Revision Information” added
2.0	AUTOSAR Administration	• Initial release

Disclaimer

Advice for users

AUTOSAR specifications may contain exemplary items (exemplary reference models, "use cases", and/or references to exemplary technical solutions, devices, processes or software).

Any such exemplary items are contained in the specifications for illustration purposes only, and they themselves are not part of the AUTOSAR Standard. Neither their presence in such specifications, nor any later documentation of AUTOSAR conformance of products actually implementing such exemplary items, imply that intellectual property rights covering such exemplary items are licensed under the same rules as applicable to the AUTOSAR Standard.

Table of Contents

1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Basic Software module LIN driver.

1.1 Scope

The base for this document is the LIN 2.1 specification [17]. It is assumed that the reader is familiar with this specification. This document will not describe LIN 2.1 functionality again, but it will try to follow the same order as the LIN 2.1 specification.

The LIN driver applies to LIN 2.1 master nodes only. Operating as a slave node is out of scope. The LIN master in AUTOSAR deviates from the LIN 2.1 specification as described in this specification of LIN driver, but there will be no change in the behavior on the LIN bus. It is the intention to be able to reuse all existing LIN slaves together with the AUTOSAR LIN master (i.e. the LIN driver).

[SWS_Lin_00063] 「It is intended to support the complete range of LIN hardware from a simple SCI/UART to a complex LIN hardware controller. Using a SW-UART implementation is out of the scope. For a closer description of the LIN hardware unit, see chapter 2.3.」(SRS_Lin_01547)

1.2 Architectural overview

The LIN driver is part of the microcontroller abstraction layer (MCAL), performs the hardware access and offers a hardware independent API to the upper layer. The only upper layer, which has access to the LIN driver, is the LIN Interface.

A LIN driver can support more than one channel. This means that the LIN driver can handle one or more LIN channels as long as they are belonging to the same LIN hardware unit.

In the example below three different LIN drivers are connected to the LIN interface. However, one LIN driver is the most common configuration.

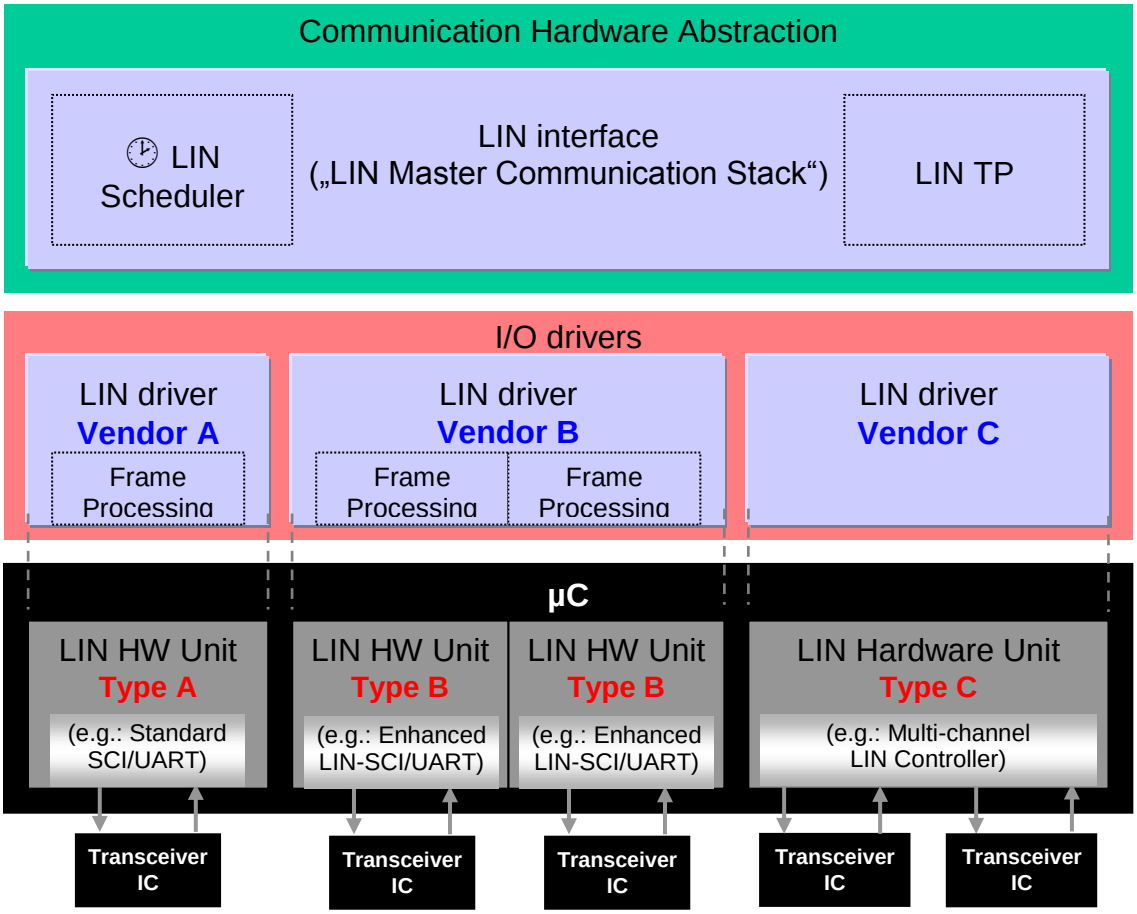

Figure 10-1: Overview LIN Software Architecture Layering

2 Acronyms, abbreviations and glossary

2.1 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms, abbreviations and definitions that have a local scope for the LIN driver and therefore are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary must appear here.

Acronym:	***Description:***
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture
COM	Communication
ECU	Electronic Control Unit
EcuM	ECU Manager
DEM	Diagnostic Event Manager
DET	Development Error Tracer
ISR	Interrupt Service Routine
LIN	Local Interconnect Network (as defined by [17])
MCAL	MicroController Abstraction Layer
MCU	Micro Controller Unit
OS	Operating System
PDU	Protocol Data Unit. Consists of Identifier, data length and Data (SDU)
PID	Protected ID (as defined by [17])
PLL	Phase-Locked Loop
RAM	Random Access Memory
RX	Reception
SCI	Serial Communication Interface
SDU	Service Data Unit. Data that is transported inside the PDU
SFR	Special Function Register
SPAL	Standard Peripheral Abstraction Layer
SRS	Software Requirement Specification
SW	Software
SWS	Software Specification
TP	Transport Layer
TX	Transmission
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
XML	Extensible Markup Language

Abbreviation	***Description:***
Id	Identifier

2.2 Glossary

Besides AUTOSAR terminology this document also uses terms defined in the LIN 2.1 specification [17], e.g. LIN frame, header and message.

Glossary:	***Description:***
enumeration	This can be in “C” programming language an enum or a #define.
LIN channel	The LIN channel entity interlinks the ECUs of a LIN cluster physically: An ECU is part of a LIN cluster if it contains one LIN controller that is connected to one LIN channel of the LIN cluster. An ECU is allowed to connect to a particular LIN cluster through one channel only.
LIN cluster	As defined by [17]: “A cluster is the LIN bus wire plus all the nodes.”

LIN controller	A dedicated LIN hardware with a build Frame processing state machine. A hardware which is capable to connect to several LIN clusters is treated as several LIN controllers.
LIN frame	As defined by [17]: “All information is sent packed as frames; a frame consist of the header and a response.”
LIN frame processor	Frame processing implies the complete LIN frame handling. Implementation could be achieved as software emulated solution or with a dedicated LIN controller.
LIN hardware unit	A LIN hardware unit may drive one or multiple LIN channels to control one or multiple LIN clusters.
LIN header	As defined by [17]: “A header is the first part of a frame; it is always sent by the master.”
LIN node	As defined by [17]: “Loosely speaking, a node is an ECU. However, a single ECU may be connected to multiple LIN clusters.”
LIN response	As defined by [17]: “A LIN frame consists of a header and a response. Also called a Frame response.”

2.3 LIN hardware unit classification

The on-chip LIN hardware unit combines one or several LIN channels.

The following figure shows a classification of different LIN hardware types connected to multiple LIN physical channels:

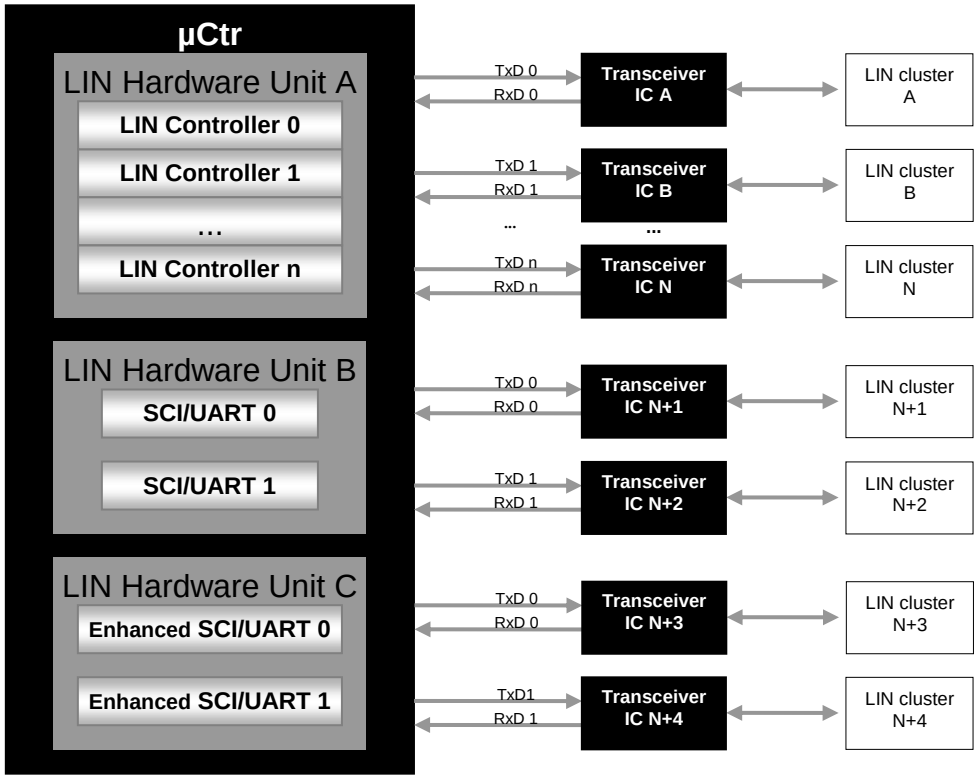

Figure 2-1: LIN hardware unit classification

3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

[1] List of Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf

[2] Layered Software Architecture
AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf

[3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf

[4] Specification of Standard Types
AUTOSAR_SWS_StandardTypes.pdf

[5] Specification of Development Error Tracer
AUTOSAR_SWS_DevelopmentErrorTracer.pdf

[6] General Requirements on SPAL
AUTOSAR_SRS_SPALGeneral.pdf

[7] Requirements on LIN
AUTOSAR_SRS_LIN.pdf

[8] Specification of LIN Interface
AUTOSAR_SWS_LINInterface.pdf

[9] Specification of ECU Configuration
AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf

[10] Specification of MCU driver
AUTOSAR_SWS_MCUDriver.pdf

[11] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager
AUTOSAR_SWS_DiagnosticEventManager.pdf

[12] Specification of C Implementation Rules
AUTOSAR_TR_CImplementationRules.pdf

[13] Specification of ECU State Manager
AUTOSAR_SWS_ECUStateManager.pdf

[14] Basic Software Module Description Template,
AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf

[15] Specification of LIN Transceiver Driver,
AUTOSAR_SWS_LINTransceiverDriver.pdf

[16] General Specification of Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral.pdf

3.2 Related standards and norms

[17] LIN Specification Package Revision 2.1, November 24, 2006
http://www.lin-subbus.org/

3.3 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [16] (SWS BSW General), which is also valid for LIN Driver.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for LIN Driver.

4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

Only one LIN channel of an ECU is allowed to connect to a particular LIN cluster. Unless there are unused (not connected) channels in the ECU, the number of LIN channels is equal to the number of LIN clusters.

Driver scope

[SWS_Lin_00045] ⌈One LIN driver provides access to one LIN hardware unit type (simple UART or dedicated LIN hardware) that may consist of several LIN channels. ⌋(SRS_BSW_00347)

[SWS_Lin_00201] ⌈For different LIN hardware units a separate LIN driver needs to be implemented. It is up to the implementer to adapt the driver to the different instances of similar LIN channels.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00177] ⌈In case several LIN driver instances (of same or different vendor) are implemented in one ECU the file names, API names, and published parameters must be modified such that no two definitions with the same name are generated. The name shall be extended according to SRS_BSW_00347 with a Vendor Id (needed to distinguish LIN drivers from different vendors) and a Vendor specific name (needed to distinguish different hardware units implemented by one Vendor): <Module abbreviation>_<Vendor Id>_<Vendor specific name>.⌋()

The LIN Interface is responsible for calling the correct function. The necessary information shall be given in an XML file during configuration. See [8] for description how the LIN Interface handles several LIN drivers.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

This specification is applicable to all car domains, where LIN is used.

5 Dependencies to other modules

Module MCU [10]
The hardware of the internal LIN hardware unit depends on the system clock, prescaler(s) and PLL. Hence, the length of the LIN bit timing depends on the clock settings made in module MCU.

The LIN driver module will not take care of setting the registers that configure the clock, prescaler(s) and PLL (e.g. switching on/off the PLL) in its init functions. The MCU module must do this.

Module Port
The Port driver configures the port pins used for the LIN driver as input or output. Hence, the Port driver has to be initialized prior to the use of LIN functions. Otherwise, LIN driver functions will exhibit undefined behavior.

Module DET (Development Error Tracer) [5]
In development mode, the Lin module reports development error through the Det_ReportError function of module DET. (see SWS_Lin_00052)

Module DEM (Diagnostic Event Manager) [11]
The Lin module reports production errors to the Diagnostic Event Manager. (see SWS_Lin_00058)

OS (Operating System)
The LIN driver uses interrupts and therefore there is a dependency on the OS, which configures the interrupt sources.

LIN driver Users
The LIN Interface (specified by [8]) is the only user of the LIN driver services.

5.1 File structure

5.1.1 Code file structure

[**SWS_Lin_00268**]「 The code file structure shall not be defined within this specification. However, refer SWS_Lin_00075 for Header file inclusion structure 」()

5.1.2 Header file structure

[SWS_Lin_00075]「The include file structure shall be as follows:

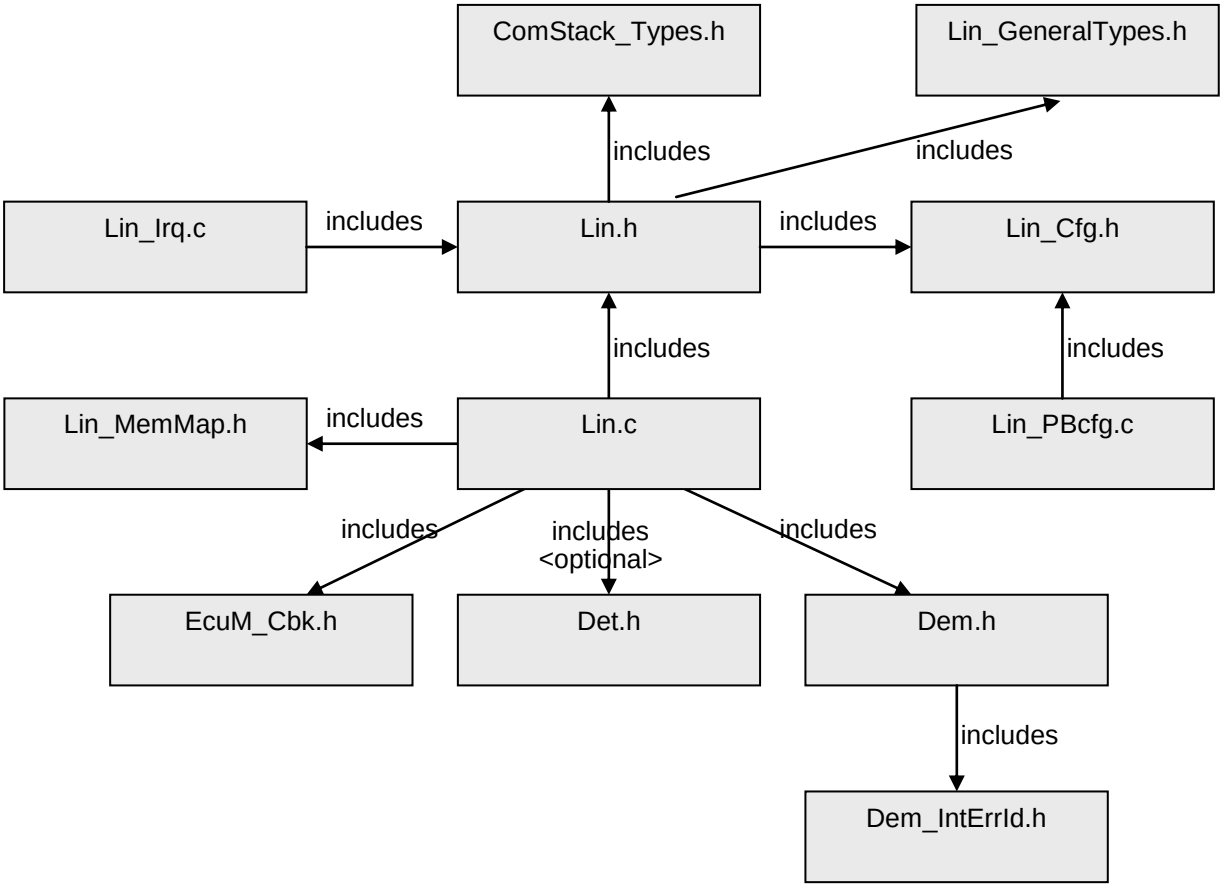

Figure 5-1: Header File structure for the LIN driver」()

[SWS_Lin_00205]「`Lin.h` shall include `ComStack_Types.h`.」()

[SWS_Lin_00241]「`Lin.h` shall include `Lin_GeneralTypes.h`. for the include of general LIN type declarations.」()

[SWS_Lin_00042]「The header file `EcuM_Cbk.h` contains the declarations of the callback functions imported by the modules calling the callbacks. 」(SRS_BSW_00370)

[SWS_Lin_00206]「The LIN driver itself does not provide callback functions (no `Lin_Cbk.h`)」()

[SWS_Lin_00054]「The file `Lin.h` only contains external declarations of constants, global data, type definitions and services that are specified in the LIN driver SWS. 」(SRS_BSW_00302)

[SWS_Lin_00207]「Constants, global data types and functions that are only used by LIN driver internally, are declared in `Lin.c`.」()

[SWS_Lin_00242] ⌈The types `Lin_PduType` and `Lin_StatusType` used by LIN driver shall be declared in `Lin_GeneralTypes.h`.⌋()

6 Requirements traceability

Document: AUTOSAR requirements on Basic Software, general [3]

Requirement	***Satisfied by***
[SRS_BSW_00003] Version identification	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00300] Module naming convention	Fulfilled by the function name definitions in Chapter 8.3
[SRS_BSW_00301] Limit imported information	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00302] Limit exported information	SWS_Lin_00054
[SRS_BSW_00304] AUTOSAR integer data types	SWS_Lin_00047, Chapter 8.2 and Chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00305] Self-defined data types naming convention	Fulfilled by the function name definitions in Chapter 8.2
[SRS_BSW_00306] Avoid direct use of compiler and platform specific keywords	SWS_Lin_00055
[SRS_BSW_00307] Global variables naming convention	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00308] Definition of global data	SWS_Lin_00055
[SRS_BSW_00309] Global data with read-only constraint	SWS_Lin_00055
[SRS_BSW_00310] API naming convention	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00312] Shared code shall be reentrant	Not applicable
[SRS_BSW_00314] Separation of interrupt frames and service routines	SWS_Lin_00023
[SRS_BSW_00318] Format of module version numbers	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00321] Enumeration of module version numbers	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00323] API parameter checking	SWS_Lin_00048, SWS_Lin_00049
[SRS_BSW_00325] Runtime of interrupt service routines	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00326] Transition from ISRs to OS tasks	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00327] Error values naming convention	SWS_Lin_00048
[SRS_BSW_00328] Avoid duplication of code	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, fulfilled e.g. by defining a LIN driver that controls multiple channels)
[SRS_BSW_00329] Avoidance of generic interfaces	Not applicable (no generic interfaces specified within this SWS)
[SRS_BSW_00330] Usage of macros / inline functions instead of functions	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00331] Separation of error and status values	Not applicable
[SRS_BSW_00333] Documentation of callback function context	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00334] Provision of XML file	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00335] Status values naming convention	Fulfilled by the state diagram description in chapter 7.3.3
[SRS_BSW_00336] Shutdown interface	Not applicable
[SRS_BSW_00337] Classification of errors	SWS_Lin_00048
[SRS_BSW_00338] Detection and Reporting of development errors	SWS_Lin_00049, SWS_Lin_00052
[SRS_BSW_00339] Reporting of production relevant error	Not applicable

status	
[SRS_BSW_00341] Microcontroller compatibility documentation	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00342] Usage of source code and object code	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00343] Specification and configuration of time	Not applicable
[SRS_BSW_00344] Reference to link-time configuration	SWS_Lin_00013
[SRS_BSW_00345] Pre-compile-time configuration	See Chapter10
[SRS_BSW_00346] Basic set of module files	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00347] Naming separation of different instances of BSW drivers	SWS_Lin_00045
[SRS_BSW_00348] Standard type header	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00350] Development error detection keyword	ECUC_Lin_00066
[SRS_BSW_00353] Platform specific type header	Not applicable (automatically included with standard types)
[SRS_BSW_00355] Do not redefine AUTOSAR integer data types	no redefined integer types in Chapter 8.2 and Chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00357] Standard API return type	Not applicable (this type is not used within this SWS)
[SRS_BSW_00358] Return type of init() functions	fulfilled by 8.3.1.1
[SRS_BSW_00359] Return type of callback functions	Not applicable (no callback function specified)
[SRS_BSW_00360] Parameters of callback functions	Not applicable (no callback function specified)
[SRS_BSW_00361] Compiler specific language extension header	Not applicable (automatically included with standard types)
[SRS_BSW_00369] Do not return development error codes via API	See chapter 8
[SRS_BSW_00370] Separation of callback interface from API	SWS_Lin_00042
[SRS_BSW_00371] Do not pass function pointers via API	Fulfilled by the function definitions in Chapter 8.3
[SRS_BSW_00373] Main processing function naming convention	Not applicable (no main processing function specified)
[SRS_BSW_00374] Module vendor identification	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00375] Notification of wake-up reason	SWS_Lin_00098
[SRS_BSW_00376] Return type and parameters of main processing functions	Not applicable (no main processing function specified)
[SRS_BSW_00377] Module specific API return types	See chapter 8
[SRS_BSW_00378] AUTOSAR boolean type	Not applicable (not used)
[SRS_BSW_00379] Module identification	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00380] Separate C-File for configuration parameters	SWS_Lin_00064
[SRS_BSW_00381] Separate configuration header file for pre-compile time parameters	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00383] List dependencies of configuration files	Not applicable (implementation specific documentation)
[SRS_BSW_00384] List dependencies to other modules	See Chapter 5
[SRS_BSW_00385] List possible error notificatons	SWS_Lin_00048
[SRS_BSW_00386] Configuration for detecting an error	See Chapter 7.6
[SRS_BSW_00387] Specify the configuration class of callback function	Chapter 8.6.3
[SRS_BSW_00388] Introduce containers	See Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00389] Containers shall have names	See Chapter 10.2

[SRS_BSW_00390] Parameter content shall be unique within the module	See Chapter 8
[SRS_BSW_00391] Parameter shall have unique names	fulfilled by parameter definitions in Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00392] Parameters shall have a type	fulfilled by parameter definitions in Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00393] Parameters shall have a range	fulfilled by parameter definitions in Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00394] Specify the scope of the parameters	fulfilled by parameter definitions in Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00395] List the required parameters (per parameter)	Not applicable (parameters are defined in a way that their values are independent from other settings. The dependency is in the code generation (implementation) not in the configuration description -> hardware abstraction)
[SRS_BSW_00396] Configuration classes	fulfilled by parameter definitions in Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00397] Pre-compile-time parameters	Not applicable (this is not a requirement, but a definition of a technical term)
[SRS_BSW_00398] Link-time parameters	Not applicable (this is not a requirement, but a definition of a technical term)
[SRS_BSW_00399] Loadable Post-build time parameters	Not applicable (this is not a requirement, but a definition of a technical term)
[SRS_BSW_00004] Version check	SWS_Lin_00062
[SRS_BSW_00400] Selectable Post-build time parameters	Not applicable (this is not a requirement, but a definition of a technical term)
[SRS_BSW_00401] Documentation of multiple instances of configuration parameters	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00402] Published information	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_BSW_00404] Reference to post build time configuration	SWS_Lin_00013
[SRS_BSW_00405] Reference to multiple configuration sets	SWS_Lin_00011, SWS_Lin_00013
[SRS_BSW_00406] Check module initialization	SWS_Lin_00006
[SRS_BSW_00407] Function to read out published parameters	SWS_Lin_00001
[SRS_BSW_00408] Configuration parameter naming convention	fulfilled by Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00409] Header files for production code error IDs	SWS_Lin_00065, SWS_Lin_00046
[SRS_BSW_00410] Compiler switches shall have specified values	fulfilled by Chapter 10.2
[SRS_BSW_00411] Get version info keyword	ECUC_Lin_00066 and 8.3.1.3
[SRS_BSW_00412] Separate H-File for configuration parameters	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00413] Accessing instances of BSW modules	Not applicable (this requirement has to fulfilled by the LIN Interface
[SRS_BSW_00414] Parameter of init function	fulfilled by 8.3.1.1
[SRS_BSW_00415] User dependent include files	Not applicable (only one user for this module)
[SRS_BSW_00416] Sequence of Initialization	Not applicable (this is a general software integration requirement)
[SRS_BSW_00417] Reporting of Error Events by Non-Basic	Not applicable

Software	(LIN driver is a Basic Software Module)
[SRS_BSW_00419] Separate C-Files for pre-compile time configuration parameters	SWS_Lin_00064
[BSW00420] Production relevant error event rate detection	Not applicable (requirement on the DEM)
[BSW00421] Reporting of production relevant error events	SWS_Lin_00058
[SRS_BSW_00422] Debouncing of production relevant error status	Not applicable (requirement on the DEM)

[SRS_BSW_00423] Usage of SW-C template to describe BSW modules with AUTOSAR Interfaces	Not applicable (this module does not provide an AUTOSAR interface)
[SRS_BSW_00424] BSW main processing function task allocation	Not applicable (requirement on system design, not on a single module)
[SRS_BSW_00425] Trigger conditions for schedulable objects	Not applicable (trigger conditions are system configuration specific)
[SRS_BSW_00426] Exclusive areas in BSW modules	Not applicable
[SRS_BSW_00427] ISR description for BSW modules	Not applicable (no ISR defined for this module, usage of interrupts are implementation specific)
[SRS_BSW_00428] Execution order dependencies of main processing functions	Not applicable (LIN driver does not contain any main processing functions)
[SRS_BSW_00429] Restricted BSW OS functionality access	Not applicable (implementation requirement, not for the specification)
[BSW00431] The BSW Scheduler module implements task bodies	Not applicable (applies only to BSW scheduler module)
[SRS_BSW_00432] Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path	Not applicable (no main processing function specified)
[SRS_BSW_00433] Calling of main processing functions	Not applicable (requirement on system design, not on a single module)
[BSW00434] The Schedule Module shall provide an API for exclusive areas	Not applicable (applies only to BSW scheduler module)
[SRS_BSW_00005] No hard coded horizontal interfaces within MCAL	Not applicable (fulfilled by the AUTOSAR architectural concept)
[SRS_BSW_00006] Platform independency	LIN003
[SRS_BSW_00007] HIS MISRA C	Not applicable (requirement on implementation)
[SRS_BSW_00009] Module User Documentation	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00010] Memory resource documentation	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS
[SRS_BSW_00101] Initialization interface	SWS_Lin_00006
[SRS_BSW_00158] Separation of configuration from implementation	See Chapter 5.1.2
[SRS_BSW_00159] Tool-based configuration	SWS_Lin_00029
[SRS_BSW_00160] Human-readable configuration data	SWS_Lin_00031
[SRS_BSW_00161] Microcontroller abstraction	LIN003
[SRS_BSW_00162] ECU layout abstraction	Not applicable (fulfilled by the AUTOSAR architectural concept)
[SRS_BSW_00164] Implementation of interrupt service routines	SWS_Lin_00155
[SRS_BSW_00167] Static configuration checking	SWS_Lin_00039
[SRS_BSW_00168] Diagnostic Interface of SW components	Not applicable (LIN driver doesn't offer a diagnostic interface)

[SRS_BSW_00170] Data for reconfiguration of AUTOSAR SW-Components	See Chapter10
[SRS_BSW_00171] Configurability of optional functionality	ECUC_Lin_00066, ECUC_Lin_00067
[SRS_BSW_00172] Compatibility and documentation of scheduling strategy	Software Documentation Requirements are not covered in the LIN driver SWS

Document: AUTOSAR requirements on Basic Software, Cluster: SPAL general [6]

Requirement	***Satisfied by***
[SRS_SPAL_12263] Object code compatible configuration concept	SWS_Lin_00013
[SRS_SPAL_12056] Configuration of notification mechanisms	Not applicable
[SRS_SPAL_12267] Configuration of wake-up sources	Not applicable
[SRS_SPAL_12057] driver module initialization	SWS_Lin_00006
[SRS_SPAL_12125] Initialization of hardware resources	SWS_Lin_00006, SWS_Lin_00190
[SRS_SPAL_12163] driver module deinitialization	not applicable (decision in Joint Meeting: no de-initialization for drivers that don't need to store non volatile information)
[SRS_SPAL_12461] Responsibility for register initialization	SWS_Lin_00008
[SRS_SPAL_12462] Provide settings for register initialization	See Chapter 10.3
[SRS_SPAL_12463] Combine and forward settings for register initialization	Not applicable (applies only for configurator)
[SRS_SPAL_12068] MCAL initialization sequence	Not applicable
[SRS_SPAL_12069] Wake-up notification of ECU State Manager	SWS_Lin_00098
[SRS_SPAL_00157] Notification mechanisms of drivers and handlers	SWS_Lin_00022, SWS_Lin_00052, SWS_Lin_00053
[SRS_SPAL_12169] Control of operation mode	SWS_Lin_00032
[SRS_SPAL_12063] Raw value mode	SWS_Lin_00016, SWS_Lin_00025
[SRS_SPAL_12075] Use of application buffers	Not applicable (LIN driver does not feature random streaming capability)
[SRS_SPAL_12129] Resetting of interrupt flags	SWS_Lin_00157
[SRS_SPAL_12064] Change of operation mode during running operation	SWS_Lin_00032
[SRS_SPAL_12448] Behavior after development error detection	SWS_Lin_00052, SWS_Lin_00237
[SRS_SPAL_12067] Setting of wake-up conditions	SWS_Lin_00032
[SRS_SPAL_12077] Non-blocking implementation	SWS_Lin_00027, SWS_Lin_00028.
[SRS_SPAL_12078] Runtime and memory efficiency	Not applicable because this is a non-functional requirement
[SRS_SPAL_12092] Access to drivers	Not applicable because this is a non-functional requirement
[SRS_SPAL_12265] Configuration data shall be kept constant	SWS_Lin_00013 (stored in ROM, i.e. implicitly constant)
[SRS_SPAL_12264] Specification of configuration items	See Chapter10

Document: AUTOSAR requirements on Basic Software, Cluster: LIN [7]

Requirement	***Satisfied by***
[SRS_Lin_01576] Usage of LIN specification 2.1	SWS_Lin_00005
[SRS_Lin_01504] Usage of AUTOSAR architecture only in LIN master nodes	SWS_Lin_00005

[SRS_Lin_01522] Consistent data transfer	SWS_Lin_00025, SWS_Lin_00053, SWS_Lin_00060
[SRS_Lin_01560] Support for wake-up during transition to sleep-mode	SWS_Lin_00033, SWS_Lin_00035
[SRS_Lin_01551] Multiple LIN channel support for interface	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01568] Hardware independence	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01569] LIN Interface initialization	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01570] Selection of static configuration sets	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01564] Schedule Table Manager	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01546] Schedule Table Handler	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01561] Main function	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01549] Timer service for Scheduling	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01571] Transmission request service	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01514] Wake-up notification support	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01515] API to wake-up by upper layer to LIN Interface	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01502] RX indication and TX confirmation call-backs	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01558] Check successful communication	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[BSW01527] Notification for missing or erroneous receive LIN-PDU	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01523] API to send the LIN to sleep-mode	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01553] Basic Software SPAL General Requirements	See table above
[SRS_Lin_01552] Hardware abstraction LIN	See chapter 10.3
[SRS_Lin_01503] Frame based API for send and received data	SWS_Lin_00024, SWS_Lin_00025
[SRS_Lin_01555] LIN Interface shall poll the LIN driver for transmit/receive notifications	SWS_Lin_00024
[SRS_Lin_01547] Support of standard UART and LIN optimized HW	SWS_Lin_00063
[SRS_Lin_01572] LIN driver initialization	SWS_Lin_00011
[SRS_Lin_01573] Selection of static configuration sets	SWS_Lin_00011
[SRS_Lin_01563] Wake-up Notification	SWS_Lin_00098
[SRS_Lin_01556] Multiple LIN channel support for driver	SWS_Lin_00008, SWS_Lin_00190
[SRS_Lin_01566] Transition to sleep-mode	SWS_Lin_00033, SWS_Lin_00035
[SRS_Lin_01524] Support of reduced power operation mode	SWS_Lin_00032
[SRS_Lin_01526] Error notification	SWS_Lin_00052, SWS_Lin_00053
[SRS_Lin_01540] LIN Transport Layer Initialization	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01545] LIN Transport Layer Availability	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01534] Concurrent connection configuration	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01574] Multiple Transport Layer instances	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01539] Transport connection properties	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01544] Error handling	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01590] Usage of schedule tables for node configuration	Not applicable for the LIN driver
[SRS_Lin_01577] Compatibility to LIN 2.1 protocol specification	SWS_Lin_00005
[SRS_Lin_01578] Compatibility to LIN protocol specification	SWS_Lin_00017
[SRS_Lin_01579] Compatibility to TP of LIN specification	LIN TP requirement
[SRS_Lin_01591] Diagnostic transmission handler	LIN Interface requirement
[SRS_Lin_01580] Configuration Data for LIN Transceiver Driver.	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01581] Support for more than one LIN transceiver	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01583] API to initialize the LIN Transceiver Driver	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01582] LIN Transceiver Driver API shall be synchroneous	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01584] API to request operation mode “standby”	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement

[SRS_Lin_01585] API to request operation mode “sleep”	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01586] API to request operation mode “normal”	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01587] API to read out current operation mode	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01588] API to read out wakeup reason	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement
[SRS_Lin_01589] API to enable/disable/clear wakeup Event	LIN Transceiver Driver requirement

7 Functional specification

The LIN driver module is required to manage the hardware dependent aspects of communication via any LIN cluster attached to the node the driver resides in.

This includes accepting header data for transmission onto the bus, response frame data to transmit, the retrieval of header information and of response frame data intended for the node.

The need for sleep mode management of both the node and of the cluster exists. This implies the ability to detect and generate a 'wake-up' pulse as defined in the LIN 2.1 specification. If the underlying hardware supports a low-power mode then entering and exiting from that state is included.

7.1 General Requirements

The Lin module is a Basic Software Module that has direct access to hardware resources.

[SWS_Lin_00005]「The Lin module shall conform to the LIN 2.1 Protocol Specification as specified in [17]. This applies to LIN 2.1 Master nodes only.」(SRS_Lin_01576, SRS_Lin_01504, SRS_Lin_01577)

Operating as a slave node is out of scope for this AUTOSAR LIN driver specification.

[SWS_Lin_00055]「The Lin module shall fulfill all design and implementation guidelines as described in [12].」(SRS_BSW_00306, SRS_BSW_00308, SRS_BSW_00309)

[SWS_Lin_00155]「The Lin module shall implement the ISRs for all LIN hardware unit interrupts that are needed.」(SRS_BSW_00164)

[SWS_Lin_00156]「The Lin module shall ensure that all unused interrupts are disabled.」()

[SWS_Lin_00157]「The Lin module shall reset the interrupt flag at the end of the ISR (if not done automatically by hardware).」(SRS_SPAL_12129)

The Lin module shall not configure the interrupt (i.e. priority) nor set the vector table entry.

7.2 Version Check

7.2.1 Requirements

For details refer to the chapter 5.1.8 “Version Check” in *SWS_BSWGeneral.*

7.3 LIN driver and Channel Initialization

7.3.1 Background & Rationale

Before communication can be started on a LIN bus, both the LIN driver and the relevant LIN channel must be initialized.

The driver initialization (see Lin_Init) handles all aspects of initialization that are of relevance to all channels present in the LIN hardware unit. This may include any static variables or hardware register settings common to all LIN channels that are available. Additionally each channel must also be initialized according to the configuration supplied. This will for example include (but is not limited to) the baud rate over the bus.

[SWS_Lin_00225] 「There must be at least one statically defined configuration set available for the LIN driver. When the EcuM invokes the initialization function, it has to provide a specific pointer to the configuration that it wishes to use.」()

7.3.2 Requirements

The Lin module shall not initialize or configure LIN channels, which are not used.
The Lin module shall allow the environment to select between different static configuration data at runtime.

[SWS_Lin_00011] 「The Lin module’s configuration shall include a data communication rate set as defined by static configuration data.」(SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_Lin_01572, SRS_Lin_01573)

[SWS_Lin_00013] 「The Lin module’s configuration data, intended for hardware registers, shall be stored as hardware specific data structures in ROM (see Lin_ConfigType).」(SRS_BSW_00345, SRS_BSW_00404, SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_SPAL_12263, SRS_SPAL_12265)

[SWS_Lin_00014] ⌈Each LIN PID shall be associated with a checksum model (either 'enhanced' where the PID is included in the checksum, or 'classic' where only the response data is check-summed) (see Lin_PduType).⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00015] ⌈Each LIN PID shall be associated with a response data length in bytes (see Lin_PduType).⌋()

7.3.3 State diagrams

⌈The LIN driver has a state machine that is shown in Figure 7-1.

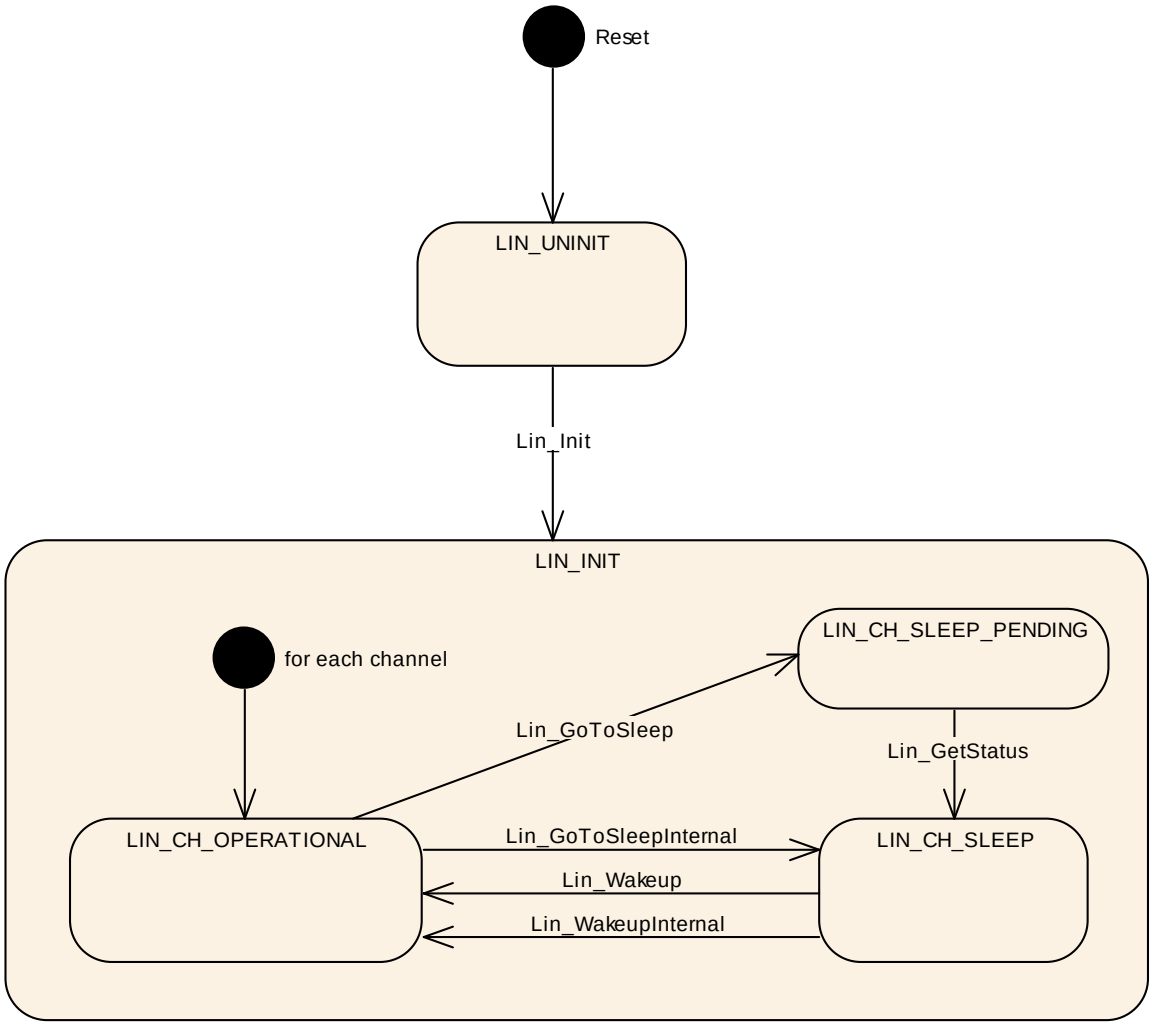

Figure 7-1: LIN driver states⌋()

Module State	Meaning / Activities in the state

LIN_UNINIT	The state LIN_UNINIT means that the Lin module has not been initialized yet and cannot be used.
LIN_INIT	The `LIN_INIT` state indicates that the LIN driver has been initialized, making each available channel ready for service.

Channel State	**Meaning / Activities in the state**
LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL	The individual channel has been initialized (using at least one statically configured data set) and is able to participate in the LIN cluster.
LIN_CH_SLEEP	The detection of a 'wake-up' pulse is enabled. The LIN hardware is into a low power mode if such a mode is provided by the hardware.

[SWS_Lin_00145]⌈**Reset -> LIN_UNINIT:** After reset, the Lin module shall set its state to LIN_UNINIT.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00146]⌈**LIN_UNINIT -> LIN_INIT:** The Lin module shall transition from LIN_UNINIT to LIN_INIT when the function Lin_Init is called.⌋()

The LIN module's environment shall call the function Lin_Init only once during runtime.

[SWS_Lin_00171]⌈On entering the state LIN_INIT, the Lin module shall set each channel into state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL.⌋()

[**SWS_Lin_00263**]⌈ **LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL -> LIN_CH_SLEEP_PENDING through Lin_GoToSleep:** If a go to sleep is requested by the LIN interface, the Lin module shall ensure that the rest of the LIN cluster goes to sleep also. This is achieved by issuing a go-to-sleep-command on the bus before entering the LIN_CH_SLEEP_PENDING state.⌋()

[**SWS_Lin_00264**]⌈ **LIN_CH_SLEEP_PENDING -> LIN_CH_SLEEP:** When Lin_GetStatus is called, the LIN driver shall directly enter the LIN_CH_SLEEP state, even if the go-to-sleep-command has not yet been sent. ⌋()

[**SWS_Lin_00265**]⌈ **LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL -> LIN_CH_SLEEP through Lin_GoToSleepInternal:** If an internal go to sleep is requested by the LIN interface, the LIN driver shall directly enter the LIN_CH_SLEEP state.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00174]⌈ **LIN_CH_SLEEP -> LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL through Lin_Wakeup:** If a LIN channel is in the state LIN_CH_SLEEP, the function Lin_Wakeup shall put the LIN channel into the state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL. ⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00261][「 LIN_CH_SLEEP -> LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL through Lin_WakeupInternal: If a LIN channel is in the state LIN_CH_SLEEP, the function Lin_WakeupInternal shall put the LIN channel into the state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL. 」()

[SWS_Lin_00209] 「Lin_Wakeup: During the state transition from LIN_CH_SLEEP to LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL the LIN Driver shall ensure that the rest of the cluster is awake. This is achieved by issuing a wake-up request, forcing the bus to the dominant state for 250 µs to 5 ms.」()

[SWS_Lin_00184] 「A mode switch request to the current mode is allowed and shall not lead to an error, even if DET is enabled.」()

7.4 Frame processing

7.4.1 Background & Rationale

From the point of view of the LIN driver module, transmissions are composed of two actions; the transmission of the LIN header, and the transmission of the response. Only the LIN master node transmits the LIN header, but either the master or one of the slaves may transmit the response [17].

The driver must also be able to access data concerning the checksum model and data length for each LIN PID. LIN 2.1 has a different checksum model compared to LIN1.3, but the LIN 2.1 master must be able to communicate with both LIN1.3 and LIN 2.1 slaves.

The checksum is a part of the response, and may or may not include the PID depending upon the checksum model for the PID in question. The LIN ID's 60 (0x3c) to 63 (0x3f) must always use the classic (response data only) checksum model [17].

The LIN driver module works with LIN frames as its basic building block. This means that the LIN interface layer requests a particular frame to be sent during one of its scheduler time-slots. Any response from the frame should be available latest before the next frame will be sent.

In the case that the master is also responsible for sending the frame response, an indication (PduInfoPtr->Drc=LIN_MASTER_RESPONSE) will be given at the same time as the request to send the header. The transmission of the response itself has to be triggered subsequently by another function call.

The LIN driver module must be able to retrieve data from the response and make it available to the LIN interface module. It must retrieve all data from the response without blocking.

7.4.2 Requirements

[SWS_Lin_00016] 「The LIN driver shall interpret the supplied identifier as PID. The identifier is then transmitted *as-supplied* within the LIN header (see Lin_SendFrame). 」(SRS_SPAL_12063)

[SWS_Lin_00017] 「The LIN driver shall be able to send a LIN header. This is composed of the break field, synch byte field, and protected identifier byte field as detailed in [17] (see Lin_SendFrame).」(SRS_Lin_01578)

[SWS_Lin_00018]「The LIN driver shall be able to send a LIN header and response.」()

[SWS_Lin_00019]「The LIN driver shall be able to calculate either a 'classic' or an 'enhanced' checksum depending upon the checksum model for the current LIN PDU.」()

[SWS_Lin_00021]「The LIN driver shall abort the current frame transmission if a new frame transmission is requested by the LIN interface (see Lin_SendFrame), also if an ongoing transmission may be still in progress or unsuccessfully completed.」()

[SWS_Lin_00022]「The function Lin_GetStatus shall return the status of the current frame transmission request for the channel.」(SRS_SPAL_00157)

[SWS_Lin_00024]「The LIN driver shall make received data available to the LIN interface module. After successful reception of a whole LIN frame, the received data shall be prepared for function call of the LIN interface (see Lin_GetStatus).」(SRS_Lin_01555, SRS_Lin_01503)

[SWS_Lin_00025]「The LIN driver shall send response data as provided by the LIN interface module (see Lin_SendFrame).」(SRS_SPAL_12063, SRS_Lin_01522, SRS_Lin_01503)

[SWS_Lin_00026]「If the LIN hardware unit cannot queue the bytes for transmission or reception (e.g. simple UART implementation), the LIN driver shall provide a temporary communication buffer.」()

[SWS_Lin_00027]「The LIN driver shall initiate transmission without blocking, including the check of the next byte transmission only upon successful reception of the previous one (receive-back).」(SRS_SPAL_12077)

[SWS_Lin_00028]「The LIN driver shall receive data without blocking.」(SRS_SPAL_12077)

7.4.3 Data Consistency

Transmit Data Consistency:

[SWS_Lin_00053]「The LIN driver shall directly copy the data from the upper layer buffers.」(SRS_SPAL_00157, SRS_Lin_01522, SRS_Lin_01526)

[SWS_Lin_00210]「The upper layer of the LIN Driver has to keep the buffer data consistent until return of function call.」()

Receive Data Consistency:

[SWS_Lin_00060]「The complete LIN frame receive processing (including copying to destination layer) can be implemented in an ISR. The received data shall be consistent until either next LIN frame has been received successfully or LIN channel state has changed.」(SRS_Lin_01522)

[SWS_Lin_00211]「The complete LIN frame receive processing (including copying to destination layer) can be implemented in the Lin_GetStatus function. The received data shall be consistent until either next LIN frame has been received successfully or LIN channel state has changed.」()

As long as it is guaranteed that neither the ISRs nor Lin_GetStatus can be interrupted by itself, the LIN hardware (or shadow) buffer is always consistent, because it is written and read in sequence in exactly one function that is never interrupted by itself.

For the LIN response reception the bytes of the SDU buffer shall be allocated in increasingly consecutive address order. The LIN frame data length information defines the minimum SDU buffer length.

7.4.4 Data byte mapping

[SWS_Lin_00096]「Data mapping between memory and the LIN frame is defined in a way that the array element 0 is containing the LSB (the data byte to send/receive first) and the array element (n-1) is containing the MSB (the data byte to send/receive last).」()

7.5 Sleep and wake-up functionality

7.5.1 Background & Rationale

The master node can be awakened either by a wake-up signal generated by one of the slaves, or by a request from the higher layer (LIN interface) (see SWS_Lin_00209). The LIN interface controls the message schedule table and so must be able to instruct the LIN driver to put the hardware unit to sleep, or to wake it up (see SWS_LinIf_00296, SWS_LinIf_00488).

For this purpose, the LIN driver provides functions to put the LIN channel into its LIN_CH_SLEEP state (see Lin_GoToSleep/Lin_GoToSleepInternal).

Upon sleep or wake-up the master must communicate the status change with the rest of the network.

7.5.2 Requirements

[SWS_Lin_00032] ⌈When the LIN channel enters sleep mode, it shall perform the transition to low-power mode of the LIN hardware unit (if available) (see Lin_GoToSleep/Lin_GoToSleepInternal).⌋(SRS_SPAL_12169, SRS_SPAL_12064, SRS_SPAL_12067, SRS_Lin_01524)

[SWS_Lin_00033] ⌈Each LIN channel shall be able to accept a sleep request independently of the other channel states (see Lin_GoToSleep/Lin_GoToSleepInternal).⌋(SRS_Lin_01560, SRS_Lin_01566)

[SWS_Lin_00037] ⌈When a LIN channel is in LIN_CH_SLEEP state and wake-up detection is supported by configuration parameter LinChannelWakeupSupport, the LIN hardware unit shall monitor the bus for a wake-up request on that channel. ⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00043] ⌈Lin_Wakeup: If the LIN driver receives a wake-up request from the LIN interface, the requested channel shall send a wake-up pulse to the LIN bus. (see Lin_Wakeup) ⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00262] ⌈Lin_WakeupInternal: If the LIN driver receives an internal wake-up request from the LIN interface, the requested channel shall send no wake-up pulse to the LIN bus. (see Lin_WakeupInternal) ⌋()

The function Lin_GetStatus returns the current state of a given LIN channel.

7.6 Error classification

The error classification depends on the time of error occurrence according to product life cycle:

- Development Errors
  Those errors shall be detected and fixed during development phase. In most cases, those errors are software errors. The detection of errors that shall only occur during development can be switched off for production code (by static configuration namely pre-processor switches).

- Production Errors
  Those errors are hardware errors and software exceptions that cannot be avoided and are also expected to occur in production code.

[SWS_Lin_00048] ⌈The following errors and exceptions shall be detectable by the LIN driver depending on its build version (development/production mode) ⌋ (SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_BSW_00385)

Type or error	*Relevance*	*Related error code*	*Value [hex]*
API service used without module initialization	Development	LIN_E_UNINIT	0x00
API service used with an invalid or inactive channel parameter	Development	LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL	0x02
API service called with invalid configuration pointer	Development	LIN_E_INVALID_POINTER	0x03
Invalid state transition for the current state	Development	LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION	0x04
API service called with a NULL pointer	Development	LIN_E_PARAM_POINTER	0x05
Timeout caused by hardware error	Production / Development	LIN_E_TIMEOUT	Assigned by DEM

[SWS_Lin_00213] ⌈The LIN Driver module shall report the development error "LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION (0x04)", when Invalid state transition occurs from the current state.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00214] ⌈The LIN Driver module shall report the development error "LIN_E_UNINIT (0x00)", when the API Service is used without module initialization.⌋ ()

[SWS_Lin_00215] ⌈The LIN Driver module shall report the development error "LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL (0x02)", when API Service used with an invalid or inactive channel parameter.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00216] ⌈The LIN Driver module shall report the development error "LIN_E_INVALID_POINTER (0x03)", when API Service is called with invalid configuration pointer.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00249] ⌈The LIN Driver module shall report the development error "LIN_E_PARAM_POINTER (0x05)", when API Service is called with a NULL pointer. In case of this error, the API service shall return immediately without any further action, beside reporting this development error.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00218] ⌈ The LIN Driver module shall report the production or development error "LIN_E_TIMEOUT (value assigned by DEM)", when Timeout caused by hardware error.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00237] ⌈If the LIN module detects an error and calls the Development Error Tracer, the LIN module's function that raised the development error shall return immediately.⌋(SRS_SPAL_12448)

7.7 Production Errors

7.7.1 LIN_E_TIMEOUT[_LIN_E_TIMEOUT]

Error Name:	LIN_E_TIMEOUT[_Lin_E_Timeout]	
Short Description:	This error is reported when time out caused by hardware error occurs.	
Long Description:	If a change to the LIN hardware control registers results in the need to wait for a status change, this shall be protected by a configurable time out mechanism. If such a time out is detected the LIN_E_TIMEOUT error shall be raised. This situation should only arise in the event of a LIN hardware unit fault and should be communicated to the rest of the system.	
Recommended DTC:	-	
Detection Criteria:	Fail	A LIN hardware control register has changed and the configured time (see LinTimeoutDuration) has elapsed without a status change of the LIN Hardware.
	Pass	A LIN hardware control register has changed and the status change is done within the configured time (see LinTimeoutDuration).
Secondary Parameters:	The LIN_E_TIMEOUT is only used (Fail/Pass detection is active) if a change in the LIN hardware control registers does not immediately result in a status change, but it needs some time and time is measureable. For such hardware, it means, the timeout mechanism is started whenever the LIN hardware register is changed. The timeout mechanism is stopped and reset, when the status change is successfully done (Pass detection) or the configured time (see LinTimeoutDuration) has elapsed (Fail detection).	
Time Required:	1s	
Monitor Frequency:	once-per-trip	
MIL illumniation:	-	

7.8 Error detection

[SWS_Lin_00097] ⌈If a change to the LIN hardware control registers results in the need to wait for a status change, this shall be protected by a configurable time out mechanism (LinTimeoutDuration). If such a time out is detected the LIN_E_TIMEOUT error shall be raised to the DET or DEM. This situation should only arise in the event of a LIN hardware unit fault, and should be communicated to the rest of the system.⌋()

A LIN_E_TIMEOUT will affect the complete LIN stack in a way that the LIN driver must be re-initialized or the LIN functionality must be switched off.

7.9 Error notification

[SWS_Lin_00058]「The only production error that can be reported by the LIN driver is the LIN_E_TIMEOUT error.」(BSW00421)

7.10 Debugging

For details refer to the chapter 7.1.17 “Debugging support” in *SWS_BSWGeneral.*

8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from other modules are listed:

[SWS_Lin_00226] ⌈

Module	*Imported Type*
Dem	Dem_EventIdType
	Dem_EventStatusType
EcuM	EcuM_WakeupSourceType
Icu	Icu_ChannelType
Lin_GeneralTypes	Lin_PduType
	Lin_StatusType
Std_Types	Std_ReturnType
	Std_VersionInfoType

⌋()

8.2 Type definitions

[SWS_Lin_00245] ⌈The content of `Lin_GeneralTypes.h` shall be protected by a `LIN_GENERAL_TYPES` define.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00246] ⌈If different LIN drivers are used, only one instance of this file has to be included in the source tree. For implementation all `Lin_GeneralTypes.h` related types in the documents mentioned before shall be considered.⌋()

8.2.1 Lin_ConfigType

[SWS_Lin_00247] ⌈`Lin_ConfigType` shall be provided by the headerfile `Lin.h`.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00227] ⌈

Name:	`Lin_ConfigType`	
Type:	`Structure`	
Range:	`Hardware and Implementation dependent structure`	The contents of the initialization data structure are LIN hardware specific
Description:	This is the type of the external data structure containing the overall initialization data for the LIN driver and the SFR settings affecting the LIN channels. A pointer to such a structure is provided to the LIN driver initialization routine for configuration of the driver, LIN hardware unit and LIN hardware channels.	

⌋()

8.2.2 Lin_FramePidType

[SWS_Lin_00228] ⌈

Name:	Lin_FramePidType		
Type:	uint8		
Range:	0...0xFE	--	The LIN identifier (0…0x3F) together with its two parity bits.
Description:	Represents all valid protected identifier used by Lin_SendFrame().		

⌋()

Note: Lin_FramePidType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

8.2.3 Lin_FrameCsModelType

[SWS_Lin_00229] ⌈

Name:	Lin_FrameCsModelType	
Type:	Enumeration	
Range:	LIN_ENHANCED_CS	Enhanced checksum model
	LIN_CLASSIC_CS	Classic checksum model
Description:	This type is used to specify the Checksum model to be used for the LIN Frame.	

⌋()

Note: Lin_FrameCsModelType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

8.2.4 Lin_FrameResponseType

[SWS_Lin_00230] ⌈

Name:	Lin_FrameResponseType	
Type:	Enumeration	
Range:	LIN_MASTER_RESPONSE	Response is generated from this (master) node
	LIN_SLAVE_RESPONSE	Response is generated from a remote slave node
	LIN_SLAVE_TO_SLAVE	Response is generated from one slave to another slave, for the master the response will be anonymous, it does not have to receive the response.
Description:	This type is used to specify whether the frame processor is required to transmit the response part of the LIN frame.	

⌋()

Note: Lin_FrameResponseType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

8.2.5 Lin_FrameDlType

[SWS_Lin_00231] ⌈

Name:	Lin_FrameDlType		
Type:	uint8		
Range:	1...8	--	Data length of a LIN Frame
Description:	This type is used to specify the number of SDU data bytes to copy.		

⌋()

Note: Lin_FrameDlType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

8.2.6 Lin_PduType

[SWS_Lin_00232] ⌈

Name:	Lin_PduType		
Type:	Structure		
Element:	Lin_FramePidType	Pid	--
	Lin_FrameCsModelType	Cs	--
	Lin_FrameResponseType	Drc	--
	Lin_FrameDlType	Dl	--
	uint8*	SduPtr	--
Description:	This Type is used to provide PID, checksum model, data length and SDU pointer from the LIN Interface to the LIN driver.		

⌋()

Note: Lin_PduType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

Description for each element of Lin_PduType is given in:
- Section 8.2.2 for Lin_FramePidType
- Section 8.2.3 for Lin_FrameCsModelType
- Section 8.2.4 for Lin_FrameResponseType
- Section 8.2.5 for Lin_FrameDlType

8.2.7 Lin_StatusType

[SWS_Lin_00233] ⌈

Name:	Lin_StatusType	
Type:	Enumeration	
Range:	LIN_NOT_OK	LIN frame operation return value. Development or production error occurred
	LIN_TX_OK	LIN frame operation return value. Successful transmission.
	LIN_TX_BUSY	LIN frame operation return value. Ongoing transmission (Header or Response).
	LIN_TX_HEADER_ERROR	LIN frame operation return value. Erroneous header transmission such as: - Mismatch between sent and read back data

		- Identifier parity error or - Physical bus error
	LIN_TX_ERROR	LIN frame operation return value. Erroneous response transmission such as: - Mismatch between sent and read back data - Physical bus error
	LIN_RX_OK	LIN frame operation return value. Reception of correct response.
	LIN_RX_BUSY	LIN frame operation return value. Ongoing reception: at least one response byte has been received, but the checksum byte has not been received.
	LIN_RX_ERROR	LIN frame operation return value. Erroneous response reception such as: - Framing error - Overrun error - Checksum error or - Short response
	LIN_RX_NO_RESPONSE	LIN frame operation return value. No response byte has been received so far.
	LIN_OPERATIONAL	LIN channel state return value. Normal operation; the related LIN channel is ready to transmit next header. No data from previous frame available (e.g. after initialization)
	LIN_CH_SLEEP	LIN channel state return value. Sleep state operation; in this state wake-up detection from slave nodes is enabled.
Description:	LIN operation states for a LIN channel or frame, as returned by the API service Lin_GetStatus().	

」()

Note: Lin_StatusType shall be provided by the headerfile Lin_GeneralTypes.h.()

8.3 Function definitions

This is a list of functions provided for upper layer modules.

8.3.1 Services affecting the complete LIN hardware unit

8.3.1.1 Lin_Init

[SWS_Lin_00006] 「

Service name:	Lin_Init	

Syntax:	`void Lin_Init(`
	`  const Lin_ConfigType* Config`
	`)`	

Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Config	Pointer to LIN driver configuration set.

Parameters (inout):	None
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	Initializes the LIN module.

」(SRS_BSW_00406, SRS_BSW_00101, SRS_SPAL_12057, SRS_SPAL_12125)

[SWS_Lin_00084] 「The function Lin_Init shall initialize the Lin module (i.e. static variables, including flags and LIN HW Unit global hardware settings), as well as the LIN channels. 」()

Different sets of static configuration may have been configured.

[SWS_Lin_00150] 「The function Lin_Init shall initialize the module according to the configuration set pointed to by the parameter Config.」()

[SWS_Lin_00008] 「The function Lin_Init shall invoke initializations for relevant hardware register settings common to all channels available on the LIN hardware unit.」(SRS_SPAL_12461, SRS_Lin_01556)

[SWS_Lin_00190] 「The function Lin_Init shall also invoke initializations for LIN channel specific settings.」(SRS_SPAL_12125, SRS_Lin_01556)

[SWS_Lin_00106] 「The Lin module's environment shall not call any function of the Lin module before having called Lin_Init except Lin_GetVersionInfo.」()

[SWS_Lin_00099] 「If development error detection for the Lin module is enabled: the function Lin_Init shall check the parameter Config for being within the allowed range. If Config is not in the allowed range, the function Lin_Init shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_POINTER.」()

[SWS_Lin_00105] 「If development error detection for the Lin module is enabled: the function Lin_Init shall check the Lin driver for being in the state LIN_UNINIT. If the Lin driver is not in the state LIN_UNINIT, the function Lin_Init shall raise the development error LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION.」()

8.3.1.2 Lin_CheckWakeup

[SWS_Lin_00160] 「

Service name:	Lin_CheckWakeup
Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_CheckWakeup(` `  uint8 Channel`

	)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0a	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: No error has occurred during execution of the API E_NOT_OK: An error has occurred during execution of the API
Description:	This function checks if a wakeup has occurred on the addressed LIN channel.	

」()

There are two methods in which wake up detection shall happen, one is from LIN controller hardware [Micro peripheral device] and/or another from LinTranceiver.

After a wake up caused by LIN bus Transceiver the function Lin_CheckWakeup will be called by the LIN Interface module to identify the corresponding LIN channel (e.g. in case of multiple transceivers are physically connected to one MCU wake up pin) (see SWS_LinIf_00503). In this case, LIN Driver only plays a role on validation of this wake up signal.

[SWS_Lin_00098] 「The function Lin_CheckWakeup shall evaluate the wakeup on the addressed LIN channel. When a wake-up event on the addressed LIN channel (e.g. RxD pin has constant low level) is detected, the function Lin_CheckWakeup shall notify the ECU State Manager module immediately via the EcuM_SetWakeupEvent and the Lin Interface module via LinIf_WakeupConfirmation callback function.」(SRS_BSW_00375, SRS_Lin_01563)

[SWS_Lin_00251] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the channel parameter is invalid, the function Lin_CheckWakeup shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL and return with E_NOT_OK.」()

[SWS_Lin_00107] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_CheckWakeup is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_CheckWakeup shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT.」()

8.3.1.3 Lin_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_Lin_00161] 「

Service name:	Lin_GetVersionInfo

Syntax:	`void Lin_GetVersionInfo(`
	`  Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo`
	`)`

Service ID[hex]:	0x01
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant

Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	versioninfo	Pointer to where is stored the version information of this module.
Return value:	None	
Description:	Returns the version information of this module.	

」()

[SWS_Lin_00001] 「The function Lin_GetVersionInfo shall return the version information of the LIN module. The version information includes:

- Two bytes for the vendor ID
- Two byte for the module ID
- Three bytes version number The numbering shall be vendor specific; it consists of:
  - The major, the minor and the patch version number of the module.
  - The AUTOSAR specification version number shall not be included. The AUTOSAR specification version number is checked during compile time and therefore not required in this API.」(SRS_BSW_00407)

[SWS_Lin_00248] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: If the parameter versioninfo is a NULL pointer, the function Lin_GetVersionInfo shall raise the error LIN_E_PARAM_POINTER.」()

8.3.2 Services affecting a single LIN channel

8.3.2.1 Lin_SendFrame

[SWS_Lin_00191] 「

Service name:	Lin_SendFrame	
Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_SendFrame( uint8 Channel, Lin_PduType* PduInfoPtr )`	
Service ID[hex]:	0x04	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
	PduInfoPtr	Pointer to PDU containing the PID, checksum model, response type, Dl and SDU data pointer
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Send command has been accepted.

		E_NOT_OK: Send command has not been accepted, development or production error occurred.
Description:	Sends a LIN header and a LIN response, if necessary. The direction of the frame response (master response, slave response, slave-to-slave communication) is provided by the PduInfoPtr.	

」()

[SWS_Lin_00192] 「The function Lin_SendFrame shall send the header part (Break Field, Synch Byte Field and PID Field) and, depending on the direction of the frame response, a complete LIN response part of a LIN frame on the addressed LIN channel.」()

[SWS_Lin_00193] 「In case of receiving data the LIN Interface has to wait for the corresponding response part of the LIN frame by polling with the function Lin_GetStatus() after using the function Lin_SendFrame().」()

[SWS_Lin_00194] 「The Lin module's environment shall only call Lin_SendFrame on a channel which is in state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL or in one of the sub-states of LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL.」()

[SWS_Lin_00239] 「In case of errors during header transmission, it is up to the implementer how to handle these errors (stop/continue transmission) and to decide if the corresponding response is valid or not. 」()

[SWS_Lin_00240] 「In case of response transmission errors, the LIN 2.1 specification describes within the frame processor state machine how to handle such errors. It is stated that a mismatch between sent and readback data shall be detected not later than after the completion of the byte field containing the mismatch. Furthermore, LIN 2.1 specifies that the transmission shall be aborted.」()

[SWS_Lin_00195] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_SendFrame is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_SendFrame shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT and return with E_NOT_OK.」()

[SWS_Lin_00197] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the channel parameter is invalid, the function Lin_SendFrame shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL and return with E_NOT_OK.」()

[SWS_Lin_00198] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_SendFrame shall check the parameter PduInfoPtr for not being a NULL

pointer. If PduInfoPtr is a NULL pointer, the function Lin_SendFrame shall raise the development error LIN_E_PARAM_POINTER and return with E_NOT_OK.」()

[SWS_Lin_00199]「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the LIN channel state-machine is in the state LIN_CH_SLEEP, the function Lin_SendFrame shall raise the development error LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION and return with E_NOT_OK.」()

8.3.2.2 Lin_GoToSleep

[SWS_Lin_00166]「

Service name:	Lin_GoToSleep	
Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_GoToSleep( uint8 Channel )`	
Service ID[hex]:	0x06	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Sleep command has been accepted E_NOT_OK: Sleep command has not been accepted, development or production error occurred
Description:	The service instructs the driver to transmit a go-to-sleep-command on the addressed LIN channel.	

」()

[SWS_Lin_00089]「The function Lin_GoToSleep shall send a go-to-sleep-command on the addressed LIN channel as defined in LIN Specification 2.1.」()

[**SWS_Lin_00266**]「 The function Lin_GoToSleep shall set the channel state to LIN_CH_SLEEP_PENDING, even in case of an erroneous transmission of the go-to-sleep-command.」(SRS_Lin_01566)

[SWS_Lin_00220] ⌈**If** wake-up detection is supported by configuration parameter LinChannelWakeupSupport , then the function Lin_GoToSleep shall enable the wake-up detection, even in case of an erroneous transmission of the go-to-sleep-command.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00221] ⌈The function Lin_GoToSleep shall optionally set the LIN hardware unit to reduced power operation mode (if supported by HW), even in case of an erroneous transmission of the go-to-sleep-command.⌋()

[**SWS_Lin_00255**]⌈ The LIN channel shall enter the state LIN_CH_SLEEP the next time Lin_GetStatus is called, independent of the success of the transmission of the goto-sleep-command on the bus.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00074] ⌈The function Lin_GoToSleep shall terminate ongoing frame transmission of prior transmission requests, even if the transmission is unsuccessfully completed.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00129] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_GoToSleep is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_GoToSleep shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00131] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_GoToSleep shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL if the channel parameter is invalid.⌋()

8.3.2.3 Lin_GoToSleepInternal

[SWS_Lin_00167] ⌈

Service name:	Lin_GoToSleepInternal	
Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_GoToSleepInternal( uint8 Channel )`	
Service ID[hex]:	0x09	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Command has been accepted E_NOT_OK: Command has not been accepted, development or production error occurred

Description:	Sets the channel state to LIN_CH_SLEEP, enables the wake-up detection and optionally sets the LIN hardware unit to reduced power operation mode (if supported by HW).

」()

[SWS_Lin_00095] 「The function Lin_GoToSleepInternal shall set the channel state to LIN_CH_SLEEP.」()

[SWS_Lin_00222] 「The function Lin_GoToSleepInternal shall enable the wake-up.」()

[SWS_Lin_00223] 「The function Lin_GoToSleepInternal shall optionally set the LIN hardware unit to reduced power operation mode (if supported by HW).」()

[SWS_Lin_00133] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_GoToSleepInternal is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_GoToSleepInternal shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT.」()

[SWS_Lin_00135] 「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_GoToSleepInternal shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL if the channel parameter is invalid.」()

8.3.2.4 Lin_Wakeup

[SWS_Lin_00169] 「

Service name:	Lin_Wakeup	

Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_Wakeup(`
	`  uint8 Channel`
	`)`	

Service ID[hex]:	0x07	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Wake-up request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: Wake-up request has not been accepted, development or production error occurred
Description:	Generates a wake up pulse and sets the channel state to LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL.	

」()

[SWS_Lin_00137] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_Wakeup is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_Wakeup shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00139] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_Wakeup shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL if the channel parameter is invalid or the channel is inactive.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00140] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_Wakeup shall raise the development error LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION if the LIN channel state-machine is not in the state LIN_CH_SLEEP. ⌋()

Note: The Lin driver's environment shall only call Lin_Wakeup when the LIN channel is in state LIN_CH_SLEEP.

8.3.2.5 LIN_WakeupInternal

[SWS_Lin_00256] ⌈

Service name:	Lin_WakeupInternal	
Syntax:	`Std_ReturnType Lin_WakeupInternal( uint8 Channel )`	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0b	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be addressed
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Wake-up request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: Wake-up request has not been accepted, development or production error occurred
Description:	Sets the channel state to LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL without generating a wake up pulse.	

⌋()

[**SWS_Lin_00257**] [The function Lin_WakeupInternal sets the addressed LIN channel to state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL without generating a wake up pulse.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00258] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_WakeupInternal is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_WakeupInternal shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00259] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_WakeupInternal shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL if the channel parameter is invalid or the channel is inactive.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00260] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_WakeupInternal shall raise the development error LIN_E_STATE_TRANSITION if the LIN channel state-machine is not in the state LIN_CH_SLEEP. ⌋()

Note: The Lin driver's environment shall only call Lin_WakeupInternal when the LIN channel is in state LIN_CH_SLEEP.

8.3.2.6 Lin_GetStatus

[SWS_Lin_00168] ⌈

Service name:	Lin_GetStatus	

Syntax:	`Lin_StatusType Lin_GetStatus(`
	`  uint8 Channel,`
	`  uint8** Lin_SduPtr`
	`)`	

Service ID[hex]:	0x08	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	Channel	LIN channel to be checked
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	Lin_SduPtr	Pointer to pointer to a shadow buffer or memory mapped LIN Hardware receive buffer where the current SDU is stored.
Return value:	Lin_StatusType	LIN_NOT_OK: Development or production error occurred LIN_TX_OK: Successful transmission LIN_TX_BUSY: Ongoing transmission (Header or Response) LIN_TX_HEADER_ERROR: Erroneous header transmission such as: - Mismatch between sent and read back data - Identifier parity error or Physical bus error LIN_TX_ERROR: Erroneous response transmission such as: - Mismatch between sent and read back data - Physical bus error LIN_RX_OK: Reception of correct response LIN_RX_BUSY: Ongoing reception: at least one response byte has been received, but the checksum byte has not been received LIN_RX_ERROR: Erroneous response reception such as: - Framing error

		- Overrun error - Checksum error or Short response LIN_RX_NO_RESPONSE: No response byte has been received so far LIN_OPERATIONAL: Normal operation; the related LIN channel is just initialized or waked up from the LIN_CH_SLEEP and no data has been sent. LIN_CH_SLEEP: Sleep state operation; in this state wake-up detection from slave nodes is enabled.
Description:	Gets the status of the LIN driver.	

」()

[SWS_Lin_00091]「The function Lin_GetStatus shall return the current transmission, reception or operation status of the LIN driver.」()

[SWS_Lin_00200]「The return states LIN_TX_OK, LIN_TX_BUSY, LIN_TX_HEADER_ERROR, LIN_TX_ERROR, LIN_RX_OK, LIN_RX_BUSY, LIN_RX_ERROR , LIN_RX_NO_RESPONSE and LIN_OPERATIONAL are sub-states of the channel state LIN_CH_OPERATIONAL.」()

[SWS_Lin_00092]「If a SDU has been successfully received, the function Lin_GetStatus shall store the SDU in a shadow buffer or memory mapped LIN Hardware receive buffer referenced by Lin_SduPtr. The buffer will only be valid and must be read until the next Lin_SendFrame function call.」()

[SWS_Lin_00238]「The function Lin_GetStatus shall return LIN_TX_OK, when

- A Master Response Type frame is send and LIN header as well as LIN response of the frame are transmitted successfully or
- A Slave to Slave Response Type frame is send and the LIN header of the frame is transmitted successfully.」()

[SWS_Lin_00141]「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the function Lin_GetStatus is called before the LIN module was initialized, the function Lin_GetStatus shall raise the development error LIN_E_UNINIT and return LIN_NOT_OK.」()

[SWS_Lin_00143]「If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: if the channel parameter is invalid or the channel is inactive, the function Lin_GetStatus shall raise the development error LIN_E_INVALID_CHANNEL and return LIN_NOT_OK. 」()

[SWS_Lin_00144] ⌈If development error detection for the LIN module is enabled: the function Lin_GetStatus shall check the parameter Lin_SduPtr for not being a NULL pointer. If Lin_SduPtr is a NULL pointer, the function Lin_GetStatus shall raise the development error LIN_E_PARAM_POINTER and return LIN_NOT_OK.⌋()

8.4 Call-back notifications

There are no callback functions within the LIN driver.

8.5 Scheduled functions

There are no scheduled functions within the LIN driver

8.6 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_Lin_00234] ⌈

API function	*Description*
Dem_ReportErrorStatus	Queues the reported events from the BSW modules (API is only used by BSW modules). The interface has an asynchronous behavior, because the processing of the event is done within the Dem main function. OBD Events Suppression shall be ignored for this computation.
EcuM_SetWakeupEvent	Sets the wakeup event.
LinIf_WakeupConfirmation	The LIN Driver or LIN Transceiver Driver will call this function to report the wake up source after the successful wakeup detection during CheckWakeup or after power on by bus.

⌋()

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_Lin_00235] ⌈

API function	*Description*
Det_ReportError	Service to report development errors.

EcuM_CheckWakeup	This callout is called by the EcuM to poll a wakeup source. It shall also be called by the ISR of a wakeup source to set up the PLL and check other wakeup sources that may be connected to the same interrupt.
Icu_DisableNotification	This function disables the notification of a channel.
Icu_EnableNotification	This function enables the notification on the given channel.

」()

[SWS_Lin_00176]「The Lin module shall invoke the callback function EcuM_CheckWakeup from within the wake-up ISR of the corresponding LIN channel when a valid LIN wake-up pulse has been detected.」()

Restrictions:
A wake-up ISR can only be raised if supported by the LIN hardware. Therefore, EcuM_CheckWakeup is supported if at least for one channel wake-up is supported (see configuration parameter LinChannelWakeUpSupport).

8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

There is no configurable target for the LIN driver. The LIN driver always reports to LIN interface.

9 Sequence diagrams

Complete sequence diagrams for transmission, reception and error handling can be found in the LIN Interface Specification [8].

9.1 Receiving a LIN Frame

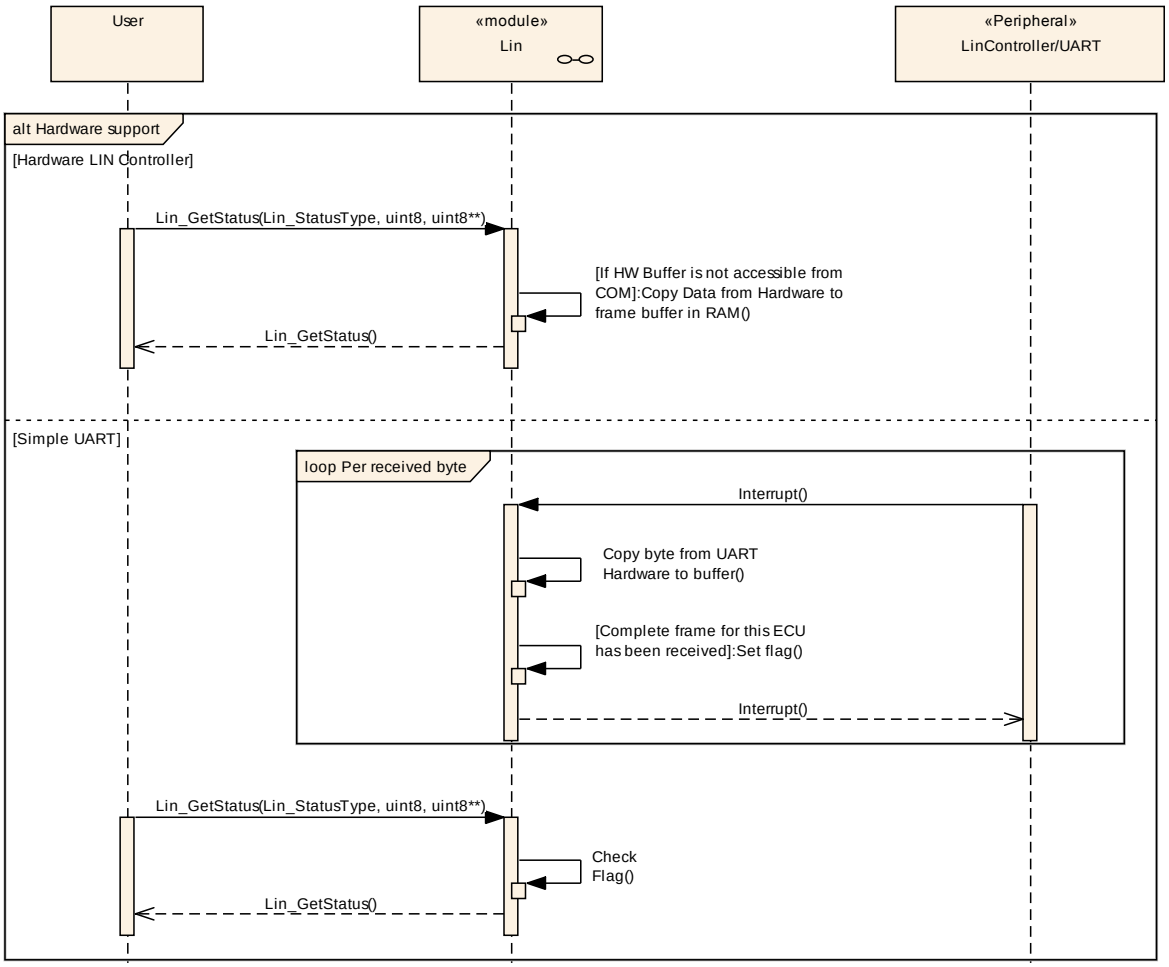

Figure 9-1: LIN Frame Receiving Sequence Chart

10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module LIN driver.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module LIN driver.

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 “Introduction to configuration specification” in *SWS_BSWGeneral.*

10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters.
The described parameters are input for the LIN driver configurator.

[SWS_Lin_00029] 「The code configurator of the LIN driver is LIN hardware Unit specific.」(SRS_BSW_00159)

[SWS_Lin_00039] 「Values that can be configured are hardware dependent. Therefore, the rules and constraints cannot be given in the standard. 」(SRS_BSW_00167)

[SWS_Lin_00224] 「The configuration tool is responsible to do a static configuration checking, also regarding dependencies between modules (e.g. Port driver, MCU driver etc.)」()

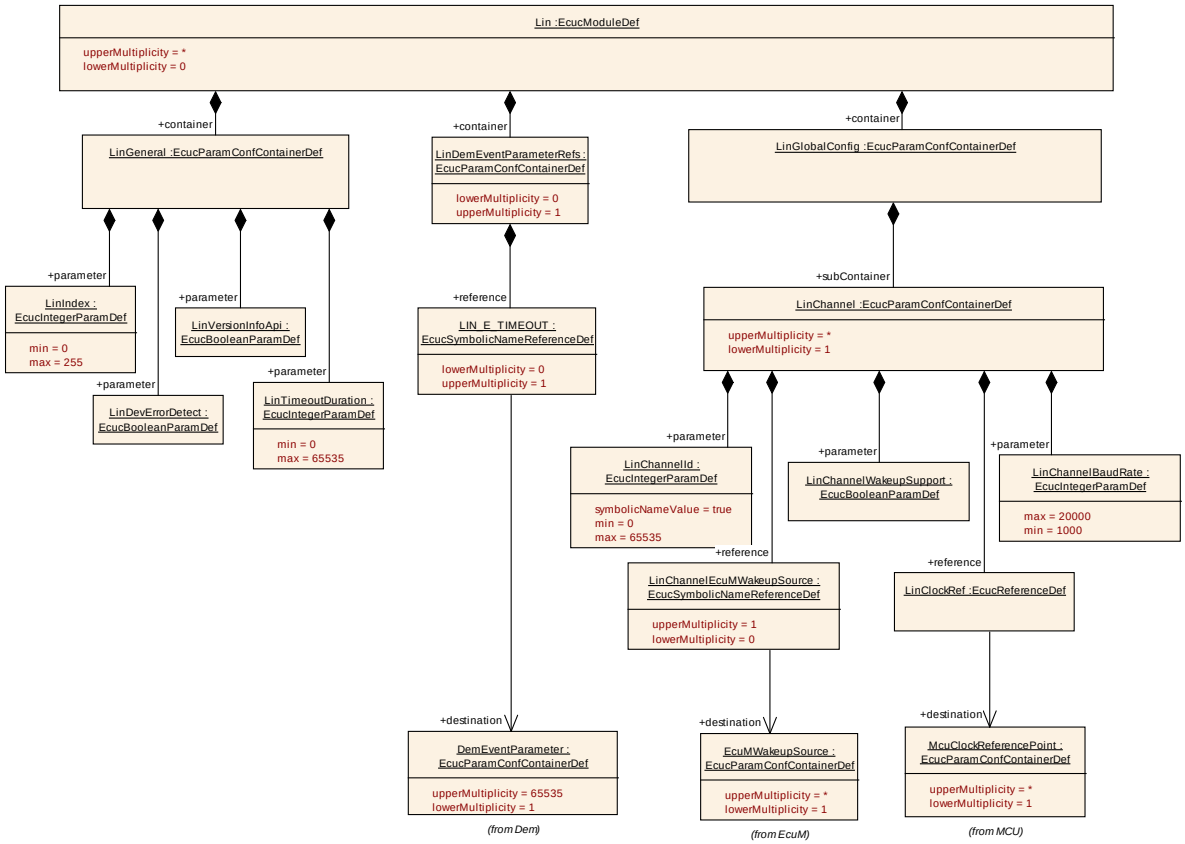

Figure 10-1: Configuration structure for the LIN driver

10.2.1 Variants

Two configuration variants are defined for the LIN driver:

[SWS_Lin_00103] ⌈VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE: Only parameters with "Pre-compile time" configuration are allowed in this variant.⌋()

[SWS_Lin_00104] ⌈VARIANT-POST-BUILD: Parameters with "Pre-compile time", "Link time" and "Post-build time" are allowed in this variant.⌋()

10.2.2 Lin

Module Name	*Lin*
Module Description	Configuration of the Lin (LIN driver) module.
Post-Build Variant Support	true

Included Containers		
Container Name	***Multiplicity***	***Scope / Dependency***
LinDemEventParameterRefs	0..1	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_ReportErrorStatus API in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId value. The standardized errors are provided in the container and can be extended by vendor specific error references.
LinGeneral	1	This container contains the parameters related to each LIN Driver Unit.
LinGlobalConfig	1	This container contains the global configuration parameter of the Lin driver.

10.2.3 LinGeneral

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00183 :**
Container Name	LinGeneral
Description	This container contains the parameters related to each LIN Driver Unit.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00066 :**		
Name	LinDevErrorDetect		
Description	Switches the Development Error Detection and Notification ON or OFF.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00179 :**		
Name	LinIndex		
Description	Specifies the InstanceId of this module instance. If only one instance is present it shall have the Id 0.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 255		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00093 :**		
Name	LinTimeoutDuration		
Description	Specifies the maximum number of loops for blocking function until a timeout is raised in short term wait loops		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 65535		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00067 :**		
Name	LinVersionInfoApi		
Description	Switches the Lin_GetVersionInfo function ON or OFF.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers

10.2.4 LinChannel

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00069 :**
Container Name	LinChannel
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the LIN Controller(s).
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00180 :**		
Name	LinChannelBaudRate		
Description	Specifies the baud rate of the LIN channel		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1000 .. 20000		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00181 :**
Name	LinChannelId
Description	Identifies the LIN channel. Replaces LIN_CHANNEL_INDEX_NAME from the LIN SWS.
Multiplicity	1

Type	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 .. 65535		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00182 :**		
Name	LinChannelWakeupSupport		
Description	Specifies if the LIN hardware channel supports wake up functionality		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value	--		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00185 :**		
Name	LinChannelEcuMWakeupSource		
Description	This parameter contains a reference to the Wakeup Source for this controller as defined in the ECU State Manager.		
Multiplicity	0..1		
Type	Symbolic name reference to [EcuMWakeupSource]		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: ECU State Manager Wakeup Sources		

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00094 :**		
Name	LinClockRef		
Description	Reference to the LIN clock source configuration, which is set in the MCU driver configuration.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	Reference to [McuClockReferencePoint]		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: LIN clock source configuration in MCU Driver		

No Included Containers

The configuration parameter LinChannelWakeupSupport can be ignored during validation of wakeup signal.

10.2.5 LinGlobalConfig

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00184 :**
Container Name	LinGlobalConfig
Description	This container contains the global configuration parameter of the Lin driver.
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers		
Container Name	***Multiplicity***	***Scope / Dependency***
LinChannel	1..*	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the LIN Controller(s).

10.2.6 LinDemEventParameterRefs

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00188 :**
Container Name	LinDemEventParameterRefs
Description	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_ReportErrorStatus API in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId value. The standardized errors are provided in the container and can be extended by vendor specific error references.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	**ECUC_Lin_00189 :**		
Name	LIN_E_TIMEOUT		
Description	Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "Timeout caused by hardware error" has occurred. If the reference is not configured the error shall be reported as DET error.		
Multiplicity	0..1		
Type	Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter]		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Value Configuration Class	***Pre-compile time***	X	All Variants
	Link time	--	
	Post-build time	--	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers

10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 “Published Information” in *SWS_BSWGeneral.*

11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_Lin_00999]「These requirements are not applicable to this specification.」
(SRS_BSW_00307, SRS_BSW_00312, SRS_BSW_00325, SRS_BSW_00326, SRS_BSW_00328, SRS_BSW_00329, SRS_BSW_00330, SRS_BSW_00331, SRS_BSW_00336, SRS_BSW_00339, SRS_BSW_00342, SRS_BSW_00343, SRS_BSW_00353, SRS_BSW_00357, SRS_BSW_00359, SRS_BSW_00360, SRS_BSW_00361, SRS_BSW_00373, SRS_BSW_00376, SRS_BSW_00378, SRS_BSW_00383, SRS_BSW_00395, SRS_BSW_00397, SRS_BSW_00398, SRS_BSW_00399, SRS_BSW_00400, SRS_BSW_00413, SRS_BSW_00415, SRS_BSW_00416, SRS_BSW_00417, BSW00420, SRS_BSW_00422, SRS_BSW_00423, SRS_BSW_00424, SRS_BSW_00425, SRS_BSW_00426, SRS_BSW_00427, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS_BSW_00429, BSW00431, SRS_BSW_00432, SRS_BSW_00433, BSW00434, SRS_BSW_00005, SRS_BSW_00007, SRS_BSW_00162, SRS_BSW_00168, SRS_SPAL_12056, SRS_SPAL_12267, SRS_SPAL_12163, SRS_SPAL_12463, SRS_SPAL_12075, SRS_SPAL_12078, SRS_SPAL_12092, SRS_Lin_01551, SRS_Lin_01568, SRS_Lin_01569, SRS_Lin_01570, SRS_Lin_01564, SRS_Lin_01546, SRS_Lin_01561, SRS_Lin_01549, SRS_Lin_01571, SRS_Lin_01514, SRS_Lin_01515, SRS_Lin_01502, SRS_Lin_01558, BSW01527, SRS_Lin_01523, SRS_Lin_01540, SRS_Lin_01545, SRS_Lin_01534, SRS_Lin_01574, SRS_Lin_01539, SRS_Lin_01544, SRS_Lin_01590)